"All the News That's Fit to Print."

# The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Thundershowers today; Friday fair; southwest to west winds.
For full weather report see Page 23.

VOL. LXVII...NO. 22,084. NEW YORK, THURSDAY, MAY 23, 1918.—TWENTY-FOUR PAGES. TWO CENTS In Greater New York and Within Commuting Distance. | THREE CENTS Elsewhere.

## HUGHES REQUESTS SENATE TO FOREGO AIRCRAFT INQUIRY

### Parallel Investigation Would Hamper Department of Justice, He Declares.

### PROMISES A FULL REPORT

### Gregory Indorses His Attitude, and Committee Probably Will Heed Recommendation.

### FIGHT IN SENATE ENDED

### Compromise Reached and Funds Voted for War Inquiry Under Existing Authorization.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, May 22.—Following the passage by the Senate today by unanimous vote of a compromise substitute for the Chamberlain resolution for an investigation by the Committee on Military Affairs of certain activities of the War Department, a letter was made public in which Charles E. Hughes, special aircraft investigator for the Department of Justice, recommended that no parallel inquiry be undertaken by the Senate. As a result, doubt is entertained whether the Committee on Military Affairs will launch such an inquiry, although possessing authority to do so.

The resolution adopted by the Senate was offered by the Committee on Audit and Control as a substitute for the one put in a week ago authorizing the Military Affairs Committee to proceed with its inquiry into aircraft, ordnance, and the Quartermaster General's Department, and was the result of a compromise reached by the opposing factions.

It took the Senate only five minutes to dispose of the substitute resolution. Senator Thompson offered the substitute, saying it was supported by the entire Committee on Audit. Senator Martin, Democratic floor leader, urged adoption of the substitute.

"I have conferred with many members of the Senate on this resolution," he said. "Not only has there been no objection to it, but every one believes the inquiry, as outlined in the resolution, would be helpful."

**Claim a Distinct Victory.**

Advocates of the Chamberlain resolution, which was opposed by the President, regarded the Senate vote as a distinct victory. Senator Thompson of Kansas, Chairman of the Audit Committee, and the other Administration Democrats who fell into line for the inquiry allowed it to be known that they had done so to avoid an acrimonious debate. They preferred to give the authority asked by the Military Affairs Committee, they explained, than have an awkward fight on the floor of the Senate.

The Senate vote came upon a resolution to amend Resolution No. 48, adopted last December, by which the Military Affairs Committee was empowered to hold "hearings in connection with any subject that may be pending" and that the committee might sit during recess of Congress. Under this broad authority the committee conducted its sweeping inquiry last Winter. But it needed authorization for funds to proceed further. This was given today, when the substitute resolution was passed, as follows:

"Resolved, That any expenses incurred by the Committee on Military Affairs under the provisions of Senate Resolution 48, heretofore adopted, including the expense of employing assistants and traveling expenses, shall be paid out of the contingent fund of the Senate."

That resolution became a substitute for the one reported favorably by the majority of the Audit Committee, which specifically authorized an inquiry into aircraft, ordnance, and the Quartermaster General's Department. The Military Affairs Committee already had power to conduct an investigation into any phase of war activity. With the authorization for expenses given today, the committee is at liberty to project unrestricted inquiry.

But after the adoption of the substitute resolution it became doubtful if the committee would, after all, use the authority given to it. This developed after the receipt by Senator Chamberlain of a letter from Attorney General Gregory, inclosing one from Mr. Hughes, in which the latter urged that there be no "parallel investigation."

Mr. Hughes argued—and was supported in his attitude by Mr. Gregory—that the Department of Justice wanted to go into an exhaustive inquiry, embracing the entire aircraft situation, and that it might be embarrassed if the Military Affairs Committee undertook an inquiry along similar lines.

**Mr. Gregory's Letter.**

The letter from Mr. Gregory, which was the outcome of a conference with Mr. Chamberlain follows:

Washington, May 21, 1918.

Hon. George E. Chamberlain, United States Senate.

My Dear Senator: At an interview between you, Judge Hughes, and myself on last Saturday you asked what would be the scope of our pending inquiry into the aircraft problem, and also indicated that you would like to know what we thought might be the effect upon our work of an investigation by a committee of the Senate into the aircraft program. Subsequently I suggested that Judge Hughes write me a letter embodying his ideas on the two points involved. I herewith inclose copy of his letter, and will state that I agree with the views therein expressed. Respectfully yours, T. M. GREGORY, Attorney General.

**Letter from Mr. Hughes.**

The letter of Mr. Hughes follows:

Washington, May 18, 1918.

My Dear Mr. Attorney General: In accordance with your request, I shall

Continued on Page Eight.

WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS, W. Va. The Greenbrier. European plan. Wonderful curative waters. N. Y. Office, The Plaza.—Advt.

### *Ask Shipyards to Make July 4 Biggest of Launching Days*

WASHINGTON, May 22.—Every shipyard in the United States was asked by telegraph tonight to speed up production and make July 4 the greatest ship launching day in the history of the world.

Commissioner Colby and C. M. Schwab, Director General of the Emergency Fleet Corporation, will be in San Francisco for the launching of nine ships in yards there.

Some of the vessels will be destroyers for the navy and others steamers for the Emergency Fleet Corporation, the launchings being a significant reminder of the overseas traffic under convoy which is playing so great a part in the world war.

Chairman Hurley is disposed to make the "Liberty Launchings" a series of notable celebrations in all yards, as a peculiarly fitting way to commemorate the signing of the Declaration of Independence. President Wilson may be asked to participate.

## RED CROSS TOTAL TOPS $11,000,000

### Leaders, with Day's Gains of $3,078,140 Here, Call for Greater Activity.

### WARBURG EXPECTS SUCCESS

### Industrial Drive and House Canvass Barely Under Way—Many Big Gifts Still Looked For.

New York's total for the $100,000,000 Red Cross fund was $11,358,457 at noon yesterday. The sum reported for the last twenty-four hours was $3,078,140. This was for Manhattan only, the returns from Brooklyn, Queens, the Bronx and Richmond not having been received.

The largest individual contribution received yesterday was $200,000 from John D. Rockefeller, Jr. Financial institutions, which began to contribute yesterday on receipt of word from Washington that contributions up to 1 per cent. of their capital were legal, gave $780,000 toward the total.

The falling off in the rate of contributions, as reported yesterday, in spite of the fact that it was the first day of large contributions from the banks, caused the Red Cross leaders to call for increased energy from all Red Cross workers, numbering more han 100,000, in this city, in order to make sure that New York City will go well over its minimum of $25,000,000. If the rate for the first three days is merely sustained, and not improved upon, New York will barely meet the expectations of the National Red Cross. In view of the power added to the drive here by President Wilson's personal participation in it, Red Cross leaders have hoped, and still hope, that New York City's showing will far exceed its quota.

**Industrial Campaign Just Started.**

It is believed that the last few days of the drive will produce money at a much more rapid rate, in view of the fact that the industrial campaign and the house-to-house canvass have barely got under way, while big contributions are still expected from many individuals and from corporations and financial institutions.

Felix M. Warburg, who presided at the meeting at the Chamber of Commerce, where the totals were reported yesterday, said:

"I believe that we are certain to reach our total for New York City of $25,000,000; but we had hoped to go over the top, and we ought to do so. If the Government decides to send a large expedition to Russia—the President told us on Saturday night that we are to stand by Russia—the amounts we are raising, however large they may seem, would be small compared to our necessities. I hope that your efforts, successful so far, will continue."

Jacob H. Schiff, for Committee No. 26, reported among other contributions the sum of $25,000 from the Delaware & Hudson Coal Company, and continued:

"You see, the railroads cannot, or will not, give to us, but our good friend, Mr. Loree, has invented a way to take $25,000 out of his coal company and give it to us."

Colonel Thompson, for the Corporations Division, reported $1,207,563 for the day, and a total to date of $3,499,151.

Henry P. Davison, Chairman of the War Council of the Red Cross, who has received several requests from corporations for advice, made the following statement yesterday:

"With my knowledge of the situation and all that is involved, if I were the head of a corporation I would feel that my responsibility for the protection of my stockholders would not be discharged until I had recommended to my Board of Directors that a contribution be made by the corporation to the American Red Cross."

**Contributions by Teams.**

The following was the report on contributions by teams yesterday:

| | |
|---|---|
| 1. Mrs. C. B. Alexander | $21,220 |
| 2. Mrs. Horace E. Andrews | 25,019 |
| 3. Earl D. Babst | 31,777 |
| 4. Mrs. George F. Baker, Jr. | 29,000 |
| 5. Mrs. Sidney Borg | 10,520 |
| 6. Mrs. J. Henry Dick | 17,095 |
| 7. William Fox | 51,821 |
| 8. Michael Friedsam | 83,067 |
| 9. Donald Geddes | 53,373 |
| 10. Daniel Guggenheim | 18,625 |
| 11. Mrs. John Henry Hammond | 68,394 |
| 12. J. Horace Harding | 64,002 |
| 13. Mrs. E. H. Harriman | 106,228 |
| 14. Percival S. Hill | 73,471 |
| 15. Darwin P. Kingsley | 29,861 |
| 16. William M. Kingsley | 152,940 |
| 17. Gates W. McGarrah | 18,290 |
| 18. J. P. Morgan | 44,785 |
| 19. Mrs. W. Fellowes Morgan | 35,626 |
| 20. Morgan J. O'Brien | 257,214 |
| 21. Lewis Pierson | 50,574 |
| 22. Mrs. John T. Pratt | 21,524 |
| 23. C. V. Rich | 12,905 |
| 24. John D. Rockefeller, Jr. | 230,636 |
| 25. Charles H. Sabin | 31,687 |
| 26. Jacob H. Schiff | 44,999 |

Continued on Page Four.

"EGG-PLANT!—Once you fall in love with—" See top of page 24.—Advt.

## M'ADOO SELECTING RAILROAD CHIEFS; MANY TO KEEP JOBS

### Zeal Shown in Government's Interest to be the Test of Those Retained.

### INSISTS ON UNIFIED CONTROL

### Director General Holds That Efficiency Can Be Attained in No Other Way.

### CHANGES TO BE GRADUAL

### Regional Heads to Recommend New Managers—Meanwhile Presidents Hold Over.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, May 22.—Additional steps were taken today in furtherance of the program of the Railroad Administration to place a Federal manager in charge of the operation of each railroad now under its jurisdiction, and within a few weeks the Government will be in complete control of all decisions involving the use of physical properties of the various systems.

Orders relating to operation will then be issued and put into effect through agents answerable for their acts only to the Government, and who have no financial connection with the private corporations. The belief was expressed today that this course would remove the last obstacle in the way of a speedy carrying out of instructions which might, in the belief of Director General McAdoo promote the most efficient use of the railroads as a single carrying system.

Pending the selection of the Federal managers, the Director General today requested the railroad Presidents to continue temporarily with their duties. It is probable that many of them will become Federal managers, if they are willing to sever their connections with the railroad corporations and accept the pay which the Government may allow.

**Rests with Regional Directors.**

Such selections, however, will be made largely upon the recommendation of the Regional Directors who have been appointed by Mr. McAdoo as the Government agents to whom the Federal Managers are to report. The appointments will be made as rapidly as Mr. McAdoo is able to consult with the members of his Advisory Council and reach a decision. It is probable, however, that the appointments will be announced one at a time and that the new policy will be put into effect gradually in this way.

The Railroad Administration, it was said today, has been making a careful study of the question from the viewpoint of obtaining the maximum of results in the matter of rapid transportation, and that the Presidents who would be selected as Federal managers would be those who had displayed the greatest zeal in co-operating with the Government. Where there has been evidence of friction and a tendency on the part of any executive to clash with the Government policies a new régime will be set up.

That there have been instances of this kind is not officially denied. In fact it is intimated that in the present move the Railroad Administration is not only seeking complete federalization of the railroads, but the elimination of all who have clung to old policies in face of orders from the Government to an extent that has hindered the Railroad Administration in its work.

It is held that the Federal Government has assumed the responsibility of giving the nation the most efficient railroad service, and that it is unwilling to permit any situation which might, in the opinion of the Railroad Administration, "throw a monkey wrench" into its plans, despite the fact that the railroad officials thus accused might feel that they were acting in the best interests of all.

**McAdoo's Purpose Clear.**

Mr. McAdoo recently made it evident that he believed in a complete federalization of the railroads, where operation was concerned at least, when he insisted that all of the members of his Advisory Council end their relations with the private railroad corporations which had employed them and take up their duties solely as employes of the Government. His next step was to extend this policy to the Regional Directors, who do not have offices here but are considered by him as a most important wing of his operating staff.

The decision to bring operating heads of each railroad under a like ruling was delayed for some time to determine how the situation would work out. Incidents which came to the attention of the Railroad Administration from time to time, however, are said to have brought about the decision announced yesterday.

It is not the intention of the Railroad Administration to make an end of the executives who have been deposed, and where they are not appointed as Federal managers there will be no objection to their retention as heads of the corporations in charge of financial problems. They will thus be in charge of negotiations which are carried on with the Government agents in connection with the rentals which shall be paid to the railroads by the Government and the use to which such moneys shall be put, as well as scores of other important policies concerning the future of the roads.

But the Government will insist that the remuneration paid to these executives, who are not retained as Federal Managers, shall be paid by the corpora-

Continued on Page Fourteen.

HOTEL HARGRAVE, 72d St., near Columbus Av. Transient rate $2 and up room and bath. Attractive prices on yearly rentals.—Advt.

### *Allied Envoys Call Treaty by Rumania Null and Void*

PARIS, May 22.—An official note has been issued giving the reply of the French, British, Italian, and American Ministers to a letter from Constantian Arion, the Rumanian Foreign Minister, informing them that peace had been signed between Rumania and the Central Powers.

The four Ministers say that while they must leave to their Governments the exact definition of their point of view, they are obliged to declare that they regard the stipulations of the treaty null and void, "as contrary to principles, the violation of which compelled the Entente to take up arms, as well as the rights of the powers we represent."

## AMERICA MAY BUY RUSSIA'S STORES

### Our Government Considering This Plan of Saving War Material from Germany.

### KERENSKY FOR SIBERIA?

### Suggestion That He Is Going to Organize Conservative Elements Gathering There.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, May 22.—The allied Governments apparently are working at cross purposes with regard to the proposal to build up Russia and bring her back as a national entity. The plan of Great Britain and France contemplates military action. Several suggestions are under consideration by the United States Government, it was learned today, but all of these are understood to contemplate Russian upbuilding by peaceful means. There seems to be no movement to effect a compromise that will insure active co-operation between the allied nations with the common object of realizing Russian national aspirations and bringing that country back into the war as a powerful force that will aid the cause of the Governments arrayed against the Central Powers.

Officials admitted today that they were giving consideration to several proposals to help Russia. One phase of the program contemplates the restoration of the Trans-Siberian Railway so as to insure the better shipment of relief supplies through Siberia into European Russia. Members and engineers of the American Railway Commission, who went to Japan when the Bolshevist Government obtained control, are reported to be returning to Siberia with the intention of going to Valogda, where the Bolshevist Government has been established and where David R. Francis, the American Ambassador, and other allied diplomatic representatives are now residing. The commission will consult with Ambassador Francis with a view to arranging a plan for improving Siberian railway facilities.

**Talk of Wholesale Purchase.**

Another scheme, said to be under serious consideration, contemplates the effective use of the American Red Cross in relieving distress in Russian territory. The Government is said also to be considering a proposal to purchase war supplies available in Russia in order to prevent them from falling into the possession of Germany. An enormous expenditure of money would be required for this purpose.

An unconfirmed report in connection with it is that the plan of the Administration for raising revenues, amounting to between $31,000,000,000 and $33,000,000,000, partly through the imposition of increased direct taxes, contemplates these purchases in Russia. The supplies reported to be available include cotton and oil. Germany needs these commodities badly and will go to extremes to obtain them. It was intimated today that Southern Congressmen will be disposed to object strenuously to the purchase of the Russian cotton, which, they contend, would interfere with disposing of their own cotton crop.

The object of these several schemes to aid Russia is to relieve the distress in that country with the possible advantage of earning the gratitude of the Russian people who might be disposed to show a friendly feeling toward the United States and the Allies in the struggle with the Central Powers. As far as known no proposal that contemplates the use of a military force to assist the Russian people to maintain a stable central Government or a series of local governments has appealed to the United States. Nor is there any assurance that any immediate action on the part of the United States in regard to any plan is likely. Great Britain and France are anxious to do something at once, as they hold that delay will work to the advantage of Germany. There is nothing to show that the Washington Government has in any degree modified the position taken toward the recent Japanese proposal to send troops into Siberia that the use of force on Russian territory would drive the Russian people to the side of the Germans.

It is now contended in some interested quarters that conditions have changed in Russia, and the arguments advanced by the United States at the time of the Japanese suggestion do not apply to the present situation. Germany's excesses in Russia have so angered the people that they are willing to adopt almost any measures that will bring relief from the current intolerable state of affairs. This may not apply to the active Bolshevist elements which wish to maintain control of the Government in spite of the fact that they have the support of only a small proportion of the people. It appears to apply, however, to the great middle class, and peasant farm-

Continued on Page Two.

Don't give for appearances—give for Humanity.—Advt.

Soldiers and sailors need aid—Give to Red Cross.—Advt.

# *2,078,223 NOW IN AMERICAN ARMY; MILLION TRAINED WAITING TO SAIL; GERMAN DRIVE IS EXPECTED IN JUNE*

## TROOPS TRANSPORTED FAST

### 90,000 Sailed in Ten Days in May, Caldwell Tells the House.

### ALL THOROUGHLY EQUIPPED

### America Can Raise 5,000,000 This Year Without Going Outside of Class 1.

### BRITISH EFFORT EXCELLED

### Our Front and Force Abroad Bigger in Ten Months Than Was Ally's in Year.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, May 22.—Representative Charles Pope Caldwell of New York, Democratic member of the Committee on Military Affairs, placed before the House this afternoon a comprehensive outline of the War Department's military program and accomplishments.

Mr. Caldwell's address resulted from an interchange of letters with Secretary Baker. The statements in it were approved by the War Department, and were regarded as a semi-official pronouncement on its affairs. He said that in a year, the American Army would be 4,000,000 or 5,000,000 strong. He declared there were at present 2,078,223 officers and men under arms, of whom more than 500,000 were in France, and 1,000,000 additional were amply trained to be sent to France as fast as shipping space could be provided.

The United States, said Mr. Caldwell, had raised and sent to the fighting lines in ten months an army larger than England had found herself able to provide in a year, despite the fact that 3,000 miles of submarine-infested Atlantic separated America from France, as against 30 miles of the English Channel.

**90,000 Went in Ten Days.**

During the first ten days of May, the Representative said, the United States sent 90,000 men to Europe.

Mr. Caldwell went into a detailed comparison of the man-power strength of the Central Powers and the allied nations, estimating that the maximum total of men available to the enemy for service was 18,360,000, and the number for the Allies was 68,879,500. He said that the United States itself could raise 5,000,000 men this year without going outside Class 1 of the draft.

At the outset of his remarks Mr. Caldwell read the following letter from Secretary Baker:

"Washington, D. C., May 3, 1918.

"My Dear Mr. Caldwell:

"I have read with interest and appreciation your speech in the House on the subject of aircraft, and am writing this note to thank you for taking the trouble to look into the situation and speak so sympathetically and helpfully. On this and all other parts of the program which the War Department is carrying out, we are, of course, anxious to have real facts carefully investigated and frankly stated, and I know of no more useful service than so candid a statement as you have made on the subject.

"The country would be helped if you can find it possible from time to time to get into the Congressional Record the result of similar inquiries in other parts of the world, and as you are a member of the Committee on Military Affairs and, therefore, have constant contact with the subject, it may be that you will find it possible to do this.

"In the meantime, I am sure that you will feel at liberty to call on me for any information I can secure for you on any subject that you feel inclined to investigate. Cordially,

"NEWTON D. BAKER,
"Secretary of War."

**Praises Baker's Keenness.**

"While I have found it impossible to agree with Mr. Baker on many details," said Mr. Caldwell, "I must say that I have found him to have the keenest mind of any man in public life that it has ever been my pleasure to come into intimate association with. I have never yet cross-examined a man who was more thoroughly familiar with his subject, more exact in his choice of words, to differentiate and shade his meaning, quicker in his responses, or who had a better poise than displayed by Secretary Baker when under fire in the House and Senate Military Committees.

"At the outset let me say frankly that we have made mistakes, yes, grievous mistakes, and had our foresight been as good as the aftersight of our critics we might have accomplished more. But notwithstanding these mistakes and omissions America has done her share—indeed, more than her share, for she has done many times more than any of our allies suspected that she was capable of doing and more than the greatest enthusiast in America hoped she could do.

"America has raised and equipped a bigger army in a shorter time and now holds a greater section of the fighting front, transporting her troops 3,000 miles across an infested sea in ten months, than England was capable of

Continued on Page Nine.

D. W. Griffith's "Hearts of the World," 44th St. Theatre. Mat. To-day, 25c to $1. Biggest sensation in New York.—Advt.

### *American Air Squadrons Go Out with French; 97 of Foe's Airplanes Brought Down in 4 Days*

ON THE FRENCH FRONT, May 22, (Associated Press.)—American air squadrons have been engaged, in participation with the French, in bombing operations behind the German lines. These operations are being carried out on a very large scale. At one time recently 120 allied machines were flying at the same moment in bombing work.

Records have just reached the correspondent of the air activities along the French between May 15 and 18, since the weather became again favorable for flying, which reveal the intensive aerial work of the character noted. In this period 105 aerial combats were fought in the course of patrols. Thirty-seven German machines were destroyed, sixty others were forced to land, badly damaged, within their own lines, and eight captive balloons were burned.

On the night of May 15 no less than 120 airplanes were in the air at the same moment bombarding a large number of towns and villages in German-held territory, causing fires and explosions everywhere. American and Italian squadrons participated in these operations.

On May 16 the broad daylight work continued, the bombing machines being protected by seventy-five chasers, which swept all the enemy aircraft out of the skies over a large space.

WITH THE FRENCH ARMIES IN FRANCE, May 22, (Associated Press.)—Germans captured by the French testify to the brilliant work of the allied aviators, who, the prisoners say, leave the Germans no peace. Fears are expressed regarding future operations by allied airmen on the Rhine cities, which they believe will be laid in ruins. The Germans say that their anti-aircraft defenses are insufficient to prevent the allied raids.

LONDON, May 22.—Twelve German airplanes were brought down in Monday's air fighting by British aviators, while gunfire accounted for another, and an additional two were driven down out of control. An official announcement of the day's activities says:

Balloons and airplanes were again very active on Monday. Several long distance reconnoissances were completed.

Twelve German airplanes were brought down in the air fighting, two others were driven down out of control, and another was brought down by gunfire. Two hostile balloons also were destroyed. Four British airplanes are missing.

## POLA RAID HEROES NEVER CAME BACK

### Signaled the Waiting Escort, "Don't Mind Us, We Have No Chance."

### ALL MAY BE PRISONERS

### Believed to Have Blown Up Their Boat After Torpedoing Dreadnought.

ITALIAN NAVAL HEADQUARTERS, May 18, (Associated Press.)—The details of the recent Italian naval exploit at Pola show that it was one of the most audacious feats of the war, worthy to rank with that of the British at Zeebrugge and that of the Merrimac at Santiago.

Plans were long matured by Lieutenant Commander Pellegrini, who adopted unusual secrecy to safeguard the project. To divert attention he took service in the trenches on the Piave, and when ready to start gave out that he was going to visit his friends. He was accompanied by another officer and two sailors.

The party was escorted by destroyers and arrived at Pola at 2 o'clock in the morning. It was very dark, as the moon had been down two hours. A light wind blew offshore, which prevented the sounds of preparation going landward. The entrance of the channel was 400 yards across, with a long neck leading into the great harbor, in which lay Austria's fleet of battleships, cruisers, and destroyers, encircled by a frowning terrace of land batteries.

In the obscurity the guard ship at the entrance was dimly visible swung to one side, the guards apparently asleep. There was complete lack of watchfulness.

Final preparation was made for a dash in the darkness. Commander Pellegrini and his companions put on rubber suits which could be inflated. The plan was to discharge torpedoes at the big ship, then blow up their own craft, jump overboard, and await capture or drowning. All realized that there was practically no chance for returning alive.

Commander Pellegrini was perfectly cool as he bade good-bye, his superior officer saying:

"You are putting your head into the lion's mouth."

How they encountered three successive lines of defense, first a guard ship, then a line of wooden buoys marking a chain of mines and then a heavy steel net strung from bank to bank, and how they were able to penetrate these obstructions must remain a mystery, particularly as to the steel net, which was apparently an impossible barrier.

The escort waited almost an hour, when the silence was suddenly broken by two distinct explosions of torpedoes, followed by the sound of an alarm gun in the inner harbor. Soon after two signals of parti-colored lights slowly rose from the centre of the harbor, showing that Commander Pellegrini had penetrated to the very heart of the fleet, and was sending signals from the midst of it.

The first signal meant "have torpedoed a battleship," and the second

Continued on Page Four.

Rest and be well at Grove Park Inn, Asheville, N. C. Finest resort in the world. No invalids, no children under ten.—Advt.

## BRITISH VICTORS IN SERIES OF RAIDS

### Capture Germans in Night Incursions Near Arras and South of Ypres.

### ARTILLERY IS STILL ACTIVE

### Very Violent in Region Southeast of Amiens, but No Infantry Action Follows.

LONDON, May 22.—Raiding operations were the principal features of the fighting on the British front last night and today.

British detachments, in night trench attacks north of the Ypres-Comines Canal, southeast of Arras and in the neighborhood of Hebuterne [north of Albert] captured a number of prisoners.

Last night and this morning the Germans made ineffectual attempts to enter the British trenches north of Albert.

Elsewhere the fighting was confined to artillery actions. The Germans have again directed a heavy gas bombardment against the areas to the northeast of Bethune.

The day report reads:

A number of successful raids were carried out by us last night on different parts of the front. In the sector southeast of Arras our troops entered the German trenches at two points and captured fourteen prisoners and a machine gun. Other raiding parties brought back a few prisoners from the enemy's positions in the neighborhood of Locon and in the sector between the Forest of Nieppe and Meteren.

North of the Ypres-Comines Canal sixteen prisoners were captured by us. A hostile raiding party approached our lines last night north of Albert. It was repulsed.

The enemy's artillery showed some activity during the night in the neighborhood of Dernancourt and considerable activity east of the Forest of Nieppe. The sector northeast of Bethune was heavily bombarded with gas shells.

The night bulletin from Field Marshal Haig says:

Early this morning the enemy made a second attempt to raid our positions southeast of Mesnil, [north of Albert] but was repulsed.

Another successful raid, in addition to those reported this morning, was carried out by us last night in the neighborhood of Hebuterne [north of Albert.] Heavy casualties were inflicted on the enemy in these encounters, and we captured a few prisoners.

On the remainder of the front there was nothing beyond artillery activity on both sides in the different sectors.

### GUNFIRE LIVELY, BERLIN SAYS.

### Reports Activity in Kemmel Region and Between Arras and Albert.

BERLIN, May 22, (via London.)—Heavy artillery fighting is reported in the official communication from General Headquarters today. The chief zones under gunfire were the Kemmel

Continued on Page Two.

For humanity's sake help the Red Cross Second War Fund.—Advt.

Hudson River Day Line Starts May 24 from New York; May 26 from Albany.—Advt.

## GERMAN MAN POWER HIGH

### And Coming Offensive Seems Likely to Equal That of March.

### DRIVEN BY PUBLIC OPINION

### Prisoners Report the German People Disappointed Over the Army's Achievements.

### GAINS NOT WORTH PRICE

### American Army Rejoices That War Department Will Issue Tobacco Rations.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, May 21.—On April 15 the Germans began a withdrawal of divisions from their front for the big drive with the purpose of reconstruction. Information here is that it takes five to seven weeks for this work.

In the beginning of the Somme drive the German command used forty-five divisions. This number had been withdrawn for reconstruction by about April 21. About a week ago the Germans withdrew crack divisions for the purpose of training for a period estimated at three and four weeks. These divisions were not so badly chewed up.

These factors lead to the estimate that the Germans will be ready for another drive in the first week of June on the same scale as the one that started on March 21. On a sliding scale of withdrawals of divisions for rehabilitation the Germans would be able to keep up the same supply of man power.

Starting the new offensive before the first week of June, it is believed, would mean they would not be able to hurl the same force against the allied lines. No doubt is entertained that the Germans are planning a new drive and it is not believed that they will postpone it any longer than is necessary to put the military machine in shape.

The German High Command is under tremendous pressure of German public opinion to do something. Frequent reports have been received of dissatisfaction with the results of the recent drive, as well as with the continuing losses on the western front. Recently captured Germans say the army generally does not consider the gains of March and April worth the price paid for them.

**Tobacco Ration for Our Men.**

A wave of joy swept through the American army today when it was announced throughout our forces that henceforth the War Department would issue tobacco rations. This step has been long hoped for by the soldiers and recommended by all officers from corporals to General Pershing.

Since the American army has been in France various "smoke funds" raised in America have scored results conspicuous by their absence. On trips that have taken me along practically all the American lines in France I have seen two instances of tobacco being given them. As a rule, they have paid for it, and incidentally paid well. The United States Army commissary, it is true, supplies soldiers with tobacco at cost, but only a small percentage of the doughboys can go to the commissaries from day to day.

Tobacco sold to the soldiers by the Y. M. C. A. is sold at American retail prices. A soldier used to smoking a good deal finds buying his supply from the Y. M. C. A. a heavy tax on his spending money. For instance, a well-known brand of American cigarettes, selling at the commissary for 8 cents, always costs 15 cents at the Y. M. C. A., the same as the price at retail in America. Tobacco prices of the Y. M. C. A. have often been a source of complaint by soldiers. I have met personally with many instances of this.

French tobacco is not liked by our soldiers, and also is high in price. Another factor is that many of our soldiers are serving with the British and French, where the commissary service is not the same as on the American sector.

As officially announced, the tobacco ration is four-tenths of an ounce per day, with 100 cigarette papers supplied for each four ounces of tobacco. An alternative to this ration will be four ready-made cigarettes, or four-tenths of an ounce of chewing tobacco. The doughboy with a pal who doesn't smoke will probably have a good chance to increase his ration on the

side. The soldiers, of course, will not pay for this t bacco. The French and British armies have a tobacco ration.

**New Plan Insures Prompt Delivery.**

WASHINGTON, May 22.—Shipments of tobacco to the American troops abroad already have gone forward. War Department officials said today. Extensive purchases have been made to insure a steady supply.

Details of distribution have been left to the Quartermaster forces in France. The men may draw their new ration in cigarette tobacco and papers in plug tobacco for chewing, or for use in pipes or cigarettes, as already ruled.

An announcement will soon be made giving details of the plan for distribution. Officers recognize the fact that the allowance made is somewhat limited; but since the Red Cross, Y. M. C. A., and commissary agencies are available, where the allowance can be supplemented by the troops at their own expense, there is no prospect of the soldiers going without what they need.

One effect of making tobacco a part of the regular ration is to insure its prompt delivery to the men, no matter where they may be. In taking this action the War Department obligates itself to get smoking materials to the troops as much as it is already obligated to feed them in every emergency.

## REHEARSING FAR BEHIND LINE.

### Washington Hears Some German Divisions Are Stronger Than in March.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, May 22.—Word has reached Washington through official channels that the German commanders are rehearsing men fifty to seventy-five miles behind their own lines in France and Flanders in preparation for their next drive against the allied forces.

The German divisions which were weakened or depleted in the offensive which was begun on March 21 have been brought up to full strength, and information has reached Washington from France indicating that some of those divisions are stronger than they were when the March offensive began.

## Y. M. C. A.'S "SMOKE" PRICES.

### Officials Here Think They Are Not Higher Than Government's.

At the headquarters of the War Work Council of the Y. M. C. A. it was admitted yesterday that there had been statements to the effect that the association huts were charging higher prices for tobacco than other canteen units, but members of the council said that they did not believe that such was the case.

T. W. D. Turner said that the Quartermaster's Department could, of course, sell a box of cigars at a cheaper rate than the association's retail price. He said that he believed some of the soldiers had noted this and started talking.

"The Y. M. C. A. does not want to make a profit," he said, "out of the tobacco exchanges established by it under General Pershing's orders, and whenever a profit is made the money is refunded as justly as the association is able to refund it in the form of sporting goods, games, &c." It was pointed out at the offices that the Government was unable to give the Y. M. C. A. shipping space at certain times and that it was forced to go to the open market for it.

The War Work Council has sent a cable to the Y. M. C. A. headquarters in Paris asking for the exact price at which each article is sold through the association's exchanges.

# BRITISH VICTORS IN SERIES OF RAIDS

Continued from Page 1, Column 7.

district, both sides of the Lys, and between Arras and Albert.

Following is the statement:

In the Kemmel region lively artillery activity continued. North of Kemmel Village and south of Locre strong enemy local attacks delivered in the evening failed.

On both sides of the Lys and at La Bassee Canal our rear districts were again subjected to a heavy fire. Between Arras and Albert the enemy artillery also was very lively in the evening.

Between the Somme and the Oise fighting activity revived only temporarily.

On Monday night one of our bombing squadrons destroyed extensive French munition depots near Blargies.

## GUN DUELS ON FRENCH FRONT.

### Artillery Actions Violent Along the Battle Line Southeast of Amiens.

PARIS, May 22.—Violent artillery actions were in progress last night on the French front southeast of Amiens, extending from Hailles, on the Avre, to Flemont, west of Noyon. Patrols were active along the whole Ailette front.

The text of the day bulletin follows:

The night was marked by violent artillery action in the region of Hailles, Senecat Wood, Rouvray, and Flemont. There was great patrol and reconnoissance activity along the whole Ailette front.

French troops raided the enemy lines west of Maisons de Champagne. Two German surprise attacks were repulsed in the Woevre and Lorraine.

The text of the official statement issued by the War Office tonight follows:

There were reciprocal artillery engagements at divers points on the Somme and Oise fronts. But there were no infantry actions.

## ALLIED GAINS HAMPER FOE.

### German Plans Deranged by Reverses in Flanders and Before Amiens.

WITH THE FRENCH ARMIES, May 22, (Associated Press.)—While awaiting the opening of the expected new German offensive the French and British are creating great confusion in the German plans by local operations, which already have brought about an improvement in their defensive positions.

The Germans had hoped to have positions at solid points on the Flanders hills, on the Villers-Bretonneux plateau, and on the Grivesnes and Mailly-Raineval heights, and the Le Plemont and Renaud hills from which to launch their attack. Not only have these positions remained in the hands of the allied troops, but in the vicinity of them the French and British have recently gained ground.

German prisoners assert that Emperor William hesitated a long time before starting the offensive this year, but that General Ludendorff obtained the upper hand by promising to force a peace by beating the Allies by Easter. The Crown Prince, with the military caste in Germany, they say, succeeded in ejecting Rudolph von Valentini from power after he had predicted a catastrophe for the German arms.

Von Valentini was Chief of Emperor William's Civil Cabinet and was replaced last September by von Berg. Von Valentini's removal was hailed by the Pan-German newspapers as a triumph for their cause.

# The War Situation

BY THE MILITARY EXPERT OF THE NEW YORK TIMES.

An interesting situation is developing in the Near East which has been interpreted as bringing danger to the British operations along the Tigris north of Bagdad. The Turks, moving southward from Batoum and Kars after the collapse of the Russian forces in the Caucusus, are officially reported to have passed beyond Lake Van, moving eastward toward Lake Urmia, which is just west of the Persian town of Tabris, and to have occupied the towns of Ushnu, about twenty-five miles southwest of Lake Urmia and also Soujbulak, about fifty miles directly south of the lake. The presumption is that the object of this force is to get around the British right flank, and to strike in the rear of the British forces which are now many miles north of Bagdad, and are steadily advancing taward Mosul.

This is, of course, a possibility though one that seems, from such information as we have, to be a very distant one.

The country over which the Turks are passing is, in the first place, the most difficult in this entire theatre. There are very few roads, ne railroads, but a wealth of heavily jumbled very high mountains. In such a country it is almost impossible to transport any amount of artillery north and south. Practically all of the roads, such as they are, run east and west, so that even the sparse communications which exist are not available. This greatly restricts the food supplies which can be brought up, and this alone automatically places a limit on the number of soldiers that can be used.

Again, between Persia and the plain of Mesopotamia there is an almost solid and heavy mountain wall, which is practically impalssable. The Russians tried to force their way through it for many months. In 1915 they failed completely, and in 1916 they were successful only because the British were able to throw a column squarely across the Turks' line of communication and cut off their supplies.

This line at that time was the main highway between Bagdad and Teheran. This road passes through the mountain pass at Khanikin, which is the only break in the mountain wall for many miles. It is an exceptionally easy place to guard. In fact, in 1915 the Russians reached the very door of this gateway and were unable to force their way through.

In brief, then, the situation in Persia is that the Turks can have but a few small columns, inadequately munitioned and practically without artillery, which columns are forcing their way across mountains that offer no facilities for movement, while imposing every difficulty. These columns, working in such an impossible country, are still nearly 200 miles from the Tigris at the nearest point, and are meeting opposition, more or less inefficient and disorganized, it is true, but sufficient to delay them and cause considerable trouble. They must, before they can become a real menace, negotiate the very difficult pass at Khanikin, force its passage, and then descend into the plain.

The British defense against such an operation does not promise to be particularly difficult. The British, we may be sure, are fully alive to the situation. They know that the Turk can advance only along certain well defined lines and that all that it will be necessary to do will be to block these lines and the advance must come to an end. The British base is at Basra, near the head of the Persian Gulf, and into this base are constantly being fed from India additional men and a stream of supplies which so far in this campaign have proved entirely adequate.

At the first intimation that the Turks were becoming dangerous, a part of this reserve force at Basra could and would be sent to the defense of Khanikin. This force would have behind it good lines of supply, the Tigris River and the main highway east from Bagdad, while the Turks would be struggling constantly to get even the means of livelihood up to their troops. The question of artillery would be almost entirely beyond them. The Turks would not be much good in a fight of this kind. The best Turkish army and the only army that had any military value was badly cut up at Gallipoli and is now serving with fair distinction in Palestine. The Mesopotamian army is utterly without merit. It is incapable of offering to the British advance any serious opposition.

On the whole, therefore, while the situation east of the Mesopotamian border is interesting, it is still a long way from causing the British any uneasiness.

In the meantime, the British have not for a moment halted their advance. On the 11th of May their most northerly column had reached as far as the Little Zab River, about sixty miles from Mosul. This, however, was in all probability not the main body, but merely a flanking column sent out to prevent the Turks from turning the British right. The main body would naturally follow the main line of supply, the Tigris River. This body we last heard of at Tekrit, 120 miles from Mosul, but yesterday we learned that they had advanced up the Tigris, just as soon as the column on the right indicated that the way was clear. They are now at Fatha, about ten miles from the junction of the Zab and the Tigris, with the way apparently open to them for a still further advance as soon as a flow of supplies has been assured.

The Turks have absolutely gone to pieces in this theatre, having lost much of their artillery and practically all of their power of resistance. The only apparent limitation to the British advance is the speed of their own supply columns.

# AMERICA MAY BUY RUSSIA'S STORES

Continued from Page 1, Column 4.

ers and small merchants who hope for peace but do not want a peace that will bring German rule.

Nothing, however, has been done by the allied nations, and fear is expressed that it soon will be too late for action that will prevent Russia from becoming vassal to Germany.

**Former Premier Kerensky's Trip.**

It is believed in well-informed circles here that the movements of Alexander Kerensky, technically Premier of Russia, whose Provisional Government was deprived of power by the Bolsheviki, are connected with the plans of the Allies concerning Russia. The most generally accepted view is that if Kerensky comes to the United States he will proceed to San Francisco and there take ship for Siberia, where the conservative elements of Russia are reported to be gathering, the conservatives in Russia today including Social Revolutionists as well as Constitutional Democrats.

At the State Department also it was declared that nothing was known concerning the movements of the former Russian Revolutionary leader, but it was added that he might be traveling under an assumed name. In diplomatic circles it was asserted that the allied and American Governments, as well as Russian diplomats, would naturally desire to conceal the activities and movements of Kerensky, if his advice is to be sought in bringing about a new state of affairs in Russia.

The attitude of General Semenoff, the Cossack leader in Siberia hostile to the Bolsheviki, toward Kerensky and any plan favored by the Allies and the United States looking toward the rehabilitation of Russia, is believed to be wholly sympathetic. It has been repeatedly stated in Russian circles here that Semenoff himself is not moved by political ambitions, and that his only desire is to see Russia liberated from the Austro-German invasion and so circumstanced that she might again become a valuable aid to the Allies in the war against the Central Empires.

A dispatch from Constantinople reaching here through German channels from Amsterdam states that the aim of the peace negotiations at Batum between Turkey and the Caucasus is the subjection of Trans-Caucasia to the quadruple entente, as was the case with Ukrainia, Poland, and Rumania. The dispatch adds:

"It is necessary that Trans-Caucasia should become entirely independent of Russia and that she should form close relations with Turkey."

A dispatch from Paris states that the Jewish National Council has issued a protest against the atrocities committed upon the Jewish population in the occupied districts of Russia. It is charged that pogroms have been organized by the German authorities, who have aroused the peasants against the Jews.

## SIBERIA LOOKS TO ENGLAND.

### Expects Her to Take Initiative in Intervention, Okulich Says.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, May 22.—The Chronicle publishes an article by Joseph Okulich, urging the need of Allied intervention in Siberia. Okulich is a native of Siberia, and one of its most prominent public men. He was a member of the Council of the Ministry of Commerce and Industries in the former Czar's and Kerensky's Governments. He is President of the Association of Shipowners on the Yenisei River, President of the Central Siberian Board of Trade, Manager of the Union of Siberian Creamery Associations, and is also a Cossack of the Yenisei Regiment. He writes:

"Having just returned from Siberia, I herewith declare that the power of the Bolshevist Soviets in Siberia is not based on any class in that country. They were elected last year by certain garrisons with Bolshevist leanings, and therefore they cannot base their power on the soldiers, as these were demobilized, nor on the industrial proletariat, as such does not exist in Siberia, the obvious reason for that being the absence of industrial centres. Also, they cannot base their power on the Siberian peasantry, which has never known feudal oppression or any agrarian difficulties.

"Terrorized townspeople dare not express their protests in active form; the peasants, on the other hand, living in villages, do not understand what is going on, and do not care to understand it either. Only in isolated cases, when their interests are imperiled, do the Cossacks, who are partly disarmed, offer feeble tentative resistance to the Red Guards, who are armed to the teeth with all modern weapons, which they removed from the German front.

"Every day sees Siberia approaching nearer and nearer to the point of complete exhaustion of her economic life. This is all to the interest of German imperialists, who are dreaming of capturing the entire Russian market and valuable raw materials for feeding their factories. Siberia does not want to become a German colony, and, what is more, she must not become a German colony.

"At present Siberia has vast stocks of butter, about 75,000 tons; she has also about fifty tons of gold, also copper and other minerals. She can live quite an independent life, and her 13,000,000 inhabitants are sufficiently active and energetic not to become slaves to the enemy.

"From this it will be seen that the political situation is such that outside help is imperative. Such help she expects in joint intervention by the Allies' countries. Siberia expects help from the Allies in the form of an international expedition which will be enthusiastically received from Vladivostok up to the Ural Mountains, which will clear the Siberian railway line and various towns from Bolshevist bands, and will enable the population within three or six months to organize elections for a Siberian Constituent Assembly, which in its turn will elect a responsible Government for Siberia.

"It is not yet too late to reorganize the financial apparatus of the country, and it is quite possible with the help of the Cossacks to organize military guards for the defense of the frontiers of Siberia. On the European frontier, as well as on others, not only will a regenerated Siberia be very useful for the remaining parts of Russia, but it will save it from becoming a sphere of influence for German capital.

"I venture to emphasize that delay will be fatal. Siberia expects the initiative from England, if for no other reason than the latter's own interests."

# FRENCH INVESTORS FEAR RUSSIAN LOSS

### Doubt That Paris Government Will Continue to Assume the Defaulted Payments.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, May 22.—French investors in Russian Government bonds and other Muscovité securities are showing great anxiety whether they will receive the interest due them in July next. The seriousness of their position may be realized from the fact that France is a creditor of Russia to the tune of something like $4,000,000,000. French investors hold today $2,800,000,000 of Russian Government bonds, while they have at least another $200,000,000 invested in Russian industrials.

France is also a creditor in the sum of between $700,000,000 and $1,000,000,000 for advances made in materials supplied to Russia since the war began.

Since the Bolshevist régime was established seven months ago the Russians have ceased to honor their obligations. Most of the money sunk in Russian subscriptions has been drawn from people of very limited means.

For years investment in Russian securities was regarded here as a patriotic duty, second only to the purchase of French rentes, for the Russian alliance was the only real wall against the German wolf. Consequently, savings, often of the poorest, were eagerly thrown into the Russian treasury. The stoppage of Russian interest payments would mean the reduction to poverty of thousands of small people, who are depending on the Russian coupons being honored.

Up to April last, the French Government itself assumed the payment of the Russian interest; but since then banks here intimated that no further payments of this kind will be made. The vast bulk of this money has been invested admittedly as a part of the French national defense, although indirectly. The last Russian loan in January, 1914, for instance, was expressly sanctioned by the French Finance Minister, on the ground that the money would be used for the construction of new strategic railroads. Pressure is now being brought on the French Government to continue payment of interest on Russian bonds, but the treasury here is faced with the difficulty that this will mean the provision of an additional $200,000,000 a year, which is not easy to find under present conditions.

Notice has been given of an intention to raise the subject in the Senate, but so far Finance Minister Klotz has refused to fix a date for debate, on the ground that the matter must first be thrashed out by the Council of Ministers.

# FINLAND WARNED BY GREAT BRITAIN

### Move Against Mourmansk Railway Will Be Regarded by Allies as Hostile Act.

LONDON, May 22.—Any measures directed by Finland against the Mourmansk Railway will be regarded by Great Britain, France, and the United States as a breach of neutrality, the Dagblad of Stockholm says.

A Stockholm dispatch to The Morning Post quotes this newspaper as saying that the Finnish Government has been so informed by Great Britain.

## FINNS SPLIT ON MONARCHY.

### Strong Opposition to Plan and Threat of New Civil War Made.

STOCKHOLM, May 22.—The propaganda in favor of a monarchical government for Finland is meeting with considerable opposition. Editors of Finnish newspapers, meeting at Helsingfors yesterday, voted by a great majority for a republic.

At the meeting of the Finnish Diet, at which Judge Svinhufvud was nominated temporary Dictator, warnings were freely given against an attempt to establish a monarchy. Several members of the peasant party threatened a new civil war if such a step were taken. They declared that the army strongly favored a republic.

## WOMEN SOLDIERS SORRY.

### Colonel Here on Way to Apologize to Allies for Russia's Failure.

CHICAGO, May 22.—Colonel Maria Leonteva Botchkarova, organizer of women soldiers in Russia, and head of the "Battalion of Death," who is in Chicago today on her way to England, said she expected to stop in Washington and seek an interview with President Wilson. The Colonel did not disclose the nature of her mission to England, except to say it was to apologize to the Entente Allies for her country's failure to "stick to the finish."

She declared the real reason for organization of the women into soldiery was that "it might prove an inspiration to Russian manhood."

# RUSSIANS SEEK LEAVE TO GO HOME TO FIGHT

### Leaders of New Movement Will Ask Wilson's Approval of War on Bolsheviki and Germans.

A committee representing the recently organized Federation of Russian Associations of America left last night for Washington to ask permission of President Wilson to send into Russia the regiments of Russian volunteers which are now being organized in this country. The federation represents Russians of all phases of political opinion except the Bolsheviki, but the prevailing sentiment appears to be that of the Social Revolutionaries, the party of Kerensky and Savinkoff. Its leaders believe that the entrance into Russia of a body of Russians from America, fighting for the revolution but against the Germans and against the Bolsheviki, would rally around their standard the great masses of the Russian people.

The committee which went to Washington, and which expects to confer with high officials of the Government, consisted of Elias Rosenthal, P. Whitney-Wishnemecky, Colonel A. A. Koch, formerly a member of the Russian military mission, and Apollinarius Dimitrovitch Semenovsky, who was Minister of Ways and Communications under Kerensky.

"We are thoroughly convinced," said a leader in the movement last night, "that the entry into Russia of Russians from America, determined to fight for the national independence and for the maintenance of the principles on which the revolution was founded would be able to effect the salvation of the country. The Bolsheviki have now lost most of the power which they at one time possessed. In the Ukraine peasants who were supposed to be friendly to the Germans are now burning their grain to keep it from falling into German hands. The peace of Brest-Litovsk is regarded with the same sentiments in Russia as here. We believe that the opportune moment has come to get together those who have been kept in terror for the last few months by the comparatively small force of Bolsheviki and to unite them to save Russia.

"The Russians have been drugged for the time, but they will soon awaken. They know that America is their friend, and the arrival of their own people from America to help them should bring them together. I am convinced that once the movement has started it will grow like a rolling snowball."

# TO HOUSE KERENSKY IN RIVERSIDE DRIVE

### Wealthy Russians Lease a Home, with Purchase Privilege, for Revolution Leader.

### EXPECTED TO ARRIVE SOON

### Quiet, Accessible, and Semi-Secluded Place Chosen—Ample Room for Many Callers and Guests.

The home of Alexander F. Kerensky in this city, it was announced last night, will be at 99 Riverside Drive. Rich Russians had taken the house, would furnish it as a club, and the young Russian leader would live there. The building is of brown stone of five stories and basement. It has fifteen spacious rooms, wide winding staircases, and windows in every room opening on the Drive or on Eighty-second Street.

Some doubt as to the length of Mr. Kerensky's stay in this country, it was declared, resulted in an arrangement by which the house has been taken for a specified period, with the privilege of purchase. The entrance is on the side street, but the building bulks large on the Drive, and from the upper windows the Hudson and the Palisades can be seen for many miles. All things considered the house compares favorably with any structure on the shore front.

Knowing Mr. Kerensky's weak physical condition, his nervous temperament, and his need of ample rest, a quiet and retired home was deemed absolutely necessary, and it was this thought that induced the Russians seeking a home for him to choose this locality.

It is away from the lights and bustle of more central locations, and one of the advantages of the neighborhood is that persons may be entertained there without notice. That there will be many guests is certain, and that while the presence of some of them may be freely advertised it is likely that some of those who call will desire to feel that their arrival and departure will not attract public attention.

On every floor there are large rooms which may be used with comfort for the assembly of a score or more of men, and each of them may be shut off from all the others. There are many bedrooms.

When a reporter called at the house last night things were in much confusion, for Mrs. August E. Knopf, the present occupant and owner, was in the midst of packing. Efforts were making to vacate the house this week so that preparations could be made for its refurnishing so that it would be ready for Mr. Kerensky and his friends as soon as possible.

Mrs. Knopf did not know the names of the Russians who had taken over the property. She said they were members of the Russian Club. She had understood that some of them were to live in the house at least part of the time, but that Mr. Kerensky, she had been told, was to make it his home as long as he remained in this country.

No one could be found last night who would give any details as to the time of Mr. Kerensky's arrival in this country or the length of his stay.

## REDS RUN TO CUBIST ART,

### Marinsky Palace, Petrograd, Daubed for May Day Celebration.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, May 22.—The Petrograd correspondent of The Daily Express, describing the Bolshevist May Day celebrations, says a grotesque feature was the daubing of the Marinsky Palace—the House of Lords of the Romanoff days—the Winter Palace, and the Government offices in peculiar colors of a cubist scheme devised by Signor Marinetti.

A more ambitious note was struck by the allegorical presentation of the progress of the proletariat, after the style of a Bayeux tapestry. This embraced a weird picture of the Kaiser as a skeleton of death crowned with a German helmet and with an Iron Cross pinned to his ribs, and a scythe grasped in his bony fingers shown in the act of cutting down the red flowers of revolutionary Russia.

# APRIL SHIPPING LOSSES WERE 305,102 TONS

### Of the Total 220,709 Tons Were British—Clearances Were 7,040,309 Tons.

LONDON, May 22.—The Admiralty official statement gives the losses to British, allied, and neutral merchant tonnage, due to enemy action and marine risk in April, as as follows:

British, 220,709 tons.
Allied and neutral, 84,393.
Total, 305,102.

Clearances in and out of ports were 7,040,309 gross tons.

## SWISS SIGN BERLIN TREATY.

### Will Get Coal from Germany and Send Cattle There.

BERNE, May 22.—After amicable explanation to France the Swiss Government resolved today to sign the new treaty with Germany by which Switzerland would be provided with German coal until Jan. 31, 1919. This convention will be quite independent from arrangements with France relative to the delivery of French coal to Switzerland.

The terms of the new treaty between Switzerland and Germany announced last week were that Germany would export each month to Switzerland 200,000 tons of coal and 19,000 tons of iron and steel. Among the exports from Switzerland were to be 15,000 to 17,000 cattle a month.

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It's the juice and flavor that makes pineapples good. Get the pineapples with the most juice and the richest flavor.

Tropiko
PINEAPPLES
"Juiciest Fruit in the World"

The name "Tropiko" is on every wrapper

If your dealer is unable to supply you, write Porto Rico Fruit Exchange, 282 Franklin St., New York City

Keep In Top Trim With Cool, Crisp Metric Shirts!

NEXT to Underwear, your Shirt performs the secret service of keeping you in top trim during the thick of Summer.

Beat the heat in Metric Shirts of *specially chosen weight* and *weave* to take the nag-and-fag out of hot weather, $1.50 to $12.

Coolest of the cool is *Oxweave* (White Oxford Basketweave) without collar or with attached soft collar, $2.

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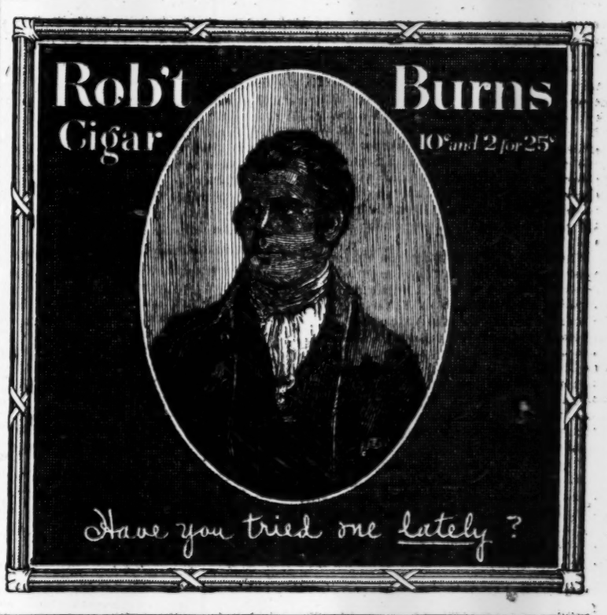


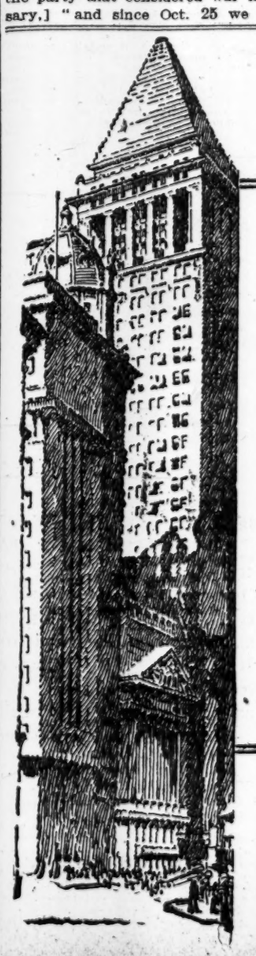

Our policy saved a life income for the widow

SOME years ago this Company was appointed trustee of an estate, more than half of which consisted of a cash balance deposited with a mercantile corporation at an attractive rate of interest. The corporation bore an excellent reputation and the heirs were strongly in favor of leaving the money there.

IT IS our fixed policy, however, to keep funds of clients with approved banking depositaries only, so this money was withdrawn from the mercantile corporation. Two weeks later it failed.

THE prompt carrying out of our established safe policy prevented a disastrous loss to the estate. The money was promptly invested in approved securities and the income assures the widow a comfortable maintenance during her entire life.

Have you made a will providing for trusts to assure the support of your dependents? If not, ask for "The First Step In Making Your Will."

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# UPHELD TRADITIONS OF FOREIGN LEGION

### Famous French Regiment Retook Villers-Bretonneux Plateau for the Allies.

### HEROES TO THE LAST MAN

### Battalion Had to be Restrained from Sacrificing Itself to Save Its Captain's Body.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WITH THE FRENCH ARMIES, May 21.—There could be no better object lesson of the value of military discipline, training, and tradition than that furnished by the visit which I made today to the Colonel of the Foreign Legion.

I was received beforehand by the General commanding the famous Moroccan division in which the legion has been incorporated. He is well worthy to lead the bravest of the brave, for his War Cross ribbon bears more palms—six or seven, at least, each indicating a separate citation in army orders—than that of any French soldier I have seen except the crack airmen.

With simple brevity he declared his pride in having command of such troops as those who once again accomplished the impossible in the desperate fighting that resulted in the recapture of the Villers-Bretonneux plateau on April 26 and 27. He also expressed warm praise of one of the American divisions that had been his neighbor earlier in the year.

Like him, the Colonel of the Legion has fully earned the right to lead the first regiment in the French Army to wear the blood red Legion of Honor shoulder cord. For twenty years he has been an officer in the Foreign Legion, and has fought all over the world, but his figure is slight and agile as a boy's, and there is no sign of gray in his hair on his pointed Henri Quatre beard, and his eyes. Much has been said about the eyes of the great leaders in this war, but never have I seen anything to be compared with the gaze of this professional soldier, whose blue steel flash seems to strike one with the force and directness of a physical impact.

**An Answer to Wilson's Appeal.**

Before describing the action in which his regiment took part the Colonel remarked that the Legion was a living response to President Wilson's appeal to the whole world to unite in the struggle for freedom and democracy. Representatives of no less than fifty-six different races are in its ranks, with nothing in common between them save the fact that they have all come forward voluntarily in a strange land to fight for France and her ideals of civilization.

"You may wonder," the Colonel said, "how material so mixed can, despite difficulties of language, be welded into a force whose cohesion is so perfect that each individual is marked with the same imprint, and that the word 'legionary' stands throughout the French Army for the type of first-class fighting man.

"The answer is simple discipline, the practice of war and the tradition of the regiment. Ever since its foundation the Legion has been making war equally amid conditions of exceptional difficulty. The result has been that, no matter how great our losses, there always remained a framework of trained officers and soldiers to transmit the regimental spirit to the strangers that came to fill up the ranks. As France, England, and your own country have discovered, only the strictest discipline can prepare men to withstand without faltering the terrific shock of modern war.

"The officers and noncoms of the Legion had learned their lesson in the hardest of schools. In the flame of the Artois battle of May 9, 1915—our first engagement in this war, in which success and losses were equally great—the regiment, newcomers and old hands alike, was fused into a unity so solid that, although hardly a man of the original contingent remains, the Legion has always made good its boast of accomplishing what no other troops would be called on to attempt.

**Glorious at Villers-Bretonneux.**

"Take the case last month at Villers-Bretonneux. A flat plateau, devoid of all shelter or hollows, formed an ideal glacis for defense by the mitrailleuses with which the enemy was so liberally provided. It was the Legion's duty to advance across that open space without the usual artillery preparation or barrage fire moving forward in front of it.

"At one moment the battalions which formed the leading wave were swept by a hail of bullets from the front and both flanks at once; yet they pushed on 700 precious yards, and stopped only through sheer lack of men to continue. With the remainder they repelled the counterattack which the Germans flung at them immediately in an attempt to retain the position whose value they fully realized for subsequent operations. And the legionaries did hold until reinforcements reached them and worked throughout the night to consolidate the ground their sacrifice had bought.

"Then it was our turn to make the enemy face mitrailleuse fire on the open glacis, and he paid tenfold for the toll he had taken on the previous day. Again and again the German waves advanced to the attack. Each time the only result was added slaughter, until the ground was covered with his dead.

"One detail to show you what the spirit of the Legion means: Among the fallen officers of the battalion was a Captain who had spent all his life in the Legion, and typified exactly its discipline and traditions. Stern beyond severity, but absolutely just, he never spared his men if necessity demanded sacrifice. True to the last, he fell right in the very forefront of his company, more than a hundred yards beyond the point where our defense line was consolidated.

"All through the night the survivors of his battalion spent their last energies and gave their lives to recover his body. By morning the rest of the officers had been brought back, but he and one other still lay in the deadly expanse, where nothing might pass and live. Before noon the remnant of the battalion was withdrawn. That night some of them went forward again to seek their Captain.

"Again none of them returned. And yet it required my strictest orders to prevent the last survivors from continuing the impossible attempt. They refused to be satisfied until the acceptance by the enemy of his defeat enabled us finally to recover the body of our comrade. Can you ask a better illustration of what is meant by the traditions of the Foreign Legion?"

# *PARIS REPULSES RAID; ONE AIRPLANE DOWNED*

### *Germans Vainly Seek a Gap in the Wall of Fire—Three Killed in City's Outskirts.*

PARIS, May 22.—German aviators made an ineffectual attempt last night to raid Paris. Three persons were killed and several wounded in the outskirts of the city, but none of the raiders reached Paris itself. A German airplane was hit by an anti-aircraft gun and fell in flames north of the city.

The enemy dropped bombs in various suburban localities. Some material damage is reported. The signal that all was clear was sounded at 1 o'clock this morning.

The raid demonstrated the high state of efficiency to which the aerial defenses of the city have been brought.

## LONDON RAID COST 44 LIVES

### Total Small Compared with the Number of Dwellings Wrecked.

LONDON, May 22.—The casualties in Sunday night's air raid are given in a supplemental statement issued today as 44 killed and 179 injured.

The principal feature of the raid was the remarkable number of escapes from injury as compared with the damage to dwelling houses. Many of the casualties were among persons who were on the streets or in doorways, which emphasizes the warnings of the police that shelter should be sought.

## BRITISH ADVANCE ON TIGRIS.

### Cavalry Occupies Fatha Village with Little Opposition.

LONDON, May 22.—Turkish troops in Mesopotamia north of Bagdad display little activity, while British cavalry has advanced north of Tekrit on the Tigris to Fatha. An official statement on operations in Mesopotamia reads:

The Turks have shown no activity since they were driven across the lesser Zab on May 11. Removal of large quantities of military stores captured in Kirkuk proceeds without interruption.

On the Tigris our mounted troops have advanced as far as Fatha. The Turks holding the village offered little resistance and retreated hastily further up the river.

## AIR COLLISION KILLS TWO.

### Victims of Louisiana Accident Are New York Fliers.

LAKE CHARLES, La., May 22.—Lieutenants Lathan Polk of New York City and Spencer Charles Williams of Buffalo were killed at Gerstner Field late yesterday when two airplanes collided at an altitude of 3,000 feet, it was announced today.

# TO TRY VOLUNTARY PLAN IN IRELAND

### Gen. Maurice Expects Test of System—Men Enlisted Now Could Join This Campaign.

### WANTS PARADE BY OUR MEN

### That Would Convince Ireland That It Was for the World's Cause They Would Fight.

By MAJOR GEN. SIR FREDERICK MAURICE.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, May 22.—There are few matters which more immediately concern the present military situation than the passage in Lord French's proclamation to Ireland which runs:

"That as a means to this end we should cause still further steps to be taken to facilitate and encourage voluntary enlistment in Ireland in his Majesty's forces in the hope that without resort to compulsion the contribution of Ireland to those forces may be brought up to its proper strength, and made to correspond to the contributions of the other parts of the empire."

Doubts have been expressed as to whether this means the dropping of conscription in Ireland or not. I do not pretend to know, but it quite obviously means that voluntary enlistment is to be tried at once.

Now the plain facts of the situation are, we want men, and we want them at once, to meet the great German menace on the western front. The pronouncements of the Government on this matter have left us in no doubt. Speaking on this question of the need for men on April 9, the Prime Minister said:

"We have to choose between either submitting to defeat or taking the necessary measures to avert it. We will never submit to accept defeat."

The matter could not be put more clearly.

We are still at the beginning of the campaign of 1918, which may well run on into November and bring with it a fresh crisis at least as dangerous as that through which we have just passed. The men whom we obtain now can be made ready for the field in time to take part in this year's campaign. The men whom we obtain in two or three months' time will not arrive in France until Winter has put a close to operations on a large scale.

It is already two months since the German blow fell upon us, and the machinery for conscription in Ireland has not yet been set up. It is quite clear that the English tribunal system will be useless in a country in the greater part of which the parliamentary representatives, local authorities, and priesthood have declared their opposition to conscription. Some new methods must be devised, and that means delay. There are certain to be evasions, and it will probably be necessary to employ force.

Apart from the general difficulty of enforcing conscription upon any people against their will, the Irishman, in particular, is constitutionally opposed to compulsion of any kind. Tell him that he has got to do a thing and he will say that he wont.

Ask him to do it and if appealed to in the right way he will generally respond with warm-hearted enthusiasm.

The announcement of the voluntary recruiting campaign has already met with a response. Captain Stephen Gwynn, M. P., has written to the Irish papers recommending the Irish people to accept the offer and saying that in his opinion Ireland can well spare as many men as will refill the depleted ranks of the three Irish divisions. If Ireland will give us now the men to bring these divisions up to strength and keep them up to strength, they will be worth double the number dragged in to serve after the present danger is past.

We are told that voluntary recruiting in Ireland is dead. That may be true or it may not, but placed as we are at present it is at least worth while to be sure that it is so.

In this matter of recruiting we have been dogged by fate which seems to mar all our dealings with Ireland, and we have succeeded clumsily though unwittingly in ruffling Irish sentiment throughout the war.

Until the Government makes its promised disclosures we do not know what may be the ramifications of the recently discovered plot, but no one believes that Ireland as a whole is pro-German. The great part of the people may be anti-English, but they are certainly not anti-American or anti-French. There are numbers of Irish soldiers who have won distinction in this war and who, knowing Ireland and the Irishmen, believe that a skilful appeal to Irish sentiment would bring forward men in numbers who would uphold the best traditions of Irish gallantry in the field.

Such an appeal, led by the present Viceroy, who is himself the Colonel of two Irish regiments, and conducted by Irish officers, has at least the air of being something better than a counsel of despair. If it is made clear to Irishmen that they are being asked to come forward, not to pick chestnuts out of the fire for England, but to join the ranks of the Entente in the cause of liberty—if a plain, ocular demonstration of this fact could be given to Irishmen by allowing American troops to march through the streets of Dublin, Belfast, and Cork in the same way as they marched through the streets of London, and if in the matter of uniform and of regimental distinctions, Irish history and Irish military achievements are remembered and recorded in outward and visible signs, there is hope that our own past errors may be forgiven and forgotten, and that Ireland may send her sons on a scale "to correspond to the contributions of the other parts of the empire."

In the days of our last military effort the gallantry of "my brave Irish" in Natal added a new regiment to the King's bodyguard, and the Irish Guards have made the saffron kilt and Irish pipes familiar to Londoners. Distinctions such as these may seem trivial matters in comparison with the great problems bound up with our relations with Ireland, but they mean sympathy and understanding. With both of these we may get Ireland's present help in time of trouble, while compulsion, like so much else in this war, would be too late.

## PERSHING REPORTS RAID.

### Tells of Capture and of a Dead German Brought Back.

WASHINGTON, May 22.—General Pershing today reported to the War Department details of a patrol raid made Monday night by American troops, which resulted in the capture of two German prisoners. There were no casualties on the American side. Artillery activity on both sides is noted in the official communiqué today.

Section "A" of the communiqué, dated May 21, was the same as received in news dispatches from France last night, mentioning reconnoissance combats in Lorraine and artillery activity there and in the Woevre. Section "B" follows:

"Last night in Lorraine patrolling was very active, especially from our side. One patrol consisting of an officer and twenty men, exploring a hostile position, gained contact and opened fire on a German patrol of approximately the same size. German patrol took cover and returned fire. Our patrol rushed the position, put the enemy to flight, and captured two prisoners. One prisoner died of wounds after reaching our lines. Our patrol suffered no casualties. Later in the night a small hostile patrol attempted to rush one of our outposts but was driven off by rifle fire. One German was killed and his body brought into our lines."

## VARDON WILLING TO COME.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, May 22.—In reference to the invitation of American golfers to Harry Vardon to visit the United States to help them raise half a million dollars for the Red Cross, The Chronicle understands that he is prepared to accept the invitation if he can obtain a golfing partner to go with him and can obtain permission from the authorities.

He is of military age, but it is not thought that the military authorities will refuse to grant him three months' absence.

# OUR GUNS LAUNCH TERRIFIC GAS FIRE

### Inflict Severe Punishment on Sleeping Germans Northwest of Toul.

### HOSTILE PATROLS BEATEN

### Americans Take Two Prisoners in One Clash—Raid High-Tension Cable.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, May 21, (Associated Press.)—The American artillery northwest of Toul launched a sudden and terrific local gas attack upon the German positions and cantonments within the Gerechamp Wood early today. Severe punishment was inflicted upon the enemy. How great is not yet known.

The deluge of American shells fell in three waves, and within half an hour the woods, in which it is known many Germans were sleeping, had been drenched with a large quantity of poisonous gas.

In lively patrol actions Monday night and this morning east of Luneville, German parties were twice defeated by the Americans, who captured two prisoners.

An officer and twenty men exploring the area northwest of Ancerviller, east of Luneville, sighted four enemy patrols and established contact with one of them. The enemy party, numbering sixteen, took up a position in an unused trench, from which they were driven by the rifle and grenade firing of the Americans. The Germans were then rushed by the Americans, who took two prisoners, one so badly injured that he died later. There were no casualties on the American side.

**Enemy Patrol Driven Off.**

Four hours later an enemy patrol made a bold attempt to rush one of our outposts, but was driven off. One German was killed and his body was brought back to the American lines for identification purposes.

Northwest of Toul an American patrol traversed the Apremont-Varneville Road and found a high tension cable used for charging the enemy wire. They cut the cable and brought back a large section of it.

Another patrol came on a German party southwest of Apremont and sharp fighting resulted. The Americans used their pistols, rifles, and hand grenades effectively, and the Germans were forced to retire.

A Corporal named Klick, from a New England State, carried out a "personal patrol" late yesterday afternoon. He crawled to the enemy wire to investigate what he thought was a periscope and saw a German step up to the firing trench. Bullets were exchanged, but the American returned safely across No Man's Land.

**Our Front Ranks Third.**

Washington's announcement that the combined fronts held by the American expeditionary forces in France cover a greater distance than that held by Belgium and take third rank has inspired the men in the American ranks as probably nothing else could.

The announcement was published in the newspapers reaching the various zones in which there are Americans today and the result is that every one of the "doughboys" is walking just a little straighter and there is just a little more snap in his salute.

Staff officers and certain other officers have known the fact for some time, but the average American soldier, billeted in some out-of-the-way little French village or living where the shells fly, does not get a chance to know what is going on outside his own little sphere.

In a vague way the men in the line have known that other Americans have been scattered along the battlefront somewhere between Switzerland and the sea. But none even thought the forces of which he was a member were holding a section of the line second only to that held by the French and British troops.

The announcement was the sole topic of conversation tonight in the dugouts, trenches, and billets. The men now are looking forward the time when there may be an announcement that the Americans are occupying the second place.


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*The Red Cross is your Cross—will you carry it—will you bear the burden, in toil and sacrifice, that civilization may be saved? GIVE and KEEP ON giving till your heart says stop!*

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FIFTH AVENUE AT 38TH STREET

*Have Arranged for Today*

*A Most Exceptional Sale*

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*At Greatly Reduced Prices*

*Women's Motor Coats* **18.50**
*Formerly 29.50 to 32.50*

Mixtures in tweed effects and black and white checks. Also wool jersey in plain and heather tones.

*Women's Tricotine Coats* **39.50**
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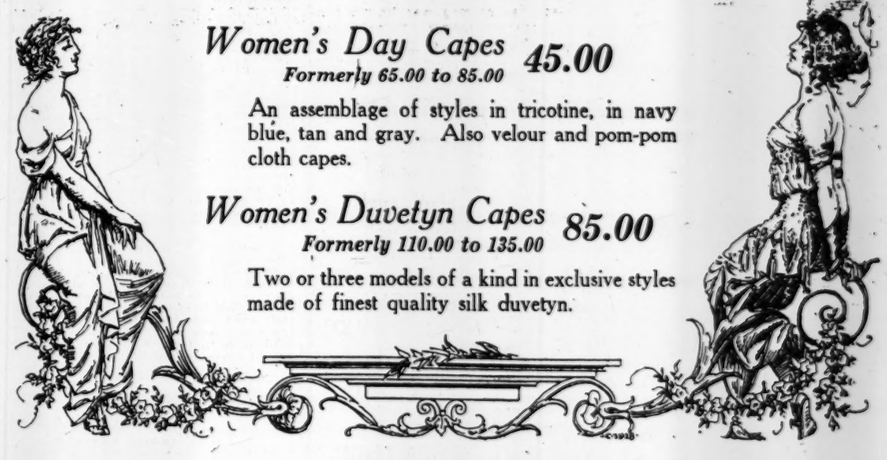
A collection which includes some of the season's most desirable models.

*Women's Day Capes* **45.00**
*Formerly 65.00 to 85.00*

An assemblage of styles in tricotine, in navy blue, tan and gray. Also velour and pom-pom cloth capes.

*Women's Duvetyn Capes* **85.00**
*Formerly 110.00 to 135.00*

Two or three models of a kind in exclusive styles made of finest quality silk duvetyn.



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Combining a personal donation with the 10% participation in our gross sales of Monday, the 20th instant

IN publishing this announcement of our contribution to the Red Cross we wish to put on record how deeply we appreciate the whole-hearted co-operation of the New York public whose liberal buying in the name of the Red Cross is responsible for this handsome addition to its funds.

*Direct donations from patrons and employees will be published at the end of the Red Cross campaign.*

Our patrons and employees are subscribing to the Red Cross hourly, with characteristic American liberality, inspired by this great opportunity to share in the common sacrifice and to speed the Victory that is coming!

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Yet they conserve a Summer wardrobe as no other suit does.

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For smart negligee, with your flannel trousers or impeccable formality, they make two suits in one.

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We are amply provided with superb qualities—models meeting the modes of today or tomorrow.

★ ★

Fabrics with more than usual service, splendidly tailored, $28 to $50. Double-breasted if you desire.

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Examine the plus value at $28.

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The "Yezzo" Japanese braid—an exclusive W. & H. straw hat, $3.

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Franklin Simon skeleton suits for Men are as deleted as a censored dispatch, cool as a cucumber, light as a feather, and smooth as a rhyme, yet they will hold their shape *Indefinitely* because the shape is hand-tailored *in Definitely*.

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Phone 6900 Greeley and we will call for your Fur Coat, Fur Lined Coat, Overcoat, Dress or Business Suits and put them in Cold Storage at a moderate rate.

# BOHEMIA DIVIDED TO CRUSH CZECHS

## Split Into Twelve District Governments and Advantages Given to Germans.

## MARTIAL LAW PROCLAIMED

## Vienna Decree Forecasts General Scheme of Repression, Washington Is Told.

## TEUTON GAIN IN REICHSRAT

### Soldier Tries to Placate the Czechs by Telling of Emperor's Peace Efforts.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, May 22.—An official French dispatch received today announces that a decree has been issued in Vienna dividing Bohemia into twelve district governments, with administrative and electoral advantages to the Germans which will reduce the Czech power in the Reichsrat at Vienna as well as in Bohemia itself. Martial law, the dispatch also announces, has been proclaimed in some parts of Bohemia.

"The law bulletin of the Austrian Empire," said the dispatch, "publishes a decree acording to which the district governments which were so long demanded by the Germans are established in Bohemia. The twelve district captains who are nominated will represent the Statthalter of Prague in each district and will have the same powers.

"The boundaries of the districts are fixed, so far as possible, according to the national grouping. In the words of the decree, 'the aim is to take the first steps toward the re-establishment of order in Bohemia.' This decree foreruns undoubtedly a policy of repression, the first act of which tends to dismember Bohemia by granting to the German elements the guarantees or, better, the privileges which they demand.

**Old Nationalist Lines Broken.**

"Up to the present, Bohemia comprised thirteen districts, only two of which had a majority of German population, according to statistics from Vienna. In four of the districts there are hardly any Germans. The new plan aims at creating in each of the twelve new districts a German minority and to grant to this minority, however small it may be, considerable advantages in the administrative and electoral domains.

"This method is meant to bring about as a first result a considerable increase in the number of German deputies in the Diet to the prejudice of the Czechs, who until now have held the majority of the seats. It is clear that this device of the Pan Germans is bound to arouse the most violent opposition on the part of the Czechs.

"A dispatch printed in all the Agram papers calls attention to the fact that martial law has been proclaimed in several districts of Bohemia because in certain regions serious riots have occurred. More than 150 persons have been put in prison. The estate of Prince Furstenberg was ransacked. Riots occurred at Marsch, Ostrau, Pilsen, and Nachod.

"The Czech press expresses itself very violently. The Vetcher writes:

"'The Government is trying in vain to present its reform under bright colors, but it is evident at first sight, in fact, that nothing of the dismembering of Bohemia is under way. The ministerial decree is preparing the parceling out of our fatherland and the foundation of a German province made of our own flesh.'

**Predicts Strong Resistance.**

"The Narodni Listi, which was suppressed by the censorship as guilty of 'criminal dealings,' has written:

"'It is in vain that threats are hurled at us to divert us from the line of conduct which we have decided to follow according to our proclamation. It is in vain that the sessions of Parliament are adjourned. Our indignation will not be less in June (the Austrian chamber is to resume its sittings on June 19) and our opponents will have the opportunity of realizing it. The chart which, according to Von Seidler, is to be granted to us, will not change our resolution. We shall fight on without any consideration, without compromise, for the defense of the Czech State.'

"This evidently shows the attitude of all the nationalities crushed by the Germans and the Magyars in the dual monarchy. The movement was not entirely unexpected, but it is possible that the fact of threatening them with a pitiless repression has advanced it and made it more formidable.

"Emperor Charles is away from Vienna, and on his return he will find political conditions which the food situation will make even more distressing. Once more the frightfulness of German methods, so dear to the Germans, will bear its fruit by arousing rebellion of the people oppressed."

**Vienna Feared Prague Outbreak.**

WASHINGTON, May 22.—An official Austrian note cabled to Washington from Berne throws light on the motives which caused the Austrian Government to declare martial law in Bohemia. The note says:

"Certain events, which were a danger to the safety of the State and presented even a character of high treason, took place during the first days of the fiftieth anniversay celebration of the founding of the National Bohemian Theatre, and led the authorities to take repressive measures."

Swiss commentators explain that this alludes to a note from the police posted in Prague, which declared that mob gatherings and processions would be dispersed by force if necessary. Jugo-Slav guests, who had come to Prague to participate in the celebration, were obliged to leave the city, and the newspaper Narodni Listi was suspended because the Austrian authorities declared: "The manner in which this paper is worded tends to arouse sympathy in favor of the Entente States."

Accounts of the great gathering at Prague, which caused the Austrian Government to declare martial law, say that the city was adorned with the Czech colors and the Slav tricolor flag. The Czech press expressed regret at the absence of Russians and great satisfaction at the presence of Poles. It was reported that the Ruthenians of Oriental Galicia were prevented by the authorities from attending.

The festival was organized by the recently formed Independence Party of Dr. Kramarcz, and the ceremonies consisted generally of a glorification of the union of the Slavic peoples.

### AIMS AT REICHSRATH GAIN.

**Scheme for a German Bohemia Also Seen in Vienna Move.**

The German plans of reorganization in Bohemia apparently have two purposes. One is to obtain an electoral reorganization so that some of the 109 seats in the Reichsrath held by Czech Deputies can be swung over to the Germans and enable them to maintain their hold on the Parliament.

The lower house of the Reichsrath consists of 516 members, of whom in the last session 233 were Germans. The dominant nationality has in years past managed to keep its control of the Parliament through alliance with the Poles, who hold 80 or 90 seats, but at the session which opened on May 21, 1917, and ended early in the present month—the first gathering of the Reichsrath since the war began—the Poles on several occasions broke away from the Germans and threw Parliament into chaos.

Already the Jugoslavs and Czechs were working together, and generally could count on the support of the Ruthenians (Ukrainians) and the Italians. This tendency was much accentuated during the last few months, when Polish leaders came much more closely toward an alliance with the Czechoslovaks and Jugoslavs. This was cemented by meetings of the intellectuals of the three nations, held at Prague, and was greatly promoted by the Conference of Oppressed Austrian Nationalities held at Rome in April. At the last named conference the questions at issue between the Italians and Jugoslavs were settled, and the Poles joined the other delegates in the demand for a complete overthrow of the present Austrian Empire, declaring that the future of Poland lay in firm alliance with reconstituted nations of the Czechoslovaks, the Jugoslavs, and the Rumanians.

The movement thus brought about would leave the German minority isolated in the next Parliament, if this should ever be called together—a matter as to which considerable doubt has been expressed. It is evidently in the hope of still further strengthening the already existing discrimination in favor of the German minorities in Bohemia, Silesia, and Morava—the Germans in these provinces forming about one-fourth of the population, but having a much larger percentage of seats in the Reichsrath—that there is talk of electoral redistribution.

The proposal to cut up Bohemia into twelve districts is believed by Czechoslovak leaders in this city to have a double edge. It is intended partly, they think, to try to weaken the Bohemian national movement by decentralizing the forces of the nation and partly to prepare for the possible establishment of a province of "German Bohemia," such as has been talked of in case the national movement is so strong as to force the Austrian Government to try to compromise on some sort of federalization.

The Czechoslovak nation, which has declared its demands for unity and complete independence, includes the Slovaks in the northern part of the Kingom of Hungary and the Czechs, now divided among Bohemia, Moravia, and Silesia, three of the seventeen crown lands of Austria.

There has been much reference in German-Austrian papers recently to the possible establishment of a German Bohemia, to include the districts with the largest German population. Any rearrangement on this basis would be beset with obstacles, for the Czechoslovaks refuse to consent to any partition and the Germans demand not only the border districts for their German Bohemia, but the City of Prague itself.

Local officials of the Czechoslovak National Council said last night that it was understood that each of the twelve districts into which it was proposed to divide Bohemia would have its own Diet, nominally in charge of certain phases of local self-government, and that while it was not exactly equivalent to the establishment of twelve new crown lands, a precedent which would probably prove inconvenient, there was no question that the object was to decentralize Bohemia and weaken the power of the national movement.

## ITALIAN TROOPS LIKE GIFTS FROM AMERICA

### *Queen Elena, at Exhibition in Rome, Much Interested in Transatlantic Packages.*

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, May 22.—Queen Elena, who has been indefatigable in her desire to do her utmost to demonstrate her solicitude to the families who have so nobly given their sons in the fight for Italy with affection and thought for their country, has organized in the old historic Palazzo Chigi, a most interesting exhibition, showing to the minutest detail what has been accomplished by the nation for assisting the army. She inaugurated it personally today.

Different sections show the work accomplished by blind and mutilated Italian heroes, the manufacture of limbs, also a surgical hospital for jaw cases, &c. It would be too long to enumerate all the sections exhibited.

One department, which greatly interested the public, was the Bureau of Gifts for Soldiers.

Here was shown the great development undergone by this organization, which lately increased eightfold its distribution. Queen Elena expressed much interest on seeing exhibited in this department two bags bearing in one corner "The Star-Spangled Banner," the only foreign emblem in the whole exhibition. These were packages for Italian soldiers received through the American clearing house, also trench comfort packets from the committee in New York. The latter has already sent many thousands to be distributed at the Italian front.

A high personage accompanying the Queen said: "We have witnessed the great moral effect these gifts produce on our soldiers, who particularly like American presents, these being more original and coming from a land many of them have known. I am sure if Americans realized the great effect produced by these gifts they would double their efforts, although already so generous."

In fact, in many quarters here, it is suggested that part of the funds collected on Italy Day in America might be destined for this purpose.

## POLA RAID HEROES NEVER CAME BACK

Continued from Page 1, Column 6.

said, "Don't mind us; we have no chance."

This last signal was the agreed emergency sign which was to be sent up in case there was no opportunity to give help. It is believed that they blew up their craft and took to the water in accordance with the program, as an explosive time bomb had been set to go off even if the craft was under water.

In the meantime, the sky was vivid with searchlights and the land batteries were pouring a terrific fire on the escort. They clung to their work for a time and then left, with forty searchlights and countless batteries playing upon them.

As daylight broke, a fleet of enemy airplanes swooped down, but was beaten off by a smaller fleet of Italian planes, three enemy machines falling into the water during the aerial battle.

No word has since been heard of Commander Pellegrini and his party. Their signal was definite that a ship had been hit and aerial photographs are expected soon to confirm their message.

There is every reason to believe that the four men are prisoners. In any event, their associates and the country greet the fearless band as heroes who have reflected lasting glory on the skill and daring of the Italian Navy.

**Don't let prejudice interfere with your pleasure. One sip from a well-iced bottle of**

**Club Cocktails**

**will show you that progress has bottled a perfect cocktail (in ten varieties) for your benefit.**

# RED CROSS TOTAL TOPS $11,000,000

Continued from Page 1, Column 2.

| | |
|---|---|
| 27. James R. Sheffield | 43,143 |
| 28. J. P. Stevens | 60,921 |
| 29. Frederick Strauss | 11,169 |
| 30. E. V. R. Thayer | 26,125 |
| 31. Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt, Jr. | 45,635 |
| Total | $1,768,533 |

**New Gifts of $1,000 or More.**

The individual subscriptions of $1,000 or more follow:

| | |
|---|---|
| Mr. and Mrs. John D. Rockefeller, Jr. | $200,000 |
| Arthur C. James | 150,000 |
| James C. Brady | 100,000 |
| Kuhn, Loeb & Co., (making a total of $125,000) | 100,000 |
| Thomas F. Ryan | 100,000 |
| Harry Payne Whitney | 100,000 |
| Mrs. Hamilton McK. Twombly | 50,000 |
| W. L. Harkness | 50,000 |
| Mrs. W. C. Osborn | 40,000 |
| Delaware & Hudson Co., (Coal Dept.) | 25,000 |
| Mrs. James McLean | 25,000 |
| George J. Whelan | 25,000 |
| C. K. G. Billings | 20,000 |
| George Ehret | 20,000 |
| Mrs. Finley J. Shepard | 18,200 |
| Mrs. Jonathan Bulkley | 15,000 |
| George O. Knapp | 15,000 |
| R. H. Macy & Co. | 15,000 |
| Tiffany & Co. | 15,000 |
| Mrs. George F. Baker, Jr. | 10,000 |
| August Belmont & Co. | 10,000 |
| E. C. Converse | 10,000 |
| B. N. Duke | 10,000 |
| R. G. Dun & Co. | 10,000 |
| Duveen Bros. | 10,000 |
| Thomas Gillespie | 10,000 |
| George J. Gould | 10,000 |
| Mrs. Charles E. Hughes | 10,000 |
| Louis G. Kaufman | 10,200 |
| Mr. and Mrs. Walter L. Ladd | 10,000 |
| William A. Read & Co. | 10,000 |
| Charles H. Sabin | 10,000 |
| Eastern Steel Co. | 8,000 |
| Miller & Co. | 7,500 |
| L. F. Domerick & Co. | 7,000 |
| Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Thorne | 7,000 |

SUBSCRIPTIONS OF $5,000.

| | |
|---|---|
| Anonymous, | P. S. Hill, |
| Anonymous, | Mrs. F. L. Hine, |
| Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Andrews, | Fred Hirschhorn, |
| Asiel & Co., | W. E. Iselin, |
| Mrs. Robert Bacon, | O. G. Jennings, |
| Stephen Birch, | Johnson & Faulkner, |
| M. S. Burrill, | Mrs. W. G. Loew, |
| H. A. Caesar & Co., | Mrs. O. H. Kahn, |
| Mrs. C. H. Dodge, | Minot, Hooper & Co., |
| John H. and Henry M. Duys, | Giulia P. Morosini, |
| O. M. Eidlitz, | Nat. Cloak and Suit Co., |
| Mrs. J. J. Goodwin, | Penn. Water & Power Co., |
| J. H. Hammond, | F. V. Stoors, |
| Post & Flagg, | Talcott, Bird & Co., |
| Mrs. Willis Rees, | Edward Townsend, |
| Mr. and Mrs. Douglas Robinson, | J. N. Wallace, |
| Mrs. G. H. Sabin, | W. G. Wilcox, |
| Finley J. Shepard, | Wilson & Co., |
| Mrs. James Speyer, | Woodward, Baldwin & Co. |
| Stern Brothers, | |

SUBSCRIPTIONS OF $4,000.

F. Kingsbury Bull.

SUBSCRIPTIONS OF $3,000.

| | |
|---|---|
| A Well Wisher, | Mary E. Lapham, |
| Empire City Racing Association, | Queens County Racing Association, |
| Knauth-Nachod & Kuhne, | Westchester Racing Association. |

SUBSCRIPTIONS OF $2,500.

| | |
|---|---|
| Anonymous, | F. B. Keech & Co., |
| W. L. Benedict, | George Notman, |
| G. H. Burr & Co., | F. C. Nicholas, |
| Campbell, Heath & Co., | Ormoka Mills, |
| Cape Cruz & Co., | Morton Otis, |
| Carlisle Mellick & Co., | Arthur Ryle, |
| T. L. Chadbourne, | F. A. Schermerhorn, |
| William Childs, | J. H. Schoonmaker, |
| J. B. Cobb, | Walter Scott, |
| H. S. Collins, | Robert M. Smith, |
| Albert R. Fish, | E. T. H. Talmage, |
| Fulton Iron Works, | Emily Trevor, |
| Mrs. R. L. Gerry, | United Dressed Beef Co., |
| W. H. Goadby & Co., | Mrs. R. E. Westcott. |

SUBSCRIPTIONS OF $2,000.

| | |
|---|---|
| Mr. and Mrs. Harmon August, | N. B. MacKelvie, |
| P. J. Bartlett, | Mr. and Mrs. J. Oppenheim, |
| Com. Inv. Tr. Co., | Earl D. Osborn, |
| Fajardo Sugar Co., | Phillips Phoenix, |
| C. Hirschhorn, | H. H. Pike & Co., |
| Mr. and Mrs. O. M. Hyman, | Veryl Preston, |
| R. A. Johnston, | John D. Ryan, |
| James W. Lane, | Stern Brothers & Co., |
| Merchants Refrig. Co., | Casimir I. Stratem, |
| J. R. McGinley, (ad.,) | Mrs. V. Webb, |
| | Edward Wise. |

SUBSCRIPTION OF $1,087.

Otto Heilsman Phonograph Supply Company.

SUBSCRIPTIONS OF $1,500.

| | |
|---|---|
| G. G. Allen, | J. Lichinstein, |
| Andrew Fletcher, | W. M. Sybrand, |
| Mrs. F. B. Jennings, | Julius Marqusee, |
| J. Klee's Sons, | Nat. Ins. Co. of Copenhagen. |
| Mrs. H. Lancashire, | |

SUBSCRIPTIONS OF $1,000.

| | |
|---|---|
| Miss Belle Andrews, | Mrs. L. C. Ledyard, |
| Mrs. J. T. Atterbury, | B. Lowenstein, |
| Anonymous, | Eda K. Loeb, |
| Anonymous, | A. E. Lefeourt & Co., |
| Mary C. Alexander, | L. F. Loree, |
| William R. Begg, | Louis S. Levy, |
| John Birmingham, Jr., | J. H. McCullough, |
| Mrs. Fordyce Barker, | J. C. McCarty & Co., |
| Charles C. Blunt, | Mrs. R. B. Moffatt, |
| Gaspard G. Bacon, | Md. Color Printing Co. |
| Mrs. H. M. Brooks, | Mrs. Shelton Martin, |
| Richard C. Bondy, | Morgan Livermore & Co., |
| Mrs. S. W. Bridgeham, | Met. Racing Assn., |
| Mrs. F. C. Barlow, | Marconi Co. of Am., |
| Mrs. W. C. Breed, | Robert Mallory, |
| Mr. and Mrs. William A. Brown, | John Monroe & Co., |
| J. S. Barnes, | H. R. Mallinson & Co., |
| L. Bachmann & Co., | Russell Murray, |
| P. G. Beckett, | Markt & Hammercher Co., |
| A. B. Beardman, | Mrs. C. B. Mitchell, |
| Mr. and Mrs. Irving Blumenthal, | Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Murray, |
| Bucknell, Scholtz & Co. | Mrs. Pierpont Morgan, |
| Mrs. C. H. Baldwin, | Mrs. F. W. Moss, |
| A. S. Coffin, | J. C. More, |
| W. R. Coe, | Mrs. H. F. Osborn, |
| J. H. Cowperthwait, | Porvenir Sugar Co., |
| William E. Curtis, | C. D. Pettis, |
| Mrs. S. J. Clarke, | Mrs. Mary N. Perkins, |
| Mrs. Andrew Carnegie, | W. J. Pearce, |
| Samuel J. Clarke, | E. A. Richard, |
| George Clarke, | Felix T. Rosen, |
| James K. Cullen, | Elihu Root, |
| Adolphe De Barry, | Frank C. Robins, |
| Mrs. C. H. Ditson, | Elvina Richard, |
| Duplan Silk Co., | Charles L. Riker, |
| George De Laval, | Jacob Sparber, |
| Mrs. Jesse L. Eddy, | Securities Co., |
| Samuel Eiseman & Co. | Mrs. J. N. Schauffler, |
| Samuel Eiseman, | Mrs. E. L. W. Stevens, |
| Mrs. Marshall Field, | Mr. and Mrs. H. T. Shelton, |
| Mrs. W. O. Field, | W. A. Simonson, |
| Morris Fatman, | George R. Sheldon, |
| Mrs. E. J. Frost, | E. H. H. Simmons, |
| Mrs. John H. Greisel, | C. Schoolhouse & Son, |
| Mrs. S. R. Guggenheim, | J. R. Simon & Co., |
| Goldsmith, Stern & Co. | L. Stroock & Co., |
| Mrs. Anna Van Nest Gambrill, | Joseph Stern & Son, |
| General Equipm't Co., | Oscar Scherer, |
| Ginn & Co., | A. Stein Co., |
| Hipp, Didisheim & Co. | D. Schnakenberg, |
| Parker H. Handy, | Sonora Phonograph Sales Corp., |
| Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Hawkins, | Mrs. Samuel Sachs, |
| Mrs. J. T. Harahan, | Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Teagle, |
| B. H. Homan, | George R. Townsend, |
| Lucie C. Hill, | Mr and Mrs. P. B. Thompson, |
| Thomas A. Howell, | Mrs. Van Beuren, |
| Miss M. W. Hoffman, | F. Wightman, |
| William S. Hawk, | Mrs. J. Hood Wright, |
| H. H. Hewitt, | Jessie Winburn, |
| Henry Ittelson, | E. J. Wile & Co., |
| Miss F. H. Ives, | W. H. Williams, |
| Louise M. Iselin, | Artemas Ward, |
| D. S. Iglehart, | B. R. Winthrop, |
| H. S. Jones, | Bronson Winthrop, |
| Jacobson Bros., | M. B. Wallace, |
| Isaac E. Johnson, | John C. Welwood, |
| H. D. Kingsbury, | Samuel A. Walsh, |
| Mrs. C. P. Kling, | J. B. Wilbur, |
| Julius Kessler, | Mr. and Mrs. H. R. Winthrop, |
| W. E. Kimball, | E. A. Yates. |
| Lee Kohns, | |
| Walter Lewisohn, | |
| Mrs. John H. Lynch, | |

**Gifts by Corporations.**

The contributions received by Committees on Corporations were:

| | |
|---|---|
| Mining and non-ferrous metals, Charles Hayden, Chairman: | |
| American Metal Co. | $25,000 |
| Metal and Thermet Corp. | 15,000 |
| Oils, Walter Jennings, Chairman: | |
| Standard Oil Co. of New York | 200,000 |
| Insurance, Charles D. Norton, Chairman: | |
| Johnson & Higgins | 25,000 |
| United States Guarantee Co. | 2,500 |
| Preferred Accident Insurance Co. | 5,000 |
| Tobacco, C. C. Dula, Chairman: | |
| MacAndrews & Forbes Co. | 6,000 |
| United Cigar Stores Co. | 80,000 |
| Shipping, exporting, and importing, J. P. Grace, Chairman: | |
| W. Grace & Co. | 50,000 |
| Hanson & Orth | 1,000 |
| Hard & Rand | 1,000 |
| Leon Israel & Bros. | 1,000 |
| Manhattan Refrigerating Co. | 2,000 |
| Smith & Schipper | 1,000 |
| Terminal Warehouse Co. | 15,000 |
| Lawrence Turnure & Co. | 1,000 |
| American Dyewood Co. | 10,000 |
| J. Aron & Co. | 1,000 |
| William B. Gray & Co. | 5,000 |
| Federal Sugar Refining Co. | 10,000 |
| Henry W. Peabody & Co. | 10,000 |
| B. H. Old | 1,000 |
| Telephone and telegraph, O. D. Street, Chairman: | |
| Western Union Telegraph Co. | 200,000 |
| General contractors, F. Remington, Chairman: | |
| Ford, Bacon & Davis | 2,500 |
| Paper, John G. Luke, Chairman: | |
| Union Bag & Paper Co. | 25,000 |
| Jewelry and allied industries, H. C. Larter, Chairman: | |
| The Gorham Co. | 2,500 |

MISCELLANEOUS.

| | |
|---|---|
| B. V. D. Co. | 15,000 |

**From Financial Institutions.**

The following were the gifts yesterday from financial institutions:

| | |
|---|---|
| Bank of America | $15,000 |
| Bank of New York | 10,000 |
| Bankers Trust Company | 75,000 |
| Bryant Park Bank | 1,000 |
| Chatham and Phenix National Bank | 35,000 |
| Columbia Trust Company | 30,000 |
| Commonwealth Bank | 1,000 |
| Corn Exchange Bank | 30,000 |
| First National Bank | 100,000 |
| German-American Bank | 3,000 |
| Guaranty Trust Company | 150,000 |
| Hudson Trust Company | 1,000 |
| Irving National Bank | 45,000 |
| Metropolitan Trust Company | 10,000 |
| Mutual Bank | 2,000 |
| National City Bank | 250,000 |
| New Netherland Bank of New York | 500 |
| New York Title and Mortgage Co. | 1,500 |
| Produce Exchange Bank | 10,000 |
| United States Trust Co. of New York | 10,000 |
| Total | $780,000 |

Michael Friedsam, in reporting a contribution of $15,000 by R. H. Macy & Co., made the explanation in behalf of that firm that it had contributed directly, instead of taking part in the profit-sharing arrangement between many large retail stores and the Red Cross, because of objections on principle to the profit-sharing plan.

The Red Cross yesterday called attention to the fact that contributions to the Red Cross reduce income tax payments. Any

"The Federal Income Tax act," a statement said, "as amended Oct. 3, 1917, permits an individual taxpayer to deduct from his net income contributions or gifts devoted to reputable relief or charitable purposes an amount not in excess of 15 per cent. of the taxpayer's income before such deductions are made. The Red Cross is, of course, included in this category.

"President Wilson himself has said: 'The American Red Cross is recognized by law and international conventions as a public instrumentality for war relief,' so those who are interested in the work of the great organization of humanity need feel no apprehension that their contributions from their income can be charged to any intent of withholding from the Government its just dues."

**The Program for Today.**

The program of today's leading events is as follows:

12:00 M. —St. Paul's Chapel; Justice Peter Schmuck, speaker.

12:00 M. —Meetings City Hall Park, Madison Square Park, Public Library steps, the Plaza, Fifty-ninth Street and Fifth Avenue, and elsewhere, with speakers and music.

12:30 P. M.—Chamber of Commerce; luncheon; reports of teams and campaign committees.

2:30 P. M.—677 Fifth Avenue, Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt; exhibition of posters and musical entertainment; admission free.

4:00 P. M.—Union League Club, Red Cross meeting.

6:00 P. M.—Public Library steps, concert by People's Liberty Chorus; L. Camilieri, conductor; Florence Easton, soprano, soloist.

8:00 P. M.—Carnegie Hall, Red Cross meeting; Margaret Matzenauer, soprano; Billy Sunday Choir; John R. Rathom of The Providence Journal and Signaler Tom Skeyhill, speakers.

8:00 P. M.—Hippodrome, special performance of "Cheer Up"; Governor Whitman; auction of Kaiser Cup.

8:30 P. M.—677 Fifth Avenue, Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt; exhibition of posters and musical entertainment; admission free.

There will be an exhibition of paintings donated to the War Fund of the Red Cross in the ballroom of the Ritz-Carlton all day.

On the program for the concert this afternoon at 2:30 o'clock at the residence of Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt, at 677 Fifth Avenue, are Vera Curtis, Frederick Gunster, Harriet McConnell, and Jacques Grunberg. In the evening at 8:30 the following will appear: Herbert Withersoopn, Florence Hinkle, Marie Tiffany, Elizabeth Wheeler, and William Wheeler.

**Program for Caruso Concert.**

The parterre boxes for the Caruso concert at the Metropolitan Opera House next Monday night for the benefit of the Red Cross were auctioned off by ex-Ambassador James W. Gerard for $26,800 at the Lyric Theatre on Tuesday night. The highest price for a box was $2,000, paid by Clarence W. Mackay.

The program prepared for the benefit by Max Hirsch has been pronounced by Mr. Caruso to be the greatest he has ever seen. It begins with "The Star-Spangled Banner" by Sophia Braslau. Tamaki Miura will sing "Un bel di," from "Madama Butterfly." Harold Bauer will play Schubert's "Fiat Impromptu" and Saint-Saëns's "Valse Etude." Pasquale Amato will sing the "Largo al Factotum" from "Barber of Seville"; Anna Fitziu "Vissi d'arte" from "Tosca," and, with Andreas de Segurola, the Barcarole from "Tales of Hoffmann." Adam Didur has the aria Dulcamara from "Elisir d'Amore," and Mr. Caruso will render several popular selections from his favorite operas.

Leon Rothier will open the second part by singing "La Marseillaise," and Walter Damrosch will conduct the Largo from Dvorák's "New World Symphony." José Mardones will sing "Spain's Homage to Columbia," by Angiada; Frances Alda, an air from "Manon Lescaut." Eddy Brown offers violin selections from Handel, Cue, Paderewski-Kreisler, and Bazzini. Claudia Muzio will sing "O Cielo Azzuro" from "Aida"; Riccardo Stracciari a number from Verdi's "Un Ballo in Maschera"; Caruso and Antonio Scotti will close with the famous duet from "La Forza del Destino." The closing orchestral number will be the intermezzo from Puccini's "Amico Fritz," conducted by Moranzoni.

**Over $12,000 Raised at Theatre.**

The record for sums contributed at theatres was broken Tuesday night and early yesterday morning at the Ziegfield Midnight Frolic, where $12,228 was raised. Lieutenant Richardson, who lost a leg at the Somme, and Major Matheson, both Canadians, spoke with Will Rogers. John McCormack, who was in the front row, was called upon to sing, and agreed to do so if it was made worth while. Mr. Ziegfield offered a check of $5,000 for the Red Cross, and Mr. McCormack sang two songs for that.

Harry H. Gardiner, who calls himself the "Human Fly," gave a large crowd watching him in Borough Hall Square, Brooklyn, yesterday afternoon many thrills by climbing up the face of the Temple Bar office building to the top of the flagstaff on the roof, 205 feet above the street. Gardiner performed the perilous task to arouse interest in a Red Cross drive meeting in the square. He took an hour to make the climb, using only his hands and feet in ascending the thirteen stories. At several floors Gardiner stopped to collect money offered to him by occupants of offices for the Red Cross fund.

Visitors in increasing numbers visited the exhibition of war photographs at the Red Cross gallery at 308 Fifth Avenue. Major-Bream of the Canadian Expeditionary Force, a visitor at the gallery, was identified as one of the large figures in a group of officers in one of the Vimy Ridge battle scenes. Major Bream said that he had never seen such vivid pictures of battlefields. Some of the pictures of warfare in this gallery are considered among the greatest examples of photography in existence.

Gifts of paintings worth several thousands of dollars have been made by New York art dealers to the committee of which Michael Friedsam is Chairman to be auctioned off for the Red Cross by Joseph P. Day at the Waldorf-Astoria next Monday evening. Donations have been received from M. Knoedler & Co., the Kleinberger Galleries, Henry Reinhardt & Son, the Ralston Galleries, Lewis & Simmons, the John Levy Galleries, Henry Symons & Co., E. Gimpel & Wildenstein, the Canessa Galleries, Vitall Benguist, the Ehrich Galleries, the Dawson Galleries, and Dikran G. Kelekian. Louis Marks and M. A. Rasko have given samples of their work.

## RED CROSS FUND TOTAL NOW $44,070,555

### *Chairman Davison Urges the Places That Have Oversubscribed to Keep at It.*

WASHINGTON, May 22.—Nearly one-half of the American Red Cross second $100,000,000 War Mercy Fund had been subscribed on the face of the returns received at headquarters here tonight at the end of the third day's campaign.

The total subscriptions from the twelve districts was $44,070,555, but it was recognized that these figures were incomplete and did not represent the maximum of subscriptions up to this time.

Although success of the campaign seems assured, workers are not letting up, as it is hoped to roll up an oversubscription. The necessity for those chapters, towns and States which have oversubscribed to continue their efforts was emphasized in a statement sent to war fund managers by Henry P. Davison, Chairman of the Red Cross War Council.

Mr. Davison called attention to the fact that the arangements for the campaign were made early in the year, before the recent German drives in Picardy and Flanders, and that changed conditions called for increased Red Cross funds. For that reason he asked all workers not to lessen their efforts to obtain subscriptions until the close of the campaign next Monday night.

None of the divisions yet has reached its quota, but many cities and towns today joined those that were over the top Monday and Tuesday. The total of the Atlantic Division, New York, New Jersey, and Connecticut, including New York City, is $16,645,231; of the New England Division, Massachusetts, Maine, Vermont, New Hampshire, and Rhode Island, $1,544,000, and of the Pennsylvania Division, Pennsylvania and Delaware, $1,815,111.

### PLUCKY FEAT BY RED CROSS

**Workers Enter First Line Trenches to Serve Our Troops.**

PARIS, May 22.—The latest feat of the American Red Cross workers in France is going into the first line trenches, serving coffee and chocolate to the American soldiers about to leave for their patrol in No Man's Land, and greeting the men upon their return with fresh supplies of coffee and chocolate, with cigarettes and dry socks.

A cold, rainy night recently was marked by activity of the Red Cross men. The soldiers had messed at 5:30 P. M., and would have had nothing to eat until 6 o'clock the next morning had it not been for the Red Cross workers.

The next day supplies were placed in various dugouts and trenches, and the Americans on night patrol in No Man's Land will have hot drinks until a canteen is established in the immediate vicinity.

*Benjamin Franklin says:*

*"For want of a nail the shoe was lost*
*For want of a shoe the horse was lost*
*For want of a horse the rider was lost*
*For want of a rider the message was lost*
*For want of the message the battle was lost"*

*Deliver the Message*

A Thrift Stamp is only a n. but it will help to deliver the message to the Kaiser and aid in winning the War.

Buy some today.

*Franklin* TRUST CO.
*Established 1889.*
46 Wall Street, New York
166 Montague Street, Brooklyn
569 Fulton Street, Brooklyn

**B. Altman & Co.**

STATIONERY NOVELTIES

are of interest in the Department on the First Floor.

Of noteworthy character are the correspondence papers and cards, appropriate for use in this country or overseas.

Desk accessories, for the town or country house, of the type to appeal to the woman who likes to surround herself with attractive things, are also to be obtained. The Department also contains numerous diversions for the soldier and sailor in the way of Dominoes, Checker and Chess Sets, and Playing Cards, in leather or khaki cases. These games are in convenient sizes for travel use as well as in the larger sizes for the home or club.

KODAKS AND CAMERAS

The season of out-of-doors is especially inviting to the camera enthusiast, whose requirements are amply met in the ideal assortments of Kodaks, including the Ansco, Rexo and Premo cameras, in addition to the ever-popular Brownie.

Also choice selections of Field Glasses, Binoculars and Military Compasses.

Madison Avenue - Fifth Avenue
34th and 35th Streets New York

**Special Sale of Furs for Immediate Wear**

Comprising a number of Capes, Coatees and Scarfs in the desired furs. All taken from our regular stock and specially priced.

| | |
|---|---|
| Hudson Seal Stole | 50.00 |
| Hudson Seal Capelet | 55.00 |
| Hudson Seal Scarf | 25.00 |
| Nutria Cape | 35.00 |
| Moleskin Capelet | 45.00 |
| Squirrel and Hudson Seal Capelet | 45.00 |
| Chinchilla Squirrel Stole | 65.00 |
| Jap Kolinsky Capelet | 35.00 |
| Kolinsky Short Stole | 95.00 |

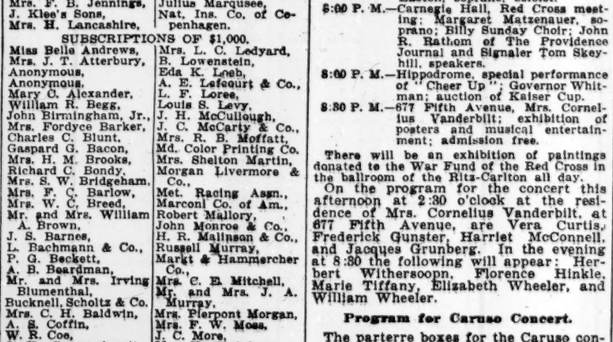
*Furs described as Hudson Seal are fine quality dyed muskrat.*

**Best & Co.**
Fifth Ave. at 35th Street
*Established 1879.*
Fur Storage 2%
*You Never Pay More at Best's*

**J. M. Gidding & Co.**
364-366 and 368 Fifth Avenue, 46th and 47th Sts.
Will place on sale today
One hundred and fifty
Smart Tailored Suits
made from finest high class materials
Formerly $95 to $150 at $65 & $85
Also
Paris Model Suits
Formerly to $450 at $75 to $225

**Fur Storage and Insurance**
**2%**
*Send for Storage Booklet—"Fur Value and Beauty Conserved."*
A. Jaeckel & Co.
Furriers
384 Fifth Avenue
Between 35th & 36th Streets—Telephone Greeley 2044

**On Friday, the 24th, we give 10% of our store sales to the**



**AMERICAN RED CROSS**

As a special inducement to increase our sales on Friday, the 24th, we are allowing 10% on all store cash purchases of $10 and over.

HAMMACHER-SCHLEMMER & CO.
GENERAL HARDWARE, TOOLS OF ALL KINDS, FACTORY SUPPLIES, ETC.
4TH AVE. & 13TH ST. 'Phone Stuyvesant 70

R. H. Macy & Co.

**Some Opportunities**

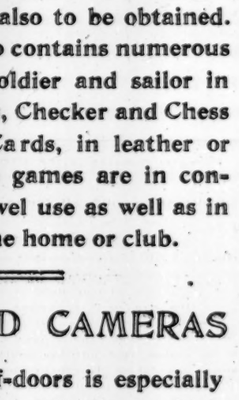
*To Be Found Among Last Season's*

**GOLF COATS**

**$8.25**

*Some were up to $14.75*

If you can set aside a prejudice in favor of common-sense, it is possible to get an excellent garment from among these coats at an average of ⅓ off the price they would fetch today if re-marked.



In a variety of soft knitted fabrics, skeleton lined, pinch back belt model, patch pockets, in tan, grays, blue, sage green and brown.

Sizes 34 to 42.

*A Correct Coat for Use With Flannel Trousers*

Macy's—Fifth Floor, 34th St.

R. H. Macy & Co.
Herald Square, New York

**McGibbon & Co.**
Specialists in the furnishing of
**Summer Homes**
Curtains, Upholstery, Slip Covers
Natural, Stained and Enameled Willow Furniture
Exclusive Prints on Linen and Cotton
Summer Floor Coverings
Housekeeping Linens, Counterpanes
Seasonable Bed Coverings
Metal and Mahogany Beds—Bedding
3 West 37th Street
JUST OFF FIFTH AVENUE

# NO GERMAN RIFLES HERE, SAYS BECKER

### Finds No Basis in Reports of Vast Hidden Stores of Enemy Munitions.

### STATE INQUIRY ENDED

**Reported Importations Would Fill the Woolworth Building, Tauscher's Associate Says.**

Deputy Attorney General Alfred L. Becker yesterday concluded his inquiry into the report that there were a million Mauser rifles, a billion cartridges, and 1,200 machine guns hidden in the vicinity of New York City. After examining several witnesses Mr. Becker anounced that the hearings in the investigation by the State authorities were at an end, and said he would report to the Federal authorities who requested the investigation that there was no truth in the rumors regarding the hidden munitions. He said his investigation had exploded the myth surrounding the reported presence of the German arms and ammunition in this vicinity.

The last witness was Henry Muck, associated with Hans Tauscher, agent in this country for many years of German munition firms. Muck said he was associated with Tauscher from 1907 to 1914, and looked after Tauscher's rifle business.

Muck said that if a million rifles had been shipped to this country the customs officials would undoubtedly know about it. Such a vast quantity of arms, he said, would require the Woolworth Building for storage purposes. There were less than 1,000 Mauser rifles in America, he said, and hardly more than 100 could be found in any one place.

Asked to tell all he knew about the importation of Mauser rifles, Muck said that the largest shipment of which he was aware was 675 rifles in the Summer of 1914, made by Captain Tauscher. These were sold to the Mexican Government, he added.

Gustave Luesing testified that he made a contract with Herman Richards which was supposed to give him the exclusive option on the million rifles. He paid $250 for the option, he said, and he was to receive a commission of a dollar on each weapon when the rifles were sold. Asked if he ever saw the rifles, he said: "I did not see any rifles, only one or two supposed to be samples."

Captain Roger B. Hull of the Enemy Alien Bureau yesterday recommended that Lewis Federige Felix von Kobbe, a German reserve officer, formerly attached to the Death's Head Hussars, be interned for the duration of the war. Von Kobbe is 24 years old and was graduated from the High School and Military College of Gross Lichterfeld, near Berlin. He was arrested up State for failing to notify the authorities of a change of address.

Von Kobbe, according to Captain Hull, was born in Argentina. He was naturalized in Germany and from 1911 to 1913 served in South Africa under the German colors. He came here in 1913 and engaged in farming. He is said to have a brother a Captain in the German Army. He admitted to Captain Hull that he took the reserve officer's oath before leaving Germany, but that he would not live up to it if Germany invaded this country. The young man is now a Lieutenant in reserve.

The Federal authorities yesterday began suit for the cancellation of the naturalization papers of Franz Hagen, a teacher in the Bloomingdale Asylum, on the ground that Hagen, since the United States entered the war, had asserted that in spite of his naturalization he considered himself a genuine German, and that he was ready at any time to give up his American citizenship and to join Germany, and do anything he could to further the German cause.

Henry Westley, 42, of 2,115 Hughes Avenue, was sent to the workhouse for two months by Magistrate Koenig in the West Farms Court yesterday for making disparaging remarks about the American army.

The American Defense Society yesterday telegraphed to the Committee on Privileges and Elections asking for an opportunity to be heard in connection with the investigation of the alleged unpatriotic utterances of Senator La Follette.

Charles R. McGuinness, 41, a physician and graduate of Johns Hopkins University, pleaded guilty yesterday before Judge Hand in the Federal Court to impersonating a naval officer, and was sentenced to two years in Atlanta Prison.

## BRITISH TO STUDY AMERICA.

**Special Lectures for Summer Course at Cambridge University.**

LONDON, May 22.—Arrangements have been made for a series of special lectures at Cambridge University for the Summer meeting, beginning Aug. 1, when the main subject will be the United States of America, The Times announces. This subject has been chosen because the university authorities believe it "of great importance that the British people should have a fuller knowledge of the national outlook of the United States."

Ambassador Page, who will attend the university at an early date to receive in behalf of President Wilson the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws conferred upon the President, will also deliver the inaugural address at the opening of the August meeting.

Among the lecturers selected for this session are Professors George H. Nettleton, Henry S. Canby, and Henry A. Bumstead of Yale University; J. W. Cunliffe of Columbia, Dr. Santayana, formerly of Harvard, and Sir William Osler, formerly of Johns Hopkins and now of Oxford.

## WOUNDED, FLOATED 7 HOURS

**Experience of American Aviator Attached to British Forces.**

WITH THE BRITISH ARMY IN FRANCE, May 21, (Associated Press.)—To lie helpless on his seaplane in the North Sea for seven hours with a broken leg before he was picked up was the experience of an American aviator attached to the British forces.

The aviator, who comes from New York State, was operating a seaplane off the Belgian coast. He was brought down by hostile fire, and his machine fell into the sea. After seven hours he was rescued and is now recovering in a hospital.

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**Women's Glove Silk Vests Special at $1.65**
Made with tailored band so as to give good service. To be had in Pink only. Regular sizes.

# Important Special Sales for Thursday Only

**Women's Taffeta Frocks Special at $16.75**
Smart straight line and tunic styles, in fine quality Taffeta, with sleeves of self material and White Satin collar embroidered in Soutache. To be had in Navy Blue or Black. Sizes 34 to 42.

**Midsummer Gowns of Lace, Net or Rodier Crepe, Special $25**
Cool, filmy frocks for informal Summer wear, in Lace and Net combined, corded or hand embroidered, lace or silk trimmed. Phenomenal values.

**200 Women's Smart Suits**
Regularly $25 to $50
**Reduced to $18.50**
Cleverly modeled sports, dressy and tailored suits in a large variety of the most fashionable colors. The materials include Tricotine, Poiret Twill, Serge, Gabardine, Tweeds, Wool Jersey and Burella.

**Women's Satin Bathing Suits Special $4.95**
Smart slip-on and waist-line bathing suits, carefully made of superior quality Satin, with collars of Linen in contrasting color. All sizes. Navy Blue and Black. *Fourth Floor.*

**Women's Fashionable Capes Special at $22.50**
Stunning capes and cape coatees in Fine Serge, Gabardine, and a delightful reversible model in Wool Jersey with fringe trimmings, featuring many novel and exclusive style innovations.

**Women's Satin Coats Very Special $19.50**
Beautifully developed in fine quality Satin, with large collar and cuffs of Marabou. Belt has two self-covered buckles in back. Sizes 34 to 48.

**Women's Taffeta Silk Coats Special at $16.75**
In Navy, Black, and Purple. Several dressy models with overcollars of White Satin. Yoke lined. Sizes 34 to 48. *Fourth Floor.*

**Genuine Cowhide Suit Cases Special at $9.85**
Made for service. Corners well protected, and handles are strongly sewn on. Sizes 24 to 26 inches.

**Black Enamel Suit Cases Special at $4.35**
Will give excellent service. Lined with Cretonne, and reinforced on corners. All sizes.

**Men's Smart Oxfords Special at $4.95**
Made over the newest narrow and medium lasts. Double service fibre soles insure unusual wearing quality. All sizes and widths in Black and Tan.

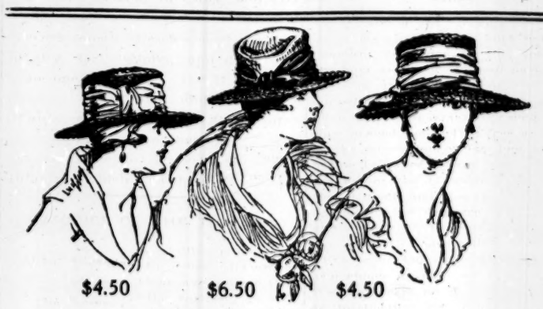
**2,000 Prs. Women's Fibre Silk Hose, 69c**
Semi-fashioned hose of the well-known Burson make, with seamless toe. Black and White. All sizes.

**La Vida and Regaliste Corsets Special at $5.95**
Low and medium bust models, for average figures. Made of Flesh color or White Broche or fine quality Satin.

**High-Grade Corsets at $1.85**
Very special. Incomplete assortments of corsets in the best known makes. Models for every type of figure.

**Smart Brassieres and Bandeaux Special at 45c and 95c**
In surplice effect or with front or back fastening. In fine Lawn, Mesh, Trico, Net, Pussy Willow Silk, Wash Satin, Muslin. Colors: Flesh and White.

The values in each case are so extraordinary that none can be sent C. O. D., exchanged or on approval. The following pieces for today only:



$4.50 $6.50 $4.50

A Very Special Offering of
**The New Sailor Hats at $4.50 and $6.50**
Different to any other sailor hats shown because of the original manner in which they are developed. Some are made entirely of rough braid straws combined with Georgette Crepe. French felt has been used in combination with straw to fashion others. And still more are shown in rough straws with crowns of Milan Straw.
Colors: Navy Blue, Purple, Red, Brown, Natural, Black, and Combinations.

**1,000 Women's "Tub" Skirts Special at $3.65**
Newest of Summer skirts in a wide range of closed and button front styles, skilfully tailored in Gabardine, Pique, Wide Wale Corduroy, Ramie Linen, Striped Gabardines, Basket Cloths and White and Colored Novelty weaves. Sizes 25 to 38 waistbands.

**Show That The Largest City Has The Biggest Heart**

***$5,000 to the Red Cross***
We have added to the 10% of last Monday's sales enough to bring the total amount to $5,000. We are very thankful to our patrons who took advantage of this opportunity to help America's most worthy institution—The American Red Cross.

**Jap. Hand-Embroidered Kimonos Special at $1.95**
Cool, Summer-like Cotton Crepe Kimonos, artistically hand-embroidered in colored floral design.

**Dainty Envelope Chemises Special at $1.35**
Of Nainsook, in V-shaped Empire model, trimmed front and back with lace insertions.

**White Sateen Petticoats Special at $1.35**
Smart White Sateen petticoats with tucked flounce, trimmed with ruffles.

**Ivortus Toilet Sets, Special at $7.95**
Ivortus is more nearly like genuine Ivory than any other imitation. This beautiful set consists of mirror, hair brush, comb, puff box, nail polisher, shoe horn, button hook, nail file, clothes brush and cuticle knife. Packed complete in fancy box.
Three letter monograms engraved on above set. Very special at $1.50

**500 Girls' Frocks Very Special at $1.85**
Sizes 6 to 14 Years

Cool, serviceable frocks of sheer White Lawn and Crepe Voile in flowered or striped design, trimmed with dainty laces, embroidery insertions, fine tucks or stitching in contrasting color. Three styles *illustrated.*

**Men's Washable Summer Cravats, Special 20c**
*Three for Fifty Cents.* Made of highly mercerized materials in Satin-striped and Novelty effects.

**Men's 'Kerchiefs, 6 for 59c**
Fine cotton handkerchiefs in neat crossbar effects. Soft, and will give excellent service.

**Men's Leather Belts, 85c**
All Leather Belts, with Silver Deposit initialled buckles. Broken assortment of initials.

**Men's Fine Shirts at $1**
Soft Cuff Shirts, made of fine Count shirtings in a good collection of hair-line effects. Colors: Blue, Pink, Lavender, Tan and Green. All sizes.

**Women's and Misses' Cordo and Black Calfskin Pumps, Special $4.95**
A very dainty pump, so modeled as to add to the slenderness of any foot. Made of soft, pliable calfskin that is as beautiful as it is serviceable. Welt soles and stylish 1¼ inch military heels.

**Women's Slip-Over Sweaters Special at $2.95**
Smart Shetland Worsted Sweaters, in slip-over style, fitted at the waist. One of the season's best models. Colors: Rose, Turquoise, Copenhagen, Blue and Coral.

**Women's Coat Sweaters Special at $5**
Regulation coat sweaters of Shetland Worsted, in link stitch effect. Sailor collar, large pockets and sash. Colors: Purple, White, Copenhagen, Blue, Rose, Lavender, Corn and Turquoise.

**Smart Crepe de Chine Blouses Special at $2.79**

$1.29 *Illustrated.*

In very charming full accordeon pleated front model with new collar and tie. To be had in Flesh color or White.

**New Tailored Blouses Special at $1.29**
Fashioned of Sheer Batiste. One model has collar and cuffs of colored Linen, and the second model is of Batiste with large collar of checked crossbar Lawn.

**Men's Solid Gold Cuff Buttons Special at $3.95**
Round and Octagon shapes, in engine turned and open work designs.

**Women's Gold Filled Bracelet Watches, $5.95**
Seven-jeweled, Gold dial watches, mounted on convertible style bracelet. Splendid timekeepers.

**Fashionable Enamel Leather Strap Books, $2.50**
Very special. Top handle strap books of Enamel Leather with colored enamel clasp. Size 5 x 7 inches.

Macy's Attractions Are Prices—Quality—Service.
**Macy's**
Herald Square, B'way, 34th to 35th Sts.
*We Sell Dependable Merchandise at Prices Lower Than Any Other Store, but for Cash Only.*

***Carry Your Own Luggage***
Over-Night hand bags are a contribution of the commercial world to war service.
Practical, economical and chic.
Before experiencing the aggravation of having your trunk delayed through "priority transportation orders," get a kit satchel and learn what it offers in the way of service and capacity. Constructed with collapsible bottoms and expanding tops.
Genuine Walrus, unfitted, silk lined, $21.49 up.
Genuine Seal, Cobra grain, $21.49 up
Grained Cow Hide Seal, $15.49 up
Others in enameled tan and black cow hide. All finishes, fitted and unfitted. From an imitation patent leather bag at $3.96 to a 16 in., fitted, Long Grain Cow Hide Bag at $31.50
Macy's—Main Floor, 34th St.

***Boys' Norfolks***
Washable! That is an essential consideration to mothers.
An ideal, durable suit that will need the minimum amount of repair. Another essential. Then these suits do not wrinkle as the usual cotton suit will. A third point to remember. They are the coolest thing in boys' clothes we can recommend. Bright, smart and dressy, with patch pocket in the front and a form-fitting back. In khaki, tans, browns, heather and green, $6.94
Silk Pongee Suits, $9.74
Knickerbockers with both. Sizes to 16 years.
Macy's—Second Floor, 34th St., Rear.

***Imitation Filet***
This lot of Imitation Filet comprises Doilies, Table Centres and Scarfs, designed attractively with a wide edge of lace about a real linen center. Some have lace insertion; others alternate in lace and linen arrangements.

| Size | Price |
|---|---|
| 6 in. dia. | 29c ea. |
| 9 in. dia. | 34c " |
| 17 in. dia. | $1.09 " |
| 36 in. dia. | $2.69 " |
| 54 in. dia. | $4.69 " |
| Scarfs | |
| 18x36 in. | $1.89 " |
| 18x45 in. | $1.98 " |
| 18x54 in. | $2.19 " |

Macy's—Second Floor, 35th St., Centre.

***The Red Cross a War Blessing***
The good done by the American Red Cross cannot be measured in dollars. But it takes dollars, and a great many of them, to accomplish this good. Give of your store freely. Give to-day. Give every day of the drive.

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# Our Red Cross and Our Allies

On a recent trip to America, Major Murphy, formerly Red Cross Commissioner for Europe, said:

"This is a war of nations, not of armies. There is not a man, woman or child in Great Britain, in Belgium, in France or in Italy that is not a factor in this war. I tell you that if you should go, as I have gone, about those ruined districts in France and had seen little children, four and five years old, driving in the herds at night; had seen little boys coming down the road—little bits of tots—with their arms full of fagots that they were accumulating against the winter; had seen old men and old women working in the fields until it was so dark that as you looked you could just make out those vague forms gathering in the crops for France, you would realize what this war is, what this war means.

"It is not the armies of France that are the essential thing to France in this war, nor the armies of England, nor of the other countries. Those armies will do their part and do it to a finish, if they are supported by the people behind them.

"The great crying need in Europe to-day is to build up the spirit and keep up the spirit of the people behind the lines, and it is that great work which the Red Cross has performed and which has been, up to the recent entrance of our Army on a large scale, the greatest single factor of our help in France since our entry into the war."

The plainest dictates of humanity, as well as obligations of honor to brave allies, demanded that the American Red Cross, financed by the liberality and spirit of the American people, should do all in its power to alleviate the sufferings and support the morale of the soldiers and people who had been suffering so long in a struggle for that liberty which is the foundation stone of our American Republic.

## The Canteen System

An extraordinary canteen service is being carried on with the French, with the Belgians, with the Italians, and with the British, by the Red Cross abroad. There are rolling canteens which are operating right up in the trenches, where the soldiers get hot drinks as they go in and when they come out. These canteens are frequently operated under shell fire and gas, the Red Cross workers often working in gas masks.

Before the days of Red Cross help, a French soldier would come back from the trenches on his seven days' leave covered with vermin—officers and all—and go to a junction point for cars to take them home. Those junction points are equipped for 75 people, yet at times there were 4,000 people waiting, sometimes twenty-four, sometimes forty-eight hours. They slept on the ground and they got what food they could.

They brought home vermin which spread disease among the civil population behind the lines, and a discouraging atmosphere born of the conditions through which they passed on their way home. They went back to the lines through the same channels.

The Red Cross has changed this. In conjunction with the French Government, it is now feeding—not giving drinks and sandwiches—but giving hot meals to a million French soldiers every month. There are great recreation halls where they sit and dine and make merry. There are big barracks with bunks along the walls, there are shower baths and disinfecting machinery, so that the men's clothes, while they are bathing, are run through and the vermin killed.

At first these French soldiers were so glad that they did not use the bunks but sat and talked and sang and wondered at what America was doing for them. A prominent French general officer recently wrote to Major Murphy:

"The only thing that matters in this war is to beat the Boche, and to accomplish this the all important factor is the morale of the men. This you have done much to uphold, and the atmosphere you create is more valuable than even you can realize.

"Your work is that of maintaining the morale of the Americans and the French and the Allies, and I wish to thank you in our name and that of General Petain. Your canteens have been well run and kept up to a high standard. Let the men know that they are being cared for not as men only, but as friends; that makes them prefer your canteens to the wine shops. The morale has never been better than now. I need not tell you I feel strongly on this subject, and I am talking to you as man to man. I am speaking not only for myself but for General Petain. He feels as I do toward you and your work, and he endorses every word I have said."

## Checking Tuberculosis

The Red Cross is conducting a work against tuberculosis in France which is unparalleled in the history of the world. France has suffered terribly from tuberculosis, brought on by so many of her people living in dugouts and other unwholesome conditions. Tuberculosis has developed in the trenches, too, and the troops are sent back carrying the germs of this dread disease.

In co-operation with the Rockefeller Foundation, the Red Cross is conducting a campaign of education on the care and prevention of this disease. Facilities have been provided to care for bad cases in sanatoriums, and a plan set up which will lead to the establishment of a great system of 800 dispensaries throughout France, with visiting nurses attached.

Four hospitals for tubercular French soldiers are maintained entirely by the Red Cross. At Malabray there is a 185-acre farm in temporary custody of the American Red Cross, where a model village with accommodations for 400 families is being constructed.

The Red Cross is assisting the French medical authorities in rebuilding and reorganizing other hospitals, and is aiding 96 French hospitals devoted to tuberculosis with supplies and funds. Ambroise Rendii, Vice-President of the Paris Municipal Council, says of this work:

"The Americans have fought the good fight against tuberculosis because they have pursued a strategic campaign against an enemy they know and rightly fear. They have taken the necessary measures. You know them well for a practical people; they will not reproach us if we say this of them in the temple of their charity.

"I have seen the program of the social activities the Americans would undertake in our country in the name of the Red Cross. They have drawn up a marvelous program that takes the child from his birth and even before his birth, since the mother also is cared for, and continues the effort all along the line of years. Such is the plan and nothing finer has ever been conceived."

## Other Forms of Relief

It is difficult to give any adequate picture of the whole Red Cross program in France.

There is the whole vast program of relief for the refugees and repatries, for those driven before the invader, uprooted from their homes, and for those returned to France and Belgium broken and bent after being subject to the sway of the German for the last few years.

There is the medical and surgical supply service which the Red Cross is giving to over three thousand French military hospitals, the supplies for the most part produced by American women.

There is the Red Cross children's program of caring for needy and destitute children, the reduction of infant mortality. There is the Red Cross factory for the manufacture of artificial limbs. There is the big program of re-education for the mutilated soldier to teach him a means of self-support with its accompanying benefit to France.

## Work in other Countries

What the Red Cross is doing for France she is doing, too, for the part of Belgium not held by the Germans, and to a very large degree for Italy. The story of how the American Red Cross rushed to the relief of Italy has already been told. At the time of the Italian disaster last fall, a propaganda was under way in Italy to the effect that America was not really in the war, as we had not yet then declared war on Austria; that we were not well disposed toward Italy; that America had done nothing but lend money to Italy and take back an obligation with interest attached. There was then no official organization that could speak, but the American Red Cross spoke, and she spoke so that the work resulted in the display of the American flag from one end of Italy to the other.

Four days after war was declared by the United States against Austria, the American Red Cross Ambulance Service swung into the Piave Line and took its place beside the brave Italians.

The Red Cross record in Roumania is one which will never be forgotten by that unhappy people. It was only when forced from the country by the capacity of Germany to compel a humiliating peace on Roumania that the American Red Cross left that people to its woes.

The turn of affairs in Russia seriously affected the Red Cross program in that country, but the permanent portion of the Red Cross Commission to Russia is still on hand ready to express America's sympathy and friendliness in terms of fact when that distracted land is ready to receive them.

In Great Britain the American Red Cross is carrying on a large work, and one which is having an excellent effect. The Red Cross is operating a number of hospitals, supporting a number of good works in Great Britain, in co-operation with the British Red Cross and the British Government.

During the Fall of 1917 the American Red Cross made a gift to the British Red Cross of a million dollars. At the time of the great German attack against the British in March, 1918, a gift of an additional million dollars was made to the British Red Cross to purchase hospital supplies, as evidence of America's sympathy in the great trial which Great Britain was enduring.

As so it is in Greece, in Serbia, in Palestine, wherever the ravages of war have gone, the American Red Cross has gone helping armies and peoples.

## Constructive Work

"No other organization since the world began has ever done such great constructive work with the efficiency, the dispatch, understanding, often under adverse circumstances, that has been done in France by American Red Cross in the last six months." GENERAL PERSHING.

★ ★ ★

What does General Pershing mean by "constructive work"? He means the share the Red Cross has had in reuniting scattered families, he means homeless children domiciled, bewildered refugees collected and protected, old men and women and babies received from behind the German lines and sent to homes and hospitals, the terrible tubercular scourge and other illnesses grappled with. He means medical and surgical supplies, nurses, hospitals, ambulances and dispensaries, artificial limbs and convalescent homes for the sick French soldiers. He means food, baths, rest, recreation, comfort and cheer for the poilu on leave.

He means that the American Red Cross has helped to sustain the courage, the hope and the patience of our fighting allies, of the soldiers themselves and the soldiers' families. Through the Red Cross the armies and peoples of France and Belgium and the other Allied countries have come to realize that they have friends, and under this touch their spirits have flamed into a new resolution to fight on and bear all.

★ ★ ★

This is the fourth of a series of five announcements covering the work of the Red Cross.

Red Cross Chapters have statements showing in detail how the War Fund is being expended. Ask your Chapter for these statements.

# The American Red Cross

This space contributed by The American Tobacco Co.

May, 1918.

Announcement Number 4.

# LIEUT. TAYLOR WINS DESPERATE AIR FIGHT

## New York Youth Downs German Airplane at an Altitude of 5,000 Meters.

## BOY OF 19 FROM ANDOVER

### Captain Peterson Chases Adversary at Forty Kilometers and Sends Him to the Ground.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, May 21, (Associated Press.)—Lieutenant William H. Taylor of New York chased a German biplane from the American lines to over Pagny-sur-Moselle, north of Pont-a-Mousson, today and defeated the boche in a desperate fight 5,000 meters in the air.

A bullet from the enemy machine barely missed Lieutenant Taylor and punctured a wing of his airplane. A second later the Lieutenant saw one of his tracer bullets penetrate the fuselage of the enemy machine where the observer was working a machine gun, and there was no more fire from the German.

Lieutenant Taylor continued to fire at the German pilot, and after 450 shots had been fired, most of them about 70 yards, the enemy machine went spinning toward the earth in a nose dive.

In addition to Lieutenant Taylor's fight there were several others in the bright, sunny skies today. Two American aviators chased two enemy machines to Thiaucourt and there attacked them. One of the American pilots fired from directly under the tail of a German machine, which went spinning toward the ground from 4,000 meters to 500, where it was seen to straighten out and escape.

Captain David Peterson of Honesdale, Penn., after a long chase, sent a German two-seater airplane wabbling and diving to the ground in the neighborhood of Château Salins today. The American aviator pursued the enemy machine for forty kilometers along the battleline and then chased him twelve kilometers behind the German lines before he succeeded in attacking him from beneath. The German's dive to the ground followed promptly.

Lieutenant Taylor, who is a First Lieutenant in the United States Aviation Corps although he is only 19 years old, was a student at Phillips Academy, Andover, until he went to France as a member of the Andover Ambulance Corps in April, 1916, it was said at the home of his father, William H. Taylor, at the Hotel Ansonia last night. Mr. Taylor said that his son on his arrival in Paris was among members of the Ambulance Corps who volunteered to serve in the Ammunition Transport Corps of the French Army as motor truck drivers. Lieutenant Taylor was commissioned as a Second Lieutenant in the French Transport Corps. Last August, soon after the arrival of the first contingent of the American Expeditionary Forces in France, he entered the American Aviation Corps as a private, and last November received a commission. Later he was made a Flight Commander in charge of five other flyers and twenty mechanics.

Mr. Taylor said that he had received a letter from Lieutenant Taylor last Sunday which was written just after the young officer had had his first engagement with a German airplane. The following is an extract from the letter:

"For a wonder it was a beautiful day, and the Major of our squadron told us he would take us over the lines. We got way up and for an hour did nothing but fly, and I was beginning to get cold and tired, when suddenly I saw the Major signal 'attention.' Then he started to climb and pretty soon I looked over the side and about 600 feet below I saw a big white circle with a black cross in it. I had been waiting for that moment so long that it did not seem at all out of the way.

"It is funny; I expected that the first time I saw a boche plane, I would be horribly nervous, but that was not the case. I went up a couple of hundred more feet and circled around in case there were any more machines higher up. I stayed there three or four minutes and saw nothing. All the time I was watching the big plane below. All he did was circle slowly around to the right. There were two of them, but the other was circling to the left, and one of our fellows was already on his tail. As soon as I was sure there were no more machines higher up I went down and dove on his plane. I began to shoot, but my gun jammed, and I was unable to fix it. So after circling around for a few minutes I came home."

# AMERICAN FLIER DIED FIGHTING

## Potter Fell Flaming Into Sea Under Attack from Seven German Planes—Companion Escaped.

WASHINGTON, May 22.—News of the death of Ensign Stephen Potter, U. S. N. R., who was killed while fighting seven enemy single-seated airplanes in the North Sea on April 25, was received here today from the London representative of the Committee on Public Information. Ensign Potter, who was second pilot to a British Royal Flying Force Captain, six weeks before had shot down a German seaplane in Heligoland Bight.

Potter, according to the information received from London, left the North Sea station in a British seaplane and steered due east until six miles west-southwest of North Hinder Light. Another plane accompanied him and kept a position to starboard throughout the action.

Two enemy planes were sighted to port, heading toward the British and flying low. Both British planes dived, about 100 yards apart, closing upon the nearest German. Fire was opened from both at close range.

Potter's companion had emptied one drum from the forward cockpit, when the gun jammed. Two more hostile planes then appeared overhead, attacking vigorously. Both Britons turned to the west, pursuing one of the lower enemy, who was soon lost to view. Three others passed astern, following at a sharp angle. Potter was close above his companion and dove to within 100 feet of the water.

Both machines flattened out, and Potter's companion, being faster, throttled down until Potter came abreast. Thus they ran westward at full speed, close together for several minutes, under continuous volleys from the rear.

Four more enemy machines now appeared in V formation. Of seven Germans in action, four were attacking Potter and the others his companion. Potter fell behind and began to zigzag. He first veered slightly to starboard, then turned at right angles to port.

Again his companion throttled down to let him catch up, and began climbing to reduce headway. Potter dodged again, but was then broadside to all enemy machines and under their fire only fifty feet from the water. His companion, 250 feet above, saw Potter's machine burst into flames, come down part of the way under control, then crash on the port wing tip.

Potter was last seen on the surface amid flames, which suddenly turned to a huge cloud of smoke. Two of the enemy circled over the spot for a time. When the pall of smoke had cleared not even wreckage was visible.

Potter enrolled Sept. 26 last in the Flying Corps. He was promoted to ensign Nov. 2, and was ordered to France, later being sent to England. A brother lives in the Pasadena Apartments at Detroit, Mich.

The commanding officer of the British North Sea Station wrote:

"Potter always displayed the greatest eagerness to fly at all times. On the long reconnoissance in which he shot down the German seaplane he displayed great courage and coolness. He was very popular at this station."

## SAW NO 'FLYING TANKS.'

### British Admit, However, That the Germans Have Armored Machines.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, May 22.—Reports circulated in America that Major Lufbery met his death in a conflict with a so-called German "flying tank" require confirmation, in the opinion of the Royal Air Force expert here, to whom THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent showed a cable dispatch on the subject today. No British airman has yet come across any German armored airplane which could be justly called a "flying tank."

It is no secret that the Germans use a certain amount of armor in the construction of machines specially designed for the purpose of fighting infantry, or, as the British call them, contact patrols. In this line of machine, however, the Germans possess nothing which the Allies cannot or do not turn out equally well or even better. These particular machines are not very different from ordinary battleplanes.

### American Killed in Seaplane.

WASHINGTON, May 22.—John Ganster, Quartermaster in the Navy Aviation Corps, was killed in a seaplane accident in France on May 20, the Navy Department announced tonight. His father, Harry W. Ganster, lives in Baltimore.

### Chicago Flier Killed in England.

LONDON, May 22.—Second Lieutenant H. W. Preston of the British air force, son of Robert K. Preston of Chicago, was killed on May 14 while flying in England.

# 48 Army Casualties Overseas Announced; 3 Men Killed in Action and 41 Wounded

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 22.—The War Department today gave out a list of 48 casualties in the American army abroad, bringing the grand total to 6,108, after eliminating one previously reported missing, but who has now rejoined his company. The list included the names of 3 killed in action, 2 died of wounds, 38 wounded severely, 3 wounded slightly, and 2 died of disease. One commissioned officer is included. Lieutenant Robert H. Long was severely wounded.

**SUMMARY OF ARMY CASUALTIES TO DATE.**

| Deaths. | Previously Reported. | Reported May 22. | Total. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Killed in action | 509 | 3 | 512 |
| Died of wounds | 197 | 2 | 199 |
| Lost at sea | 238 | 0 | 238 |
| Killed by accident | 245 | 0 | 245 |
| Gas and other causes | 74 | 0 | 74 |
| Killed or prisoner | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Died of disease | 1,068 | 2 | 1,068 |
| Civilians | 7 | 0 | 7 |
| Total deaths | 2,337 | 7 | 2,344 |
| Wounded | 3,433 | 41 | 3,474 |
| Captured | 67 | 0 | 67 |
| Missing | 224 | 0 | *223 |
| Grand total | 6,061 | 48 | *6,108 |

*Private Richard W. Johnson, previously reported missing, is now reported to have rejoined his company.

**ARMY CASUALTIES REPORTED MAY 22.**

Army casualties made public today, including next of kin and emergency addresses, are:

**KILLED IN ACTION—3.**

**Corporal.**

O'NEIL, MARK L.; P. J. O'Neil, Hallstead, Penn.

**Private.**

DAHLIN, HENRY; Gus Dahlin, 1,614 Iowa Av., Superior, Wis.

MILLER, HARRY N.; William E. Miller, 6,715 Chestnut Av., Kansas City, Mo.

**DIED OF DISEASE—2.**

**Sergeant.**

CROWDER, FRANK T.; Thomas Crowder, 729 Missouri St., Lawrence Kan.

**Civilians.**

GREEN, FRANCIS; Mrs. Sarah Green, 424 24th Av., San Francisco, Cal.

**DIED OF WOUNDS—2.**

**Corporal.**

SPECK, THOMAS G.; Miss Agnes Speck, Livingston, Tenn.

**Private.**

YOUNGELL, JOE C.; Mrs. Anna Youngell, Commonwealth, Wis.

**WOUNDED SEVERELY—38.**

**Lieutenant.**

LONG, ROBERT H.; Mrs. Winnie Long, 4,100 Caroline St., Houston, Tex.

**Sergeants.**

LONG, TIM; Miss Helen Gilkinson, 348 West 63th St., Chicago, Ill.

McCORMICK, LEIGHTON; Mrs. Mary A. McCormick, 627 East 7th St., Wilmington, Del.

MASHEWSKY, ALEX; Gus Mashewsky, 1,645 Racine St., Racine, Wis.

RHODE, ALBERT; Edward Ritter, 1,216 East St., Pittsburgh, Penn.

TIPPET, JOHN R.; William Tippet, Thompsonville, Ill.

**Corporals.**

BAILEY, ELBEN D.; Daniel Bailey, Poca, W. Va.

CRINKLAW, EARL E.; Herbert B. Crinklaw, 1,227 3d Av., Great Falls, Mon.

KASMALSKI, CHARLES; Anton Kasmalski, 2,502 Augusta St., Chicago, Ill.

MIHALICH, JOHN; George Mihalich, Streator, Ill.

NEWMAN, JOHN F.; John B. Newman, 136 Main St., Hartford, Conn.

WILTROUT, CLAUDE; Amil Pechine, 1,400 West 14th St., Junction City, Kan.

**Wagoner.**

COBLE, HARRY C.; Mrs. Lizzie Palser, Solomon, Kan.

**Privates.**

ATTURA, JOSEPH; Giuseppe Sarafini, 149 15th St., Renovo, Penn.

CHREST, JAMES; George Chrest, 139 South Reo St., Los Angeles, Cal.

GARSACIK, JOHN; Miss Annie Garbacik, 196 Hammond Av., Detroit, Mich.

GILLETTE, FLOYD C.; Mrs. Mary Gillette, Caldwell, Kan.

GRAHAM, CHARLES M.; Joseph M. Graham, Hope, Ind.

GRIFFITH, CASSIUS J.; Mrs. Nellie Griffith, 12 Brewer Court, Pontiac, Mich.

HARRIS, JOHN E.; Sam K. Harris, 29 Locust St., Pittsburgh, Penn.

KACZOR, TONY; Valentine Kaczor, Stanley, Wis.

KEYES, BENJAMIN G.; Mrs. Charles Keyes, 1,205 Peach St., Alameda, Cal.

LONNING, BERT B.; Mrs. B. E. Lonning, Thor, Iowa.

McARN, JOHN J.; Mrs. Rosa B. McArn, Short Leaf, Ala.

MARBERRY, HART R., Mrs. Ada Dougherty, 21 South Chadburn St., San Angelo, Texas.

MARRIN, MORRIS; Isadore Walkin, 359 South 3d St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

MULHALL, HOWARD W.; George J. Mulhall, 88 Broad St., Boston, Mass.

NELSON, BERT MONTEVEL; Scott Nelson, Picketts, Wis.

PARACKA, JOHN; John Paracka, Ellsworth, Penn.

PERRY, JOSEPH; Salvatore Perry, Larchmont, N. Y.

PLYLER, CHARLIE C.; Mrs. Ara F. Plyler, White St., Spartanburg, S. C.

PULLYARD, CHRISTOPHER E.; Mrs. Mary Pullyard, Main St., Sangerville, Me.

REIS, CHARLES; Mrs. Elizabeth Reis, 307 Webster Av., Astoria, L. I.

SALYERS, FRED R.; Elbert Salyers, Wise, Va.

SOTHARD, HUBERT B.; Joseph M. Sothard, 1,036 Lee St., Covington, Ky.

SUMMERS, WILLIAM R.; Mrs. Lula D. Summers, 302 Landon Av., Syracuse, N. Y.

WEISLER, HENRY; Benjamin Weisler, 390 South 2d St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

YODER, OLIVER D.; Daniel F. Yoder, Gunn City, Mo.

**WOUNDED SLIGHTLY—3.**

**Privates.**

BURKE, FREDERICK; John Burke, 24 Sanford St., East Haven, Conn.

FLAHERTY, EDWARD P.; J. S. Buchanan, 176 Mount Hope St., Roslyndale, Boston, Mass.

HEWITT, WILLIAM A.; Mrs. Francis F. Hewitt, 200 Church St., Newton, Mass.

The War Department today announced that in the casualty list of May 21 the emergency address of Private John Kelso should read Emad, Allen Parish, La.

## GENERAL PRAISED LUFBERY.

### Touching Tribute to "Comrade" in Frenchman's Funeral Address.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, May 21, (Associated Press.)—The address delivered yesterday by a French General at the grave of Major Lufbery, the American "Ace," who was brought down on the Toul sector by a German airman, was an unusual tribute from one soldier to another. A complete translation of this address is now available. It follows:

"It is not without deep emotion that I come to bid a last farewell to a friend of many years, to a comrade in arms, and to render to him, in the name of the French aerial service, a tribute of our admiration and sympathy. Major Lufbery was one of the first in the struggle.

"After having been for some time with bombing squadrons he joined a pursuit squadron. His remarkable qualities soon stamped him as one of the ablest. In Champagne, at Verdun, and on the Somme, fields of his combats, he gained numerous victories over the enemy and won the admiration of his comrades. But it is to be noted that his simplicity, courage, and calm remained always the same.

"Great was his joy when the Star-Spangled Banner was raised beside our own flag, for the same ideals of liberty and justice. He went with the American Army after having fought with admirable courage in the French Army, furnishing a most noble example for all who witnessed his deeds. He had a large share in surrounding with a halo of glory the first flag of the allied republic on our front, which was entrusted to the Lafayette Squadron.

"Alas! This hero was to die. In attacking a hostile plane he fell in Lorraine, where the heavens had been witness of many combats which he fought with untiring energy. Great was the sorrow of all on learning this sad news.

"Always, my dear Lufbery, with pious thought we shall associate your name, a name dear to all Frenchmen, with this land of Lorraine, where already has ebbed so generously the blood of gallant soldiers of the army of the United States. The memory of you will remain forever graven on our hearts. Joined in common sorrow, two nations are weeping today; your own country, which may well be proud of you, and France, toward which you bore yourself as a true son.

"The love we have for you will be shared by those of your countrymen who cross the ocean to fight at our side. We wish them to say, like the poet: 'Each man has two countries, his own and France.' Au revoir."

## ON PERSHING CASUALTY LIST

### Three Men Wounded from New York and Its Vicinity.

Henry Weisler, who was reported seriously wounded in yesterday's American casualty list, was the son of Benjamin Weisler of 363 Hooper Street, Williamsburg. He was only 20 years old when he enlisted.

Charles Reis, also wounded, is the son of Mrs. Elizabeth Reis of 307 Webster Avenue, Long Island City. Before he was drafted last December Reis was a clerk. He was 26 years old. Mrs. Reis said yesterday that she had received a telegram from Washington saying that her son had been wounded on April 29.

Joseph Perry of Larchmont, reported wounded, was only 18 years old, it was learned at the home of his father, Salvatore Perry, on Myrtle Avenue, Larchmont. He left for France last December.

### Allied Civilians Quitting Russia.

MOSCOW, May 13, (Associated Press.)—There is under way a marked exodus of Entente allied civilians from Russia. The distribution of bread in Petrograd will cease tomorrow. It will be replaced by half a Russian pound of potatoes. Flour is unobtainable, even with a doctor's prescription. Sugar costs 50 rubles a pound.


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**Misses' Tailor-Made Suits**

*Tailored or Dressy Models, 14 to 20 years.*

Of men's wear serge, Poiret twill, wool tricotine or wool checks.

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Of wool velour, serge, khaki cloth or wool checks.

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**Misses' Striped Cotton Voile Dresses**

Dress of white voile with lavender, Copen, rose or tan-and-black stripes, collar, cuffs and pockets of plain color voile edged with white organdie frills. 14 to 20 years. 5.95

**Misses' Checked Organdie Dresses**

Dainty frock of pink, lavender or blue-and-white checked organdie; large fichu collar and cuffs of white organdie trimmed with self ruffles; ruffle trimmed pocket on skirt. 14 to 20 years. 9.75

**Misses' Checked Organdie Dresses**

Checked organdie, in green, Copen, or gold-and-white colorings; shawl collar, vestee, cuffs and wide sash of white organdie; skirt with pleated top and wide hem. 14 to 20 years. 14.50

**Misses' Plain Color Organdie Dresses**

In white, blue, rose, maize or orchid, self ruffled, tucked or Val. lace trimmed; fichu collars and wide sashes. 14 to 20 years. 18.50

**MISSES' SILK DRESSES**

Sizes 14 to 20 Years

SILK DRESSES of taffeta silk, foulard silk or figured chiffon, many with large organdie collars and tunic skirts.

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SILK DRESSES of Georgette crepe, taffeta silk, crepe de chine, foulard silk, flowered chiffon or satin, in the most wanted colors, also white.

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**"Start of Season" Sale of**

**WOMEN'S TUB SKIRTS**

*An important collection of well-tailored, smartly designed skirts of fine materials, suited to the various occasions of summer wear.*

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1.88 Our reg. $2.97 — 2.88 Our reg. $3.97 — 3.48 Our reg. $4.97

*(E) A Gabardine Skirt* that is trig and practical, has the same smart lines, as well as distinctive belt and pockets as its more expensive neighbors.

*(F) Another Attractive* Gabardine skirt, this time trimmed with clever little tabs and buttons finishing novelty cut pockets.

*(B) A White Gabardine* skirt which owes much to the interesting pockets, which are finished on either side by two long tabs and pearl buttons.

*(D) White Cordeline* one of the season's smart materials, has clever little rows of buttons, accentuating the novel side effects, which forms slit pockets.

*(A) Wide Wale Corduroy* is the material of this skirt, which boasts a pocket distinctly new, in rich cream white.

*(C) Velvet Corduroy* this model comes in rose, blue and white, wide wale, and has the satchel pocket.

*Other pleasing models not sketched are of gabardine and pique. A large group of regular and extra sizes is included in this comprehensive assortment.*

*SALE ENDS THURSDAY, 6 P. M.*

*Quantities Assure Complete Assortment of Styles, Colors and Sizes up to 6 P. M. THURSDAY*



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"She would be a pretty girl, if it wasn't for that red, rough, irritated skin. But the *regular* use of Resinol Soap, aided at first by a little Resinol Ointment, would probably make it clear, fresh and charming. If a poor skin is *your* handicap, begin using Resinol Soap and see how quickly it improves.

Resinol Soap and Resinol Ointment are sold by all druggists. For free sample of each, write to Dept. 9-R, Resinol, Baltimore, Md.


# TWO SOLDIERS FACE BONNET ROUGE TRIAL

## Paix and Mathieu Charged with Divulging Letters on Saloniki Forces.

## GEN. SARRAIL TO TESTIFY

### Military Information Reached Germans Through the Aid of Almereyda.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, May 22.—Another of a long series of trials connected with the complicated drama of treason and intrigue, in which figure the names of Almereyda, editor of the Bonnet Rouge, Bolo, Malvy, and Caillaux, began today with the arraignment of Sergeant Paix—Seailles, and Captain Mathieu before the Paris court-martial, charged with divulging confidential documents belonging to the War Office.

Paix, who is a wealthy man, was formerly attached to the Ministry of Inventions in Paris, and Malthieu was an orderly officer to General Sarrail when the latter was Commander in Chief at Saloniki.

The judicial inquiry, in its preliminary stages, showed that on Aug. 8 last, when the authorities raided the house of Almereyda, the notorious chief of the Bonnet Rouge gang, who strangled himself with his bootlace in prison shortly after, they found among his papers copies of five important confidential letters which were sent by Sarrail between March and June, 1916, to Messimy, who was then War Minister in the Briand Cabinet, and Noulens, President of the Army Committee.

There were also copies of telegrams from Joffre, then Commander in Chief, and Briand. Paix admitted that he handed these documents to Almereyda for the purpose of using them in a press campaign in favor of Sarrail, and Maithieu made no secret of the fact that it was he who handed the papers to Paix. The use which Almereyda made of the documents was to have them copied and sent by one of the Bonnet Rouge gang to Spain, whence they quickly reached the hands of the Germans.

It is alleged that the documents disclosed important information in regard to the strength of the Saloniki Army, and had real influence in modifying the direction of the campaign on that front.

It is significant that Paix helped to finance the Bonnet Rouge, a notorious defeatist journal, to the extent of $14,000.

Sarrail Painlevé, and Violette are among the witnesses for the prosecution, while General Messimy, former War Minister, and Steeg, another ex-Minister, will be called by the defense. The trial will last several days.

**Using Mails to Defraud Charged.**

Post Office Inspector Mayhew arraigned before United States Commissioner Hitchcock yesterday H. Kent Holmes, head of the United States Promotion House of 27 William Street. He was held in $5,000 bail for examination on May 29 on a charge of having used the mails to defraud investors. It is alleged that Holmes mailed circulars and booklets to persons urging them to invest their money in his concern for the purpose of financing mercantile and manufacturing companies and for the development of mines and oil fields, promising large profits. It was said that Holmes had received $38,000 from persons who had been induced to send him money.

# HUGHES'S STAND ON AIRCRAFT INQUIRY

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

attempt to summarize briefly some of the points discussed in our conference today, particularly with respect to the scope of our inquiry.

It is quite evident, from the material you have already gathered and from the matters discussed with you and Mr. Frierson, that it would be necessary for us carefully to examine all the activities relating to aircraft production. It is easy, of course, theoretically to distinguish between an inquiry within the province of the Department of Justice and one which is aimed merely at alleged waste or neglect or mismanagement or inefficiency apart from any appropriate basis for a civil suit to recover misappropriated moneys or a criminal prosecution. As a practical matter, however, it is evident that in the endeavor to determine whether there is a basis for a civil suit by the Government or a criminal prosecution, it will be necessary for us to make a thorough inquiry into the entire history of aircraft production since the beginning of the war and of all proceedings which have been taken by any persons or corporations concerned therewith. We shall not be able to ascertain whether there has been dishonesty or malversation of any kind unless we go thoroughly into all the transactions which have been had.

If we discover a basis for civil suits by the Government, they will be instituted. If we find grounds for a criminal prosecution, it will be in order to go before the Grand Jury to obtain indictments. If we find no sufficient basis for such proceedings, our conclusion, to be convincing to the country, could not well be stated as a mere negative conclusion in general terms, but should be accompanied by a fair, candid and adequate statement of the facts which our investigation has disclosed. We should, of course, in no case make any statement which, from a military point of view, should not be made, and, if we had a basis for civil or criminal proceedings, we should properly reserve the evidence, so far as it would be appropriately disclosed upon the trial and previously withheld.

But I am very sure that the country would not be content with our inquiry, and particularly if we discover no ground for further proceedings, unless we showed the basis for our conclusion in an adequate report of the facts we have ascertained. This certainly should be dispassionate and impartial and be confined to the facts.

When we are in a position to make such a report of our inquiry we shall know the facts, and it will be reassuring to the country and support our inquiry and its reputation for integrity, if we state concisely, but fairly and completely, the results of our investigation.

If it is understood that we contemplate this course of action, I should suppose that there would be a general disposition to permit our investigation to proceed unembarrassed by any other parallel course of action. Clearly as we may recognize the authority to conduct another official inquiry, at the same time, we cannot doubt that any official inquiry into the same course of conduct, although with another aim, would tend to make difficult, if not impossible, the successful prosecution of our own. Either nothing of importance would be elicited, which would make such an inquiry needless, or points would be brought out which would at once suggest to the guilty, if there be such, where effort should be made to block successful prosecution. Even with the best intention in the world, it would be almost impossible to know in advance what should be left untouched. We might be following a promising clue, only to find our efforts unintentionally thwarted.

We are instructed to have a prompt and thorough investigation, and my desire is that we should have the fullest opportunity to make such an investigation, and in order that we may have this opportunity it is desirable that it should be generally understood that when we are through we shall state the facts we have ascertained in the manner I have suggested above, to the end that all may be satisfied to await the result of our investigation. When we have reached that result I should suppose that our report would have such thoroughness that it would be accepted as the final statement in the matter, unless, of course, some new evidence not discovered by us should therefore come to light.

Very sincerely yours,
CHARLES E. HUGHES.

**Four Sub-Committees Named.**

After receiving the letters, Senator Chamberlain called the Military Affairs Committee together to decide what course to pursue. Some of the committee favored going ahead with the inquiry into aircraft, as well as ordnance, and the Quartermaster General's Department. They argued that the committee's investigation would not touch upon any criminal feature and that facts as to inefficiency or deliberate attempts to block aircraft production ought to be investigated by the committee and a frank statement of the findings given to the public. It was pointed out that Mr. Hughes's investigation undoubtedly would run through many weeks, or months, and that the public was entitled to know the facts at once.

As against this viewpoint, other Senators maintained that, out of deference to the opinion expressed by Mr. Hughes, the committee ought not to touch upon aircraft, leaving it entirely for the Department of Justice. Senator Chamberlain himself favored this policy. Various Senators believed that the committee, while avoiding inquiry into aircraft, might proceed with the investigation into ordnance and the Quartermaster General's Department, which will not be embraced in the Hughes inquiry.

The committee was unable to come to any agreement, either as to aircraft, ordnance or the Quartermaster General's Department. Senator Chamberlain, at length, appointed four subcommittees, three to cover the three lines of inquiry mentioned, and the other the matter of "cross license contracts," or interchangeable agreements, among manufacturers of army aircraft, about which there has been some severe criticism in the Senate. These subcommittees are:

Aircraft—Senators Thomas, Reed, Smith of Georgia, New, and Frelinghuysen.

Ordnance—Hitchcock, Fletcher, Beckham, Weeks, and Wadsworth.

Quartermaster General's Department—McKellar, Beckham, Kirby, Sutherland, and Johnson of California.

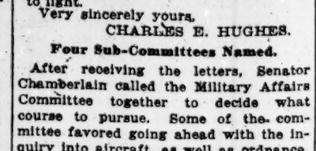
Cross License—Fletcher, Meyers, Sheppard, Warren, and Knox.

None of the Chairmen of the subcommittees could say tonight if his committee would go into an inquiry. The members are to meet tomorrow or Friday to come to a decision. In the meantime the Military Affairs Committee will confer, as a whole, to see if any program can be mapped out.

"I don't know what the Sub-committee on Aircraft may decide to do," said Senator Thomas, its Chairman, tonight. "I have not talked with any of the members. My own impression is that Mr. Hughes's letter will carry weight with the committee, and that the inquiry may be abandoned at this time. But I am not positive about it."

Senator Hitchcock, Chairman of the Sub-committee on Ordnance, favors going ahead with that line of inquiry. Senator McKellar, head of the Sub-committee on the Quartermaster General's Department, is disposed to proceed with that investigation. The outcome of the situation may be the abandonment of the aircraft investigation and the prosecution of the others. In any event, it is believed by Senators, the inquiries will be conducted largely in secret.

"The contemplated inquiries would all go into matters that, to a large extent, it would be unwise to disclose to the public without full knowledge of the facts," said Senator Chamberlain. "If the investigations proceed, they will be thorough, and a full report will be forthcoming at their conclusion."

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# "WORK OR FIGHT" PLAN FOR DRAFT AGE MEN

## Government to Round Up All Idlers and Use Them, Says South Carolina Governor.

COLUMBIA, S. C., May 22.—Governor Manning, returning today from Washington, announced that the War Department was planning to round up all idlers of draft age in the country and make use of their services.

It was planned, the Governor said, to take all men of deferred classification who are not engaged in some necessary occupation and make use of their services, either in the army or in war work.

Every man of draft age must work or fight, the Governor said.

WASHINGTON, May 22.—Such a "work or fight" plan as Governor Manning said at Columbia today the Government was planning to put into effect was proposed by military officials about two months ago and received the indorsement of the Department of Labor. The proposal was then laid before President Wilson and there has been no announcement as to whether the President approved or disapproved.

As discussed here, the plan was to purge the lists of registrants of all men not engaged in some useful industry by giving them the alternative of going to work or being drafted.

**Railroad Wage Increase Is Near.**

WASHINGTON, May 22.—An announcement of a general wage increase for railway employes, following in a general way the Railroad Wage Commission's recommendations, but with many modifications, is imminent. It was learned tonight that Director General McAdoo, who has been studying the commission's report, will be ready to act within a few days.


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**The Outstanding Masterpiece of the War**

**The Infamy of the Teutons Exposed by a Hungarian Army Officer**

IT is true that everyone doesn't want to read war books. A great many books are war books and nothing else, but even if "Men In War" were nothing else, it is hardly likely you would feel that you could afford to overlook the book which Theodore Dreiser says is "far and away the greatest war book I have yet read," and which the Philadelphia *Press* calls "by far the outstanding masterpiece of the war."

Stuart P. Sherman writes us, "'Men In War' is a book written with memorable power of expression. I wish a copy of it could be put in every household in the Central Empires." John Haynes Holmes says: "'Men In War' is unquestionably one of the supremely great books produced by the Great War and like 'Under Fire,' makes all other war books seem trivial." Brander Matthews says: "Of all the war books I have read, this seems to me the most powerful in its stark presentation of reality as reality is imagined by an artist who has seen what he is describing." From all over the United States come similar expressions of opinion from other distinguished people.

But "Men In War" is more than a war book. Latzko is primarily a great literary artist, a word painter rarely equalled in the history of literature. Everybody is asking "Who is this Andreas Latzko? Is he really an Austrian army officer 'as advertised'?" The Chicago *Evening Post* after saying "'Men In War' is comparable only with 'Under Fire,'" questions whether the real name of the author is given, because the first edition of the book was published anonymously in Switzerland. The *Post* even questions whether the portrait bust of him that has recently appeared in so many of the newspapers is authentic. Andreas Latzko is not a pseudonym. The first edition of his book did not bear his name because he had not yet made his way to Switzerland from his Hungarian regiment. His name is printed on subsequent editions, and we shall shortly publish another book written by him.

It seems that nobody in this country had heard very much about Latzko or "Men In War" before last January, and we feel that it is a distinct achievement for a young publishing house to have its imprint on what is being called by the most competent critics in the country the greatest book the war has yet produced. Many people are congratulating us on what they call a peculiar stroke of good fortune. If good fortune consists in continually hunting for the best books that we can find, regardless of their apparent commercial value, we modestly accept the congratulations. Finding good books isn't an especially easy matter. Ninety-nine out of a hundred manuscripts that are submitted are valueless for our purposes. The great war has made it increasingly difficult to get good books from abroad. But on January 12th, the New York *Evening Post* published a long and unusually flattering review of "Menschen im Krieg" (Men In War), which so impressed all of us that the Swiss edition of this book was immediately secured from a local bookstore, read that afternoon and evening, and at about three o'clock on Sunday morning we sent a cable offer to the Swiss publishers. About a week afterward we received a reply that five offers had been made by cable by American publishers, but that as our offer was received first and was satisfactory, the book was ours.

We urge everybody who has confidence in the Boni & Liveright imprint to read "Men In War." Although the first edition of the book was not distributed until the second week of April, and although review copies were sent out only a couple of weeks ago, the book is now in its third edition and is creating more discussion than any book that has been published this year. Publications that received the book too late to print adequate reviews in the editions then going to press, felt it a work of such grest importance that they printed pictures of Latzko with such captions as "The author of 'Men In War,' that observer and critic who cannot be neglected in making our estimate of the war" (N. Y. *Evening Sun*). "This is a picture of Andreas Latzko, an Austrian officer, author of 'Men In War,' which has been described as as great a book as 'Under Fire'—review to appear shortly" (Chicago *Tribune*). "Now comes Andreas Latzko's "Men In War,' which lies unopened on my desk, but arrives recommended by an universal panegyric" (Detroit *News*). Such treatment would hardly be accorded the book unless it were recognized as one of vital significance, not only as a human document treating of the war, but as a work of literary art. As the New York *Sun* says, "It has all the flaming red realism that characterizes many of the personal narratives of the war, but it has in addition artistry and style that set it far above them. The author's imagery of description is vivid and individual, his metaphors apt and illuminating. Each of his characters is limned in such lifelike colors that we say they *are*. Inevitably it challenges comparison with 'Under Fire,' and not to its disadvantage. 'Men In War' deserves to live."

"Men In War" has not only provoked unusual discussion because it is a great war book and a great work of art, but because of the fearlessness of its author, because of its outspoken detestation of Prussian ruthlessness and autocracy. Even though now in Switzerland, Latzko's whereabouts can hardly be unknown to the military-mad Prussian officials, who, it is said, are making every effort to apprehend him. Christopher Morley, who said in his review of the book in the Boston *Transcript* headed "The Infamy of the Teutons," "'Men In War' is one of the big books of the war," added "If the Teutonic military authorities ever get hold of it, the author will go straight to a firing squad." The New York *Times* in reviewing the book says, "Bitterly, angrily, madly, Latzko attacks the Fatherland that fights not for defense but for conquest; the Fatherland whose simple folk are tricked and maimed and murdered by the cant and the greed of their rulers, the Fatherland whose war, let loose upon the world, this Austrian hates." The *Sun* wrote on April 28th, "This is no book for a Prussian and you may be sure that the volume will not be circulated in Germany." But we know that the book *has* been read in Germany, and that Latzko is wanted there.

It is impossible in the space available to indicate one-half of the criticism and comment that has appeared on this remarkable book, but we ask our readers whether the heading we have chosen for this advertisement seems extravagant on the evidence we have presented.

"Men In War" can be purchased wherever books are sold, for $1.50 per copy. If your dealer should be temporarily out of it, we will send it to you for $1.60 postpaid, and shall also be glad to send you our Spring catalog listing our miscellaneous publications and the fifty titles now included in the Modern Library.

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But this year the reductions are even more significant because the trend of prices for good pianos is upward instead of down. So, in urging you to take advantage of these remarkable money-saving values, we do so in the firm knowledge that it is the last chance you will have to pay less instead of more for a famous Hardman (the official Piano of the Metropolitan Opera House) in a long, long time.

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The Red Cross is binding up and healing the wounds of war—it is bringing relief to the most terrible misery and suffering the world has ever known.

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In barracks, in canteen, in trench, in hospital, and on shell-swept battlefields, the Red Cross is supplying surgical and medical aid, the material comforts of life, and a ready aid and sympathy that is a heartening message from home to American soldiers and sailors.

It is when the need is greatest, when the boys are thinking of home and mother, that the Red Cross acts.

It is doing these things alike for Americans—and for France, England, Italy, Serbia, Rumania and Belgium, for the people of these countries have been fighting our battles and have a need that is great.

If you could only *see* the needs which your money meets, the gratitude of those to whom it is a matter of life and death, you would give several times as much as you have intended to give.

If you could go to Europe you would understand why those who talk about it have fire in their eye and a tremor in their voice.

The Red Cross is the practical expression of humanity is this crisis of the world.

**Give till your heart says stop**

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## New Closing Hour For Want Advertisements

Owing to increased volume of Want Advertisements, those intended for the Sunday edition of The New York Times cannot be accepted if received in The Times Building after 4 P. M. Saturday. Those for the daily edition must be received before 8 o'clock on the evening previous to publication.

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It has been decided to extend it until
**Saturday, June 1**
inclusive.

**800 PICTURES**
**AND OTHER ART OBJECTS**
You may purchase at *Your Own Price* in
**"The Blind Auction"**
Bid in secret what you can afford for any object you desire. The highest offer wins.
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Which Goes Directly to Help Buy Eyes for Sightless Soldiers
Tea service furnished gratis by Delmonico's, Sherry's, Henri's, etc. Piano loaned by Steinway.

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and his assistants,
Mr. Otto Bernet and Mr. H. H. Parke.
American Art Association, Managers
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# END OF RATIONING FRANCE IN SIGHT

## Boret, Food Controller, Reports the Best Crop Outlook Since 1890.

## FIXING PRICES OF MEAT

### Municipalities to Combat Profiteering—Warning to Greedy Restaurant Keepers.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, May 21.—Victor Boret, the French Food Controller, delighted Paris this morning by announcing that the outlook had so greatly improved that the end of food restrictions was in sight. He said that the drastic measure instituting three meatless days a week had already produced such excellent results that it would be necessary to enforce it for only a short period, and no alternative system of meat cards would be required.

At the some time M. Boret said that if the harvest fulfilled present promises it would be possible to increase the existing bread ration of ten and a half ounces a day for each adult to something more substantial.

Equally good news is the Food Controller's statement that a new system of price restriction is to be enforced. Wholesale and retail dealers in foodstuff, since the institution of meatless days, have ruthlessly raised prices to an extent which the Minister has publicly denounced as scandalous. The price of fish, for instance, which is one of the few possible substitutes for meat, has risen enormously. Soles, which sold at wholesale at 6 francs a bundle on May 1, were quoted at 14 francs on May 15, the first meatless day. Eggs rose proportionately, while meat itself soared to figures out of all reason.

M. Boret has already made strong efforts to remedy the scandal by inducing the Paris City Council to open twelve municipal butcher shops, where meat is sold at a fixed price. This week-end the first consignment of eight tons of beef bought by M. Boret in the provinces was transported to Paris, slaughtered under his control, and distributed among the municipal shops and the working-class co-operative stores, and a certain number of ordinary butchers, who agreed to sell at prices fixed by the City Council. This system is to be extended until the meat so provided equals one-tenth of the daily consumption of Paris.

The Food Controller now announces a drastic extension of the methods of fighting the greed of food speculators. By Government decree the sale price of all meat will in future be fixed by the municipalities throughout France, or by the Prefects, if the former decline to act. The holding back of meat supplies by speculators, which has been practiced to a shocking extent in Paris in order to force prices up, will be met by a law requiring that all meat be placed on the market the day after its arrival from the slaughter houses, under penalty of requisition.

Restaurants whose prices have made eating almost impossible lately are also to be made to toe the mark by the establishment, if other means fail, of prices fixed by the State.

In order to compel cattle raisers to declare their stocks truthfully, forage cards are to be put in use, allowing only enough fodder for the number of head declared.

It is also announced that all condensed milk must be placed on sale within a year of the date of its manufacture. Holders will have four months in which to dispose of their existing stocks, which are known to be enormous.

PARIS, May 21.—Prospects for the coming harvest in France are better than in any year since 1890, Victor Boret, Food Minister, informed The Associated Press on his return today from a week-end tour in the country.

"Unless unforeseen situations arise between now and harvest time," he added, "actual restrictions on food consumption will not be increased. I may even say that we are approaching the end of the era of restriction, and that the restrictions at present in force gradually will be eliminated.

"But I want men for the harvest. If they can be found I can promise that I will diminish the importation of cereals and release important tonnage."

M. Boret presented to the Council of Ministers several measures tending to decrease the cost of living. These include the placing of a tax on cattle on the hoof, sheep and hogs, a census of French cattle, the reorganization of the La Villette slaughterhouses and the building of refrigerating warehouses there. The Minister said he intended to make "a small Chicago" out of the La Vilette stockyards.

## SHIPS AT 10,000 TONS DAILY.

### That Is the Rate of Delivery of Our Yards in May, Says Schwab.

DETROIT, May 22.—During May there has been delivered the equivalent of a 10,000-ton ship for every working day, said Charles M. Schwab in an address here today.

Mr. Schwab visited the plant of the Ford submarine chasers, and expressed surprise at the progress made there.

# MILLION MEN NOW READY TO EMBARK

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

doing in twelve months across the English Channel of less than thirty miles.

"When war was declared in April, 1917, the standing army of the United States consisted of 136,000 officers and men, many of whom were in the foreign service, and the National Guard consisted of 164,000 officers and men, many of whom were too old for active service and a large part of them physically unfit for the work for which they had volunteered.

"Our experts told us it would take two years to raise an army of 1,000,000 men and five years to train the commissioned personnel. It has now been about one year since the first legislation was passed authorizing the increase of our army for war purposes.

**Total Strength of Army.**

"The strength of our military forces is now as follows:

| | Officers. | Men. |
|---|---|---|
| Regular army | 10,295 | 504,677 |
| Reserve Corps | 79,035 | 78,560 |
| National Guard | 16,996 | 411,952 |
| National army | 33,894 | 510,963 |
| Special and technical duty | 8,195 | .... |
| Drafted in April | .... | 150,000 |
| Drafted in May | .... | 273,742 |
| Total | 148,323 | 1,929,894 |
| Grand total | | 2,078,222 |

"So we have today," continued Mr. Caldwell, "an army of more than 2,000,000, of which more than 500,000 have already been shipped to France, and 1,000,000 more have the necessary training to fit them for foreign service. They are now waiting for the ships to carry them over.

"Our critics now complain that we have not done more, yet we have done in one year twice as much as they thought we could do in two years."

Mr. Caldwell recalled to the attention of Congress statements by various allied commissions which, he said, had advised America to send materials, not men. He continued:

"Under the legislation that Congress passed in spite of the recommendations from the Allies, we have already raised more than 2,000,000 men and early in the year 1919 will have 3,000,000 in the army. We have now taken the 'lid off' so that President Wilson may have as great an army as necessity requires and our manpower permits. Notwithstanding the fact that the appropriation measure now pending is drawn with the view of supporting an army of only 3,000,000, I am confident that before many months, deficiency appropriations may be necessary. We will probably have 4,000,000 or 5,000,000 men before the end of the next fiscal year."

Mr. Caldwell's estimate of man-power in America was: Two million men now in the army; 2,000,000 more in Class 1 waiting to be called, and 1,000,000 additional in the class of men who have become 21 this year. Classes 2, 3, 4, and 5, he said, had 6,000,000 other men, and there were 3,000,000 boys between 18 and 21. He estimated, therefore, that if the war lasted until 1924, there would be 6,000,000 more men, all of Class 1. He said the total number of men of military age in 1924 would be 20,000,000, out of a total population of 125,000,000.

**Building of Cantonments.**

Mr. Caldwell said that the building of thirty-two cantonments, made necessary because there was not enough cloth in the world to shelter the army planned, used in ten weeks more human labor than went into the building of the Panama Canal. Clothing had been supplied, he said, by taking over carpet, ducking, and similar factories, so that "we have now an ample reserve of every kind of clothing for our soldiers."

"England," declared Mr. Caldwell, "trained her first million men in citizens' clothes and top hats, with walking sticks for guns, but notwithstanding our difficulties, our first million men were clothed in uniforms and were drilled in the manual of arms with a rifle."

The delay of the United States for experimenting so that it might get the best possible rifle was now vindicated, said Mr. Caldwell, for "production is now ample" and the rifle is of the highest quality.

"When General Joffre requested a small expeditionary force," he concluded, "the critics of the Administration demanded what they thought was impossible, that we ship to France in the first year 50,000 to 100,000 men.

"In the first ten days of May we shipped 90,000. Within a year after the first shipment America will have 1,000,000 of the best fed, best clothed, and best paid soldiers in France that the world have every known. It will have been trained under the modern conditions, surrounded by the best moral influences, with the lowest precentage of disease, and will be served by the highest motives that actuate men."

## GENERAL WEAVER RETIRES.

### Regret Expressed and He May Be Recalled to Active Service.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, May 22.—Major Gen. Erasmus M. Weaver, Chief of Coast Artillery, U. S. A., will be 64 tomorrow, and by law will be placed on the retired list for age. His duties as a member of the War Council will end with his retirement, but it was indicated in a high quarter today that he might be called for important active service as soon as he had taken a rest from the fatigue occasioned by the constant attention that he has given to public business before and since the entrance of the United States into the war.

Secretary Baker showed today that no officer stood higher in his estimation for ability and conscientious attention to duty that General Weaver. Mr. Baker spoke of the fact that General Weaver had entered the service of the United States as a cadet at the West Point Military Academy the year Mr. Baker was born, and has been constantly at work since then seeking to bring the army to a high state of efficiency. Deep regret was expressed by Mr. Baker that General Weaver would have to retire.

General Weaver was one of the officers of the regular establishment who began many years ago to devote themselves to the effort to perfect the army in methods of scientific warfare. He was an artilleryman and sought in every way to learn all the ins and outs of advanced artillery science. While at Fort Monroe as a Captain he developed mortar battery practice to such a point of perfection that he was able to have his mortars drop shells one after another in Hampton Roads within a charted space ten feet square at a distance of three miles. The great utility of howitzer or mortar warfare in the war in Europe has demonstrated how far-seeing were General Weaver and the other mortar battery experts of years ago.

## CHAS. W. FAIRBANKS BETTER

### Former Vice President Is Resting More Comfortably.

INDIANAPOLIS, May 22.—Physicians attending Charles W. Fairbanks, former Vice President, who is ill at his home here, stated tonight that there was a slight improvement in Mr. Fairbanks's condition during the afternoon and evening. He was resting more comfortably, and appeared stronger than this morning, they said, although his condition still is causing much anxiety.


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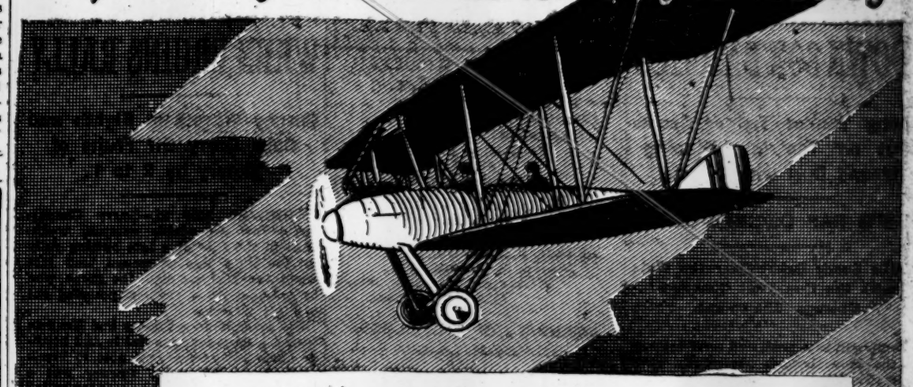

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# YANKEES EMERGE VICTORIOUS FROM A PROLONGED BATTLE WITH THE WHITE SOX

## THORMAHLEN MOWS DOWN SOX BATSMEN

### Young Yankee Twirler Comes Out on Top in 14-Inning Mound Duel with Cicotte.

### PIPP'S RAP DECIDES ISSUE

### Wallie Sends Baker Over the Plate with the Run That Conquers Chicago Champions.

Youth will be served, and served it was at the Polo Grounds yesterday, when Lefty Thormahlen of the Yanks pulled through a winner in a sharp, seething flinging duel with Eddie Cicotte of the White Sox. For fourteen innings the youngster of the Huggins staff had to show his grit and gameness to hold his own against the cunning and generalship of the famous knuckle-ball veteran of the world's champions.

Wallie Pipp brought the altercation to a close with a vicious rap to centre in the last of the fourteenth, which hustled Frank Baker over the platter with the jubilant unit which gave the Yanks victory by a 1-to-0 count. The long-delayed triumph put the Yanks back into second place.

Thormahlen had the tougher job, for the Sox maulers hit him more often than the Yanks could solve Cicotte. There were three errors behind the Yank southpaw, but he overcame these obstacles with a masterly exhibition of mound skill. Time and again he was in a hole, but his courage never faltered, and he turned the best of the Sox hitters back to the bench with a clever pitching display, which marks him as one of the season's finds.

It was Clark Griffith Bat and Ball Day at the park, but the threatening weather kept the crowd down, and President Ruppert will have another benefit for the soldiers' fund when the Yanks return after the coming Western trip. There were large detachments of doughboys and jackies there yesterday from Governors Island, Fort Hamilton, Pelham Bay, Fort Slocum, Fort Wadsworth, Camp Merritt, and Camp Mills, and after the game they were all presented with baseball outfits, which included bats, balls, gloves, mitts, chest protectors and masks. The soldiers had two brass bands along, and they made things lively during the long, tense diamond struggle.

**Peck on the Jump Throughout.**

In spite of three errors in Thormahlen's support he received glittering assistance in the field, especially from Roger Peckinpaugh and Frank Gilhooley. Peck swept his territory clean of numerous White Sox drives which were ticketed hits, and in the twelfth, when Buck Weaver threatened to break up the game with a home-run drive to deep right, Gilhooley scampered back on the soft, muddy turf, pulled down a tremendous drive, and then rolled over in a somersault, but clutched the ball for dear life.

Thormahlen did some truly wonderful pitching in the tenth and fourteenth innings, when it appeared as if the world's champions were sure to smash his praiseworthy performance. In the tenth, with two out and Weaver on third, Thormahlen walked Shano Collins intentionally and waited to take a chance at Schalk. The little Sox catcher tried hard to knock the ball out of the lot, but Thormahlen struck him out and the soldiers set up a din which lasted several minutes.

The fourteenth inning was a terrific strain on weak hearts. Liebold, the first Sox up, was safe when his easy grounder breezed through Pipp at first. McMullin sacrificed Nemo to second, and a sharp safe crack to left by Eddie Collins sent the runner to third. Hap Felsch, a dangerous batsman, was up, and Thormahlen walked him and jammed the bases. The Yanks' youthful southpaw then turned on the steam and the best that Buck Weaver could do was to slap a grounder at Baker, who fired the ball home to Hannah and forced Liebold at the plate.

Here was still plenty of danger in the Sox layout with Gandil at the bat. The crowd turned loose a sigh of great relief when Gandil hoisted a high fly to Miller in centre.

**Cicotte Has Yanks in Hand.**

Up to the fourteenth inning Cicotte held the Yanks in almost complete submission. For thirteen innings he gave them only four hits, only two of these by Baker and Miller being clean drives. The knuckle ball, the shine ball, and all the other tricks in Cicotte's kit were brought into perfect execution. Pipp twice reached third base, once in the second and again in the tenth, but none of the other Yanks got beyond first.

Miller got as far as second in the thirteenth, but he went to seed there. The last of the fourteenth saw the crowd pulling hard for the courageous young Yank portsider, and when he pulled out of the deep excavation after the bases had been loaded with White Sox twice there wasn't a fan inside the park who didn't want to see him win.

Peck was the first Yank up in the last of the fourteenth, and he died at first. Baker then beat out a hit to deep short, even after Weaver had made a marvelous stop. Pratt shot a single to centre and put Baker on second. Cicotte was weakening and the crowd was yelling like mad for the tense, uncertain struggle to end. Pipp, who had not been able to land solidly on Cicotte's curves, pounded a single to centre, and Baker romped home with the victory.

The score:

| NEW YORK, (A.) | AB | R | H | PO | A |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Gilhooley,rf | 6 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 1 |
| Peck'p'gh,ss | 6 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 7 |
| Baker,3b | 6 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 5 |
| Pratt,2b | 6 | 0 | 1 | 5 | 3 |
| Pipp,1b | 5 | 0 | 2 | 16 | 1 |
| Bodie,lf | 3 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 1 |
| High,lf | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Miller,cf | 5 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 0 |
| Hannah,c | 3 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 1 |
| Thorm'len,p | 4 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 4 |
| Total | 46 | 1 | 7 | 42 | 23 |

| CHICAGO, (A.) | AB | R | H | PO | A |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Liebold,lf | 6 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| McMullin,3b | 5 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 4 |
| E.Collins,2b | 6 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| Felsch,cf | 5 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 |
| Weaver,ss | 6 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 9 |
| Gandil,1b | 6 | 0 | 2 | 13 | 0 |
| J.Collins,rf | 4 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Schalk,c | 5 | 0 | 1 | 9 | 0 |
| Cicotte,p | 5 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| Total | 48 | 0 | 10 | 40 | 20 |

*One out when winning run was scored.
Errors—Gilhooley, Baker, Pipp, Cicotte.

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| New York | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | —1 |
| Chicago | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | —0 |

Two-base hits—J. Collins and Weaver. Stolen base—Hannah. Sacrifice hits—Thormahlen, McMullin. Double plays—Bodie and Pipp; Thormahlen, Pratt, and Pipp; Baker, Pratt, and Pipp. Left on bases—New York, 9; Chicago, 9. First base on errors—Chicago, 2. Bases on balls—Off Thormahlen, 2; Cicotte, 3. Struck out—By Cicotte, 7; Thormahlen, 3.

**Southern Association.**

Chattanooga, 5; Birmingham, 3.
Mobile, 4; Memphis, 1.
Nashville, 10; Atlanta, 5.
New Orleans at Little Rock. (Postponed.)


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## BASEBALL

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York, 1, Chicago, 0. (Fourteen innings.)
St. Louis, 4; Washington, 2.
Detroit, 3; Philadelphia, 1.
Cleveland at Boston. (Postponed, wet grounds.)

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York at St. Louis. (Postponed, rain.)
Chicago, 2; Brooklyn, 1.
Boston, 3; Cincinnati, 2.
Pittsburgh, 6; Philadelphia, 5. (Twelve innings.)

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

| | Won. | Lost. | P.C. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Boston | 19 | 11 | .633 |
| New York | 16 | 13 | .552 |
| Chicago | 14 | 12 | .538 |
| Cleveland | 16 | 14 | .533 |
| St. Louis | 14 | 13 | .519 |
| Washington | 13 | 17 | .433 |
| Philadelphia | 12 | 16 | .429 |
| Detroit | 8 | 16 | .333 |

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

| | Won. | Lost. | P.C. |
|---|---|---|---|
| New York | 22 | 7 | .759 |
| Chicago | 18 | 11 | .621 |
| Cincinnati | 18 | 14 | .563 |
| Pittsburgh | 16 | 12 | .556 |
| Philadelphia | 11 | 16 | .407 |
| Brooklyn | 11 | 17 | .393 |
| Boston | 11 | 19 | .367 |
| St. Louis | 9 | 19 | .321 |

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Chicago at New York. (Game starts at 3:45.)
Detroit at Philadelphia.
Cleveland at Boston.
St. Louis at Washington.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York at St. Louis.
Brooklyn at Chicago.
Philadelphia at Pittsburgh.
Boston at Cincinnati.

## MACKS TOSS BALL WILDLY.

### Tigers Benefit by Hectic Throws and Win by 3 to 1.

PHILADELPHIA, May 22. — Poor throwing accounted for all of Detroit's runs today and Boland's sturdy pitching made it a 3 to 1 victory over Philadelphia. Walker drove the first ball pitched by Boland in the seventh into the left field bleachers for his fifth home run of the season.

The score:

| DETROIT, (A.) | AB | R | H | PO | A |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Bush,ss | 5 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| Vitt,3b | 4 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 |
| Cobb,cf | 3 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Veach,lf | 4 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 0 |
| Heilman,rf | 4 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 0 |
| Dresser,1b | 4 | 0 | 2 | 9 | 0 |
| Young,2b | 3 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 |
| Stanage,c | 4 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 1 |
| Boland,p | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 |
| Total | 34 | 3 | 8 | 27 | 10 |

| PHILADELPHIA, (A.) | AB | R | H | PO | A |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Jamieson,rf | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Kopp,lf | 4 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 0 |
| Walker,cf | 3 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Burns,1b | 4 | 0 | 1 | 9 | 0 |
| Gardner,3b | 4 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 3 |
| Shannon,ss | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 5 |
| Dugan,2b | 3 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 4 |
| Perkins,c | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 |
| Perry,p | *2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 |
| aDavidson | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Myers,p | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Total | 29 | 1 | 3 | 27 | 19 |

a Batted for Perry in eighth.
Errors—Shannon, Dugan.

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Detroit | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | —3 |
| Philadelphia | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0—1 |

Home run—Walker. Sacrifice hit—Young. Left on bases—Detroit, 7; Philadelphia, 4. First base on error—Detroit. Bases on balls—Off Boland, 3; Perry, 2. Hits—Off Perry, 7 in 8 innings; Myers, 1 in 1. Struck out—By Boland, 5; Perry, 1. Losing pitcher—Perry.

## BROWNS GET THIRD IN ROW.

### Sothoron Stern in Pinches and Senators Are Beaten, 4 to 2.

WASHINGTON, May 22.—St. Louis made it three straight over Washington by winning today 4 to 2. Sothoron pitched strongly in pinches and received sensational support from Gedeon, who accepted fifteen chances at second base.

The score:

| ST. LOUIS, (A.) | AB | R | H | PO | A |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Tobin,cf | 4 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 1 |
| Austin,3b | 4 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Sisler,1b | 4 | 0 | 1 | 15 | 0 |
| Gedeon,2b | 3 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 11 |
| Hendricks,rf | 4 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Smith,lf | 3 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| N'maker,c | 4 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| Gerber,ss | 4 | 0 | 2 | 4 | 2 |
| Sothoron,p | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Total | 31 | 4 | 8 | 27 | 17 |

| WASHINGTON, (A.) | AB | R | H | PO | A |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Judge,1b | 5 | 0 | 1 | 10 | 0 |
| Foster,3b | 5 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 3 |
| Milan,cf | 5 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 0 |
| Shotton,rf | 5 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 |
| Shanks,lf | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Morgan,2b | 2 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 1 |
| Lavan,ss | 4 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 2 |
| Ainsmith,c | 3 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 2 |
| aSchulte | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Yingling,p | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 3 |
| Total | 34 | 2 | 9 | 27 | 11 |

a Batted for Ainsmith in ninth.
Errors—Sothoron, Lavan.

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| St. Louis | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | —4 |
| Washington | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | —2 |

Two-base hit—Nunamaker. Sisler. Stolen bases—Gedeon, Morgan. Sacrifice hits—Austin, (2,) Shanks, Sothoron. Double play—Shotton and Lavan. Left on bases—St. Louis, 5; Washington, 11. First base on errors—St. Louis, 1; Washington, 1. Bases on balls—Off Sothoron, 5; Yingling, 1. Hit by pitcher—By Yingling, (Gedeon.) Struck out—By Yingling, 4.

### Title for Evander Childs Nine.

Evander Childs High School's baseball team won the Public Schools Athletic League championship for the boroughs of Manhattan and Bronx yesterday by trouncing the De Witt Clinto High School team in convincing fashion at Dyckman Oval by the score of 4 to 0. This triumph gave the Evander Childs team its tenth consecutive victory of the season.

### Michigan Defeats Ohio State.

ANN ARBOR, Mich., May 22.—A single by Garrett in the ninth with a man on base gave Michigan a 3 to 2 victory over Ohio State and enabled the Wolverines to maintain their lead in the conference series.

### Navy Nine Is Defeated.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., May 22.—The Navy baseball team was defeated by the Catholic University of Washington this afternoon, 7 to 5.

## SUPERBAS SUCCUMB WHEN BRUINS RALLY

### Cheney Wavers in Eighth and Cubs Carry Off Fruits of Victory by 2 to 1.

CHICAGO, May 22.—Larry Cheney, Brooklyn's dependable veteran, weakened in the face of a late batting rally by the Cubs this afternoon, and just when the Dodgers had the game won by a 1-to-0 score, Chicago pounded out a 2-to-1 victory.

For seven innings Cheney and Hendrix waged a close pitching battle and neither array of batters were able to break through to the plate. Cheney was a bit wild at times, but his support pulled him through. He hit two of the Cubs' batsmen and uncorked a wild pitch.

Brooklyn broke through Hendrix in the first of the eighth. Cheney singled to left and Olson's drive bounced off Hendrix's bare hand, but Chuck Deal recovered the ball in time to get it to Kilduff and force Cheney. O'Mara lifted a high foul to O'Farrell. Daubert smashed a single to right and when the ball got away from Eddie Flack, Olson crossed the plate and Daubert pulled up at third.

Hendrix walked Zach Wheat intentionally and then Zach stole second. Hi Myers had a great chance to distinguish himself, but ended the Brooklyn activity by lifting a fly to Flack.

The Cubs brought on their rally in their half of the same inning. Flack singled to right and Hollocher sacrificed him to second. After Mann flied to Johnston, Kilduff singled back of first and Flack scored with the tying run. Paskert walked and Deal poked a single to centre, sending Kilduff home with the winning tally.

The score:

| CHICAGO, (N.) | AB | R | H | PO | A |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Flack,rf | 4 | 1 | 1 | 5 | 0 |
| Hollocher,ss | 3 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 1 |
| Mann,lf | 4 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Merkle,1b | 1 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 0 |
| Kilduff,2b | 2 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 0 |
| Paskert,cf | 2 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 1 |
| Deal,3b | 3 | 0 | 3 | 1 | 2 |
| Zelder,2b,1b | 4 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 2 |
| O'Farrell,c | 3 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 1 |
| Hendrix,p | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 |
| Total | 29 | 2 | 9 | 27 | 12 |

| BROOKLYN, (N.) | AB | R | H | PO | A |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Olson,ss | 4 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 3 |
| O'Mara,3b | 4 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| Daubert,1b | 3 | 0 | 1 | 16 | 0 |
| Z. Wheat,lf | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Myers,cf | 4 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 |
| Johnston,rf | 4 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 1 |
| Doolan,2b | 4 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 1 |
| Krueger,c | 3 | 0 | 2 | 7 | 3 |
| Cheney,p | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 3 |
| Total | 34 | 1 | 9 | 24 | 11 |

Error—Flack.

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Chicago | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | —2 |
| Brooklyn | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0—1 |

Two-base hits—Krueger, O'Farrell. Stolen bases—Z. Wheat, Kilduff. Sacrifice hit—Hollocher. Left on bases—Chicago, 8; Brooklyn, 7. Bases on balls—Off Cheney, 2; Hendrix, 1. Hits—Off Cheney, 9 in 8 innings; Hendrix, 9 in 9 innings. Hit by pitcher—By Cheney, (Merkle, Deal.) Struck out—By Cheney, 2; Hendrix, 1. Wild pitch—Cheney.

## BRAVES GET REDS' SCALP.

### Schneider's Wildness Sends Matty's Men to Defeat by 3 to 2.

CINCINNATI, May 22.—The Boston club halted Cincinnati today owing to the wildness of Schneider. The locals obtained twelve hits off Fillingim, but scored only two runs, while the Braves got three on ten blows.

The score:

| BOSTON, (N.) | AB | R | H | PO | A |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Rawlings,ss | 3 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 2 |
| Herzog,2b | 2 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 |
| Powell,cf | 4 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 0 |
| Wickland,rf | 4 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 0 |
| J.Smith,3b | 4 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 4 |
| Konetchy,1b | 4 | 0 | 2 | 8 | 0 |
| Kelly,lf | 4 | 1 | 2 | 4 | 1 |
| Henry,c | 3 | 0 | 2 | 4 | 2 |
| Fillingim,p | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| Total | 30 | 3 | 10 | 27 | 16 |

| CINCINNATI, (N.) | AB | R | H | PO | A |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Groh,3b | 4 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 2 |
| Roush,2b | 4 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 2 |
| Rousch,cf | 4 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| S.Magee,1b | 4 | 0 | 2 | 12 | 0 |
| Griffith,rf | 4 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| Neale,lf | 4 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| Rich'ds'ne,ss | 4 | 0 | 1 | 5 | 2 |
| Wingo,c | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 5 |
| Schneider,p | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| G.Smith,p | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Chase | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Regan,p | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| bBressler | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | 35 | 2 | 12 | 27 | 15 |

a Batted for G. Smith in seventh.
b Batted for Regan in ninth.
Errors—Kelly, Wingo.

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Boston | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0—3 |
| Cincinnati | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | —2 |

Three-base hit—Powell. Stolen base—Kelly. Sacrifice hit—Herzog. Double plays—Blackburne, L. Magee, and S. Magee; Wingo and Groh; Herzog, Rawlings, and Konetchy; J. Smith, Herzog, and Konetchy. Left on bases—Boston, 6; Cincinnati, 9. First base on error—Cincinnati, 1. Base on balls—Off Schneider, 5; Fillingim, 2. Hits—Off Schneider, 7 in 6 1-3; G. Smith, 0 in 2-3; Regan, 3 in 2. Hit by picher—By Fillingim, 1. Struck out—By Schneider, 2; G. Smith, 1. Wild pitch—Schneider. Losing pitcher—Schneider.

## EASTERN LEAGUE OPENING.

### Two New Cities Represented in Reorganized Circuit.

The reorganized Eastern League opened its baseball season yesterday. Providence and Waterbury have been added to the list of clubs this year in place of Portland and Lawrence, and this tends to make a more compact circuit. Until this season Providence was in the International League circuit.

The results of yesterday's games were as follows:

Springfield, 5; Waterbury, 3.
Bridgeport, 6; New Haven, 2.
New London, 4; Hartford, 3.
Worcester, 4; Providence, 2.

### Pelham Naval Nine Is Victor.

Pelham Bay Naval Training Station's sailor team engaged the Headquarter's nine in a baseball battle yesterday on the Pelham Bay diamond, and the former team came off victorious by the score of 11 to 7.

**International League.**

Syracuse 11; Jersey City, 2.
Binghamton, 6; Buffalo, 4.
Toronto, 3; Baltimore, 1.
Toronto, 2; Baltimore, 1.

**Baseball Today,** 3:45 P. M. N. Y. Yankees vs. Chicago. Polo Grounds. Adm. 50c.—Advt.


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## FORDHAM'S HITS ARE FUTILE

### Maroon Gets Nine Blows, but Fort Slocum Wins with Only One.

Although Bill Finn, the Fordham twirler, allowed only one hit, the Maroon collegians were defeated by the Fort Slocum nine on Fordham Field yesterday by a score of 1 to 0. Ray Fisher, the ex-Yankee pitcher who topped the mound for the soldiers, was nicked for nine hits, four of which came in the ninth inning, and still Fordham failed to score. In this frame Coletti and Lefevre were nipped at the plate, while two other Fordham players were similarly caught in previous innings. Finn fanned twelve batters.

In the first inning Sturquel reached first when Halligan, who supplanted Scanlon as catcher, dropped a third strike. Sturquel stole second, went to third on a passed ball and scored on a squeeze play, with Charles supplying the bunt.

The score:

| FORT SLOCUM. | AB | R | H | PO | A |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Sturquel,3b | 4 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Fischer,p | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| Charles,2b | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| O'Day,ss | 4 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 3 |
| Flynn,rf | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Medvis,1b | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 |
| Kimball,lf | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Atkinson,cf | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Eaker,c | 3 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 2 |
| Total | 28 | 1 | 1 | 27 | 13 |

| FORDHAM. | AB | R | H | PO | A |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Halligan,1b | 4 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 0 |
| Shankey,rf | 3 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 0 |
| Lucey,2b | 4 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| Coletti,lf | 3 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 0 |
| Lefevre,3b | 4 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 3 |
| Abbott,cf | 4 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| Dwyer, ss | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Galligan,c | 3 | 0 | 1 | 12 | 0 |
| Finn,p | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| aHalloran | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | 32 | 0 | 9 | 27 | 6 |

a Ran for Gilligan in the ninth.

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Fort Slocum | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | —1 |
| Fordham | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | —0 |

Errors—Galligan, Fischer.
Two-base hit—Lucey. Sacrifice hit—Charles. Stolen bases—Sturquel, Charles. First base on errors—Fordham, 1; Fort Slocum, 2. Double plays—Fischer, Medvis and Baker. Struck out—By Finn, 12; Fischer, 7. Bases on balls—Off Finn, 1. Hit by pitchers—By Fischer (Dwyer), Finn (Charles.) Passed balls—Galligan; Baker, (2.) Umpire—Mr. Edwards. Time of game—One hour fifty minutes.

## N. Y. U. HUMBLES WESLEYAN

### Heavy Hitting Toward Close of Game Gives 7 to 2 Victory.

*Special to The New York Times.*

MIDDLETOWN, Conn., May 22.—The Wesleyan baseball team had a disastrous three innings toward the close of the game with New York University here this afternoon, and the visitors batted out a victory by a score of 7 to 2. Hall and Sano were sent into the box by Wesleyan to save the game, but were ineffective.

The Wesleyan batters were helpless before Sulzer, the visiting twirler, who allowed only five hits and fanned nine men. Curtis's home run was the one bright spot in the Wesleyan batting department.

The score by innings:

| | R. | H. | E. |
|---|---|---|---|
| N. Y. University | 0 0 0 2 0 0 2 2 1—7 | 13 | 1 |
| Wesleyan | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—2 | 5 | 3 |

Batteries—Sulzer and Covello and Woodruff; Hall, Sano, and Boote.

## PIRATES NOSE OUT PHILS.

### Cooper Drives Across Winning Run in Twelfth Inning.

PITTSBURGH, May 22. — Pittsburgh and Philadelphia played a twelve-inning game here today, which the Pirates won, 6 to 5. Jacobs, who went to the mound for Pittsburgh in the opening inning, was relieved by Harmon in the second, but not until the visitors had tallied four times. The first two batters in the tenth inning touched Harmon for clean hits, and he was removed, giving way to Cooper, who retired the side scoreless.

In the twelfth inning Cooper came to bat with McKechnie on second and hit safe to left field, scoring the former and winning the game.

The score:

| PITTSBURGH, (N.) | AB | R | H | PO | A |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Bigbee,lf | 6 | 0 | 3 | 1 | 0 |
| Molwitz,1b | 6 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 0 |
| Carey,cf | 5 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 0 |
| H'chman,rf | 6 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 0 |
| Cutshaw,2b | 6 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 4 |
| Caton,ss | 6 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 4 |
| M'K'nie,3b | 5 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 1 |
| Schmidt,c | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| aKing | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Blackw'l,c | 2 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 0 |
| Archer,c | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Jacobs,p | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Harmon,p | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| Cooper,p | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| Total | 49 | 6 | 14 | 36 | 14 |

| PHILADELPHIA, (N.) | AB | R | H | PO | A |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| F'gerald,rf | 5 | 2 | 1 | 6 | 0 |
| Bancroft,ss | 4 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| Stock,3b | 5 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 3 |
| Luderus,1b | 5 | 0 | 2 | 8 | 0 |
| Cravath,lf | 5 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Meusel,cf | 5 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| M'Gaff'n,2b | 6 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 4 |
| Adams,c | 4 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 |
| Oeschger,p | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 7 |
| Total | 41 | 5 | 9 | *34 | 15 |

*One out when winning run was scored.
a Ran for Blackwell in tenth.
Errors—Bancroft, (3,) Bigbee.

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Pittsburgh | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | —6 |
| Philadelphia | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | —5 |

Two-base hits—Meusel, Cutshaw. Stolen bases—Fitzgerald, Bigbee, Cutshaw. Sacrifice hits—Bancroft, Stock, Adams, Archer. Double plays—Caton and Cutshaw; Archer and Cutshaw; Cutshaw and Molwitz. Left on bases—Philadelphia, 9; Pittsburgh, 14. First base on errors—Philadelphia, 1; Pittsburgh, 2. Bases on balls—Off Oeschger, 4; Jacobs, 5; Cooper, 1. Hits—Off Oeschger, 14 in 11 1-3 innings; Jacobs, 2 in 1 2-3; Harmon, 6 in 7 1-3, (none out in tenth;) Cooper, 1 in 3. Struck out—By Oeschger, 2; Harmon, 2. Wild pitch—Oeschger. Winning pitcher—Cooper. Losing pitcher—Oeschger.

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Columbus, 2; St. Paul, 1.
Minneapolis, 9; Toledo, 2.
Indianapolis at Kansas City. (Postponed; rain.)


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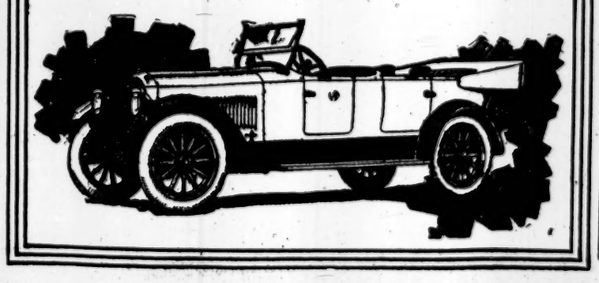


## ETRUSCAN GALLOPS AWAY FROM FIELD

### Startling Reversal of Form by Vivell's Entry Causes Investigation by Stewards.

E. G. Vivell's Etruscan came to life yesterday and won the Newtown Selling Stakes at six furlongs, which was the feature of the racing card at Jamaica. The victory of the son of Burgomaster entailed such a startling reversal of form that the stewards acted promptly and decided to refuse the entries of owner Vivell, pending further investigation.

The unexpected success of Etruscan was only one incident in a day of disaster for the players. Not a favorite won during the afternoon; even in a two-horse race the public finally settled on J. E. Widener's Trompe La Mort as the choice, only to have John Sanford's Achilles lead him to the finish.

Etruscan's record during the last few days was sufficient to cause him to be overlooked in the speculation, so that he started at odds of 30 to 1, with the Quincy Stable's Compadre the favorite. On Saturday Etruscan and Compadre both competed in a three-horse race. The former was well played by the public, but at no stage of the race did he display any of the speed for which he is noted, and Compadre won in a gallop by six lengths. Further evidence of the unfitness of Etruscan came Monday, when he was brought out again for the Clarendon Handicap and, with odds of 20 to 1 against him, finished next to last in a field of eight.

He was a different animal yesterday, and leaped to the front shortly after the rise of the barrier to set a pace that soon had the others dizzy behind him. Walk on Compadre, did his best to follow in the flying footsteps of Etruscan, but was forced to give way in the stretch. L. Feustel's He Will, the second choice, began to loom up then, but never had a chance to catch the winner, which sailed across the line well in hand and a length and a half to the good. The investigation by the stewards followed, and so far as could be learned the only explanation given for the form somersault was the slight change in track conditions.

Turf and Rio formed the Butler entry in the sixth race, but both were unplaced. F. Ambrose Clark, whose colors are generally seen in steeplechases, supplied the winner in the imported Shanballymore.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE.—For two-year-olds; selling; by subscription of $5, with $600 added; five furlongs. Time—1:02.

Aunt Dinah, F. Housman's b. f., 109 pounds, by Uncle-Crazyquilt, 18 to 5, 6 to 5, 3 to 5, (L. Lyke) ..... 1½
Penrose, Triple Spring Farm's b. f., 94, by Sweep-Hanrose, 1 to 2 and out, (H. Erickson) ..... 2½
Sylvano, T. F. Thorne's b. c., 108, by Magellan-La Source, 8 to 5 third, (J. Don) ..... 3½
Dottie Vanderveer, Iron Boy, Prince Direct, and Freckles also ran.
Sherman A., Littlecote, Harry M. Stevens, Nan Knoehr, and Mine Sweeper scratched.

SECOND RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; selling; purse $600; six furlongs. Time—1:15 1-5.

Golding, Mrs. C. W. Starr's b. f., 3 years, 95 pounds, by Flint Rock-Golden View, 7 to 1, 2 to 1, and even, (S. McGraw) ..... 1½
Woodthrush, R. T. Wilson, Jr.'s, b. g., 5, 105, by Olamhala-L'Alouette, 9 to 10 and 2 to 5, (J. McTaggart) ..... 2½
Elderken, James Murphy's ch. c., 3, 100, by Burgomaster-Lady Charcot, even money third, (C. Hansen) ..... 3½
Surprising, Julia L., Kilts, Tolerance, and Resistible also ran. Wonderland, Harry Burgoyne, Whippoorwill, and June Bug scratched.

THIRD RACE.—The Atlantic Handicap, for three-year-olds and upward, by subscription of $10, with $700 added; one mile and a sixteenth. Time—1:48.

Damrosch, Com. J. K. L. Ross's br. h., 6 years, 118 pounds, by Rock Sand-Dissembler, 11 to 5, 7 to 10, and out,

# FINE TUNES LULL 'ROCK-A-BYE BABY'

## But Lively Farce "Baby Mine" Does Not Give Readily to Musical Treatment.

### SOME HILARIOUS MOMENTS

### Jerome Kern's Score May Carry Piece Through the Summer—Edna Hibbard in Leading Role.

ROCK-A-BYE BABY, a musical comedy in three acts, based on "Baby Mine," by Margaret Mayo, book by Edgar Allan Woolf, lyrics by Herbert Reynolds, music by Jerome Kern. At the Astor.

| | |
|---|---|
| Pasquale | Arthur Lipson |
| Waiters | Phil Stanton, Bert Pulloney |
| Archie Drummond | Carl Hyson |
| Monte Laidlow | Alan Hale |
| George Westbury | Eddie Meyers |
| Mme. Tentelnigri | Edna Munsey |
| Signor Gttolostini | John Ardizoni |
| Bell Boy | S. Sydney Chou |
| Alfred Hardy | Frank Morgan |
| Zoie Hardy | Edna Hibbard |
| Jimmy Jinks | Walter Jones |
| Chauffeur | Frank Derr |
| Aggie Jinks | Louise Dresser |
| Dorothy Dickson | Dorothy Dickson |
| Maid | Claire Nagle |
| Weenie | Mae Carmen |
| Finnegan | Gus Baci |
| Weenie's Father | H. Nelson Dickson |
| The Kiddies | Ruth Chilton, Claire Hiller |

The musical comedy makers, in pursuance of their drive to convert all the forces of yesterday into musical shows, reached Margaret Mayo's "Baby Mine" at the Astor Theatre last night. "Rock-a-Bye Baby," as the musicalized version is called, has one of the best scores which Jerome Kern has written for a season or more, a dozen good looking and well dressed girls, two handsome sets of scenery, no singing to speak of, and several hilarious moments inherited from Miss Mayo's farce. It is hopefully put forward by the management as a Summer show, and, as its weaknesses are no greater than those of the average musical piece, it appears reasonably certain to be one.

Strangely enough, the principal weakness of "Rock-a-Bye Baby" is that its adapters selected too good a farce to work upon. Miss Mayo's story does not surrender itself readily to musical treatment; it persists in showing signs of life just when the librettist is congratulating himself that he has clubbed it to death. It has movement, it is closely knit, and it is too good a tale to stand idly by while the principals and the friends of the principals sing pleasant little melodies which have nothing to do with the case.

At the climax of the farcical situation, for example, it becomes necessary for the story to be left dangling while the heroine sits up in bed to assist in the singing of a song entitled "There's No Better Use for Time Than Kissing." The number, furthermore, is sung with two rank outsiders, persons totally unconnected with the plot, who just happened to enter the lady's boudoir. At that, one of them is a man, and almost a stranger. It is true that musical comedy lays no claim to relevance as one of its charms, but in the case of so hardy a farce as "Baby Mine" these matters should be better arranged. There were half a dozen other spots, equally inappropriate, where the story was halted and musical numbers forcibly inserted.

Had they been any one's musical numbers but Mr. Kern's the result probably would have been disastrous, as it was, it was merely unfortunate. There are four or five high spots in the Kern score—his best, undoubtedly, since "Oh, Boy!" The kissing number is one of them, and, "According to Dr. Holt," is another one, and "My Own Light Infantry," a charming nursery number, is still another. For that matter, there was not one tune in the fifteen which it was not good to hear.

There is a Summer breeziness and a good taste about the production which promises to do considerable for it. Its cast is capable, but not distinguished. The rôle of Zoie, which was Marguerite Clark's when the piece was a straight farce, is handled by Edna Hibbard. Miss Hibbard is an agreeable enough ingenue of the Marguerite Clark-Madge Kennedy type, who looks cute, sings a little, but not much, and does nothing which is really wrong.

Dorothy Dickson and her shoulders caught the fancy of last night's audience. In addition to dancing, for which she is already noted here, Miss Dickson played a small part and acquitted herself nobly. Louise Dresser, as blondily pretty as ever, sang three or four numbers and generally abetted the job of baby snatching, and Walter Jones, in his old rôle of the cradle robber, supplied most of the humor. The husband was played by Frank Morgan, hitherto of the movies.

The second act is good looking enough to be one of Mr. Urban's, and the third, which shows a nursery, is also attractive.

## NO SWEETS AND BE SLENDER

### Philadelphia Food Chief's Advice to Those Who Would Have "War Figure."

PHILADELPHIA, May 22.—The ideal "food administration figure" has been defined in a statement issued by Jay Cooke, 3d, local Food Administrator.

"Eat less candy this Summer," says Mr. Cooke in his heart-to-heart talk with women. "The less sugar you eat, the more slender and graceful you will become. Besides, you are conserving food elements for our allies and fighting the Hun while you stay at home.

"There are hundreds of thousands of children and young people, of both sexes in Philadelphia who can display their patriotism only by acts of self-denial. I suggest to these young people that they display their patriotism by cutting down their allowance of candy, chocolate sundaes, bon-bons, and the various luxuries manufactured almost entirely from sugar."

The new sugar rulings, according to Mr. Cooke, have been designed solely to give the housewife and the canner the opportunity to put up a large quantity of fruits this Summer.

"The fact is," said Mr. Cooke, "that the sugar situation is not at all encouraging, and I anticipate that some stringent rules may be promulgated after the canning season is over."

## MAY BUILD BIG SHIPYARD.

### Greenpoint Waterfront Property Is Sold for $950,000.

A big real estate transfer, said to be a preliminary to an important waterfront development in the Greenpoint district of Brooklyn, was recorded yesterday in the Register's office in that borough. The transaction was between the trustees of the estate of Lowell M. Palmer and the Greenpoint Improvement Company, a recently formed corporation. The estate has conveyed to the company holdings in Commercial, Dupont, and other streets, at the entrance to Newtown Creek, having an area of about 800,000 square feet. The property has a water frontage of more than 1,700 feet. No price was mentioned in the deed, but the war tax on the document indicated that the property was sold for $950,000.

There was a report yesterday afternoon that the new owners of the land planned to build a big shipyard there, involving an outlay of several million dollars. John K. Byard of 120 Broadway, Manhattan, an official of the Greenpoint Improvement Company, said last evening, however, that the corporation had not as yet formed definite plans for the development of the property. He would not say what character the improvement would probably take.

## KNEWITZ APPOINTS AIDS.

### Bronx Commissioner of Records Names James O'Brien as Deputy.

Commissioner of Records John Knewitz of Bronx County yesterday announced the appointment of James F. O'Brien of 3,106 Park Avenue Deputy Commissioner of Records for the Bronx at an annual salary of $3,000. He is a Democrat. James Brady of 1,356 University Avenue was appointed Chief Clerk, at $1,800 a year. He is an independent Democrat, and was Deputy Commissioner of Water Supply, Gas and Electricity in the Bronx under the Mitchel Administration.

Albert W. Rettinger, a real estate dealer living at Barnes Avenue and 200th Street, the Bronx, was appointed Superintendent of Records at $1,800 a year. He is a Republican. Henry Baker of 210 Franklin Avenue and Nicholas Curl of 174 East 205th Street were appointed clerks in the office of the Commissioner of Records.

Commissioner Knewitz pointed out that he made the appointments on the advice of the Attorney General and the Corporation Counsel.

## SULTAN HONORS CHARLES.

### Predicts Central Powers' Victory at Dinner to Austrian Ruler.

AMSTERDAM, May 22.—Sulton Mohammed of Turkey toasting Emperor Charles of Austria at a dinner given at the Imperial Palace on Monday is quoted in a Constantinople dispatch received here as saying:

"The treaties of Brest-Litovsk and Bucharest, which so happily put an end to the state of war between the Central Allies on the one hand and Russia and Rumania on the other, constitute an undeniable proof of our desire to terminate this murderous war."

The Sultan concluded his toast by expressing confidence in the "final triumph of our righteous cause."

It was remarked that the ladies of the imperial harem were present in a special waiting room when the Austrian Emperor and Empress arrived at the railroad station at the Turkish Capital on Sunday. This is an innovation in Turkish social life.

The Emperor and Empress were met at the station by the Sultan, the Turkish Ministers and diplomatic representatives of the Central Powers. They were formally received at a ceremony in the Yildiz Palace.

## LEXINGTON FOR CONCERTS.

### Syndicate of Buyers Announces Plans—4 Weeks of Chicago Opera.

The Lexington Opera House, recently sold under mortgage to a life insurance corporation by Oscar Hammerstein, is to be transferred to a syndicate of purchasers, under contracts signed yesterday, for use as an opera house and home of high-class concerts and recitals, such as are held in Carnegie and Aeolian Halls.

Lewis & Kelsey, attorneys of 120 Broadway, announced last night that a syndicate headed by George D. Grundy, who is part lessee of the Grand Central Palace, had contracted for the purchase of the Lexington, and would give Sunday night concerts there next Winter with star soloists.

The Chicago Opera Association announced that it had taken a lease of the Lexington for future seasons here, and would again give four weeks of grand opera, beginning Jan. 27, 1919, for which renewals would be received up to June 15 next, and new subscribers thereafter.

### Hippodrome's Red Cross Benefit.

The Hippodrome's Red Cross performance will take place tonight, when, in addition to "Cheer Up," a dozen well-known performers will be on view. Governor Whitman will be present and will make an address after the second act. Raymond Hitchcock will be master of ceremonies, and those who will appear include Fred Stone, Doyle, and Dixon, Will Rogers, Eddie Cantor, Leon Errol, Annette Kellermann, and Helen Stanley.

Although "Cheer Up" closed ten days ago, the entire company will return to the Hippodrome for tonight's performance.

### Dolly Sisters in Midnight Revue.

Roszika and Yancsi Dolly, who have been absent from New York for a longer period than is their wont, returned to the city's theatrical life last night as members of the cast of the Midnight Revue in the Century Grove. They offered some half dozen dances and were enthusiastically greeted.

### THEATRICAL NOTES.

"A Pair of Petticoats" will end its run at the Bijou Theatre a week from Saturday. The piece will next be seen in Chicago.

The Festival Dancers will present "A Festival of Pentecost" at the Neighborhood Playhouse on Saturday and Sunday evenings in honor of the twenty-fifth anniversary of the Henry Street Settlement.

Chrystal and Julie Herne will be seen in vaudeville next season under the management of E. A. Weil in a one-act play by Harriet Ford, entitled "His God-Mother."

The vaudeville performances at the New Brighton Theatre on Friday of next week will be for the benefit of the Red Cross.

"David's Adventure," by A. E. Thomas, has been placed in rehearsal by Cohan and Harris, and will be given a preliminary production in Atlantic City on June 3. The piece is based upon a story by Leona Dalrymple, and the cast will include Donald Gallaher, David Higgins, Ben Johnson, Donald Meek, Madelyn Delmar, Marion Coakley, Lucile La Verne, Frank Erbin, Frank Kilday, Joseph B. Miners, and Meyer Behrensen.

## FARMERETTE PLAY BY BESSIE TYREE

### Girls to the Farm, Boys to the Front, and Audience to the Red Cross.

Under inspiration from the Red Cross drive, Mrs. James S. Metcalfe became Bessie Tyree again last night, and for the rest of the week will appear at the French Theatre in Thirty-fifth Street in "Starting Something," of which she is author and stage manager. It is a "farmerette comedy" in three acts, and it shows how our city girls go back to the land in North Westchester, sending their boys to the front and incidentally inspiring adjacent parts with patriotic fervor.

Mrs. Metcalfe is a Westchester farmerette in her own right, and an employer of farmerettes. With perhaps a single exception, her facts and her local color are authentic. Among her heroines are a girl from a paper-box factory, a cabaret dancer, a hello girl, an unmarried mother, and a fat girl training down for the matrimonial handicap. All are married except the fat girl, and, with a rigor which permits no dodging, the happy swains are one and all sent off in khaki. The single unveracious detail is the costume of the farmerettes. Instead of the blue jeans and suspenders which prevail in North Westchester, Mrs. Metcalfe has arrayed her heroines in the trimmest of knickerbockers with skirted coats. What the play loses in grim, bucolic realism it gains in decorative quality. The farmerette colony in Bedford Village will please take note.

A large and able company contributed their services. Ethel Hornick was a philanthropist, Frank Andrews and Mrs. Jacques Martin were the farmer and his wife, Douglas Ross was a braw Scotch chauffeur, and Robert Midgley an inimitably funny tramp. Marion Berry and Clarice Berry were leading farmerettes, revealing a charm power of personality and a talent for acting quite out of the ordinary.

After the play Jack Hazard appeared to auction off "nothing for something," successfully disposing of his own person for much pelf, which went to the Red Cross.

## 'SUICIDE' FOR KAISER'S NAVY

### German Admiral Says Attacks on Transports Would Mean Just That.

LONDON, May 11, (Associated Press.)—"Suicide" is the word used by the German naval authorities to describe what it would mean for the Kaiser's navy to attempt to interfere with the transport of allied troops and munitions across the English Channel.

According to German papers, considerable irritation has been caused in Germany by the rapidity with which England has been throwing men into France, and criticism has been directed at the Admiralty. In a vigorous defense, Rear Admiral Karl Hollweg points out that the activity of the German Navy is subject to certain geographical limitations.

"A voluntary attempt to remove these limitations," he argues, "would signify a heroic but useless suicide for the German Fleet. The distance from German harbors is too great for the regular and frequent attacks which alone could cause continuous interruption of channel traffic. A small German Fleet cannot remain long in the channel, for submarines and mines would reap a rich harvest among it and, after being cut off, it would be compelled to accept battle with overwhelming British forces in unfavorable circumstances."

Even German submarines, according to their commanders, writes Captain von Kuhlwetter in the Berlin Lokal-Anzeiger, find that attacking transports is especially difficult in the channel.

Discussing U-boat warfare possibilities generally, he alludes to a suggestion made to post submarines off various allied harbor entrances. The idea, he says, "is impracticable," because "there are not enough submarines."

## WARNS DRAFT ABSENTEES.

### Crowder Says They Must Register Before June 5 if Necessary.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, May 22.—Maj. Gen. Crowder, Provost Marshal General, who is working to meet the problem of registering young men included in the shifting population of the country on June 5, when those who have reached 21 years since June 5 last must register, issued a warning today that men of 21 who may be away from home on registration day must protect themselves by arranging for registration before that date in order that their local boards may have their cards on June 5.

"Any local board," said General Crowder, "is authorized to record the answers of persons absent from the jurisdiction of their local boards and to certify to their registration cards, upon application. Your card will be made out and turned over to you, and you must mail it to your home local board in time to reach it on Wednesday, June 5.

"If you do not know the designation and address of your home local board, address the card to the Mayor of your home town, in case your home is in a city of 30,000 population or over; or to the Clerk of your county, parish or similar unit, in case your home is not in a city of 30,000 population or over. The Mayor or County Clerk, as the case may be, will forward the card to your home local board.

"You must inclose a self-addressed, stamped envelope with your registration card for the return of your registration certificate. Failure to get this certificate may cause you serious inconvenience. Any local board to which you apply will give you full information as to what to do."

General Crowder today wired the draft executives in all States that they must prepare to handle the registration of many absentees from home. His telegram in part reads:

"Your attention is again invited to the necessity of furnishing an adequate supply of registration cards to cities having a large nonresident or floating population. Shipbuilding plants, munition factories, and other industries connected with the prosecution of the war are responsible for a large influx of population at many places. States within whose borders such industries are located should make sure that sufficient cards are on hand to supply requests of absentees for same."

General Crowder has also wired the Governors of all States, except Florida, saying:

"If new county or counties have been erected in your State within past twelve months, necessitating creation of additional local boards, please immediately recommend personnel for appointment to such boards in ample time for approaching new registration. Please acknowledge this telegram by wire, stating whether necessity exists or not."


Hippodrome Next Sun. Night, May 26 at 8:15. BENEFIT CONCERT—JOHN McCORMACK
Entire Proceeds to R. C. Orphan Asylum. TICKETS NOW AT BOX OFFICE.

SEAT SALE STARTS TODAY.

"BIFF-BANG" AT THE CENTURY
By and for the Enlisted Men of Pelham Naval Training Station.
Six Nights and Four Matinees, Starting Decoration Day Matinee, Thurs., May 30.

Carnegie Hall, Monday, May 27th, at 8 P. M. auspices The HUMANITARIAN CULT
CLARA CLEMENS Joint OSSIP GABRILOWITSCH Recital
Entire House Reserved, 25c & 50c. Tickets at Box Office and at Headquarters, 266 West End Ave.

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE
Gala Concert
IN THE INTEREST OF THE ITALIAN RED CROSS
Italy-America Day
FRIDAY, MAY 24TH.
ALL-Star Program.
Tickets on Sale at Box Office.
Under the auspices of Italy-America Society.

SHEEPSHEAD BAY SPEEDWAY, MAY 30. DECORATION DAY HARKNESS HDQP. ADM. $1—Includes Grandstand. Seats—Hotel Woodward, R. H. Macy & Co., New York; Abraham & Straus, Brooklyn.

PALISADES AMUSEMENT PARK Opposite West 130th St. Ferry. NOW OPEN BETTER THAN EVER

AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRES AND HITS UNDER THE DIRECTION OF SAM S. & LEE SHUBERT, INC.

WINTER GARDEN Evgs. 8. Mats. Today, Sat. & Thurs., 2.
AL JOLSON in "SINBAD"
SUNDAY NIGHT CONCERT
A ROUNDUP OF TOPLINERS!

ASTOR Theatre, 45th & B'way. Evgs., 8:20. Mats. Wed., Sat. & Dec'n Day, 2:20. SELWYN & COMPANY Present
Rock-a-Bye Baby
A MUSICAL COMEDY.

Maxine Elliott's 39th, nr. Evgs. 8:30. Mts. Wed., B'way. Sat. & Dec'n Day.
MARJORIE RAMBEAU IN EYES OF YOUTH

CASINO TSEA., 39th & B'way. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Wed., Sat. & Dec'n Day, 2:15.
"A JOYOUS HIT" Charles Darnton —Evs. World.
CLIFTON CRAWFORD in a new musical show FANCY FREE
Harry Conor, Ray Raymond, Marjorie Gateson.
Highest Price Orch. Seats $2. Good Seats 50c, $1.00, $1.50.

Bijou Evs. 8:40. Mat. Sat., Last 4 Times. A Pair of Petticoats With Norman Trevor—Lynn Fontanne.

W. A. Brady's PLAYHOUSE W. 48th. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed., Sat., Dec. Day.
THE LITTLE TEACHER with MARY RYAN

48TH ST. THEA., E. of B'way. Evgs. 8:30. Mat. Today, 50c. to $1.50.
THE MAN WHO STAYED AT HOME
Famous "Spy" Play—Star Cast.

Broadhurst Thes., 44th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8. Matinees Today & Sat., 2.
Lee and J. J. Shubert's Model Musical Production
MAYTIME NEARING 328TH TIME.
Charles Purcell, Peggy Wood & Wm. Norris.

BOOTH The Stuart Walker Co. in Booth Tarkington's Comedy, 45th, W. of B'way. Evenings 8:30. Mats. Wed., Sat. & Dec'n Day, 2:30.
SEVENTEEN FIFTH MONTH.

PRINCESS 39th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed., Sat. & Dec. Day 2:20.
A Musical Comedy Masterpiece OH, LADY! LADY!!

39TH ST. Theatre, near B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed., Sat. & Dec'n Day.
WM. HODGE in His Best Comedy.
A CURE FOR CURABLES

44th, W. of B'way. SHUBERT Theatre, Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed., Sat. & Dec'n Day, 2:15.
LIONEL BARRYMORE in "A GALLI-CURCI TRIUMPH."—Mail. THE Copperhead

MOROSCO 45th St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Sat. & Wed. at 2:20.
BIGGEST COMEDY HIT IN NEW YORK.
LOMBARDI, Ltd. With LEO CARRILLO

FRENCH THEATRE (Formerly Garrick) Evs. 8:20. Mat. Sat. 2.
A FARMERETTE COMEDY in 3 acts entitled "STARTING SOMETHING"
By ELIZABETH TYREE METCALFE.
Followed by a one-act Red Cross Thriller.
Regular box prices. No war tax.

PLYMOUTH 45 St., W. of B'way. 40 Bryant. Evs. 8:20. Mts. Tomor. & Sat., 2:20
SPECIAL RED CROSS MATINEE TOMORROW.
Nazimova "A Doll's House" by Henrik Ibsen.

Loew's 7th Ave. At 125 St. Evs. 25c to $1.
"SO LONG LETTY"
Mat. Td'y, 25c&50c. Next Week—"TURN TO THE RIGHT."

At Carnegie Hall, Friday Night, May 24th,
First American Woman Soldier
SERGEANT RUTH FARNAM,
Author of "A Nation at Bay."
Tickets 50c to $3, now on sale at Box Office.

Loew's American Roof 42d St., W. of B'way Every Eve. at 8:15.
DOUGLAS FAIRBANKS in "Mr. Fix-It" All Seats
Fix-It," Nat Carr, Kid Thomas & Girls, "In the Dark," 6 others Reserved 25, 35, 50

B. F. KEITH'S PALACE B'way & 47 St. Daily Mats. 25c-$1
SPANISH DANCERS from "THE LAND OF JOY," Master George Dewey, "For Pity's Sake," others & Conroy & Le Maire.

B. F. KEITH'S RIVERSIDE B'way & 96 St.
CHRISTIE MacDONALD, "ALL FOR DEMOCRACY." Clark & Verdi, Hallian & Sykes, and others.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES.

NEW AMSTERDAM W. 42d St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Sat. & Wed., 2:15
Prices 50c to $2.00, except Sat. Nights, $2.50.
KLAW & ERLANGER'S RADIANT MUSICAL COMEDY
The Rainbow Girl

NEW AMSTERDAM THEATRE ROOF.
ZIEGFELD STARTS 11:30.
NEW MIDNIGHT FROLIC

EMPIRE B'way and 40th St. Evs. at 8:15. Mats. Sat. & Wed. at 2:15.
"DISTINCT SUCCESS."—Times
CHARLES FROHMAN presents
ETHEL BARRYMORE IN THE NEW 3 ACT COMEDY,
BELINDA
"If you don't like Belinda then you don't know a delightful person when you see one."—Alan Dale.
PRECEDED BY J. M. BARRIE'S "THE NEW WORD"

HENRY MILLER'S THEATRE
43 St., East of B'way. 'Phone Bryant 5416.
Evgs. 8:30. Mats. TODAY & Sat. 2:30.
BILLIE BURKE
HENRY MILLER
in A Marriage of Convenience

GEO. M. COHAN THEATRE. B'WAY & 43D ST. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Sat. & Wed. 2:20.
Kiss Burglar
THE SMACKING MUSICAL SUCCESS.

HUDSON Theatre, West 44th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Sat. & Wed. 2:20.
NANCY LEE By Eugene Walter, with Charlotte Walker and Lewis Stone.

FULTON THEATRE, W. 46th St. Tel. Bryant 700. Evs. 8:15. First Mat. Sat. 2:15.
BEGINNING TO-NIGHT
"HER HONOR THE MAYOR"
and "THE GOOD MEN DO"
PRICES 25c TO $1.00.

LIBERTY West 42d St. Evenings at 8:20. Mats. Sat. & Wed. (Pop.) 2:20.
GOING UP The Talk of the Town
The Aviation Musical Comedy Sensation.

PARK Thes., Cols. Circle. Evenings 8:30. Mats. Wed., Sat. & Dec'n Day.
LAST TWO WEEKS OF SEASON.
7 DAYS LEAVE
Big Military-Naval Melodrama.
NEXT SUNDAY EVE. Seats Now.
STAGE HANDS' GAMBOL in "SEVEN DAYS LEAVE."
ROLES PLAYED BY STAGE HANDS.
Auspices and Benefit of Stage Women's War Relief Fund. Prices 50c to $2. No War Tax.

CORT 48 ST., E. of B'WAY. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Sat. & Wed. (Pop.) 2:20.
WED. MATINEE POP. PRICES.
"Liveliest musical show in town."—Eve. Sun.
FLO-FLO

BELASCO West 44th St. Evenings 8:30. Mats. Today & Sat. 2:30.
MATINEE TODAY AT 2:30.
DAVID BELASCO presents
POLLY WITH A PAST

ELTINGE W. 42d St. Tonight 8:30. Mats. Sat. & Wed. 2:30. Pop. Price Mat. Wed.
BUSINESS BEFORE PLEASURE
With Barney Bernard & Alexander Carr.

COHAN & HARRIS W. 42 St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Sat. & Wed.
A FUNNIEST AMERICAN COMEDY OF RECENT YEARS
Tailor-Made Man
with GRANT MITCHELL.

LYCEUM W. 45 St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Sat. 2:30.
MATINEE TODAY AT 2:30.
DAVID BELASCO Presents
TIGER ROSE

REPUBLIC W. 42 St. Tonight 8:30. Mats. Sat. & Wed. 2:30. Pop. Price Mat. Wed.
PARLOR BEDROOM and BATH with Florence Moore

STANDARD B'way & 90th St. Evs. 25c to $1. Matinee TODAY, 25c and 50c.
EDITH WYNNE MATTHISON in "THE SERVANT IN THE HOUSE."
Next Week—"SO LONG LETTY."

LAST 13 PERFORMANCES
FRED STONE "JACK O' LANTERN" GLOBE Mats. Sat. and Wed.

American Red Cross Benefit
Carnegie Hall—Tonight, 8:15.
MARGARET MATZENAUER
Contralto Metropolitan Opera and other prominent soloists.
Sunday Campaign Choir—500 voices.
TOM SKEYHILL
Blind Australian Signal Officer
Speaker—JOHN R. RATHOM
Editor and Proprietor of Providence Journal.
Tickets on sale at 9018, One Madison Av., at Box Office Carnegie Hall night of performance

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Showing Canadians in Action
The Most Vivid Pictures yet seen of the War.
Presented by the American Red Cross
Gallery at 308 Fifth Avenue
Admission 50c

National Milk & Dairy FARM EXPOSITION
Grand Central Palace
All This Week, 11 A. M. to 10:30 P. M.
Most Interesting Exhibition Ever Held. Admission 50c.

TYSON & CO.
GOOD SEATS FOR D. W. GRIFFITH'S "HEARTS OF THE WORLD," AT THE 44TH STREET THEATRE. On Sale at All of Our Offices.

McBRIDE'S
TICKET AGENCY—1497 BROADWAY.
Good Seats Can Be Secured for D. W. GRIFFITH'S "HEARTS OF THE WORLD" at the 44TH STREET THEATRE.

Greenwich Village THEATRE, 4th St. & 7th Ave. Spring 9400
Evgs. 8:45. Mat. Sat. 2:30. 50c, $1, $1.50.
3 ONE-ACT PLAYS | 'WOMAN'S HONOR'; 'ILF' | 'THE MAID OF FRANCE.'
Special Pop. Mat. Every Tues., 50c & $1.

COLUMBIA B'way & 47th. Twice Daily 2:15 & 8:15. Popular Prices.
HELLO AMERICA! with Lewis & Dody.

The Greatest Shows on Earth for the Greatest Cause in the World
AMERICAN RED CROSS BENEFITS
May 20th to 27th under the auspices of Allied Theatrical and Motion Picture Team
Every theatre of the Speaking Stage, Dramatic, Musical, Operatic, and Vaudeville, allied in this Big Red Cross Drive.
At every motion picture theatre a screen star will appear personally each night this week.
Special for School Children: In conjunction with the Board of Education there will be held in every motion picture theatre in Greater New York a Special Red Cross Benefit performance on Saturday morning, May 25, at 10 o'clock. Entire proceeds of 1,000 Motion Picture Theatres to the American Red Cross Fund.
5 GALA EVENTS—WAR TAX WAIVED BY THE U. S. GOVERNMENT

HIPPODROME Tonight at 8:20
1,074 REGULAR VOLUNTEERS FOR THE CAUSE IN "CHEER UP" WITH THE ORIGINAL CAST INTACT. AUGMENTED BY FRED STONE, RAYMOND HITCHCOCK, ANNETTE KELLERMANN, MME. HELEN STANLEY, JULIA SANDERSON, JOSEPH CAWTHORN, WILL ROGERS, FANNIE BRICE, BERT WILLIAMS, EDDIE CANTOR, DOYLE AND DIXON, W. C. FIELDS, FRANK CARTER, CARL RANDALL & VIVIENNE SEGAL and many others.
Seats Now Selling at the Hippodrome Box Office. Prices 50c, 75c, $1.00, $1.50 and $2.00

MADISON SQUARE GARDEN Tomorrow Night, May 24th
GRAND PATRIOTIC CONCERT FOLLOWED BY A MAMMOTH BOXING CARNIVAL
JIM COFFEY VS. BATTLING LEVINSKY. FRANK MORAN VS. BILL BRENNAN. LEW TENDLER VS. MEL. COGAN. JOHNNY DUNDEE VS. EDDIE WALLACE. WILLIE JACKSON VS. FRANKIE CALLAHAN. GUNBOAT SMITH VS. HARRY GREB. TED (KID) LEWIS VS. JACK BRITTON. JOE LYNCH VS. JACK SHARKEY. BENNY VOLGAR VS. BATTLING REDDY. JEFF SMITH VS. AUGIE RATNER. PAUL DOYLE VS. HARRY PIERCE.
Seats now selling at Madison Sq. Garden and all Ticket Agencies. Prices $2, $3, $5, $7 and $10.

HOTEL ASTOR Saturday Night, May 25th
IN THE GRAND BALL ROOM—THE ALLIED THEATRICAL & MOTION PICTURE BALL
EVERYBODY YOU EVER HEARD OF WILL BE THERE.
THIS WILL BE THE MOST GORGEOUS EVENT OF ITS KIND IN NEW YORK'S HISTORY.
BEAUTIFUL GIRLS—MAGNIFICENT GOWNS AND BRILLIANT JEWELS.
Tickets $10. On Sale Everywhere.

CENTURY THEATRE Sunday Night, May 26th
MONSTER MUSICAL & VAUDEVILLE BILL
WEBER & FIELDS, CLIFTON CRAWFORD, AL JOLSON, FRED STONE, ROCK & WHITE, DOROTHY JARDON, SIX BROWN BROTHERS, CARL RANDALL & VIVIENNE SEGAL, NAT C. GOODWIN, McINTYRE & HEATH, FANNIE BRICE, LEO CARRILLO, WILL ROGERS, EDDIE CANTOR, FLORENCE MOORE, CONROY & LEMAIRE, ANNA WHEATON & HARRY CARROLL, RAY COX & WILL MORRISSEY, ANN PENNINGTON, GEO. WHITE, DOYLE & DIXON, LOUISE DRESSER, HARRY FOX, 8 DOOLEYS, VAN & SCHENCK, FRANK CRAVEN and EDITH DAY, FAY TEMPLETON, HARRY CLARKE, JANET VELIE and CHORUS in ROSE SONG, "KISS BURGLAR"; BERT LESLIE, SOPHIE TUCKER, JANE & KATHERINE LEE, GUS EDWARDS AND GIRLS, CONSTANCE BINNEY, PRIVATE IRVING BERLIN, 200 JUNIOR NAVAL RESERVE BOYS AND BOY SCOUTS AND SEVENTH REGIMENT BAND.
Seats now Selling at Century Box Office. Prices $2, $3 & $5

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE Monday Night, May 27th
Most Astounding Operatic & Musical Concert Ever Presented
MMES. ALDA, BRASLAU, FITZIU, MIURA, MUZIO, MM. AMATO, BAUER, BROWN, CARUSO, DIDUR, MARDONES, ROTHIER, SCOTTI, DE SEGUROLA, STRACCIARI. Conductors RAMBOSCHEK, DAMROSCH, HAGEMAN, GABRILOWITSCH, MORANZONI AND METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE ORCHESTRA.
Seats Now Selling at Metropolitan Opera House Box Office. Prices $2, $3, $5, $10.

Tickets Now on Sale at the Hotels and Ticket Agencies for all of the above attractions at Box Office Prices.

All contributions to the American Red Cross from artists, managers and all persons engaged in stage, screen or affiliated industries to be made through ALLIED THEATRICAL AND MOTION PICTURE TEAM.
WILLIAM FOX, Chairman.
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The Roof of the Century Theatre
CENTURY GROVE
62ND ST., NEAR B'WAY, C. P. WEST.
Cooled by Breezes from Central Park.
New Show Proved Real Knock-out Last Night.
The Fascinating, Adorable, Beautiful
DOLLY SISTERS
"The 'Bing' Girls of Broadway."
Scored the Sensational Hit of Their Young Lives in New and Sparkling Dances.
See the Dollys do "The Chickasaka Indian Jazz."
OTHER FASCINATING YOUNG STARS OF TODAY:
THE DOOLEYS Funnier than 100 Chaplins. GEORGE WHITE The Agile Dancer.
SYBIL CARMEN Most Beautiful Young Star on the Stage Today.
MYRTLE YOUNG Unique Eccentric Dancer in Novel Achievements.
FRANCES PRITCHARD Dancing Star with Great Talent and Personality
JOHN McGOWAN Featured in the Gorgeous Bolshevik Glide.
ARLINE CHASE "Light as Thistle-down Upon Her Toes."
30 MOST BEAUTIFUL GIRLS IN N. Y.
Phone Columbus 8800 for Table Reservations.
SMARTEST AFTER THEATRE RESORT IN THE WORLD.

CHOICE SEATS CARUSO CONCERT
Metropolitan Opera House, May 24
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Monster Red Cross Benefit
Brooklyn Academy of Music
Thurs. Eve., May 23
With the following mighty array of Artists:
MR. E. H. SOTHERN
MISS FRANCES STARR
SIGNOR PASQUALE AMATO
YVETTE GUILBERT
ROBERT REGNIER
And Added Features

PATRIOTIC RED CROSS MILITARY CONCERT
Friday, May 24th, at 8:15 P. M.
GREAT HALL COLLEGE OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK
AMSTERDAM AVE. AND 140TH ST.
1 BLOCK EAST OF BROADWAY
The French Military Band of 61 Pieces, "The Blue Devils."
PROMINENT SOLOISTS AND SPEAKERS
PROF. SAMUEL A. BALDWIN AT THE ORGAN.
ADMISSION 50 CENTS—4,000 SEATS.
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PRESENTED BY U. S. GOVERNMENT
AUSPICES OF LIBERTY FILM COMMITTEE
(OFFICIAL WAR FILMS)
PERSHING'S CRUSADERS
"FOLLOWING THE FLAG TO FRANCE"
Scores Triumphal Success
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NO WAR TAX—PROCEEDS ALLIED WAR RELIEF SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA

44th ST. THEATRE 2ND MONTH D. W. Griffith's SUPREME TRIUMPH STILL TURNING THOUSANDS AWAY
HEARTS OF THE WORLD
THE SWEETEST LOVE STORY EVER TOLD A ROMANCE OF THE GREAT WAR
Twice Daily 2:15 & 8:15. EVGS. & SAT. MAT. 25c to $1.50. OTHER MATS. (inc. Sun.) 25c to $1.
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SPECIAL PRICES FOR THIS ONE PERFORMANCE, 25c, 50c.

Plaza MADISON AVE. AT 59TH ST. Mats. 10-20c. Eves. 20-30c, includ. tax.
ARNOLD DALY in "MY OWN UNITED STATES"

STRAND Pauline Frederick in "Resurrection." Soloists, Scenic. B'WAY & 47th ST. Strand Symph. Orch.

Loew's New York Theatre & ROOF 10, 20, 30. Cont. 11 A. M. to 11 P. M. Roof to 1 A. M.
NORMA TALMADGE, "De Luxe Annie"

BROADWAY THEATRE 41ST ST. AND BROADWAY.
DOROTHY PHILLIPS in "A SOUL FOR SALE"
The Fadettes Lady Orchestra of 30. 3 Performances Daily, 2:30, 4:30, 8:30.

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RIALTO Times Square 20-30-50c. NORMA TALMADGE in "De Luxe Annie." Soloists, Comedy, and RIALTO ORCHESTRA

81 st St. Theatre, on B'way. Tel. Schuyler 3960
DOUGLAS FAIRBANKS in Mr. Fix-It
Entire Change of Program with this Picture Shown at End of Performance.
Also Broadway VAUDEVILLE.
MAT. 15-20c, incl. tax. EVE. 20-30-55c, incl. tax

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34th St. & B'way. Mot

# The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR BY THE NEW YORK TIMES COMPANY.

ADOLPH S. OCHS, Publisher and President. B. C. Franck, Secretary.

NEW YORK, THURSDAY, MAY 23, 1918.

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## OUR RAILWAY NAPOLEON.

The President set a distinguished example when he confronted the country with an accomplished fact regarding the taking over of the railways by the nation. Director General McADOO follows the precedent when he makes himself the chief operator, and makes his subordinates the successors of all the railway Presidents in the land. Nothing more ruthless was ever done by the biggest and worst of the trusts before their power was broken, but there is a difference. The old railway official who avowed his profane indifference to public opinion was thinking of his railways. The railways of the United States are not the property of the Director General, and he is not thinking of the convenience or profit of the railways primarily. He is thinking first and last of the public interests, and acts in the manner customary with those responsible for the conduct of a war.

Never is a question asked about the cost or profit or loss of any necessary act of war. That is why Government management is not suitable for normal conditions, but is peculiarly fit for meeting military imperatives. The only question to be asked respecting the wisdom and propriety of the unprecedented action of the Director General is, What will be the effect upon the efficiency of the railways in their military uses? Already there had appeared symptoms of a disposition to cling to old ways and to have independent opinions regarding what should be done by the railways in the public service. The merits of such differences of opinion are debatable only by those not in the line of duty, whether in high or low degree. Those highly placed have great responsibilities and cannot succeed if there is the least hesitation in obedience to orders. They alone have the right to think. Others in the line of duty should do what they are told, without consulting counsel or stockholders. Recourse to the courts to preserve either public or private interests in that manner is open to anybody except the officials under the Director General. From him to the humbliest trackwalker or car cleaner there should be an unbroken line of authority and obedience. If the removal of the Presidents promotes that result in this war emergency, it is to be commended, whatever the effects upon the railways or however ruffling to the high railway officials' susceptibilities.

Those not in the line of duty to the Director General are less limited in their opinions than the Presidents of the railways. It is apparent that the plan is incomplete, and needs much working out of details. Perhaps it might have been better if there had been some delay to permit of a more complete plan and the announcement of the new officials. Now the roads are left headless for a time, and there is some danger of disorganization of operating forces. However, the Director General is as well aware of that as anybody, and there are passages in his announcement which reassure the working forces of the roads that they are secure in their positions as soon as they know who is their chief. That may apply even to the Presidents. They are useful in varying degrees, and presumably those wanted will receive the opportunity to serve their country rather than their companies. There is little difficulty about the matter of salaries. Some of the Presidents are indifferent to the pay; others will work more cheaply for the Government than for private employers; others, perhaps, may be paid both by the Government and the company when the matter of subordination is understood. It is a minor consideration at worst, for the Director General can have no difficulty in finding railway talent at one price or another.

However the matter is arranged, it challenges attention by the fact that it is in the line of evolution. It has long been proposed that the Government should have representatives upon the railway directorates to learn the inside of the business which it was regulating at a disadvantage. Now the situation is simply reversed. The railways need somebody to watch the inside of Government operation for the term of the lease. The Government is paying a rent sufficient for it to have control of the property without disturbance, but the property belongs to the lessor still, and there is an agreement for maintenance of the property in a manner which gives the owner the right to overlook what is done. The Presidents have a new function, quite enough to occupy them if they wish to work for those with whom they have had relations hitherto. There is not a little of unexplored territory in the railway field about which the public has had too little information. With the Director General on the inside and the Presidents in positions of observation, there will remain little hidden. The dual relation will be good for the railways in whatever future there is in store for them.

It must be clear that the more complete the reconstruction of railway operation, the more complete will be the destruction of the good-will of the various companies. Uncounted millions have been spent in making trade connections which now are scrapped. The railways had a value as going concerns which they no longer possess when they are made to go so differently. That going value cannot be restored to them, however excellent may be the physical maintenance of the properties. Other values, perhaps, may be created in the new relations. There are such opportunities for the increase of earnings with the same plant and labor that larger incomes should result from less outlay. The railways are sure of their earnings for the period of the lease, and they may be made more valuable by what they gain from Government operation, regardless of what they may lose from old methods which never can be restored. We are in a new railway era, not altogether master of our doings, and should be open-minded to possible benefits, rather than stubborn in old ideas, which, perhaps, may turn out to have been prejudices.

## KEYSTONE REFORMERS.

Once a mortgage, always a mortgage. Once a reformer, always a reformer. When Senator BOIES PENROSE of Pennsylvania saw the beatific possibilities of the direct primary, he clasped it to his bosom. He loves it still, grins when he thinks of it. It has kept him in the Senate. Why shouldn't he be grateful? Entering upon his post-graduate reform studies, Mr. PENROSE saw another reform and loved it.

So did the VARES, fellow-reformers with him. Their candidate for Governor, State Senator SPROUL, Federal Prohibitionist, carried the Republican primaries Tuesday by a plurality of nearly 180,000 over J. DENNY O'NEIL, Highway Commissioner and Federal Prohibitionist. Thus one reform boosts another. The direct primary leads Mr. PENROSE toward ratification of the Federal prohibition amendment. Virtue begets virtue.

Bad news for the Wets, this notice of the Dryness of Pennsylvania primary Republicans, but who does not rejoice to see BOIES PENROSE—the VARES with him—on the prohibition wagon, rolling along the sunny streets of righteousness? What will his next reform be? Proportional representation or an anti-cigarette Federal amendment? Goodness is progressive.

## BISMARCK ON ABSOLUTISM.

The fatal divergence of the present German Emperor from the policy of BISMARCK, the maker of the German Empire, is illustrated again by the impotence of the Reichstag, the Chancellor, the Minister of Foreign Affairs, the control of foreign and internal policies by the military ring, the substitution of military absolutism for constitutional government, or such shadow of it as Germany has had.

Well known are BISMARCK'S opposition to unnecessary wars, his policy of friendship for Russia, his aversion to using the alliance with Austria-Hungary to further Austria's interests in the Balkans; his belief that the German Empire required no new wars, and that "its principal aim "must be to increase its internal "strength"; his insistence upon the value of good Anglo-German relations and his warning against competing with the English fleet, "against "fantastical plans which might cause "us to quarrel with people who are "important for our position in Eu"rope"; against "daring and adven"turous enterprises guided by the de"sire to have a finger in every pie."

On account of his governing, without Parliament or budget, when Prime Minister of Prussia, his later exhortations against absolutism, his perception of the perilous megalomaniacal path on which the then young Emperor had entered, have not been so well remembered. In his speech at Jena in 1892 he said things now perfectly contemporaneous:

> It is a dangerous experiment nowadays to strive after absolutism in the centre of Europe. Henceforward we must aim at strengthening independent political conviction in Parliament and among the German people. * * * In building up the empire some kind of dictatorship was necessary, but that cannot be considered as a permanent feature. Our task can be completed only when Germany possesses a powerful Parliament which embodies our sense of unity.

Again, at Kissingen in the same year, he said that the responsibility of Ministers should be increased so as to strengthen the Reichstag. "If "Parliament becomes powerless, be"comes a mere tool in the hands of "the Government, we return to the "régime of absolutism." Germany has returned to that régime. This creator, whose pictures, whose memoirs used to be in almost every German house, has been extruded from the German mind by the brood of destroyers who have reversed his policies and forgotten his warnings. His foresight has been vindicated often and strikingly since he was dismissed from office in 1890, most strikingly since his death. What a deadly criticism of German policy under WILHELM II. BISMARCK set down in his memoirs:

> We ought to do all we can to weaken the bad feeling which has been called forth through our growth to the position of a real great Power by the honorable and peaceful use of our influence.

Dishonored before the world, hated by most of the world, Germany is become a military dictatorship.

## THE KAISER'S PATENT BOSWELL.

KARL ROSNER, the Kaiser's official Boswell, has finished his job; or, as a somewhat clumsy translation of his valedictory published in The World puts it, "My command is at an end." The Kaiser has observed that books without end are crammed with anecdotes of NAPOLEON, his sayings and doings; every man who got within hearing distance of that extraordinary man had some characteristic act or utterance to report. It occurred to him that the second and greater NAPOLEON must not go unreported. He must say and do some characteristic things, and they must be Boswelled. Therefore he did something that would never have occurred to the original NAPOLEON; he set about doing these characteristic things and he appointed an official Boswell. This Boswell was KARL ROSNER, correspondent of the Berliner Lokal-Anzeiger.

Mr. ROSNER has accompanied or followed the Kaiser throughout the western offensive, Boswelling away at stated and measured times. When it was time for the Kaiser to do something characteristic, the signal was given for Mr. ROSNER to advance and begin Boswelling. Of course Mr. ROSNER was somewhat handicapped by the fact that the Kaiser did not do any fighting. The men who were around NAPOLEON had no such trouble. "What are you dodging for? If that "ball had been meant for you, it "would have found you if you had "been fifty feet underground." "Ah, "I am hit. It must have been a "Tyrolese sharpshooter who got me "at such a distance. Those fellows "are wonderful shots." That was NAPOLEON. He really didn't need any machine-made Boswell; anybody who came in his company became a Boswell because he couldn't help it.

What, however, is a made-to-order Boswell to do in the case of such a very different Napoleon? Mr. ROSNER did the best he could. Notified that the Kaiser is to say something pathetic and historic at 1:30 P. M. on a hillock near Queant, to the west of Cambrai, Mr. ROSNER repairs thither. He finds the Kaiser in the correct attitude, looking mournfully down upon the battlefield, his staff disposed properly, some at L., some at R., some at L. U. E., one alongside him—necessarily, for the Kaiser cannot utter the historic and pathetic saying unless he has somebody to utter it to. As soon as Mr. ROSNER has arrived the Kaiser turns to the officer who is serving, if we may so phrase it, as Mr. Hennessy to his Mr. Dooley, and says, "What "have I not done to preserve the "world from these horrors?" Mr. ROSNER duly notes it, retires at the proper signal, and the characteristic utterance is properly Boswelled to the world.

At another time the Kaiser decides on picking a violet, and Mr. ROSNER is sent for to record this beautiful incident. Really, it is the best of all, because original. NAPOLEON never thought of picking a violet; neither did HANNIBAL or CAESAR or ALEXANDER. Even if one of them had, it would never have occurred to him to have a Rosner on hand for purposes of Boswellization. This was a stroke of genius, but in the main the "turns" the Kaiser performed for Mr. ROSNER seem lacking in imagination. Maybe that is why NAPOLEON'S characteristic performances seem so different. When the disastrous attack on Mount Kemmel began, the Kaiser was on hand—not in the battle, of course, but where he could see it. He began this arduous labor at 9 A. M., so Mr. ROSNER told us, and kept it up heroically until "late in the afternoon." During this majestic scene he was surrounded entirely by Generals, and was "marking the results on the maps" as the fighting went on. This was the best the Kaiser and Mr. ROSNER could do with the battle of Kemmel.

This matter of the maps is suggestive. In the movies a General or a King is always identified by his earnest, constant, and excited examination of maps, just as a thug is identified by his cap and a priest by his clerical garb. When the movie devotee sees a man in a uniform pawing a map he knows he is looking upon either a great General or a mighty monarch. For further identification, a number of supers in uniform are always represented as standing around in awe-struck attitudes, just as the Kaiser at the battle of Kemmel had himself surrounded by Generals for Mr. ROSNER to see and note. We cannot resist the suspicion that Mr. ROSNER was not the only official recorder of these impressive scenes; that, in fact, there was a movie operator along who is not mentioned, and that Berlin will get the results pictorially as well as Boswellically.

And now "my command is at an end"; Mr. ROSNER can go back to commonplace war reporting again. Before dismissing him, the Kaiser gave him one more Napoleonic scene—HINDENBURG "awaiting his highest war "lord on the front steps of a little "red house;" the Kaiser arriving, the production of the inevitable maps; "they stand before maps;" "the "Kaiser, HINDENBURG, and LUDEN"DORFF stand before other maps;" "once again new maps lie before the Kaiser." Any movie devotee would recognize this scene in an instant. The Kaiser gives him a last message, as poverty-stricken in imagination as all the rest. "I stand on the platform," finishes ROSNER. "The Kaiser is still "talking out of the window as the "train pulls out."

We would not hurt the Kaiser's feelings, but we are bound to tell him that he is not the least bit like NAPOLEON.

## NEW YORK MUST GO OVER THE TOP, TOO.

To Germany the work of the Red Cross on the battlefields of France and among the victims of "frightfulness" is the propaganda of humanity, and the Red Cross is, therefore, a formidable antagonist, always to be reckoned with as a factor that may be decisive. Of what avail is it to destroy the homes of noncombatants by sword and fire and to lay a country waste, with the design of ruining, starving, and demoralizing a people, if the Red Cross comes to their rescue, feeds them, nurses them, finds them shelter, clothes them, restores their courage, and fills their souls with the will to achieve victory?

What the Germans think of the "second line of defense," as the indefatigable Red Cross has been so aptly called, they show by shelling and bombing its hospitals and firing upon its ambulances. This has been of such common occurrence, so many cases have been proved, that the enemy's intentions are now well understood and guarded against.

The Germans cannot conceive of the activities of the Red Cross on the side of the Allies, backed so lavishly with money and organized so thoroughly, except in the light of propaganda. The humanity, the idealism of the Red Cross campaign they are blind to, or think it a sham to hide a subtle political motive, a strategical plan. It is the success of the Red Cross in healing the soul hurts of stricken communities, in raising up a despairful people to face the horrors of war with resolution, that worries the Germans. And especially they hold in aversion the American Red Cross, because the great resources of the United States are behind it for sanitary, constructive, and restorative work, which renders futile the barbarous tactics of "frightfulness."

Make no mistake, the German war lords fear the Red Cross campaign of humanity, although they call it by another name, as much as they do an American army corps. It will be bad news for them when they hear that the American people have gone "over the top" in contributing to the Red Cross War Fund. New York cannot afford to have it said that other communities have exceeded their quotas and she has failed, for New York in patriotic giving has always been bountiful. Michigan, South Dakota, and Delaware, also many cities, have gone "over the top." New York should be good for several millions more than the $25,000,000 asked for. Give till it hurts. It will hurt the Germans ever so much more.

## A POOR MONTH FOR THE U-BOATS.

On the eve of the submarine campaign to sink all ships without notice, that is to say late in January, 1917, the German Admiralty boasted that 1,000,000 tons would be destroyed a month, and calculated the end of the British mercantile marine almost to a day, also the end of the British Empire. The Germans had some good months, but the average they aimed at was never attained. During the Winter of 1917-1918 they destroyed about 400,000 tons of British and neutral shipping each month. The shadow of failure had fallen over their abhorrent enterprise. With the publication of sinkings for April by the British Government it is no longer possible even for a German official with a gift for self-deception to believe that the war can ever be won by the U-boats.

During April 220,709 tons of British and 84,393 tons of neutral and allied shipping were sunk, altogether 305,102 tons. The portentous decline may be due in large measure to the unceasing activity of the Anglo-American and French patrols, to which vessels are constantly being added. The convoy system has also been successful in baffling the U-boats, and more attacks by them on armed cargo carriers have proved unsuccessful. No doubt the closing of the Ostend and Zeebrugge channels, whether a complete job or not, has had its effect upon the score. The War Insurance Bureau has cut its rates almost in two, a sign that the submarines are no longer considered a very serious menace to shipping.

The other day the mining of a large area between Germany and Scotland, to restrict the operations of the German flotillas, was reported. The nights are now so short that their most favorable working hours are limited. It is quite likely that May will show a still further and significant decline in sinkings.

## TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

**Starvation Leads to Cannibalism.**

Often have there come before now, from the Central Empires, reports indicating that their civilian populations were on the very verge of starvation, and as often has there failed to follow the insistent and effectual demand for peace, even if it were not "German peace," to be expected as a result of such conditions. So like statements now are all open to suspicion. It may be, however, that yesterday's special dispatch in THE TIMES did not exaggerate either the reality or the extent of the suffering prevalent in Austria. The accuracy of this account was emphatically guaranteed by the correspondent who sent it from the Franco-Swiss frontier, and its credibility is increased by the fact that its details were in substance exactly in consonance with the trend of evidence given by many previous witnesses.

It has long been known that the food situation in Austria was worse than in Germany, and there is no intrinsic improbability that, as was stated, some of the people in Austria have already been brought to cannibalism—a point always reached when famine has reduced men to the state of desperate animals. The dispatch said that the victims were prisoners of war employed in the gas works, apparently, of Vienna, but it referred to those who murdered them only as "fellow-workmen." That might have meant either that the killing was done by other war prisoners or that it was the work of their Austrian associates.

If the former interpretation is the true one, the revelation is not politically important, as it only shows that the Austrians are letting their prisoners of war starve to death, as was done long since by the Germans; but if the resort to this ghastly means of sustaining life was by Austrian workmen, the episode has a larger significance, and, coming from any other country than one of the two where the people as a whole are practically without a voice in the determination of national policies, it would justify a confident prophecy of immediate revolt against the military class. But Austria and Germany are not to be judged by the rules that apply to the rest of mankind, and the limit of their endurance is unknown.

**Letters to Soldiers Criticised.**

Again it is necessary to remind the relatives in this country of soldiers in France that in writing to them those relatives should keep constantly in mind the necessity for winning the war, and that the coming of peace, earnestly as it is to be desired, is not a proper or even decent subject of present discussion or prophecy. One of THE TIMES correspondents on the western front complained yesterday, and with good reason, that the men in far too many instances are getting letters the writers of which express the belief that the end of the war is close at hand—that it will be over within the present year. For that belief, of course, there is in this country no basis whatever except the wish. Not only is it without any foundation of knowledge, but it is contradicted by all the available information and by the leaders of all the allied armies—the only men who have a right to speak with authority.

Worse than that, the wish for immediate peace is not shared by the men in the field; it is entertained only by people here at home who either put their personal anxieties above all other considerations or else lack the intelligence to see that peace this year would be more than likely to be—would almost necessarily be—a "negotiated peace" of the horrible sort that has been established in Russia and in Rumania.

The American soldiers who are risking their lives in France have no desire to be relieved from hardship and danger at that dreadful price. They are ready and eager to fight on until there is gained the victory which alone could justify the enormous sacrifices of life and treasure already made by the nations allied against Germany. Nevertheless, they are disheartened and their morale is deteriorated when they get from home letters indicating the lack here of their own appreciation of the fact that the object of the world's desire is not peace, but a restoration for all time of the conditions that made life tolerable to free men and women.

Every parent or other relative of a soldier who cannot be forgetful enough of self to refrain from writing such expectations or aspirations as are shown by forecasts of speedy peace simply gives excuse for not improving the war mail service—almost gives excuse for cutting it off altogether.

**One Victory Is Quite Inconclusive.**

ORVILLE WRIGHT, who knows a thing or two about airplanes, admits the possibility of giving them some degree of protection against machine-gun fire by covering them with steel plates. He insists, however, that in doing this the Germans have produced a machine of such narrowly limited utility as to be inferior to the unarmored planes.

The accuracy of this judgment is easily credible, in spite of the fact that Major LUFBERY seems to have lost his life, in spite of his skill, while battling with an aerial "tank." A single conflict with an armored airplane proves little or nothing as to the merit of the innovation. Before now, and not infrequently, German aviators not thus guarded have been victorious against aviators even of his ability, and it may be that in this case, also, the result would have been the same—that the American "ace" would have fallen and his enemy have escaped his fire—even if the fight had been on even terms as regards protection.

To make an airplane slow and clumsy for the sake of a problematical safety for its operators would evidently be a bad bargain. As an experiment, it was interesting, but it would appeal to few other than German minds, and it is not to be forgotten that, according to present accounts, the machine against which Major LUFBERY contended with such lamentable results was wrecked a few hours or minutes later by men in just such machines as his.

**Overheard at Grosses Hauptquartier.**

*To the Editor of The New York Times:*

Ludendorff to Hindenburg: "Say, old pal, they will soon be calling you Behindenburg if you don't get another move on."

Hindenburg to Ludendorff: "They will soon be calling you Deludendorff if you don't plan a better than the last one."

A. P.

Toronto, May 20, 1918.

## A FOOTNOTE TO LICHNOWSKY.

### The Ambassador's Statement to Admiral Hood Confirms the Charges of His Famous Memorandum.

By WILLIAM ROSCOE THAYER.

*To the Editor of The New York Times:*

The following authentic statement is of interest because it confirms from a different angle Prince Lichnowsky's recently published revelations. It also is one more of the hundred pieces of testimony which prove that the German Kaiser was meditating war in the Spring of 1914.

When diplomatic relations were broken off between England and Germany, the English sent the German Ambassador, Prince Lichnowsky, home with full honors, unlike the boorish treatment which the Kaiser gave the French Ambassador, M. Cambon. The battleship on which the Prince went back was commanded by Admiral Hood, who was on very friendly relations with Lichnowsky. For the latter, being a Slav, had good manners, which the Prussians have never been able to attain, and had been really popular in London society.

During the crossing the Prince was much dejected, and he said in substance to Admiral Hood:

"I might as well jump overboard, for my career is ended. Three months ago [that is about May 1] his Majesty the Emperor wrote and instructed me to investigate secretly the state of English public opinion and to let him know whether there was any likelihood that the English would enter the war in case we made war. I looked over the ground in all directions and replied that the English were not likely to go to war on any account. In the first place, they had ceased to be a martial nation. They had grown so rich that their chief desire was to enjoy the luxury and comfort which their wealth brought them. Next, they had a civil war on their hands in Ireland. Then, they had only a very small army ready—160,000 men—and it would take them at least a year to train any considerable force. Finally, I added, they had grown so unmilitary that they allowed even women [suffragettes] to intimidate them.

"I have no doubt," said Lichnowsky, "that my report must have influenced the decision of the Emperor in forcing the war. So you see what my fate is likely to be."

On his return to London immediately after, Admiral Hood repeated Prince Lichnowsky's statement to several persons and, among others, to a Harvard professor of worldwide reputation, who repeated it to me soon after he came back to Boston. Admiral Hood, I need hardly remind you, married a well-known Boston lady and had himself many friends and acquaintances, including the Harvard professor, in Boston society. I printed the story in my 'Germany versus Civilization' more than two years ago, but I did not give Admiral Hood as its source because he was then in active service in the British Navy. He went down with his ship, as every one knows, in the battle of Jutland, and there can be no impropriety in naming him now.

In the light of such evidence, how long will even the German people go on believing the lie which the Kaiser passed off on them at the beginning of the war when he assured them that the sword had been forced into his hands?

WILLIAM ROSCOE THAYER.
Cambridge, Mass., May 21, 1918.

# 'DRY' VOTES FUTILE WOMEN ARE WARNED

### Anti-Saloon League Urges Them Not to Enroll in Prohibition Party.

### SUFFRAGISTS ARE TEACHING

### They Have Established 60 Centres in City for Political Instruction of Women.

All days that remain before the newly enfranchised women have their opportunity on Saturday to enroll with the different parties and thus qualify for participation in the primary elections next September will be political school days with the leaders of the New York City Woman Suffrage Party, of which Miss Mary Garrett Hay is the official head. They are giving impartial instruction to the women voters in what the different parties stand for in the matter of principles and public service.

Sixty centres for the dissemination of such information have been established during the last few days by the Woman Suffrage Party in this city, a majority of them in the Borough of Manhattan and principally with a view to reaching prospective women voters of alien birth, who are most in need of such reaching. This work is under the direction of the Americanization Committee of the Woman Suffrage Party, of which Miss Mary Dreier is Chairman. The centres of information have been established in settlements and neighborhood houses which abound in the densely populated sections of the city, where foreign-born voters are in a majority; also in public libraries, public schools, churches, and women's clubs. To meet the increased pressure of work during the remaining days many auxiliary centres have been established in private homes in such sections.

To reach the women voters of foreign birth the Woman Suffrage Party has had printed and distributed 42,000 hand bills in foreign languages, informing women of the opportunity to make themselves felt that Saturday's enrollment affords, and urging that they will not do their full duty as citizens and voters unless they qualify for the right to participate in the primaries, where party candidates are nominated. Suffrage workers at the headquarters of the organization, 3 East Thirty-eighth Street, said yesterday that the interest displayed by the women voters of alien birth was most vivid and the response to their efforts among them has evoked most hearty.

In addition to the work done by the information centres, thirteen large rallies have been held under the auspices of the Woman Suffrage Party during the present month for the purpose of arousing interest in the enrollment among the foreign-born women. In many of the settlement houses, too, so-called "first voters' parties" have been given, at which the women have appeared in the finery of many lands, and, after listening to music and partaking of refreshments, have been treated to a lecture in civics and received instruction in how to enroll.

While much of the work done by the Woman Suffrage Party has been among the foreign-born women, their American sisters are not being neglected. The Woman Voters' Council, another agency of the Woman Suffrage Party, is the medium through which the work among the latter is being done. It was said at the headquarters of the New York City Woman Suffrage Party yesterday that 125,000 women have availed themselves of the brief courses of instructions in government and civics conducted by the Woman Voters' Council since January. In practically all the big department stores and in other establishments, where women are employed in large numbers, special classes are being conducted every week with the cooperation of the employers. A full citizenship course includes four lessons in which are embodied the fundamentals of political organization and elections; 160,000 pamphlets containing these lessons in printed form have been distributed among women who will be qualified to enroll next Saturday.

As the ratification of the Federal Prohibition amendment is to be an issue in at least the Republican primaries, the New York Anti-Saloon League has sent out a warning to women who favor national prohibition not to become identified with the Prohibition Party, alluring though its title may be.

"If you live in New York City and want to help Prohibition enroll with the Republican Party," the appeal from the Anti-Saloon League reads in part. "A Democratic candidate next Fall in New York City means a Tammany Democrat. Tammany is bitterly opposed to prohibition. A Prohibition Party candidate can not be elected—such dry votes are lost. To make sure of having dry candidates in the Republican Party, enough 'dry' voters must enroll in it to outvote the 'wets.' If that is done the dry candidates will get the nomination of the party."

### WON'T DISCUSS PROHIBITION

### Long Island Episcopalians Refuse to Take Up the Subject.

A discussion of the prohibition question so far as the State is concerned was averted at yesterday's convention of the Long Island Episcopal Diocese at the Garden City Cathedral, when the convention, by a vote of 88 to 55, voted to table a resolution calling up the matter for argument. The resolution, introduced by the Rev. Charles E. Cragg of Huntington, was for the purpose of ratifying the amendment to the United States Constitution.

"I oppose any action, as we have no legal right to discuss the question at this convention. It is purely a political question," declared Colonel William S. Cogswell of Jamaica. He was supported by Charles H. Fuller of Brooklyn.

"As Governor Whitman favors Statewide prohibition," said Milton L. Chase, a real estate operator of Huntington, "it would take a very strong candidate to oppose him." He was declared out of order by Bishop Burgess, presiding, who said political discussions were barred.

By a vote of 84 to 51 the convention went on record as favoring a plan to permit women to vote at the primaries if the vestries sanction it. The convention also passed a resolution expressing approval of the country's attitude regarding the war.

## ROOSEVELT BACK IN CLUB.

### Republicans Rehang Colonel's Picture and Invite Him to Return.

Colonel Theodore Roosevelt is again a member of the Republican Club. In 1912, when the Colonel's Bull Moose Party bolted the Republican organization and sought to bring about the defeat of William Howard Taft for reelection as President, the relations between the Colonel and the prominent leaders of the Republican Party were more than strained. They broke in many directions, not the least important fracture being in the famous club in West Fortieth Street founded by the leaders of the party of Abraham Lincoln. The Colonel was bitterly denounced in the club, and an oil painting of him which occupied a place of honor along with paintings of Mr. Taft, Elihu Root, and other idols of the Republican faith, was summarily relegated to the cellar.

Some time ago the Roosevelt painting was dusted off and rehung in the assembly room, the circumstance presaging the fact that the Colonel was about to be welcomed back into the fold. About two weeks ago some member of the club suggested that the year 1912 was a long way back in history, and that it might be a nice thing to invite the sage of Oyster Bay to take his old place in the councils of the club. The suggestion met with favor, and the Colonel was sounded on the proposal. "Delighted," was the Colonel's answer. When this decision was carried back to the club officials the Executive Committee met and unanimously voted to reinstate the Colonel as a member. The Colonel expressed his appreciation in the following letter to Secretary William S. Denison:

> Office of Theodore Roosevelt.
> 347 Madison Avenue, May 18, 1918.
>
> My Dear Mr. Denison: I am very much pleased, indeed, at the action of the Executive Committee. I accept with the utmost pleasure, and I shall be around at the club very soon.
>
> With hearty thanks and all good wishes to my fellow-members, faithfully yours,
> THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

It was emphatically denied that William Barnes had resigned from the club. He is still a member, and it was predicted that the efforts of the dove of peace may yet bring about a reconciliation between the Colonel and his long time enemy, the Albany leader.

## MAKE CITIZENS OF SOLDIERS

### Camp Upton Aliens to the Number of 330 Take Oath of Allegiance.

*Special to The New York Times.*

CAMP UPTON, N. Y., May 22.—It took less than a half hour here today to grant citizenship to 330 soldiers of the National Army, aliens and enemy aliens, who had been subjects of more than thirty different countries. Justice Joseph Morschauser, sitting at Special Term of the Supreme Court, administered the oath of allegiance to the men whose applications for citizenship were accepted, and their papers were furnished them by James F. Richardson, County Clerk of Suffolk County.

Altogether there were naturalized 13 Austrians, 4 Germans, 2 Mexicans, 1 Montenegrin, 1 Portuguese, 24 Turks, including Armenians and Syrians, 2 Belgians and 1 Bulgarian, 6 Danes, 73 British, of whom 25 were negro infantrymen of the 367th Regiment; 18 Greeks, 84 Italians, 7 Dutch, 3 Serbians, 7 Norwegians, 2 Rumanians, 75 Russians, including Poles; 3 Spaniards and 11 Swedes. There were no French applicants. The Germans were heartily applauded.

Each applicant presented a statement from his company commander attesting his loyalty and was required to have two witnesses. Not one of the applicants had ever before tried to obtain citizenship. The court will sit again tomorrow.

General Bell in an address told the applicants that if they did not want to fight or felt any lingering feeling for their mother countries they should not take the oath. "You can't be loyal," said the General, "unless you can wholeheartedly support the Government of the United States."

**Orange Bars Unpatriotic Papers.**

ORANGE, N. J., May 22.—Without qualification the West Orange Town Council passed the following resolution: "Resolved, That it is the wish of this council that all news dealers of West Orange refrain from selling or offering for sale unpatriotic or seditious publications. We also call upon all good citizens to refrain from buying the same, and also ask the co-operation of the National Defense League."

# TREASON IN LUXURY, SCHURMAN ASSERTS

### President of Cornell Declares the Spendthrift Is an Enemy of His Country.

### WOULD BAR PLEASURE CARS

### All Physically Fit Men and Women Should Be Freed from Non-Essential Industries, He Says.

ITHACA, N. Y., May 22.—The spendthrift of today is a traitor, the good citizen the man who stints and saves; non-essential industries should be closed down; physically fit men and women should be released from non-essential service and sent into war industries; costly entertainment should cease and civilians should be prohibited from purchasing gasoline for the "luxury" of motoring, said Jacob Gould Schurman, President of Cornell, in his address at the fiftieth annual commencement of the university here today.

It is only by following these tenets that America will win the war, President Schurman said. The war has shown the necessity for athletic and military training for young men and women and they should be put in force after the war, he said. He predicted also that the exraordinary development of science during the war would bring a new era for scholars and scientists in the years to come.

If America screws her courage to the "sticking point" she shall not fail, he said, for behind her "are the men and material resources of all the democracies of the world; with her the inspiring consciousness of a just and righteous cause. It took the American people a long time to find their soul in this war; having found it they will keep it however long the struggle and however great the sacrifices."

In emphasizing the demand for saving and self-denial by the American people, President Schurman said that the reason for this was not that abstention was desirable in itself, but that it was necessary for the efficient supply of our army and navy, and the armies and navies of our allies.

"The nation cannot spare either commodities or services for the mere enjoyment of stay-at-homes," he said. "The time has arrived when all physically fit men should be released from non-essential service and sent into war industries; the number of women in domestic service should be greatly reduced, and those who can be spared sent into the war industries; men and women who have not worked should begin to work—with their hands or brains or both.

"The time has arrived when costly entertainments should cease, when gasolene, which is needed for military operations, should in general be denied to civilians for mere luxury motoring. The time has arrived when every man and woman who spend on themselves more than is absolutely necessary should be tabooed as robbers of the public treasury. The spendthrift of today is a traitor. The good citizen is the man who stints and saves. And let him invest what he saves in Government bonds to provide the means for carrying on the war."

Leading up to the assertion that the United States has done all within its power since the beginning of hostilities to harness science and education to its war needs, President Schurman said:

"Germany has the advantage over all her opponents, especially over Great Britain and the United States, in the solid fabric of science she has constructed during the last generation by means of generous Government encouragement of and appropriations for scientific research and instruction. Our Government today, instructed by the war, is ready to spend billions of dollars for new scientific truths in which prior to the war it felt no concern and for which it would make no provisions."

## GIRLS VICTIMS OF POMP.

### Made Ill by Singing in Cold for Bavarian Royalty.

AMSTERDAM, May 11. (Associated Press.)—Bavarian high school girls, forced by an official order issued "at his Majesty's personal request," have paid tragic tribute to German court pomp, according to the Munich Post.

The occasion was the royal golden wedding celebration, and the school girls were made to assemble, attired in thin white dresses and dilapidated shoes, despite bitter cold and an icy pavement, in front of the royal palace and sing patriotic songs for an hour.

"Two of the girls," the Munich paper relates, "half-starved as they were, have succumbed to consumption. Four others were taken seriously ill, and one is undergoing treatment in the municipal hospital.

"We have no hesitation in declaring that the whole affair is a disgrace at a time like the present, when old and young alike are in an enfeebled condition owing to the lack of sufficient food."

## GOLD BASIS FOR SPAIN.

### Government Presents a Bill Which, if Passed, Will Have That Effect.

MADRID, May 22.—The Finance Ministry has presented a bill in Parliament the effect of the passage of which would be to place Spain on a gold basis. It provides that silver shall not be legal tender in amounts of more than 50 pesetas, except for payments to the Government. Until facilities have been provided for minting the required amount of gold, foreign gold coins will have currency in Spain, their value in pesetas being stamped on them.

The bill provides that paper currency of the denomination of 25 pesetas shall be withdrawn from circulation after Jan. 1 next. The Government will be authorized to redeem exterior loans, wholly or in part, issuing an internal loan, if necessary, to obtain funds for the operation.

## CLAIMS 3,575,000 CAPTIVES.

### Germany Boasts of Value of "Our Growing Labor Army."

AMSTERDAM, May 11. (Associated Press.)—"Our growing labor army" is the description applied by the German newspapers to tehir prisoners of war. In an official statement the German people is notified that Germany and her allied States now hold 3,575,000 prisoners.

The statement lays stress on the "supreme value" of these prisoners as manpower for industry and agriculture. They will go far, it is said, to compensate Germany for the men she has had to withdraw from peaceful pursuits for active military service.

"The longer the war lasts the more adaptable and useful these prisoners will become," says the official statement.

**Borglum Defends His Sculpture.**

*Special to The New York Times.*

COLD SPRING, N. Y., May 22.—Gutzon Borglum was a witness in the Surrogate's Court here today in

# MRS. STOKES DENIES DISLOYAL INTENT

### Declares She Never Expected Kansas City Newspaper to Publish Her Anti-War Letter.

### CASE READY FOR JURY

**Federal Prosecutor in Argument Insists Her Purpose Was to Spread Sedition.**

KANSAS CITY, May 22.—Presentation of testimony in the case of Mrs. Rose Pastor Stokes, who is on trial in the Federal Court here charged with violation of the Espionage act, was completed this afternoon and argument begun. Final summing up by both sides will take place tomorrow, after which Judge Arba S. Van Valkenburgh will charge the jury. Court officials expect the case to go to the jury about noon.

Elmer B. Silvers, Assistant United States District Attorney, spoke for the Government this afternoon and Seymour Stedman of Chicago for the defense. Mr. Silvers said that the question at issue was the intent or motive behind the signed communication of Mrs. Stokes which appeared in The Kansas City Star and in which she expressed opposition to the Government. He pictured the defendant as having sought every opportunity to spread disloyal propaganda.

Mr. Silvers referred to the address of Mrs. Stokes at Kansas City, which he said, "stirred up a hornet's nest." He declared she saw further opportunity to spread disloyalty in an interview which a reporter "toned down." Enraged, he said, when she saw her seditious declarations misquoted, she dictated and sent the signed letter of correction on which the indictment was based.

In replying Mr. Stedman asserted the freedom of speech and the length to which a citizen might go in criticising the Government in war time were the principal issues involved. He declared Mrs. Stokes's chief concern was that the war might not accomplish the purposes for which America entered it. He argued that the Government must prove motive on each count of the indictment and that Mrs. Stokes had wilfully sought to create mutiny and insubordination. Expression of opposition to the Government, he said, was directed against those in power in the Government, and was, moreover, an expression of opinion rather than fact, based on Mrs. Stokes's reading of statistics indicating that vast profits were being made out of war industries. Whether these figures were correct did not matter, he said.

On taking the stand this morning in continuation of her direct examination, Mrs. Stokes testified that her husband was a member of the Ninth Coast Guard Artillery. She denied that her communication to The Star she had intended to cause insubordination or obstruct recruiting.

Mrs. Stokes declared the letter written to The Star was dictated in such haste that her exact meaning was not expressed. She explained that she was preparing to leave the city on her speaking tour at the time the letter was written.

"I was in such a hurry," she testified, "that I never even read the copy before sending it to the newspaper. You know I didn't expect The Star to print the letter, as they had repressed a previous interview."

"Do you believe in patriotism in the ordinary sense of love for the country of which you are a citizen?" asked Mr. Silvers.

"I believe in country as exemplified in its people and not by those in control. I love all countries," was the reply.

She admitted selling the transcript of her speech made in Minneapolis to an Eastern magazine in which she had said: "This is a history event in my life. It is the first time I have ever stood on any platform as an American."

Mr. Silvers quoted from the article statements to the effect that she had refused to rise to the national anthem or salute the flag, and had stated she would rather be shot than do so.

Dr. Eva Harding of Topeka, former candidate for Congress, testified today that she had attended the luncheon given by the Women's Dining Club at which Mrs. Stokes spoke.

Mrs. Stokes, the witness testified, spoke of the "invisible government" which the people "would have to fight after the war." Dr. Harding quoted the defendant as saying there were two elements in this country—the people and the profiteers—and that at the conclusion of the world war would come the crisis.

The people would not fight for dollars, Dr. Harding testified Mrs. Stokes had declared, and therefore the phrase "make the world safe for democracy" had been adopted.

On cross-examination Dr. Harding admitted she had been arrested, tried, and acquitted on a charge of obstructing the draft, but that she had no clear idea of why she had been arrested.


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# *LA FOLLETTE COUNSEL CRITICISES PRESS*

### *St. Paul Speech Was Patriotic, Roe Says, and Senator Was Misquoted.*

WASHINGTON, May 22.—Counsel for Senator La Follette closed today the argument begun yesterday before the Senate Privileges and Elections Committee in support of a motion to dismiss charges that statements by the Wisconsin Senator in a speech at St. Paul last September were disloyal and seditious. Gilbert M. Roe of New York, the Senator's attorney, concluded with the declaration that Senator La Follette was not disloyal and that to say that in his heart he desired to see the German cause succeed was unthinkable. Two weeks were given to the attorney to file a supplementary brief.

The attorney read from the text of the speech, as submitted by him to the committee, to show that Senator La Follette said that in entering the war this country had "cause for complaint" and "serious grievances" against Germany. He declared if there were any inaccurate statements they were made in good faith by the Senator and with no intention "to put the Administraion in a hole."

Mr. Roe declared that the St. Paul speech was highly patriotic and that the charges followed attacks which had been concentrated on the Wisconsin Senator by a "war party" and a "war-mad press." He denied that Senator La Follette said that the carrying of American citizens on a munition-loaded ship was "the only thing that carried us into the war." He said The Chicago Tribune on Sept. 21 last quoted Senator La Follette as saying: "I was not in favor of beginning this war. We had no grievance." Similar statements also appeared in The New York Times and The Washington Post, he said.

"Every Associated Press dispatch carried it that way," Mr. Roe said, adding that all Associated Press newspapers "got that story and printed it that way."

When Senator Walsh of Montana questioned Mr. Roe regarding Senator La Follette's reference to war profiteers, Senator Vardaman of Mississippi interrupted to suggest the committee would read the evidence in the Hog Island investigation by a Senate committee "they would find fraud that stinks to Heaven."

Senator Reed of Missouri urged the committee to confine its investigation to the text of the speech. He added that if anybody could show that Senator La Follette was trying to defeat this country in war, instead of merely criticising some member of the Administration, he would be willing to vote to expel him from the Senate.

## CONFER ON REVENUE TODAY.

### Wilson to Meet Congressional Leaders and Discuss Matter.

WASHINGTON, May 22.—Whether revenue legislation shall be undertaken at this session of Congress depends on President Wilson's decision after a conference tomorrow with Congressional leaders, who are strongly in favor of postponing the legislation until next December.

Today the President went over the arguments presented by Secretary McAdoo for enactment of a new tax law before adjournment and he will see Mr. McAdoo again before finally determining whether the Administration shall declare the legislation necessary to preservation of the nation's finances in healthy condition for the war.

All the advice which Secretary McAdoo got today from his advisers having direct charge of administering the revenue law and of planning to meet future financial needs of the Government was that such a new measure must be enacted by Fall.

Regardless of Government needs, Secretary McAdoo is represented as believing that the business interests of the nation should know long before February or March the nature and amount of taxes to be assessed on them for this year's business. Members of the Senate and House, however, still are hostile to the enactment of tax legislation on the eve of election.

## THEIR GOLDEN WEDDING.

### Mr. and Mrs. Simeon B. Chittenden to Celebrate Event Today.

Mr. and Mrs. Simeon Baldwin Chittenden of 121 Madison Avenue will celebrate their golden wedding this afternoon at their residence. On account of the war there will be only a small reception, members of the family and a few friends. Following the reception there will be a family dinner. Assisting in receiving will be two daughters, Mrs. A. F. Holly and Miss Alice Hill Chittenden, the latter the well-known anti-suffrage leader, who is now engaged in Red Cross work out of the city.

Mrs. James L. Morgan of Brooklyn, a sister, who celebrated her own golden wedding two years ago, will also assist in receiving. Other members of the family who will be present will be Simeon Baldwin Chittenden, Jr., of Cleveland, Ohio, with his wife and children, and another daughter, Mrs. Charles M. Thayer, from Worcester, Mass.

Mr. and Mrs. Chittenden have spent all of their long married life within the limits of New York. Mr. Chittenden is descended from one of the men who helped to build up Brooklyn, the first Simeon Baldwin Chittenden, a leading merchant, Vice President of the Chamber of Commerce and member of Congress.

### Celebrate Corporal Roth's Birthday.

Although Corporal Jesse Roth is in France with the American Expeditionary Forces his twenty-second birthday was celebrated yesterday by his mother, Mrs. Leopold Roth of 636 West 172d Street, who invited the young soldier's friends and twenty children from the Hebrew Orphan Asylum. The children during the afternoon offered a prayer for President Wilson and the soldiers and sailors.

### A Daughter to Mrs. W. D. Pinkus.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Devereaux Pinkus of 70 East Fifty-sixth Street are receiving congratulations on the birth of a daughter. Mrs. Pinkus was formerly Miss Augusta Wight and was married in August, 1914, to Mr. Pinkus, who is a Lieutenant in the 1st Field Artillery, N. Y. G.

### Townsend-Firestone Engagement.

Captain and Mrs. D. S. Townsend of this city announce the engagement of their sister, Miss Kathleen Townsend of 110 Cathedral Parkway, to Robert James Firestone. Miss Townsend is the daughter of the Rev. R. W. Townsend of North Carolina. Mr. Firestone is the Vice President of the Firestone Tire and Rubber Company of Akron, Ohio. No date has been set for the wedding.


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# HOLLAND RENEWS ITS SHIP PROTEST

### Lansing's Reply Did Not Fully Answer Objections to Seizure, New Note Says.

### GERMANS COERCING DUTCH

**Prohibition of Sailings Due to Berlin Pressure for Economic Agreement, Rotterdam Asserts.**

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, May 22.—A supplementary note from the Netherlands Government was delivered to the State Department today by the Netherlands Legation, making response to this Government's reply to Holland's original protest against the recent seizure by the United States Government of the Dutch merchant shipping in American ports.

Secretary Lansing had not had opportunity to examine the communication carefully, and no comment was forthcoming from the State Department. It is understood that the note contends that the United States in its reply did not answer all the objections made by the Dutch Government, and that the Allies, rather than Germany, are responsible for the present plight of Holland in the matter of food shortage.

It is understood that the State Department has inquired whether the Holland Government is willing to have the correspondence relating to the requisitioning of the Dutch ships made public, and that Holland has replied that it has no objection.

Nothing has reached Washington officially in confirmation of the report that the Dutch Government has decreed that Dutch ships shall not sail from Holland. In any event, it is understood, such a measure will not affect the departure from Holland of three vessels to replace the steamers Java, Stella, and Hollandia, the latter from an Argentine port, taking on cargo in the United States under an agreement entered into between the two Governments. As soon as these vessels sail from America three equivalent tonnage are to be released in Holland. It is not known whether the substitute ship for the Hollandia will come to the United States or to Argentina, this point not yet having been settled in the negotiations now going forward.

The War Trade Board has refused a request of the Dutch Government that three additional Dutch-owned ships in the United States be permitted to sail with foodstuffs for Holland, the Dutch position being that, if three additional vessels are released in Holland at the same time, as required by the War Trade Board, they would have to leave in ballast.

LONDON, May 22.—The prohibition of the departure of all Dutch ships from Dutch ports, the Rotterdam correspondent of The Daily Telegraph says he learns, is connected with a new move by the German Government to compel Holland to sign on Berlin's terms the long-pending economic agreement, which Holland has declined to do owing to the onerous conditions imposed by Germany.

The German Government, accordingly, has refused a safe conduct to Dutch shipping through the war zone, and has seized the steamer Megantic, which Holland had chartered to fetch a cargo of wood from Sweden. The seizure was a direct challenge to Holland, and, it is added, the prohibition of further sailings is the sequel.

AMSTERDAM, May 22.—August Phillips, the Dutch Minister to the United States, who recently returned on a leave of absence because of ill-health, has requested that he be relieved of his post at Washington, according to advices from The Hague today. The Minister's request, it is stated, is made on medical advice.

## 13 MORE LOST ON CYCLOPS.

### Transferred from Other Ships to Collier as Passengers.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, May 22.—The names of thirteen more members of crews of various vessels of the American navy who are believed to have been lost with the collier Cyclops were made public today by the Navy Department. The announcement was based on additional information just received by the department indicating that these men were transferred from other ships to the Cyclops as passengers and that they were presumably aboard the collier when she sailed on her last voyage. The names follow:

BAGGIORIE, JOHN DOMINIK FRANCIS, seaman; mother, Mrs. Mary Baggiorie, Phoenix, Ariz.
DAVIS, HARRY, baker; J. A. Kirk, Hopewell, Penn.
EVANS, OTTO HARRISON, carpenter's mate; R. J. Evans, Springfield, Ill.
FARRELL, RAYMOND, seaman; Mrs. Stanley Farrell, care C. A. Farrell, Boss Manufacturing Co., Brooklyn, N. Y.
KURNER, CLEMENT O., painter; David C. Kurner, Wheeling, W. Va.
LONG, IRL EDWIN, coxswain; John Ell Long, Walter, Okla.
McKEEN, DONALD J., blacksmith; Fannie Serna, Santa Rita, N. M.
MILLER, JAMES JOSEPH, boilermaker; Clara Miller Allen, New Orleans, La.
MOLLENCOF, EARL WILLIAM, plumber and fitter; Mandy Mollencop, Salem, Ore.
PERRY, WILLIE LLOYD, fireman; Christenio Perry, Speegleville, Texas.
SMILEY, LOUIS ADOLPHUS, electrician; Sheldon Anson Smiley, Marshall, Texas.
SWEENEY, WILLIAM FRANCIS, machinist's mate; Mrs. Duria Sweeney, Fall River, Mass.
WEBSTER, CLAYTON ANDREW, electrician; Neva Webster, Hutchinson, Kan.

## SAVE AVIATORS AT SEA.

### Fishing Smack Rescues Flyers Clinging to Disabled Sea Plane.

*Special to The New York Times.*

FREEPORT, L. I., May 22.—Captain Joseph Carman and the crew of the fishing boat Saimato this afternoon saved two aviators whose seaplane became disabled several miles off shore. They were clinging to the wings of the machine when taken aboard the fishing boat.

Engine trouble compelled the aviators to descend, and for three hours they were in danger of drowning as the air tanks were punctured when the seaplane struck the water. The flyers refused to give their names.

### Troy Evening Boats Open Season.

The service for the Summer of 1918 of the Troy Evening Line was opened last night by the departure of the steamboat Clermont from the foot of Christopher Street at 6 P. M. with a large number of passengers for Troy. The steamboats will stop at the 129th Street Pier on the way up the river.


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## TO EASE PORT CONGESTION.

### Dock Commissioner Hulbert Tells of Plans of His Department.

The present shipping congestion in the Port of New York is largely due to the failure of the responsible authorities in the past to look beyond Manhattan Island in the development of the city's waterfront, said Dock Commissioner Murray Hulbert yesterday before the Brooklyn Chamber of Commerce. The Commissioner told of the plans of his department to bring about relief by co-operating with the Federal Government for shipping improvements in Jamaica Bay and South Brooklyn.

"If we had not been so provincial in our ideas with respect to the improvement of this port," said Commissioner Hulbert, "we would have seen that the Empire City depended for her supremacy on the development of the harbor as a whole and not upon any restrictive portion. Instead of petitioning the Secretary of War to extend the North River pierhead line further out into the river or frantically digging back into the upland, so as to secure longer piers in an already crowded district, we should have done the perfectly obvious thing, taken advantage of the splendid facilities of the waterfront of Brooklyn and the other boroughs. Had such a comprehensive plan been adopted for the whole port it could not have been subjected to any pressure that would have strained its facilities. The plan would have been sufficiently elastic to meet every demand.

"Because of the lack of a broad policy and a national perspective, the outbreak of the war found the facilities of the port totally inadequate to meet the sudden and extensive demands of the various branches of the Government. What I have learned as Dock Commissioner has made me determined to open New York's front door by making the commercial development of Jamaica Bay and Staten Island an actuality.

Commissioner Hulbert said that he believed the $40,000,000 war base warehouses which the Government is constructing at Bay Ridge would pave the way for the building of a tunnel from the terminal of the Pennsylvania Railroad at Greenville, on the New Jersey side of the bay, to Bay Ridge. This, with the giving of Jamaica Bay direct railroad connection with the whole country, would go far toward assuring the commercial future of the port. He said that he had recommended to the Sinking Fund Commission what he considered to be the most effective plan for the utilization of the advantages of Jamaica Bay. This provided for the construction of a bulkhead from Barren Island to Hell Basin, near Bergen Beach, and for the building of fourteen piers extending to the main channel, each to be 1,000 feet in length, with the suggestion that twenty-eight warehouses be erected in the rear of these piers.

## FAVORS WOMEN AS POLICE.

### Magistrate McAdoo Compliments Girl on Her Detective Work.

Chief Magistrate McAdoo expressed himself in favor of the appointment of women to the Police Department in Jefferson Market Court yesterday morning when he praised the amateur detective work of a girl who appeared in court to prosecute a man charged with petty larceny.

The girl, Jean Reilly, works for the Westcott Express Company as a stenographer, and lives at 351 West Twentieth Street. On Sunday afternoon while seated at a window on the ground floor of her home, she said she saw across the street a wagon of the American Express standing at the curb and two men acting suspiciously. She stated in court that she saw these men take a package from the wagon and proceed down the street with it. She hurried from the house and followed them to Thirtieth Street and Ninth Avenue, where, she said, she saw them hand the package to another man. The two then disappeared.

Miss Reilly appealed to Patrolman Russell of the Twenty-second Precinct, who arrested the man with the package.

In court today the prisoner gave his name as Carmine Dedesco, 20 years old, but refused to give an address. Chief Magistrate then held him for trial in Special Sessions.

He turned to Miss Reilly and complimented her on her work, saying:

"Now that we have a special women's division of the Police Department, I shall take great pleasure in recommending you to Commissioner Enright as a member. You have shown exceptional ability and fine citizenship in causing this man's arrest. You have the physique, and should make a fine addition to our force. I wish to thank you for what you have done."

## TO HAVE POLICE POWERS.

### Reserves to Get Status of Regular Force, Announces Leach.

Acting Commissioner of Police John A. Leach, in addressing 600 officers of New York's 10,000 police reserves at a conference held at Police Headquarters Tuesday night, surprised them with the announcement that the reserves will be installed with the same power vested in the regular police officers of the city. They will be sworn in as peace officers. That will allow them to carry revolvers, wear uniforms and shields and to carry handcuffs and club. The only difference between the regular policemen and the reserves, it was explained, will be in the matter of compensation. The reserves will serve gratuitously. Commissioner Leach instructed the officers to inform the men on the subject. The reserves will be classified as special officers.

## GOVERNOR PROMISES AID.

### But Writes That Suppression of German Papers Is Federal Matter.

At the preliminary meeting held by Mrs. Oliver Cromwell Field, Chairman of the American Defense Society's Committee for Suppressing All Things German, at the Hotel McAlpin recently, it was decided to send a copy of a resolution calling for the suspension of German language newspapers to Governor Whitman, Mayor Hylan, and the President. The Governor, through his secretary, sent a letter to Mrs. Field yesterday promising that he would act the moment the Federal authorities directed him to do so. The letter, in part, read:

The Governor is intensely interested in your communication of May 8 and the work which is being furthered by your society. Of course, as yo uknow, certain ideas which are conveyed in your letter are such as would be handled by the Federal Government and any action taken by the State would be at the direction of the Federal authorities.

You may rest assured that the Governor will do everything possible in assisting your society.

In announcing that the society would soon renew its street speaking campaign, which had been interrupted by poor weather, Mrs. Field added:

"I hope the Federal Government will step in now and take some action. I have just read in one of the newspapers that American prisoners of war are being shamefully treated in German prison camps. One American related that after being in a cell heated to an unnaturally high temperature he was turned out in the snow and required to sand at 'attention' for a certain length of time. And yet at home here we have American mothers who consider my crusade against the German newspapers sheer fanaticism."


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# *REV. DR. M. J. SAVAGE DIES SUDDENLY AT 76*

### *Ex-Pastor of Church of Messiah, Noted for His Advanced Views, Was to Wed in June.*

BOSTON, May 22.—The Rev. Dr. Minot J. Savage of Cleveland, Ohio, a leading minister of the Unitarian Church, died suddenly at a hotel here today. Dr. Savage, who was 76 years old, came here two weeks ago and was to have been married in June to Miss Katharine Jones of Brockton. He was ill only a few hours.

Dr. Savage retired from the active ministry in 1906, after serving for ten years as pastor of the Church of the Messiah in New York City. During his career he aroused much public attention because of the advanced views expressed in some of his books.

In his day one of the most direct and forceful speakers the pulpits of this city had ever seen. Dr. Savage, in spite of his mental vigor, suffered throughout his life from illnesses induced by overtried nerves. Born June 10, 1841, he passed a sickly childhood in the small Maine town of Norridgewock, and when the time came prepared for entrance to college, but could not take the course because of poor health. His enforced retirement from the world caused him to turn his thoughts toward religion, and when an opportunity shortly presented itself he entered the Bangor Theological Seminary, and was graduated in 1864. During Autumn of the same year he married Ella A. Dodge, daughter of the Rev. John S. Dodge of Harvard, Mass.

Dr. Savage became well known in this city when in 1896 he was brought from the Church of the Unity, Boston, to the Church of the Messiah, Park Avenue and Thirty-fourth Street, to assist the pastor, the Rev. Robert Collyer, whose strength was beginning to feel the effect of advanced age. He thus singled out at once not only because of the fire of his preaching, but also for the originality of his views, and in 1898 succeeded to the pastorate, Dr. Collyer having resigned.

One of his beliefs was that there was communication between living minds without bodily contact, and that living intelligences might be impressed by invisible intelligences. In support of these views he cited experiences of his own and published his books, "Life Beyond Death," and "Can Telepathy Explain?" He maintained that he could not possibly doubt that unseen powers existed, from the effects to which he was prepared to swear.

But the literary activities of the preacher were by no means limited to this abstruse subject. For thirty years before his retirement from the active pastorate his sermons had been published. He wrote on many subjects, and, altogether, more than thirty works have come from his pen. Among the better known of them are "The Religion of Evolution," "Social Problems," and "The Passing and Permanent in Religion." He was, too, a poet, and published three volumes of verses, most of which had been embodied in his sermons.

## AIRMEN FILL TEXAS SKIES.

### Formation Flying Furnishes Thrilling Spectacle in All Camps.

DALLAS, Texas, May 22.—The aviators have given Texas another spectacle. Formation flying, which now is being practiced in all the aviation camps, is so "different," so impressive, and so thrilling to witness that it has overcome the ennui with which the average citizen has viewed a sky flecked with individual aviators, and the epidemic of "arched neck," which was common when the aviators first came south to practice, again threatens.

There is something about the appearance of airplanes in formation, each flier rigidly keeping an exact distance from the others, that impresses one with the feeling that these men actually have control of the air. The single airplane may respond to conditions in the air, rising and falling to take advantage of atmospheric disturbance, but in formation flying each must maintain his proper place, and the sight of a fleet of machines flying in a triangle or in a square causes the realization that conquest of the air had advanced to a point heretofore unrealized.

Most of those who are now perfecting their skill in formation flying are "bombers." Aviators on this duty must travel in groups, guards flying at the side, before, behind, and above the planes which carry explosives to be dropped upon the enemy. The leader usually flies much higher than the others in the party, not only for the advantage of the additional vision his height will give, but also so as to be able to dart down upon any enemy plane which undertakes to break up the party.

The scout planes travel alone and the aviators who will adhere to this branch of the service are not so much in need of skill at formation flying. Neither is the artillery control branch nor the contact patrol, which latter branch must perfect itself in flying low to report the position of its own and enemy troops during the progress of a battle.

## THREE LOST WITH TANKER.

### Killed by Torpedo That Sank the William Rockefeller.

WASHINGTON, May 22.—The Navy Department has received a dispatch from Vice Admiral Sims at London stating that the American oil tanker William Rockefeller was torpedoed and sunk by an enemy submarine in European waters on May 18.

Latest reports indicate that one engineer officer and two men of the engineer force were killed, names not yet known. Eleven officers and sixty-one of the crew have been landed, none seriously injured. The William Rockefeller was an oil tanker of 7,157 tons gross.

Morris Miller, 3 East 105th Street, New York, was paymaster on the Rockefeller, and had crossed the war zone nine times. He was on the Antilles when it was torpedoed and was given up as dead, but after floating four hours was picked up by the Alcedo. The Finland, on which he was coming back to this country, was torpedoed.

Recently in Washington Secretary Daniels asked Miller whether he would prefer sea or shore duty, and Miller replied that he "would see the war through on the sea."

## DR. WARBASSE REINSTATED.

### Kings County Medical Society Will Investigate Charges Against Him.

Dr. James Peter Warbasse of Brooklyn, dropped from membership in the Kings County Medical Society at a meeting of that organization on April 16 last, was on Tuesday night restored to membership, but under charges. About one hundred physicians attended the meeting, which was held in the rooms of the society, 1,313 Bedford Avenue, Brooklyn. A letter received from Dr. Warbasse was read, in which he apologized for the article published in a medical journal some weeks ago, in which it was intimated that the rich could obtain certificates from physicians showing they were physically unfit for military duties.

At the conclusion of the meeting the announcement was made that a committee, consisting of Dr. Frederick C. Holden, President of the society, with Dr. John A. Lee, Vice President, and the other officers, was named to investigate the charges and report at the June meeting. Dr. Warbasse was not present at the meeting on Tuesday night, but he had sent letters to the members explaining the article objected to.


**RED CROSS DAY AT Vaber & Dorr**

114 Chambers St., N. Y. City.

10 per cent of Store's Gross Sales

THURSDAY, MAY 23rd, 1918


## DR. MASARYK COMING HERE.

### Slavs to Honor Leader of Suppressed Nationalities in Austria.

Dr. Thomas G. Masaryk, ex-Professor of Philosophy in the Czech University of Prague, and now head of the Czechoslovak National Committee, organizer of the Czechoslovak armies which have fought against Austria in Russia and are now fighting in Italy and France, will spend the latter part of this week in New York. His presence here will be made the occasion for a celebration, not only by the Czechoslovaks, but also by other Slavonic nationalities, for he is looked on as one of the greatest Slav scholars and statesmen and is spoken of as the man likely to be the first president of the Bohemian republic if the Allies win complete victory.

The principal event of his stay here will be a mass meeting at Carnegie Hall on Friday night, at which Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler will preside. The speakers, besides Professor Masaryk, will include Senator William J. Kenyon of Iowa and Congressman Adolph J. Sabath of Chicago. Before the meeting a parade of Czech, Slovak, Jugoslav, and Russian organizations will be held, starting from Seventy-first Street and Avenue A, marching through the Bohemian quarter of the upper east side and then into Fifth Avenue at Seventy-second Street. Professor Masaryk will review the procession from the balcony of the Plaza Hotel.

Dr. Masaryk is under sentence of death in Austria. He was born in Moravia in 1850, studied at the Universities of Vienna and Leipsic, and married Miss Charlotte Garrigue of Brooklyn.

## GERMANS BLAME MERCIER.

### Dr. Hall Says Spain Is Told He Caused Destruction of Churches.

Dr. Edward Hagaman Hall, Secretary of the American Scenic and Historic Preservation Society, speaking last night before the Laymen's Club of the Cathedral of St. John the Divine on the destruction of the cathedrals and works of art in Europe, said that the Germans have widely distributed a pamphlet in Spain which blames Cardinal Mercier for the German destruction of religious edifices.

The pamphlet states that it was due to the treachery of Cardinal Mercier that the Germans were forced to teach the Belgians a lesson." The pamphlet adds that seventy-five churches and cathedrals were either destroyed entirely or rendered useless by the German armies.

Dr. Hall showed stereopticon views of the destroyed buildings, of the wanton destruction of tombs, and the desecration of graves by the Teuton invaders. He showed views of the Cathedral of Rheims before and after its destruction, and a large number of other churches, including churches in Italy and Alsace as well as in Northern France and Belgium.

## EAST SIDE TO PARADE.

### Whitman Will Review the Coming War Savings Demonstration.

Governor Whitman yesterday sent a telegram to the War Savings Committee accepting its invitation to review the east side parade for War Savings on the afternoon of Memorial Day. The reviewing stand will be at St. Mark's Place and Second Avenue. In addition to the Governor, there will be representative of the army and navy, city officials, and members of the War Savings Committee in the reviewing party.

Twenty thousand east siders will be in line as a tribute to their sons who have gone to the front. Among the features of the procession will be a division of peddlers, who are Treasury Department agents, with their push carts; a division of Jewish Red Cross nurses, and a division of east side "war mothers," each with a service flag.

Major Gen. Bell has been requested to send a detachment of east side boys now in training at Camp Upton. Some of the other features will be delegations from the Independent Order of B'rith Abraham, the Educational Alliance, the Henry Street Settlement, the east side schools, and the Yiddish newspapers.

Charles F. Murphy's home district is one of the first to begin War Savings work, in accordance with an arrangement entered into by the two big political parties to boom the sale of Thrift Stamps through their district organizations. Justice Edward F. Boyle, executive member of the regular Democratic organization of the Twelfth Assembly District, announced yesterday that the members had started a pledge chain in the form of a printed card, the acceptance of which obligated the recipient to fill the Thrift Card accompanying it and to pass on the pledge with another Thrift Card to some friend. Two hundred cards were sent out by the organization several days ago, and already the chain has spread throughout the district.

## HYLAN LOSES CLERK TO WAR

### T. P. Casey, in Mayor's Office Since 1907, Is Called in Draft.

Terence P. Casey, who has been executive clerk of the Mayor's office since 1907, was yesterday called in the draft and ordered to report at Camp Hancock, Augusta, Ga., next Sunday. Mr. Casey lives at 2,863 Decatur Avenue, the Bronx, and his salary is $2,340 a year. Yesterday the employes in the Mayor's office gave him a wrist watch. This is the second of the Mayor's private staff who has been called into the service in the last month. The first to go was John F. Sinnott, who was the Mayor's executive secretary. He was ordered to Camp Upton and his place has not yet been filled.

Joseph A. Solovei, personal friend of Mayor Hylan, who was recently appointed head of the Brooklyn Bureau of Street Openings in the Corporation Counsel's office, was yesterday removed from Class 3 in the draft and put in Class 1 by the Appeal Board. Solovei obtained deferred classification from Local Board 86 of Brooklyn upon the ground of dependent relatives. William R. Conklin, Government appeal agent, objected to the action of the board and declared that Solovei's parents are well to do.

## TO TEACH X-RAY WORK.

### Hunter College Will Train Women to Meet Present Demand.

An X-ray class will be a feature of the Hunter College Summer School, which will open on June 3. The class is formed in response to a demand from hospitals in different parts of the country which need trained workers to supply the places of men who have gone to the front. High school graduates and nurses who have completed a part of their course are eligible for the class. Dr. Elsie Fox will be the instructor. The charge for the tuition is $75, not including the cost of plates.

Two women graduates of a Winter course in bacteriology at Hunter College are now in the army camps with the rank of Second Lieutenant, and later will be sent to the front. A course in clinical pathology is to be opened at the college with daily instruction. As a patriotic offering this Summer, the college will open and give free instruction at its evening classes, except those in X-ray and bacteriology, to the wives, mothers, sisters and daughters of men in the army and navy, an enrollment fee of only $3 being required. A new class in wireless telegraphy is soon to open. There are 142 courses in the Summer schedule of the college. Professor R. B. Earle is in charge.

*Marriage and death notices, intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.*

## Born.

DANCIGER.—Mr. and Mrs. Charles Danciger of 1,900 Longfellow Av. wish to announce the birth of a daughter, Shirley, on May 20.

## Married.

CRONKHITE—McKEE.—On May 20, 1918, in the Church of Zion and St. Timothy, by the Rev. Dr. Henry Lubech, Elizabeth R. McKee to Lieutenant Willis D. Cronkhite.

LOGAN—PAYNE.—Married on May 21st, Lieutenant E. A. Logan, U. S. N., son of Mr. and Mrs. E. Logan of West Point, N. Y., to Marjorie W. Payne, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Somers Payne of Monkstown, County Cork, Ireland.

PHILLIPS—SMITH.—May 21, 1918, at the Brick Presbyterian Church, 5th Av. and 37th St., by the Rev. William P. Merrill, D. D., Mary Gaines, daughter of Mrs. Charles J. Smith of Somerville, N. J., to Alfred M. Phillips, Jr., Lieutenant, F. A., O. R. C., son of Dr. and Mrs. A. N. Phillips of Stamford, Conn.

RILEY—RAYMOND.—On Sunday, May 19, at Ayer, Mass., Lucile, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles A. Raymond of Lawrence, N. Y., to John Riley, Jr., of New Canaan, Conn.

SINSHEIMER—HEUMANN.—On Wednesday, May 22, at noon, Adele Heumann (nee Neuberger) to Mr. Joseph Sinsheimer.

## Died.

APGAR.—On May 22, 1918, Camilla Swayze, widow of Ellis A. Apgar, in her 80th year. Funeral private, at her home, 127 Beach St., East Orange, N. J. Interment at Trenton, N. J.

BELDEN.—Suddenly, on Tuesday, May 21, 1918, Alfred Goodwin Belden, husband of M. Louise Belden. Funeral services at his home, 109 6th Av., Brooklyn, on Friday, May 24, at 8 P. M.

BERKOWITZ.—On Tuesday, May 21, 1918, at her residence, 79 Farley Av., Newark, Lena, wife of Leon M. Berkowitz and beloved daughter of Mrs. Minnie Schloss and the late Barnet Schloss. Funeral Thursday, P. M., private. Interment in Bnai Jeshurun Cemetery at the family's convenience.

BURGTORF.—E. August, beloved husband of Olga (nee Frech) and father of Herbert, suddenly on May 21, in his 53d year. Services at Evangelist Lutheran Zion Church, 335 East 84th St., on Friday, May 24, at 1 P. M. Interment private.

BURGTORF.—The New York Society of Accountants and Bookkeepers announces with deep regret the death of E. August Burgtorf, for many years a valued member of the Executive Board of this society. Members are requested to attend funeral services at the Evangelist Lutheran Zion Church, 335 East 84th St., on Friday at 1 o'clock. A. G. THIENELL, President.
BEECHER OGDEN, Secretary.

BUSH.—John, May 21, father of John and Louis. Funeral Friday from 558 West 35th St., to St. Raphael's Church, West 41st St., 10 o'clock.

CALLAHAN.—On Wednesday, May 22, 1918, after a brief illness, Katherine L. Callahan, beloved daughter of the late John and Ellen Callahan and sister of Sister M. Gregoria and of the late Joseph and Eleanor Callahan. Funeral from the residence of her cousin, Mrs. Charles Cortelyou, 221 Bainbridge St., Brooklyn, on Saturday, May 25, at 9:30 o'clock; thence to the Church of Our Lady of Good Counsel, Putnam and Ralph Avs., where a solemn mass of requiem will be offered for the repose of her soul. Interment Calvary Cemetery.

CLARK.—Mary Newbold, (nee Taylor,) wife of Clarence M. Clark, on May 22, in her 61st year, at Cedron, Queen Lane, Germantown. Funeral at her late residence, 4 P. M. Friday. Interment private. Please omit flowers.

COWEN.—At Barkley Farm, Argyle, N. Y., on May 22, 1918, Rose Jane Cowen, daughter of the late William and Susan Farrington Cowen of New York. Funeral private. Interment at Argyle.

DAVIS.—Suddenly, at 1,822 Pine St., Philadelphia, Pa., on May 21, Naomi Lawton, widow of Henry C. Davis. Funeral services and interment private.

DICK.—On Tuesday morning, May 21, 1918, Elisabeth Dick, (nee Buettner,) beloved mother of Erwin R. Dick. Funeral services at her late residence, 668 6th St., Brooklyn, on Thursday, May 23, at 2 P. M.

EMBRY.—On Tuesday, May 21, 1918, at her residence, 47 East 58th St., New York City, Eliza S. Embry, widow of Judge James Embry. Services on Thursday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

EMERSON.—Killed in action in France, May 14, 1918, in his 25th year, Lieutenant William Key Bond Emerson, Jr., Field Artillery, U. S. A., eldest son of William Key Bond and Mary Furman Emerson.

FILSHIE.—Mary S., beloved wife of Andrew Filshie. Funeral services on Thursday evening, May 23, at 8 o'clock, at her late residence, 217 13th Av., Astoria, Long Island City.

FOSTER.—William H., suddenly, May 22, Elizabeth General Hospital. Funeral notice hereafter. New Haven and Norfolk papers please copy.

FRIEDERICK.—John. Funeral from John J. Fox's Chapel, 1,908 Bathgate Av., on Saturday, May 25, at 9:30 A. M. Requiem mass at the Church of St. Thomas Aquinas at 10 A. M.

FRIEDMAN.—Herman, husband of Carrie Friedman, at Huntington, L. I. Funeral from J. Garlick's Funeral Parlors, 14 East 30th St., Thursday, May 23, at 2 P. M. Interment at Washington Cemetery.

HARRISON.—At East Or

# M'ADOO SELECTING RAILROAD CHIEFS

Continued from Page 1, Column 3.

tions out of the rentals received from the Government, and not out of the operating income under Government control. Whether these executives receive the same remuneration that they did before they were deposed is a question which the Railroad Administration will leave for the stockholders and Boards of Directors of the individual lines to decide. The salaries which they receive, however, must not be charged against operating expenses in computing the rentals. These salaries, therefore, must be met directly by the stockholders, and not by the Government.

**Saving of $2,000,000 a Year.**

The Railroad Administration today declined to make public the salaries which are being received at present by the different railroad Presidents. A comparatively few, it is said, however, are found in the class who receive from $75,000 to $100,000 or more, and the large majority run from $25,000 to $40,000.

The saving that the Railroad Administration will effect by refusing to pay the high salaries of the Presidents is difficult to estimate. It is probable that the total will be at least $2,000,000 annually and possibly considerably more.

Neither has the question of the salaries to be paid to the Federal Managers been settled. It is possible that a few of these will receive as high as $40,000, but such cases will be the exception. In most instances the Government will not pay more than $20,000. The importance of the work will be the basis of the salary.

It is probable that the first announcement concerning Government salaries will be in connection with the sum to be paid Regional Directors. After consulting with these men recently Mr. McAdoo decided that they must appear only as Government employés and accept the Government wage, and to this all agreed.

A. H. Smith, Director for the Eastern region, is said to have received $100,000 or more annually as President of the New York Central System. His present post is considered one of the most important in the Railroad Administration.

It was said today that where the President of a railroad was not named as the Federal manager it was probable that one of the Vice Presidents in charge of operation would be put in charge. The Regional Directors have been keeping in close touch with the situation in order to determine with as little delay as possible upon the men best fitted for the places.

**Appointments to Come Soon.**

It was understood that the first of the new Federal managers would be named within a day or two, and that the new organization would be completed within a month. C. H. Markham, who has been named Director of the Allegheny Region, was at the offices of the Railroad Administration today for consultation with members of Mr. McAdoo's Cabinet. His region includes the Pennsylvania lines east of and including Pittsburgh and Erie, the Baltimore & Ohio, and other important systems. His recommendations to the Director General are said to be ready for consideration.

The Railroad Administration is determined that its new organization shall be completed in time to prepare fully for transportation conditions necessary to meet demands for shipments of coal and steel and hundreds of thousands of tons of foods and materials for the overseas forces.

It is the ambition and hope of the Railroad Administration, it is said, to handle all war orders and still maintain a system which will call for the least dislocation of the ordinary business of the nation.

How far that policy can be carried out, it is believed, will depend in no small measure on the complete co-operation of all agencies which have to do with the operation of the railroads.

There was a belief expressed today that plenty of work would be found for the railroad Presidents who were not returned as the Federal Managers in charge of the operating policies of their railroads. Some of these Presidents, it was said, had been confronted by the problems of protecting the future of their railroads as well as the desires of the Government to use the individual lines in a manner which might not appear to be to their best interests after the war.

Where such problems arose the Railroad Administration, it was said, had been guided only by the urgent demands of the Government at war, although seeking in every way to protect the interests of the stockholders. It has refused to budge from the position that in the present emergency the only tenable Government policy is one which would best serve the nation, even in opposition to the beliefs of some of the railroad officials.

## FORESEEN IN WALL STREET.

**Little Adverse Comment on McAdoo's Railroad Order.**

Such railroad Presidents, executive officials and Directors of railroads as could be seen yesterday in New York declined to comment for publication on the action of Director General McAdoo in putting Federal managers in charge of the railroads. The reason given in most cases was that, beyond newspaper accounts, they knew nothing about the matter, and were waiting official information as to the new order and its precise meaning.

The general tone of comment in financial circles, however, was very moderate, and in many cases approving, save for the generally expressed opinion that the Director General might possibly have been less abrupt in his manner of making known his decision, where is affected so many interests.

A Director in several big systems prepared a memorandum precisely one month before Mr. McAdoo announced his decision, on April 22 last, predicting that the Director General would take just the action he has taken, that it was inevitable from the circumstances, and advising his fellow Directors to consider what action they would take not only in relation to this particular step, but to the probable general policy of the Director General in cutting down the overhead expenses of all the roads, their salary lists, and their number of employés, to the lowest point consistent with safe and efficient operation. He was, and still is, of the opinion that in the interests of the corporation as distinct from those of the operating property, it will be advisable for the Directors of almost any railroad in this situation to keep the corporate organization intact, so far as possible, even though holding men "in reserve" at high salaries, against the time that the roads are returned to the stockholders.

Another opinion frequently expressed yesterday in one form or another was that the decision of the Director General would be very beneficial in clearing the air, and would be welcomed in many cases by the railroad Presidents themselves, as relieving them from a delicate and embarrassing situation arising from their dual loyalty to the Government as operating agents, and to the Directors and stockholders as corporate officials.

**Elements Productive of Friction.**

"The whole question of the distinction between Government control and corporate control, where one ends and the other begins, has been so delicate that it is really remarkable that there has been no more friction than has occurred," said another prominent executive, who cited as an instance various questions which had arisen between the Government and the Directors of roads which own and operate large coal properties and have considerable real estate interests, regarding the control of funds, responsibility for which could not be divided between the coal properties and the railroad property.

The majority of bankers and Directors of railroads were of the opinion, that if the Presidents of the roads in which they were interested did not enlist with Mr. McAdoo as his operating men, they should be retained to look after the corporate interests of the companies. The only dissent from this opinion came from a leading banker who is Director of several roads, who said that such cases would have to be dealt with individually, according to the organization of each road and the place filled in it by the President.

"In one case," said this man, "we have a President who is not only the active operating head of the railroad, but an immensely valuable manager of all the financial and business affairs of the corporation—who in that capacity alone is worth many times the salary we pay him. Naturally we want to keep him if we possibly can, no matter what happens to the operation of the road. If he goes with Mr. McAdoo, we feel that we are making a big sacrifice in relinquishing his services.

"On the other hand, there are many other roads in which the President is an operating man, pure and simple, and the Chairman and other members of the board, taking a much more active part in the corporate affairs of the company, look after all that for him. In justice to our stockholders we could not continue to pay a big salary to a man who is nothing but an operating man when we have nothing left for him to operate. However, a man like that will almost certainly go with Mr. McAdoo."

Two other questions which interested the railroad world keenly yesterday were the amount of overhead expense which Mr. McAdoo by this arrangement would succeed in transferring from the shoulders of the Government to that of the railroad corporations, with its effect upon the contract negotiations, and the general reduction in salaries which is expected among the Presidents who stay with Mr. McAdoo.

Regarding the first question, it was pointed out that the problem involves the transference of charges on the railroads' books, from the item of operating expenses to that of deductions from corporate income. The Government, under the law, pays all operating expenses and guarantees the corporations owning the roads a net operating income equal to their average net operating income for three years before they were taken over. Consequently Mr. McAdoo has the authority to discharge any officer or man of any company whose salary is charged against operating expenses, and if the corporation retains him that means it assumes the charge against its rental from the Government. Several prominent railroad officials remarked yesterday that they did not know themselves against which item their salaries were charged, and consequently whether they were Government officials or corporate officials.

**May Put Maximum at $15,000.**

It is the general opinion that Mr. McAdoo will pay no salaries to his operating men above $20,000 a year, and that it is not improbable he will make $15,000 the maximum—either of these figures, it was pointed out, being larger than the Director General's own salary. This means that the men who accept office as Federal operating agents will make very considerable financial sacrifices.

The average salary of the President of a big railroad is believed to be about $50,000 a year. There are three railroad Presidents who are supposed to have received $100,000 a year, two of whom are now in the Government service, and another executive also in Mr. McAdoo's organization, who received $75,000.

"We have always gone on the theory," said the banker already quoted, "that to secure the best service of a man we made President of a road—and nothing but the best service would do us—we must pay him enough money to relieve him absolutely of all worry about his financial situation and his future, so that he could concentrate every bit of his time and attention and energy on his job.

"It has always been worth the money to us to enable him to have the best doctor and the best dentist in the United States, to have a limousine to carry him to and from his office in stormy weather, and to make sure that he never would be bothered with domestic worries and cares of any description. It usually has taken a man from fifteen to thirty-five years to rise to the Presidency of a big road. After that he is good, if he takes care of himself and his corporation takes good care of him, for ten or twenty years more, and when his service is over we don't want him to go out of office a broken man with no more money saved than enough to give him a bare living."

It was said repeatedly yesterday in Wall Street that the new order increased the probability that the railroads never would be returned to private ownership, at least on the basis on which they existed before last December.

## OCCUPIED DISTRICTS TO GET MORE FOOD

### *Starvation in Belgium and France Again Prevented by America's Action.*

WASHINGTON, May 22.—President Wilson today approved arrangements which will remove the menace of starvation which the ten million inhabitants in German-occupied Belgium and France have been facing. Herbert C. Hoover, as Chairman of the Commission for Relief in Belgium, announced tonight that the President had approved the restoring of the fleet of steamers employed by the commission to the original number and the placing at the commission's disposal sufficient tonnage for the dispatch of 90,000 tons of foodstuffs in the next ninety days.

Mr. Hoover said the American and British Governments had undertaken each to find half of the necessary shipping. Adjustments have been made in the American shipping position, including the removal of 50,000 tons from the Cuban sugar trade through reduction in sugar allotments to the confectionery trade.

"As a result of the diversion of a large part of the shipping employed by the Relief Commission to other war purposes," said Mr. Hoover, "it had been necessary to reduce the bread ration to six ounces per diem, this being an ounce below the present German ration, with corresponding reductions in other foodstuffs. Even with the additional shipping, the Belgian ration must be of the most meagre character, but I am confident that actual starvation on a wholesale scale has again been prevented."

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Excellent Food at Moderate Prices.

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Mussels Marinière, 75c. Bouillabaisse Marseillaise, 90c.

A Guinea Hen en Casserole, with Pineapple and Marsala Sauce, for 2 or 3 people, $3.00.

Boneless Shoulder of Baby Lamb Braised with New Vegetables and Fresh Mushrooms, for 3 or 4 people, $4.00.

Mixed Salad in Season, with French Dressing, 25c.

A Cup of Crushed Fresh Strawberries and Ice Cream, Melba Sauce, 50c.

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MAY-NOVEMBER FARM, HARTSDALE, N. Y., NOW OPEN.

TO-DAY: A delicious steak of a spring lamb—hot and juicy from the charcoal fire, with new string beans—or in a chafing dish—snowy white crab flakes, lobsters, shrimps and mussels a la mariniere.

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No Admission Charge.
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The Golden Glades
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New Closing Hour For Want Advertisements

Owing to increased volume of Want Advertisements, those intended for the Sunday edition of The New York Times cannot be accepted if received in The Times Building after 4 P. M. Saturday. Those for the daily edition must be received before 8 o'clock on the evening previous to publication.

STEAMSHIPS.

THINK A MINUTE!
GIVE TO THE RED CROSS

This space contributed by
International Mercantile Marine Lines.
The Cunard Steam Ship Company, Ltd.
The Royal Mail Steam Packet Co.
The Pacific Steam Navigation Co.
Union-Castle Line
French Line (Compagnie Generale Transatlantique.)
Navigazione Generale Italiana
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# THE COTTON MARKET

## Futures Off 50 to 97 Points in Spite of Spot Sales at Comparatively High Prices.

Nearly everybody had cotton to sell on the local market, and very few had cotton to buy. Most of those who had cotton to buy apparently went upstairs, where an agent of the Alien Property Custodian had 5,891 bales of cotton to dispose of at auction, virtually all of it of good quality and grades coming up to the Government's specifications. This cotton, of known grade and deliverable on the spot for cash, brought prices higher than the official spot cotton quotation on the New York Cotton Exchange for three weeks past—more than 200 points higher than yesterday's official spot quotation—but this had no effect on the futures market, which sold off from 50 to 97 points on the session, closing weak at the low prices of the day and of the current season for 1918 crop months.

At the very opening the bulls were faced with a crop report by one of the most trustworthy private authorities, giving the condition at 82.4, with 2 per cent. increase in acreage and 14 per cent. more fertilizer available. The opening, consequently, was 15 to 59 points off, which made an admirable opportunity for short floor traders, who recently have been acting cautiously and covering on quick turns. They brought the market back 80-odd points, but the Government weekly weather report was fully as good as had been expected, some Wall Street interests offered big blocks of July, and from then on it was a downhill market all the way.

There was a little bargain hunting by trade representatives toward the close, but this amounted to no more than sniping on the outskirts of the market movement, and had no perceptible effect on its progress. July at 28.70 was 1,010 trading points, or $50.50 a bale, below its top price of the season, April 4, of 33.80.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

| | Open. | High. | Low. | Close. | Tuesday. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| May | 24.10 | 24.25 | 23.81 | 23.60@23.70 | 24.57 |
| June | .... | .... | .... | 23.70 bid | 24.60 |
| July | 24.06 | 24.40 | 23.70 | 23.70@23.73 | 24.57 |
| Aug. | .... | .... | .... | 23.40 bid | 24.20 |
| Sept. | 23.60 | 23.60 | 23.60 | 23.30 bid | 24.00 |
| Oct. | 23.30 | 23.50 | 23.05 | 23.05@23.08 | 23.70 |
| Nov. | .... | .... | .... | 23.03 bid | 23.64 |
| Dec. | 23.28 | 23.35 | 23.00 | 22.98@23.00 | 23.60 |
| Jan. | 23.14 | 23.20 | 22.05 | 22.86 bid | 23.49 |
| Feb. | .... | .... | .... | 22.80 bid | 23.39 |
| March | 23.10 | 23.15 | 23.00 | 22.80 bid | 23.30 |

The local market for spot cotton was 40 points lower at 25.70 for middling upland; sales, nil; delivered on contract, 300 bales.

Southern spot markets were: Galveston, 27.70; New Orleans, 29; Savannah, 30; Augusta, 27.75; Memphis, 30; Houston, 26.90; Little Rock, 29.50.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

| | Wednesday. | Last week. | Last year |
|---|---|---|---|
| Port receipts | 7,046 | 6,154 | 5,187 |
| Exports | 4,281 | 20,812 | |
| Exports, season | 3,429,840 | 3,334,427 | 4,797,594 |
| New York stocks | 169,721 | 177,021 | 74,881 |
| Port stocks | 1,336,042 | 1,379,694 | 918,781 |
| Interior receipts | 20,606 | 13,687 | 6,710 |
| Interior shipments | 11,551 | 19,099 | 10,969 |
| New York arrivals | 1,795 | 3,219 | 8,297 |

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton quiet; middling old contract 53 points lower at 20.88d; good middling, new contract, 50 points lower at 20.39d. Sales, 3,000 bales; American, 2,000. Imports, 12,000 bales; American, 1,000. Futures opened quiet, at 15 to 45 points decline. Closed quiet at a net decline of 38 to 72 points. May, 21.08d; June, 20.60d; July, 19.89d; August, 19.18d; September, 18.79d. Manchester: Holiday.

## NEW INCORPORATIONS.

*Special to The New York Times.*

ALBANY, May 22.—Thirty-one new corporations with an aggregate capital stock of $716,250 were chartered today. They include:

Unionville Creamery, Unionville, Orange County, $10,000; C. J. Davenport, C. E. Lott, R. A. J. Brown, Unionville.

American Toyland Creators, Brooklyn, $50,000; J. L. Roessel, T. A. Johnson, A. Algro, 568 Atlantic Av., Brooklyn.

Gilcamp Holding Co., Manhattan, $10,000; R. C. Gillies, J. Campbell, H. D. Watson, 934 Albemarle Road, Brooklyn.

Jones Motor Sales Co., Buffalo, $10,000; E. H. Jones, H. A. Kam, Jr., G. J. Kaderabeck, Buffalo.

Caldz Coal and Lumber Co., Buffalo, $300,000; H. A. Smith, M. C. Burns, C. J. Meyer, Buffalo.

Peckham-Foreman, Manhattan, knitted fabric known as travelo, $32,000; R. T. and E. T. Peckham, E. H. Foreman, 645 West End Av.

Consumers Collieries Corp., Buffalo, 950 shares preferred stock $100 each, 950 shares common stock no par value, active capital $99,750; M. U. Greenville, M. C. Steinmann, M. J. Brazil, Buffalo.

Herter-Corn Prod. Corp. & Stern, Manhattan, ladies' cloaks and suits, $5,000; M. Peterson, M. Palefski, S. Rosenzweig, 39 Watkins St., Brooklyn.

The Save and Serve Grocery Co., Manhattan, $6,000; E. and I. Brewer, G. Schindler, 1,474 Avenue A.

D. I. T. Sales Co., Manhattan, advertising devices and novelties, $5,000; F. M. Ferry, F. M. Ritzner, T. F. MacMahon, 1,400 Broadway.

Singer Bros. Corp., Manhattan, $10,000; ladies' and misses' wearing apparel; D. S. Rubin, M. Goldstein, D. W. Blumenthal, 35 Nassau St.

H. Texier, Manhattan, gloves, mittens, and leather, $10,000; H. and E. A. Texier, A. O'Connor, 273 West 140th St.

James Belletta, Manhattan, men's and ladies' garments, $5,000; H. Berdon, M. Walker, N. Levy, 2 Whitehall St.

Independent Druggists' Exchange, Manhattan, $5,000; M. Rosenberg, S. Ruwman, M. M. Tuttle, 108 Avenue D.

Belland Realty Corp., Manhattan, $5,000; A. and A. Kane, Jr., C. Schwartz, 1,285 Hoe Av., Bronx.

Westreico & Eberstark, Manhattan, food products, $6,000; P. Bergman, I. Eberstark, I. Westreich, 90 Thompson St.

Arkay Chemical Works, Manhattan, $10,000; F. Bush, E. and H. M. Orenstein, 225 5th Av.

The Woodward Agency, Niagara Falls, insurance, $25,000; E. T. Ellis, A. and C. Woodward, Niagara Falls.

M. Schwarz Gray Goods Co., Manhattan, $90,000; M. Rubinger, S. Grossman, M. Schwarz, 122 5th Av.

Moltman Glass Co., Manhattan, $5,000. B. Moltman, G. and J. Rothman, 17 Rivington St.

Stuyvesant Textile Corp., Manhattan, 100 shares common stock, no par value, active capital, $5,000. M. Rubinger, D. Ross, S. Grossman, 122 Fifth Av.

Empire Waste and Metals Corp., Albany, $10,000. J. and W. J. and J. Ahearn, Jr., Albany.

CAPITAL INCREASES.

Emerick Candy Co., Buffalo, $40,000 to $75,000.

The Lalley Electro Lighting Corp., Manhattan, $115,000 to $250,000.

Tannersville Supply Co., Tannersville, $10,000 to $20,000.

The Hal-Green Co., Manhattan, $10,000 to $21,000.

J. H. Rand Corp., North Tonawanda, $10,000 to $150,000.

Presto Realty Corp., Manhattan, $6,000 to $50,000.

Gitler & Co., Manhattan, $32,500 to $75,000.

Ocemore Building Co., Manhattan, $6,000 to $50,000.

A. S. Pettit & Sons, Huntington, $50,000 to $250,000.

Jarvis Stores, Manhattan, $15,000 to $50,000.

Elbe Silk Co., Manhattan, $10,000 to $50,000.

Denby Eastern Distributors, Manhattan, $5,000 to $75,000.

Carl Guttmann & Co., Manhattan, $200,000 to $500,000.

Ross Hogan Knitting Corp., Utica, $10,400 to $100,000.

CHANGE OF NAME.

The A. Haug Co., Manhattan, to the Bayes-Bartlett Co.

The Syracuse Hospital for Women and Children of Syracuse, N. Y., to Syracuse Memorial Hospital.

Federal Tool and Alloyed Steel Corp., Manhattan, to Federal Tool and Alloy Steel Corp.

AUTHORIZATIONS.

M-4 All Weather Train Controller, Del., $2,000,000; representative, F. W. Barbee, 1,657 Broadway.

Periodical Publishers' Service Bureau, Del., magazines and periodicals, $500,000; representative, T. Jones, 95 Madison Av.

DISSOLUTIONS.

Bayonne Cloak and Suit Co., Manhattan.
The Clarice Dress Co., Manhattan.
C. A. Mezger, Manhattan.
Badische Co., Manhattan.
Pacific Business Exchange, Manhattan.
City Restaurant and Dairy Lunch Co., Ilion.
Empire Axle Co., Dunkirk.

**Delaware Charters.**

*Special to The New York Times.*

DOVER, Del., May 22.—Charters filed:

Somack, Inc., to make vapor, generating, and building apparatus, $3,500,000; C. L. Rimlinger, M. M. Clancy, F. A. Armstrong of Wilmington.

Florence Sheffield Oil and Gas Co., $1,000,000; M. L. Rogers, M. L. Gatchell, L. A. Irwin of Wilmington.

Southwestern Oil and Gasoline Co., $1,000,000; S. S. Adams, Jr., J. G. Gray, M. B. F. Hawkins of Wilmington.

# COMMODITIES MARKETS

### WHEAT.

The weekly weather and crop bulletin gave a very favorable report on the progress of the wheat crop during the last week, the main complaints being of too low temperatures in the Northwest and of a lack of moisture in one or two spots in the Far West. On the whole, the crop is doing well and the promise is maintained.

### RYE.

Market quiet; No. 2 Western, $2.12, cost and freight, New York.

### CORN.

The corn market experienced a sharp reaction, prices closing with net losses of ½c to 1¼c. The downward tendency was due largely to a lack of the demand from shorts, which has recently been the principal sustaining factor. In the local cash market No. 3 yellow corn was quoted at $1.50; No. 4 yellow, $1.40, cost and freight, New York.

CHICAGO PRICES.

| | High. | Low. | Close. | Prev. Close. | Last Year. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| June | 1.41 | 1.40 | 1.40¼ | 1.41½ | .... |
| July | 1.42½ | 1.41¼ | 1.41⅝ | 1.42½ | 1.56⅝ |

### OATS.

A break of over 2 cents a bushel in the price of May oats in Chicago was looked upon as very strong evidence that the congestion in that position had been relieved, and the whole list was weak in sympathy. The Western cash markets were sharply lower, especially No. 3 white oats, which was quoted at ½c to 1c under May, and it was the prevailing impression that holders of the cash article will tender it for delivery. The local cash market was weak; standard quoted at 83c to 83½c; No. 2 white, 84c; No. 3 white, 82½c to 83c; No. 4 white, 82c to 82½c; fancy clipped white, 85c to 88c; ordinary clipped white, 84c to 85c, all elevator.

CHICAGO PRICES.

| | High. | Low. | Close. | Prev. Close. | Last Year. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| May | 79 | 76½ | 76⅝ | 78⅝ | .. |
| June | 74¼ | 72⅝ | 73⅛ | 74⅛ | .. |
| July | 67⅝ | 66⅛ | 67 | 67⅝ | 65 |

### PROVISIONS.

The firmer tone to the hog market and comparatively light receipts at Western points caused an early upturn in the provision list, but when grain turned weak in the afternoon prices sold off and closed at about the lowest. Receipts of hogs at Chicago were 19,000, estimated for Thursday, 24,000; Kansas City, received 17,000 and Omaha, 16,000 hogs.

CHICAGO PRICES.

| | High. | Low. | Close. | Prev. Close. | Last Year. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Lard— | | | | | |
| July | 24.80 | 24.62 | 24.65 | 24.65 | 22.37 |
| September | 25.10 | 24.95 | 24.95 | 24.97 | 22.55 |
| Ribs— | | | | | |
| July | 22.87 | 22.72 | 22.75 | 22.77 | 20.60 |
| September | 23.40 | 23.25 | 23.30 | 23.32 | 20.77 |
| Pork— | | | | | |
| May | .... | .... | 41.95 | 42.00 | .... |
| July | 42.30 | 42.25 | 42.25 | 42.32 | 38.10 |

### COFFEE.

There was further liquidation in the coffee market yesterday, and on the call July broke sharply, opening 17 points below the previous close, with other months showing declines of 2 to 5 points. Trading was quite active after a prolonged period of stagnation, but prices ruled irregular, the close showing net declines of 5 to 12 points. A good part of the demand for the late positions was believed to be trade covering. Range of prices:

| | High. | Low. | Close. | Prev. Close. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| May | .. | .. | 8.01@8.05 | 8.13 |
| June | .. | .. | 8.06@8.08 | 8.18 |
| July | 8.06 | 8.05 | 8.11@8.13 | 8.23 |
| August | 8.20 | 8.20 | 8.18@8.20 | 8.29 |
| September | 8.30 | 8.27 | 8.26@8.27 | 8.34 |

### SUGAR.

Shipments of raw sugar from Cuba continue liberal, and refiners are amply supplied for the time being and are now in a position to operate their plants on full time. Some interests are still withdrawn, being oversold and trying to catch up on old orders, while others are able to make a better distribution throughout the country, and shipments are said to be fairly prompt.

The International Sugar Committee is now spreading raw sugar purchases over into June, the committee reporting purchases of 395,000 bags Cubas, late May, first half June shipments, at 4.985c, cost and freight, and 80 tons Venezuelas, afloat, at 4.749c, cost, insurance, and freight.

**Burns Bros.' Profit $1,449,833.**

The report of Burns Brothers, Inc., for the fiscal year ended March 31, 1918, shows net sales of $20,984,483, as compared with $15,235,909 for the previous year, and net profits of $1,449,833, an increase for the year of $160,049, of which $645,820 was carried to profit and loss surplus after payment of all dividends. The company's surplus is now $2,605,584, and the company has reserved for Federal taxes the sum of $458,701.

# UNITED STATES GOVT. BONDS

Inasmuch as most of the trading in the older issues of United States Government bonds is done over the counter, and not on the Stock Exchange, THE TIMES gives the following quotations, obtained from bond dealers:

| | Bid. | Ask. |
|---|---|---|
| 2s, registered, 1930 | 97½ | 98 |
| 2s, coupon, 1930 | 97½ | 98 |
| 2s, coupon, '38, reg | 97¼ | 97⅝ |
| 3s, registered, 1918 | 99½ | 100 |
| 3s, coupon, 1918 | 99½ | 100 |
| 3s, registered, 1946 | 84 | 88 |
| 3s, coupon, 1946 | 84 | 88 |
| 3s, conversion, 1947 | 84 | 88 |
| 4s, registered, 1925 | 105¼ | 106 |
| 4s, coupon, 1925 | 105¼ | 106 |
| 2s, Panama, '38, coupon | 97¼ | 97⅝ |
| 3s, Panama, '61, reg | 84 | 87 |
| 3s, Panama, '61, coupon | 84 | 87 |

# NEW YORK CITY BONDS

| | Yesterday. Bid. | Tuesday. Ask. | Bid. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 4½s July, 1967 | 99⅝ | 99¼ | 98 |
| 4½s June, 1965 | 98⅝ | 99⅛ | 98 |
| 4½s Mar., 1963 | 98⅝ | 99⅛ | 98 |
| 4½s Nov., 1957 | 98⅝ | 99⅛ | 98 |
| 4½s May, 1957 | 98⅝ | 99⅛ | 98 |
| 4½s Mar., 1960-80 | 92¼ | 93 | 92 |
| 4½s April, 1966 | 92¼ | 93¼ | 92¾ |
| 4½s Mar., 1964 | 92¼ | 93¼ | 92¾ |
| 4½s Mar., 1965 | 92¼ | 93¼ | 92¾ |
| 4s Sept., 1960 | 92½ | 93¼ | 92¾ |
| 4s May, 1959 | 88¾ | 89 | 87⅞ |
| 4s Nov., 1958 | 88½ | 89 | 87⅞ |
| 4s May, 1957 | 88¼ | 89 | 87⅞ |
| 4s Nov., 1956 | 87 | 88 | 86¾ |
| 4s Nov., 1955 | 87 | 88 | 86¾ |
| 4s Nov., 1936 | 88 | .. | 88 |
| 4s May, 1919 | 99 | .. | 99 |
| 4s Nov., 1918 | 99¼ | .. | 99¼ |

| | Yesterday. Bid. | Tuesday. Ask. | Bid. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 3½s Nov., 1955 | .... | 80 | .. |
| 3½s Nov., 1954 | 78⅝ | 79½ | 78 |
| 3½s May, 1954 | 77¼ | 80 | 77¼ |

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 4½s 1924-1931 | 4.80 | 4.60 | 4.90 |
| 4½s 1921-1923 | 4.80 | 4.60 | 4.90 |
| 4½s 1919-1920 | 4.80 | 4.60 | 4.90 |
| 4½s 1918-1923 | 4.75 | 4.50 | 4.85 |
| 4½s 1924-1932 | 4.75 | 4.50 | 4.85 |
| 4½s 1940-1953 | 4.80 | 4.65 | 4.90 |
| 4½s 1930-1939 | 4.80 | 4.65 | 4.90 |
| 4½s 1922-1929 | 4.80 | 4.65 | 4.90 |
| 4s 1944 | 5.00 | .. | 5.00 |
| 4s 1940-1963 | 4.85 | 4.70 | 4.95 |
| 3s 1926-1980 | 4.85 | 4.70 | 4.95 |
| 3s 1918-1925 | 4.85 | 4.70 | 4.95 |

# CURB TRANSACTIONS

| Sales. | High. | Low. | Last. |
|---|---|---|---|
| **INDUSTRIALS.** | | | |
| 17,000 ‡Aetna Expl. | 15¼ | 14½ | 14½ |
| 100 A.-B.Mfg.pf. | 22 | 22 | 22 |
| 200 A.-Br. Tob.r. | 16¼ | 16¼ | 16¼ |
| 200 ‡Do coupon. | 17¼ | 17¼ | 17¼ |
| 500 ‡Burns Bros. | 21 | 23¼ | 23¼ |
| 1,400 ‡Butter.-Jud. | 59½ | 55 | 56½ |
| 400 ‡Can. C.& F. | 24 | 23¾ | 24 |
| 1,400 ‡C.-Eem.Sul. | 1¼ | 1⅛ | 1⅛ |
| 400 ‡Cup. Sulph. | 1 | ⅞ | 1 |
| 825 ‡East. Tex. Land. | 5¼ | 5 | 5¼ |
| 285 Emer. Phon. | 2¾ | 2½ | 2¾ |
| 168 ‡Free. T.Sul. | 36 | 35 | 36 |
| 1,800 K. T. & R. | 10½ | 18¾ | 19½ |
| 1,260 ‡Lima Loco. | 50¼ | 48½ | 48½ |
| **STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.** | | | |
| 25 ‡P'e O. & G.510 | 505 | 505 | |
| 15 ‡S.O., (Cal.).210 | 218 | 219 | |
| **MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS.** | | | |
| 700 ‡Allen Oil | ⅛ | ⅛ | ⅛ |
| 2,000 ‡Bar. O. & G. | ½ | ½ | ½ |
| 1,000 ‡†B.-Wyo. O. | 23 | 22 | 22 |
| 2,000 ‡Cos. & Co. | 7⅝ | 7½ | 7½ |
| 100 Cum. P. & R | ¼ | ¼ | ¼ |
| 200 ‡Elk B. Pet. | 6⅝ | 6¾ | 6¾ |
| 15,000 ‡Eem. & Cp. | 10 | 9 | 9 |
| 300 ‡Federal Oil | 2⅞ | 2⅞ | 2⅞ |
| 1,000 ‡Glen. Oil | 3⅜ | 3⅜ | 3⅜ |
| 2,400 ‡H. O. & R. | 4½ | 4 | 4¼ |
| 7,500 ‡Houston Oil | 66 | 62 | 64 |
| 4,000 ‡I. Oil & T. | 4½ | 3⅞ | 4 |
| 8,800 Ken'a Oil, (a pros.) | ⅞ | ⅞ | ⅞ |
| 1,200 ‡Mer. O. Cp. | 23½ | 23 | 23 |
| 1,000 Met. Pet'm. | ½ | ½ | ½ |
| 6,000 ‡Mid. Oil | 110 | 109 | 110 |
| 300 ‡Do pf. | 1¼ | 1¼ | 1¼ |
| 450 ‡Midwest R. | 115 | 114 | 114 |
| **MINING STOCKS.** | | | |
| 4,500 ‡Alaska-Brit. Col. Metals | 50 | 42 | 48 |
| 700 ‡†Am. Mines | 55 | 55 | 55 |
| 3,000 ‡Am. Tin & T. | ⅞ | ⅞ | ⅞ |
| 1,500 ‡†Atlas | 7⅛ | 7 | 7⅛ |
| 1,800 Big Ledge | ⅛ | ⅛ | ⅛ |
| 6,000 ‡Bos.& Mon. | 56 | 55 | 56 |
| 400 ‡B'dshawCop. | ½ | ½ | ½ |
| 15,000 Butte-Det | ⅛ | ⅛ | ⅛ |
| 5,000 ‡†Calumet | 43 | 42 | 43 |
| 700 ‡Calu.& Jer. | 1⅛ | 1 | 1⅛ |
| 1,100 ‡Cashboy | 8 | 8 | 8 |
| 500 ‡Cerbat Sil. (a pros.) | ⅛ | ⅛ | ⅛ |
| 50 ‡Coco | 2¼ | 2¼ | 2¼ |
| 1,100 Con.Ariz.Sm. | 2 | 1⅞ | 2 |
| 1,500 Con. Copper | 7 | 6¾ | 6¾ |
| 800 ‡Con.-H'st'd. | ⅛ | ⅛ | ⅛ |
| 300 ‡Copper Cal. | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 800 Cresson Con. | 4¾ | 4¾ | 4¾ |
| 2,500 ‡†El Salvador | 73 | 71 | 73 |
| 10,000 ‡Emma Con. | ⅛ | ⅛ | ⅛ |
| 1,550 ‡Eure.-Croesus Min.Co. | 1⅜ | 1⅛ | 1⅜ |
| 600 ‡Gold'd Con. | ¼ | ¼ | ¼ |
| 5,000 ‡†G'ld'd Mer. | 2½ | 2½ | 2½ |
| 1,000 ‡†Gt. Rend. | 4½ | 4½ | 4½ |
| 412 Hecla Min. | 4½ | 4½ | 4½ |
| 20,000 ‡†Hypotheek | 14 | 14 | 14 |
| 2,500 ‡†Int. Mines | 13 | 13 | 13 |
| 1,100 ‡Jer.-Presc't. | ⅝ | ⅝ | ⅝ |
| **Bonds.** | | | |
| $25,000 ‡Can'n Gov. 5s | 96¾ | 96¾ | 96¾ |
| 10,000 ‡Chicago-W. Ind. 5s | 99½ | 99½ | 99½ |
| 2,000 ‡Gen. Steel. notes, '20.101¾ | 101¾ | 101¾ | |

*Odd lot. †Sell cents per share. ‡Unlisted.
Note.—Not reported Tuesday, 2,000 Marsh Mining sold at 4.

***

**CLOSING QUOTATIONS.**

Bid and asked quotations of stocks not traded in compared with those of Tuesday:

| | Yesterday. Bid. | Tuesday. Ask. | Bid. | Ask. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| **INDUSTRIALS.** | | | | |
| Am.-B. Mfg. | 4 | 6 | 6 | 8 |
| Am. W. P. | 2 | 2¼ | 2 | 2¼ |
| Car. L. & P. | 2¾ | 2¾ | 2¾ | 2⅞ |
| Carbon Steel. | 108 | 112 | 108 | 112 |
| Do 2d pf. | 60 | 70 | 60 | 70 |
| Cramp Ship. | 77 | 81 | 77 | 81 |
| Curtiss Aero. | 34½ | 35 | 34¾ | 35 |
| Do pf. | 55 | 65 | 55 | 65 |
| Carwen Steel. | 8 | 9 | 8 | 9 |
| Emerson Pho. | 2¾ | .. | 2¾ | 3 |
| Free. Texas. | 34 | 35 | 33½ | 34½ |
| Holly Sugar. | 35 | 40 | 35 | 40 |
| Do pf. | 93 | 97 | 93 | 97 |
| Int. Rubber. | 8 | 9 | 8 | 9 |
| K. T. & R. pf | 18½ | 17½ | 16½ | 17½ |
| Kresge | 82 | 86 | 82 | 86 |
| Do pf. | 98 | 102 | 98 | 102 |
| Lake Tor. B. | 5¼ | 5½ | 5¼ | 5½ |
| Lake T. Boat 1st pf. | 3 | 6 | 3 | 6 |
| L. Val. C. S. | 80 | 85 | 80 | 85 |
| Marc. of Am. | 3½ | 3¾ | 3½ | 3¾ |
| Marlin Rock. | 85 | 89 | 85 | 89 |
| Man. Transit. | ¼ | ⅜ | ¼ | ⅜ |
| N. Y. Trans. | 14¼ | 14⅝ | 14¼ | 14⅝ |
| Nat. Motors. | 8 | 13 | 8 | 13 |
| N. Y. Ship. | 40 | 42 | 40 | 42 |
| Penn. Sea.St. | 46 | 48 | 46 | 48 |
| Penn. C. & C. | 31 | 32½ | 31 | 32¼ |

| | Yesterday. Bid. | Tuesday. Ask. | Bid. | Ask. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| **OIL STOCKS.** | | | | |
| Am. Ventura. | 14 | 16 | 14 | 16 |
| Atlantic Pet. | 2½ | 3 | 2½ | 3 |
| Cos. & Co. pf. | 3⅜ | 3⅞ | 3⅜ | 3⅞ |
| Crown Oil. | ⅛ | ⅛ | ⅛ | ⅛ |
| Cum. P. & R. | ¼ | ¼ | 1 | 1 |
| Federal Light & Trac. | 10¼ | 10¾ | 10¼ | 10¾ |
| Elk. O. & G. | 53 | 55 | 53 | 55 |
| Elk. O. & G. | ⅛ | ⅛ | ⅛ | ⅛ |
| Int. Pet'm. | 13 | 13½ | 13 | 13½ |
| Okla. Oil pf. | 7 | 9 | 7 | 9 |
| Fan Am. Pet. | 49 | 50 | 49 | 50 |
| Imperial Oil | 10 | 10¼ | 10¼ | 10¾ |
| Savoy Oil | 7⅞ | 8½ | 7⅞ | 8½ |
| Sinclair Gulf. | 16 | 17 | 16 | 17 |
| Stockton Oil | 9½ | 10 | 9½ | 10 |
| **MINING STOCK.** | | | | |
| Booth | 4 | 5 | 4 | 5 |
| Butte-N. Y. | 1 | 1⅛ | 1 | 1⅛ |
| **BOND.** | | | | |
| Pierce Oil 6s. | 74 | 77 | 74 | 77 |

# STANDARD OIL STOCKS

| | Yesterday. Bid. | Tuesday. Ask. | Bid. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Anglo-Amer. Oil | 11⅝ | 12¼ | 12 |
| Atlantic Refining | 920 | 930 | 920 |
| Borne-Scrymser | 440 | 460 | 430 |
| Buckeye Pipe Line | 96 | 97 | 95 |
| Chesebrough Mfg. | 315 | 330 | 315 |
| Colonial Oil | 10 | 40 | 10 |
| Continental Oil | 425 | 450 | 425 |
| Crescent Pipe Line | 35 | 38 | 35 |
| Cumberland P. L. | 155 | 165 | 155 |
| Eureka Pipe Line | 205 | 215 | 205 |
| Galena Signal Oil | 130 | 135 | 134 |
| Galena Sig. Oil pf. | 124 | 128 | 124 |
| Illinois Pipe Line | 185 | 190 | 185 |
| Indiana Pipe Line | 97 | 100 | 97 |
| Int. Pet. Co., Ltd. | 13 | 13½ | 13 |
| National Transit | 13¼ | 14⅛ | 13¼ |
| N. Y. Transit | 210 | 220 | 210 |
| Northern Pipe Line | 110 | 115 | 112 |
| Ohio Oil | 330 | 335 | 330 |

# MUNITIONS STOCKS

| | Yesterday. Bid. | Tuesday. Ask. | Bid. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Astna pf. | 71 | 75 | 71 |
| American Brass | 240 | 244 | 240 |
| Am. Pow.der | 180 | 185 | 177 |
| Do pf. | 90¼ | 92 | 93½ |
| Babcock & Wilcox | 113 | 116 | 118 |
| Bliss | 350 | 425 | 350 |
| Do pf. | .. | .. | 78 |
| Can. Pound's F. | 140 | 160 | 120 |
| Colt's Arms | 68 | 71 | 66 |
| Du Pont | 300 | 303 | 281 |

| | Yesterday. Bid. | Tuesday. Ask. | Bid. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Eastern Steel | 80 | 94 | 88 |
| Hercules | 248 | 253 | 250 |
| Do pf. | 112 | 114 | 112 |
| Niles-Bem't-Pond | 130 | 134 | 127 |
| Penn. Seab. S. Cp. | 40 | 45 | 40 |
| Scovill Mfg. | 460 | 510 | 474 |
| Thomas Iron Co. | 25 | 35 | 25 |
| Winchester Arms | 700 | 825 | 700 |
| Woodward Iron Co. | 45 | 60 | 45 |

# TOBACCO STOCKS

| | Yesterday. Bid. | Tuesday. Ask. | Bid. |
|---|---|---|---|
| American Cigar | 98 | 101 | 98 |
| Do pf. | 85 | 90 | 85 |
| Conley Fdl | 195 | 215 | 195 |
| J. S. Young | 180 | 150 | 130 |
| Do pf. | 100 | 106 | 100 |
| MacA. & F. | 170 | 193 | 170 |

| | Yesterday. Bid. | Tuesday. Ask. | Bid. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Do pf. | 93 | 100 | 93 |
| P. R.-Am. Tob. | 130 | 140 | 130 |
| R. J. Reynolds, A. | 285 | 310 | 285 |
| Do rights | 30 | 45 | 30 |
| Do B, common | 255 | 270 | 255 |
| Do pf. | 100 | 102 | 100 |

# PUBLIC UTILITIES

| Sales. | Stocks. | High. | Low. | Bid. | Asked. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 204 | Cities Service | 212 | 210 | 212 | 214 |
| 370 | Cities Service pf. | 75¾ | 75½ | 75½ | 76 |

| | Bid. | Ask. |
|---|---|---|
| Adiron. Elec. Power | 14 | 15 |
| Adiron. Elec. Power pf. | 71 | 75 |
| Am. Gas & Electric | 86 | 89 |
| Am. Gas & Elec. pf. | 41 | 42 |
| Am. Light & Traction | 194 | 198 |
| Am. Light & Trac. pf. | 96 | 98 |
| Am. Power & Light | 38 | 41 |
| Am. Power & Light pf. | 68 | 72 |
| Am. Public Utilities | .. | 25 |
| Am. Public Utilities pf. | .. | 55 |
| Am. W. W. & Elec. | 4½ | 6 |
| Am. W. W. & E. 1st pf | 56 | 58 |
| Am. W. W. & E. partic. | 13 | 14 |
| Carolina Power & Light | 25 | 30 |
| Carolina Pr. & Lt. pf. | 88 | 92 |
| Colorado Power | 24 | 26 |
| Colorado Power pf. | 97 | 100 |
| Columbus Electric pf. | 70 | 77 |
| Com. Pow., Ry. & L. | 20 | 23 |
| Com. Pow., Ry. & L. pf | 47 | 50 |
| Conn. Power pf. | 80 | 84 |
| Consumers' Power pf. | 80 | 85 |
| Dayton Power & L. pf. | 80 | 81 |
| Eastern Texas Elec. | 54 | 59 |
| Eastern Texas Elec. pf. | 73 | 76 |
| El Paso Electric | .. | 90 |
| El Paso Electric pf. | 82 | 87 |
| Electric B. & S. pf. | 93 | 95 |
| Empire Dist. Elec. pf. | 70 | 75 |
| Federal Light & Trac. | 6 | 10 |
| Federal Lt. & Trac. pf. | 27 | 33 |
| Galveston-Hous. Elec. | 19 | .. |
| Galveston-Hous. El. pf. | 50 | 65 |
| Gas & Elec. Securities | 200 | 250 |
| Gas & Elec. Secur. pf. | 80 | 85 |
| Idaho Power 7% pf. | 98 | 100 |

| Sales. | Bonds. | High. | Low. | Last. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| $1,000 | Alabama Water 6s, '20 | 97 | .. | .. |
| 1,000 | Am. W. W. & El. 5s | 63 | 66 | 66 |
| 1,000 | Appalach. Pow. 5s, '32 | 68 | 72 | 73½ |
| 1,000 | Cincinnati Gas & Elec. 5s, 1956 | .. | .. | 80½ |
| 1,000 | Cities Fuel & P. 7s, '19 | 95 | 95 | 97½ |
| 1,000 | Col. G. & E. deb. 5s, '27 | 70 | 75 | .. |
| | Commonwealth Power (Neb.) 1st 6s, 1944 | 97 | 100 | .. |
| 1,000 | Conn. Pow. 5s, 1963 | .. | .. | 88 |
| 1,000 | Dallas Elec. 5s, 1922 | 84 | 89 | .. |
| 1,000 | East. Tex. Elec. col. 5s | 82 | 88 | .. |
| 1,000 | El Paso Elec. col. 5s | 85 | 90 | .

## A Service to the Nation

the importance of which is not always fully appreciated, is rendered by practically all the Public Utility Companies. Without the light, heat, power or transportation furnished by Public Utilities, the present activities of the United States would be seriously curtailed.

*Offerings of Public Utility Securities will be supplied on request.*

**Hodenpyl, Hardy & Co**
Incorporated
*Securities for Investment*
14 Wall Street, New York



NATIONAL CITY COMPANY NEW YORK

**Southern Pacific Co.**
40-Convertible Gold Bonds
Due June 1, 1929

THESE bonds are a direct obligation of the Southern Pacific Company and are followed by $273,823,900 stock, on which dividends have been paid since 1906.

**Price at market, to yield 6½%**

We recommend the above issue.
*Circular will be sent upon request for AG-162.*

**The National City Company**
*Correspondent Offices in 25 Cities*
*Bonds—Short Term Notes—Acceptances*



**$970 (and accrued interest)**

invested today in a note secured by bonds of a large company operating in New York State will pay you $30 every six months, and $1,000 will be repaid Aug. 1, 1920.

At this price the yield is 7.50%.

The available income is 8⅓ times the note interest.

*Ask for Circular T-8*

**E. H. Rollins & Sons**
43 Exchange Place, New York
Boston San Francisco Chicago



**Tilney, Ladd & Co.**

Railroad Bonds

New York



**THE STEEL STOCKS**

We have prepared an exhaustive table showing the relative position of the 16 leading steel companies.

*Special Circular A-20 Sent on request.*

**E. W. Wagner & Co.**
*Members New York Stock Exchange.*
33 New Street New York
*Phone 2806 Broad.*



**New York City Bonds**

**Barr & Schmeltzer**
Members New York Stock Exchange
14 Wall St. *Specialists.* New York.


# FINANCIAL MARKETS

## Stocks Irregular, with Losses the Rule—Rails Off on New Order.

After a good beginning stocks again inclined to heaviness yesterday and closed generally under the previous day's final prices. Losses in most issues were small, and while there was some increase in activity over Tuesday's modest total there was evident a growing disposition on the part of traders to free themselves from commitments pending further light on the proposals to reopen the taxation question at an early date. From some source the Stock Exchange obtained a report that the German drive had been resumed in definite fashion, and selling of stocks for a time was credited to this fact. It was also reported over Washington wires that as a result of the decision to leave to the President the matter of enacting new revenue measures Congress would be asked to take up Mr. McAdoo's recommendations.

The movement of prices was irregular, with only a few issues maintaining at the close any of the early gains. The most striking exception in this class was American Cotton Oil, which, after a long period of comparative inactivity became suddenly much in demand and advanced sharply. The railroads moved uncertainly, finally losing ground. The steel shares were rather strong before noon, but made their lowest prices shortly before the close. Steel common reacting to 107⅝ at the end of the session. The Marine issues both lost ground, with the preferred closing a little above par, while the 6 per cent. bonds fell back to 98¼.

To some extent the selling of the rails was based on the uncertainty created by Mr. McAdoo's abrupt dismissal of all of the railroad Presidents. Among the bankers and executives themselves it was conceded that the operating men had been occupying an anomalous position which the Director General had properly terminated. From the investors' standpoint the turning out of men who had reached their positions in most cases as a result of many years of faithful service reopened doubts as to the intention of the Administration to return the properties to the owners eighteen months after the war. The discharge of all traffic solicitors some weeks ago, followed now by the release of the Presidents, threatens to disrupt railroad organizations to such an extent that, if it be believed that the roads are to be turned back as the law now provides, it will be difficult, if not impossible, to reconstruct the old executive machinery. It is expected that most of the officers will be asked to continue as Government employes and will make the personal secrifice necessary to accept.

Amazement at the ambitious nature of the Government's plans for the steel industry continues to be voiced by trade organs. The Iron Age says that if all of the steel called for in the surprising total made up by the War Industries Board can be put to use in the specified delivery period it is obvious that there will be very little steel left for ordinary consumption. Manufacturers doubt that as much steel as is being called for can be used by shipyards and other Government departments, but the committee has nevertheless gone to work to increase deliveries on the theory that the steel can be made use of as fast as it is called for.

## GOOD TONE IN LONDON.

### Securities Firm on Prospects of Reinvestment.

LONDON, May 22.—The stock market maintained a good tone today despite the smallness of business. Gilt edge securities were firm on the prospects of the reinvestment of £50,000,000 Government dividends to be disbursed at the end of the month. Shipping shares were in demand on International Mercantile Marine purchase reports. Banking shares were lower and speculative issues quiet.

Money was slightly dearer and discount rates were steady.

### Trading Quiet on Paris Bourse.

PARIS, May 22.—Trading was quiet on the bourse today. Three per cent. rentes, 59 francs, 30 centimes for cash. Exchange on London, 27 francs, 15½ centimes. Five per cent. loan, 87 francs, 75 centimes.

## MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

### Call Loans Renewed at 5 Per Cent. Final Quotation for Day Is 4½%.

The money market was quiet yesterday. Call loans were renewed at 5 per cent., compared with 4½ per cent. on Tuesday, and the final quotation of the day was 4½, as against 6 per cent. There was very little doing in time money, and most maturities commanded 6 per cent., although some 30-day loans were put through at 5½ to 5¾ per cent.

**Call Loans.**

| MIXED COLLATLS. | ALL INDUSTRIALS. |
|---|---|
| High ..... 5 | High ..... 5¼ |
| Low ..... 4½ | Low ..... 5¼ |
| Renewals ..... 5 | Renewals ..... 5¼ |
| Last ..... 4½ | Last ..... 5 |

**Time Loans.**

| MIXED COLLAT'LS. | ALL INDUSTRIALS. |
|---|---|
| Sixty days..... 5¼@6 | Sixty days..... 6 |
| Ninety days..... 5¼@6 | Ninety days..... 6 |
| Four months..... 6 | Four months..... 6 |
| Five months..... 6 | Five months..... 6 |
| Six months..... 6 | Six months..... 6 |

**Bank Acceptances.**

Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days..... 4½@4¾
Non-member and private bankers eligible, 60 to 90 days..... 4¾@4¾
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days..... 5¼@5¾

**Commercial Paper.**

Best-Known Names.
4 to 6 months..... 5¾
Other Names.
4 to 6 months..... 6

**FOREIGN EXCHANGE.**

**Range of Rates.**

| Sterling— | High. | Low. | Last. | Ch'ge. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Demand | $4.75½ | $4.75¼ | $4.75¼ | .. |
| Cables | 4.76¼ | 4.76¼ | 4.76¼ | .. |
| France— | | | | |
| Demand | 5.71¼ | 5.71¼ | 5.71¼ | —.00¼ |
| Cables | 5.69¾ | 5.69¾ | 5.69¾ | —.00¼ |

**Closing Rates.**

| Normal Rates of Exch. | Yesterday's Close—Demand or Checks. | Cables. |
|---|---|---|
| 4.8665 London | $4.75¾ | $4.76¼ |
| 5.1826 Paris | 5.71¼ | 5.69¾ |
| China— | | |
| Hongkong | 78.00 | 78.25 |
| Peking | 116.50 | 116.75 |
| Shanghai | 109.50 | 109.75 |
| 40.20 Holland | 19.45 | 19.50 |
| 52.44 India— | 48.50 | 48.75 |
| Bombay | 37.75 | 38.75 |
| Calcutta | 37.75 | 38.25 |
| 5.1826 Italy | 9.06¾ | 9.05¾ |
| Japan— | | |
| Kobe | 52.25 | 52.35 |
| Yokohama | 52.25 | 52.35 |
| 50.00 Philippine Islands— Manila | 49.875 | 50.00 |
| 26.80 Scandinavia— | | |
| Stockholm | 84.125 | 84.625 |
| Copenhagen | 31.00 | 31.50 |
| Christiania | 31.25 | 31.75 |
| 19.30 Spain | 28.00 | 28.25 |
| South America— | | |
| 84.42 Rio | 25.50 | 25.65 |
| 42.64 Buenos Aires | 45.60 | 45.75 |
| 5.1826 Switzerland | 4.10 | 4.07 |
| 51.46 Russia— | Bid. | Asked. |
| 100 rubles | 14.70 | 14.90 |
| 500 rubles | 14.50 | 14.70 |

**TIME BILLS ON LONDON.**

| Bankers. 60 Days. | Bankers. 90 Days. | Commercial. 60 Days. | Commercial. 90 Days. |
|---|---|---|---|
| $4.72¾ | $4.71 | $4.72 | $4.70¾ |

**Clearing House Exchanges.**

Clearing House exchanges, $606,671,518; balance, $49,274,148; United States Treasury debit balance, $2,095,679; Federal Reserve credit balance, $34,317,622.

**Domestic Exchanges.**

Boston, par; Chicago, par; St. Louis, 5c discount; San Francisco, par; Montreal, $8.125 premium.

**Silver.**

Bar silver in London, 48¾d, unchanged; in New York, 99½c, unchanged; Mexican dollars, 77c.

# NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

WEDNESDAY, MAY 22, 1918.

| | 1918. | 1917. | 1916. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Day's sales | 773,778 | 1,264,384 | 764,175 |
| Year to date | 56,247,161 | 75,821,018 | 70,816,384 |

| Closing Bid. | Closing Ask. | Sales. | | First. | High. | Low. | Last. | Net Chge. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 59½ | 65 | 213 | Adams Express | 59½ | 60 | 59½ | 60 | +½ |
| .. | .. | 600 | Ajax Rubber | 60 | 60 | 59 | 59 | —1½ |
| 1¼ | 1⅝ | 300 | Alaska Gold Mines | 1⅝ | 1⅝ | 1⅝ | 1⅝ | .. |
| 1½ | 1⅝ | 3,100 | Alaska Juneau | 1⅝ | 1⅝ | 1⅝ | 1⅝ | .. |
| 84 | 84½ | 6,800 | Allis-Chalmers Mfg | 2 | 2 | 1½ | 1½ | .. |
| 98 | 87 | 100 | Allis-Chal. Mfg. pf | 85¾ | 86 | 83¾ | 83¾ | +¼ |
| 35 | 38 | 100 | Am. Banknote | 86 | 86 | 86 | 86 | .. |
| 46¼ | 46¾ | 7,900 | Am. Can | 35¼ | 35½ | 35¼ | 35½ | +⅛ |
| 78¼ | 78½ | 1,000 | Am. Car & Fdry | 47¾ | 48 | 46¾ | 46¾ | —1¼ |
| 41¼ | 41½ | 18,800 | Am. Cotton Oil | 79¾ | 79¾ | 78¾ | 78¾ | —⅞ |
| 75 | 82?? | 300 | Am. Cotton Oil pf | 88¼ | 88¼ | 87½ | 87½ | —⅝ |
| 13 | 13½ | 4,100 | Am. Hide & Leather | 42¾ | 43¼ | 41¾ | 41¾ | —1¼ |
| 65¼ | 66 | 2,300 | Am. H. & L. pf | 81 | 84 | 81 | 82 | +1 |
| 31 | 31½ | 500 | Am. Ice | 13¾ | 14¼ | 13¼ | 13¼ | —⅝ |
| 55 | 55½ | 100 | Am. International | 65¾ | 67⅝ | 65½ | 65¾ | +⅝ |
| 89¼ | 89½ | 8,200 | Am. Linseed | 31¼ | 31¾ | 31 | 31½ | +⅛ |
| 77¼ | 77½ | 900 | Am. Linseed pf | 55¼ | 55½ | 55¼ | 55½ | +⅛ |
| 66¾ | 67¼ | 700 | Am. Locomotive | 38¾ | 40¾ | 38¾ | 39½ | —1½ |
| 48 | 49 | 300 | Am. Locomotive pf | 77 | 78 | 77 | 77½ | +1 |
| 81¾ | 82 | 4,100 | Am. Malting 1st pf | 68 | 68 | 66¾ | 66¾ | —1 |
| 103 | 106 | 200 | Am. Smelt. & Ref | 48¾ | 49 | 48¾ | 49 | +1 |
| 65¼ | 65½ | 2,900 | Am. Smelt. & R. pf | 83 | 83¾ | 81¾ | 81¾ | —⅝ |
| 112½ | 113½ | 1,000 | Am. Steel F'dries | 105½ | 106 | 105½ | 105½ | —⅛ |
| 129 | 129½ | 13,800 | Am. Sugar Ref | 118½ | 118½ | 118 | 118 | —½ |
| 98 | 99 | 100 | Am. Sumatra Tob | 129 | 129 | 118¾ | 119¾ | +½ |
| 97 | 97¼ | 2,100 | Am. Sumat. Tob. pf | 90 | 90 | 130¾ | 129 | +1¾ |
| 137 | 162 | 100 | Am. Tel. & Tel | 99 | 99 | 99 | 99 | —1 |
| 94 | 94½ | 100 | Am. Tobacco | 97¼ | 97¾ | 97 | 97 | .. |
| 56¾ | 56½ | 2,600 | Am. Tob. pf. new | 161¾ | 161¾ | 161¾ | 161¾ | —1 |
| 94 | 95 | 200 | Am. Woolen | 94¾ | 94¾ | 94¾ | 94¾ | +⅛ |
| 23½ | 24 | 100 | Am. Woolen pf | 57¾ | 57¾ | 56¾ | 56¾ | +⅛ |
| 16¼ | 16¾ | 1,600 | Am. Writing P. pf | 94¼ | 94¼ | 94¼ | 94¼ | +⅛ |
| 68 | 68¼ | 15,200 | Am. Zinc, L. & S | 28¼ | 28¼ | 28¼ | 28¼ | —2 |
| 50 | 50 | 100 | Anaconda Copper | 17½ | 17½ | 16¾ | 16¾ | +⅜ |
| 60¼ | 60½ | 100 | Asso. Dry Gds. 1st pf | 68¾ | 68 | 68 | 68 | —1 |
| 85 | 86½ | 400 | Associated Oil | 51 | 51 | 51 | 51 | —1½ |
| 110¼ | 110¾ | 3,000 | Atch., Top. & S. F | 60¼ | 60¾ | 60¼ | 60¾ | +⅝ |
| 93¾ | 94 | 54,200 | At. Gulf & West I | 86¾ | 86¾ | 85¾ | 85¾ | +2 |
| 54 | 54¼ | 1,700 | Baldwin Loco | 112½ | 112½ | 110 | 110¾ | —1¾ |
| 89¼ | 90¼ | 400 | Baltimore & Ohio | 98 | 98¼ | 93¾ | 93¾ | —¾ |
| 1 | 1½ | 100 | Barrett Co | 55¾ | 55¾ | 54½ | 54½ | —1½ |
| 86½ | 86¾ | 20,400 | Batopilas Mining | 90½ | 90½ | 90 | 90½ | —1 |
| 106 | 106¾ | 800 | Beth. Steel, class B | 1 | 1 | 89¼ | 86¾ | —2½ |
| 43 | 43¾ | 200 | Beth. Steel 8 p.c. pf | 88¾ | 89 | 106¾ | 106¾ | —⅞ |
| 62 | 75 | 15 | Bklyn Rapid Tran | 106¾ | 106¾ | 43½ | 43½ | +⅝ |
| 126 | 133 | 200 | Buf., Roch. & Pitts | 43½ | 43½ | 75 | 75 | .. |
| 104½ | 104¾ | 700 | Burns Brothers | 75 | 75 | 130¾ | 130 | —2¾ |
| 24¼ | 24¾ | 5,000 | Butte Cop. & Zinc | 130¾ | 130¾ | 104¾ | 104¾ | .. |
| 40¾ | 42 | 900 | Butte & Superior | 104¾ | 104¾ | 24 | 24½ | +⅛ |
| 17¾ | 18 | 1,200 | California Packing | 26¾ | 26¾ | 41 | 41 | —2 |
| 53 | 54 | 300 | California Petrol | 42¾ | 42¾ | 18 | 18¼ | .. |
| 145 | 145¾ | 2,200 | California Pet. pf | 18 | 18¼ | 53¼ | 53¼ | +¼ |
| 87 | 88½ | 100 | Canadian Pacific | 53¼ | 53¼ | 146 | 146 | —1¼ |
| 48¾ | 50 | 100 | Central Foundry | 146 | 146 | 38 | 38 | —2¼ |
| 38½ | 39 | 4,900 | Central Foundry pf | 38 | 38 | 47 | 47 | .. |
| 35¼ | 38¾ | 200 | Central Leather Co | 47 | 47 | 69 | 70¼ | —1¼ |
| 80 | 82 | 100 | Cerro de Pasco Cop | 69 | 70¼ | 83¾ | 83¾ | —1¼ |
| 57½ | 58 | 1,000 | Chandler Motor | 83¾ | 83¾ | 81¼ | 81¼ | —1½ |
| 7½ | 7¾ | 200 | Chesapeake & Ohio | 81¼ | 81¼ | 56 | 57¼ | —1¼ |
| 22¼ | 23 | 100 | Chi. Great Western | 56 | 56 | 7¼ | 7¼ | —⅛ |
| 44 | 44½ | 4,100 | Chi. Great West. pf | 7¼ | 7¼ | 22¼ | 22¼ | .. |
| 75 | 76¼ | 1,500 | Chi., Mil. & St. P | 22¼ | 22¼ | 45¾ | 44 | —1¾ |
| 22 | 22¼ | 600 | Chi., R. & St. P. pf | 44 | 44 | 76 | 75 | —1½ |
| 69 | 69¾ | 500 | Chi., Rock Isl. & P | 76¾ | 76¾ | 23 | 23 | .. |
| 58 | 59 | 200 | C., R. I.&P. 5 p.c.pf | 23 | 23 | 22 | 22 | .. |
| 16¼ | 16¾ | 1,700 | C., R. I.& P. 6 p.c.pf | 69¾ | 69¾ | 59¾ | 59¾ | +⅝ |
| 44¼ | 44¾ | 400 | Chile Copper | 59¾ | 59¾ | 59 | 59 | +⅛ |
| 32 | 34½ | 100 | Chino Copper | 17¼ | 17¼ | 17 | 17 | —⅛ |
| 47¼ | 47¾ | 3,800 | Clev., C., C. & St. L | 45 | 45 | 44¾ | 44¾ | —⅛ |
| 22 | 23½ | 200 | Colo. Fuel & Iron | 33¼ | 33¾ | 43¾ | 43¾ | +⅝ |
| 33 | 33¾ | 400 | Colorado & South | 47¾ | 49 | 47¼ | 47½ | —1½ |
| 40¼ | 41¾ | 100 | Columbia Gas & El | 23 | 23 | 33¼ | 34 | +¼ |
| 99 | 100 | 10,100 | Consolidated Gas | 88 | 88 | 88 | 88 | —⅛ |
| 67¾ | 68 | 6,000 | Corn Products Ref | 42 | 43 | 41¾ | 41¾ | —⅛ |
| 91 | 91¾ | 100 | Corn Prod. Ref. pf | 99¼ | 99¼ | 90¼ | 90¼ | —⅝ |
| 81½ | 81¾ | 100 | Crucible Steel | 68½ | 69¾ | 67¾ | 67¾ | —1 |
| 80¾ | 81¼ | 900 | Crucible Steel pf | 91 | 91 | 91 | 91 | —1 |
| 108 | 111 | 100 | Cuba Cane Sugar | 82 | 82¾ | 81¼ | 81¼ | —½ |
| .. | .. | 100 | Cuba Cane Sugar pf | 81 | 81 | 81 | 81 | .. |
| 61½ | 61¾ | 21,900 | Delaware & Hud | 109 | 109 | 109 | 109 | +⅛ |
| .. | .. | 500 | Distillers' Secur | 62¾ | 63¼ | 61¼ | 61¼ | —1 |
| 16 | 16¼ | 3,100 | Elk Horn Coal | 25¾ | 25¾ | 25¾ | 25¾ | .. |
| 32¼ | 32¾ | 1,900 | Erie | 16¾ | 16¾ | 16¾ | 16¾ | .. |
| 21¼ | 23 | 200 | Erie 1st pf | 32¾ | 33¾ | 32¾ | 32¾ | .. |
| 35 | 36 | 200 | Erie 2d pf | 23 | 23 | 23 | 23 | —⅛ |
| 34 | 34½ | 2,500 | Federal M. & S. pf | 35¾ | 35¾ | 35¾ | 35¾ | —⅛ |
| 148 | 149½ | 100 | Gaston, W. & W | 34¾ | 34¾ | 84 | 84 | —1 |
| 122¾ | 125 | 1,800 | General Electric | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | +1 |
| 80½ | 81 | 500 | General Motors | 123¾ | 125 | 122¾ | 122¾ | —¾ |
| 77 | 78 | 200 | General Motors pf | 81 | 81 | 78 | 78 | .. |
| 89 | 89½ | 1,600 | Granby Consol. | 78 | 78 | 80¼ | 80¼ | —1¼ |
| 81½ | 81¾ | 3,100 | Great Northern pf | 90¼ | 90¾ | 88¾ | 89½ | +1 |
| 88 | 89 | 300 | G. R. cfts. for O. P. | 82 | 82 | 81¾ | 81¾ | —⅛ |
| 41¼ | 41½ | 600 | Gulf States Steel | 68 | 68 | 87¾ | 87¾ | +¼ |
| 54½ | 54¾ | 4,200 | Haskell & Barker | 48¾ | 49 | 41¾ | 41¾ | —⅛ |
| 87 | 87½ | 100 | Inspiration Copper | 55¾ | 55¾ | 54½ | 54½ | —⅛ |
| 42¼ | 42¾ | 100 | Interboro Consol | 41¾ | 41¾ | 8¾ | 8¾ | .. |
| 16 | 16¼ | 900 | Interboro Con. pf | 42¾ | 42¾ | 42¾ | 42¾ | .. |
| 50¼ | 52¼ | 400 | Int. Agricultural | 15¾ | 16 | 15¾ | 15¾ | .. |
| 128 | 129 | 200 | Int. Agricultural pf | 51 | 51 | 51 | 51 | .. |
| 61⅜ | 67¼ | 100 | Int. Harvester, N.J. | 128¼ | 128½ | 128 | 128 | —1½ |
| 28¼ | 28¾ | 12,200 | Int. Harvester Corp | 65 | 65 | 85 | 85 | .. |
| 100¾ | 101 | 84,800 | Int. Mer. Marine | 29 | 29 | 28¾ | 28¾ | —⅜ |
| 28¾ | 28¾ | 1,700 | Int. Mer. Marine pf | 102¾ | 102¾ | 100¾ | 100¾ | —2¾ |
| 40¼ | 41 | 1,800 | Int. Nickel | 28¾ | 29 | 28¾ | 28¾ | —⅛ |
| 18 | 18½ | 300 | Int. Paper | 42 | 42 | 40¾ | 40¾ | —½ |
| 45½ | 46 | 500 | Kansas City South | 18½ | 18½ | 18¼ | 18¼ | —½ |
| 33¾ | 33¾ | 1,300 | Kelly Spring Tire | 46 | 46 | 43¾ | 43¾ | —½ |
| 57 | 58 | 100 | Kennecott Copper | 84¼ | 84¼ | 33¾ | 33¾ | —½ |
| 57¾ | 58 | 1,400 | Kress (S. H.) Co | 57½ | 57½ | 57½ | 57½ | —½ |
| 88 | 88½ | 100 | Lackawanna Steel | 88 | 88 | 87½ | 87½ | +1½ |
| 104½ | 105 | 800 | Lake Erie & West | 104½ | 104½ | 104½ | 104½ | —½ |
| 60¾ | 61 | 100 | Lehigh Valley | 60¾ | 60¾ | 60¾ | 60¾ | —½ |
| 22¼ | 23¼ | 100 | Loose-Wiles Biscuit | 22¼ | 22¼ | 22¼ | 22¼ | —½ |
| 117 | 117 | 600 | Louis. & Nash | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | .. |
| 28¼ | 28¾ | 200 | Maxwell Motors | 28¼ | 28¼ | 28¼ | 28¼ | .. |
| 21 | 21 | 4,000 | Max. Motors 2d pf | 21 | 21 | 21 | 21 | .. |
| 98¼ | 98½ | 4,000 | Mexican Petroleum | 98¼ | 98¼ | 97½ | 97½ | —⅝ |
| 20½ | 20½ | 6,700 | Miami Copper | 20½ | 20½ | 29¼ | 29¼ | —⅛ |
| 54¾ | 54¾ | 1,800 | Midvale Steel | 54¾ | 54¾ | 53½ | 53½ | —⅝ |
| 24 | 24 | 200 | Missouri Pacific | 24 | 24 | 23 | 23 | —1 |
| 54¼ | 54¼ | 300 | Missouri Pacific pf | 54¼ | 54¼ | 53¾ | 53¾ | —⅝ |
| 16¼ | 16¼ | 1,500 | Nat. Cond. & Cable | 16¼ | 16¼ | 16¼ | 16¼ | —⅛ |
| 53¼ | 53¼ | 600 | Nat. Enam. & St | 53¼ | 53¼ | 52 | 52 | —1¼ |
| 20½ | 20½ | 2,900 | Nevada Con. Cop | 20½ | 21¼ | 21¼ | 21¼ | —⅛ |
| 22 | 22 | 200 | N. O., Tex. & Mex | 22 | 22 | 22 | 22 | .. |
| 135½ | 136 | 2,900 | N. Y. Air Brake | 74 | 74 | 130 | 136 | —1½ |
| 24½ | 24¾ | 800 | N. Y. Central | 24½ | 24¾ | 72¾ | 72¾ | —1½ |
| 43¼ | 44¼ | 27,400 | N. Y. Dock | 43¼ | 44¼ | 24¾ | 24¾ | —⅝ |
| 106¾ | 107 | 900 | N. Y. N. H. & H | 106¾ | 106¾ | 42¾ | 42¾ | —⅝ |
| 43 | 46 | 100 | Norfolk & Western | 43 | 43 | 106¾ | 106¾ | —⅝ |
| 83¼ | 86 | 1,700 | North American | 88¾ | 88¾ | 43 | 43 | —⅛ |
| 88½ | 88¾ | 2,200 | Northern Pacific | 89 | 89 | 88¾ | 88¾ | —⅛ |
| 101¼ | 101¾ | 900 | Ohio Cities Gas | 104¾ | 104¾ | 85½ | 85½ | —⅛ |
| 92½ | 93 | 100 | Ontario Mining | 104¾ | 104¾ | 88½ | 88½ | —⅛ |
| 44 | 44½ | 2,900 | Pan-Am. P. & T. pf | 92¾ | 92¾ | 104¾ | 104¾ | —⅛ |
| 12 | 12½ | 100 | Penn. R. R | 44½ | 44½ | 92¾ | 92¾ | —⅛ |
| 27¼ | 27¾ | 100 | Pere Marquette | 12¼ | 12¼ | 43¾ | 43¾ | —⅛ |
| 89¼ | 89¾ | 500 | Philadelphia Co | 27¾ | 27¾ | 12¼ | 12¼ | —⅛ |
| 52¼ | 53 | 700 | Pierce-Arrow | 40 | 40¼ | 27¾ | 27¾ | —⅛ |
| 28¾ | 28¾ | 500 | Pittsburgh Coal | 89¼ | 89¼ | 40 | 40 | —⅛ |
| 61 | 61½ | 800 | Pitts. & West Va | 53¾ | 53¾ | 89¼ | 89¼ | —⅛ |
| 93 | 95 | 50 | Pressed Steel Car | 29 | 29 | 53¾ | 53¾ | —⅛ |
| 103¼ | 105 | 600 | Pressed Steel C. pf | 61¾ | 61¾ | 29 | 29 | —⅛ |
| 117¼ | 119 | 100 | Public Service N. J | 93 | 93 | 61¾ | 61¾ | —⅛ |
| 55 | 56 | 200 | Pullman Co | 104¼ | 104¾ | 93 | 93 | —⅛ |
| 25¼ | 25¾ | 200 | Railway Steel Sp | 118½ | 118½ | 104¾ | 104¾ | —⅛ |
| 23¾ | 24 | 900 | Ray Con. Copper | 56¾ | 56¾ | 118½ | 118½ | —⅛ |
| 87¼ | 87¾ | 81,900 | Reading | 26 | 26¼ | 56¾ | 56¾ | —⅛ |
| 87½ | 87¾ | 100 | Rep. Iron & Steel | 90 | 90 | 25¾ | 25¾ | —⅛ |
| 99 | 99¼ | 300 | Rep. Iron & S. pf | 89 | 90 | 90¾ | 87¾ | —⅛ |
| 12¾ | 12¾ | 800 | Royal Dutch ¢ f | 90 | 90 | 87¾ | 87¾ | —⅛ |
| 27 | 27½ | 100 | St. Louis-San Fran | 90 | 90 | 99 | 99 | —⅛ |
| 80 | 80 | 200 | St. L.-San Fran. pf | 12¾ | 12¾ | 87¾ | 87¾ | —⅛ |
| 22¼ | 23 | 1,800 | Savage Arms | 27¼ | 27¼ | 12¾ | 12¾ | —⅛ |
| 44 | 44½ | 1,800 | Sinclair Oil Refin | 70½ | 70½ | 27¼ | 27¼ | —⅛ |
| 75 | 76¼ | 9,500 | Sloss-S. Steel & I | 28¾ | 28¾ | 70½ | 70½ | —⅛ |
| 22 | 22¼ | 1,800 | Southern Pacific | 70½ | 70½ | 28 | 28 | —⅛ |
| 69 | 69¾ | 9,100 | Southern Railway | 85¼ | 85¾ | 68 | 68 | —⅛ |
| 58 | 59 | 200 | Standard Milling | 24¾ | 24¾ | 84 | 84 | —⅛ |
| 16½ | 16¾ | 2,800 | Studebaker Co | 100 | 100 | 23¼ | 23¼ | —⅛ |
| 51¼ | 52¼ | 1,200 | Superior Steel | 43¼ | 44 | 98¼ | 98¼ | —⅛ |
| 128 | 129 | 1,200 | Tenn. C. & C | 45¾ | 45¾ | 41¾ | 42¾ | —⅛ |
| 61⅜ | 67¼ | 100 | Texas Co | 17¾ | 18¾ | 43 | 43 | —⅛ |
| 28¼ | 28¼ | 4,500 | Texas & Pacific | 154 | 154¾ | 17¾ | 18 | —⅛ |
| 100¾ | 101 | 200 | Tobacco Products | 17½ | 17½ | 152 | 152 | —2 |
| 28¾ | 28¾ | 100 | T., St. L. & W. pf | 60¾ | 61¾ | 17½ | 17½ | —⅛ |
| 40¼ | 41 | 11,500 | T. St. L. & W. pf. tr | 9 | 9 | 59½ | 59½ | —⅛ |
| 18 | 18½ | 700 | U. S. Indus. Alco | 12¾ | 12¾ | 6¼ | 6¼ | —⅛ |
| 13¾ | 13¾ | 1,100 | U. S. R. & Imp. Co | 13 | 13½ | 10¾ | 10¾ | —⅛ |
| 57 | 58 | 208,500 | U. S. Rubber | 77¾ | 78¾ | 12¾ | 12¾ | —⅛ |
| 107¾ | 107¾ | 111 | U. S. Steel | 107¾ | 107¾ | 13 | 13 | —⅛ |
| 110¾ | 111 | 1,300 | U. S. Steel pf | 109¾ | 110¾ | 57 | 57 | —⅛ |
| 83 | 83¾ | 4,200 | Utah Copper | 110¾ | 110¾ | 107¼ | 107¾ | —⅛ |
| 46¼ | 46¾ | 75 | Va.-Car. Chemical | 85 | 85¾ | 110¼ | 110¼ | —⅛ |
| 72 | 75 | 200 | Va. Iron, Coal & C | 45¾ | 48¾ | 83¾ | 83¾ | —⅛ |
| 41¼ | 42 | 200 | Wabash pf. B | 72¾ | 72¾ | 48¾ | 48¾ | —⅛ |
| 14½ | 15 | 300 | Western Maryland | 42 | 42 | 72¾ | 72¾ | —⅛ |
| 18 | 18½ | 200 | Western Pacific | 13 | 15 | 41¾ | 41¾ | —⅛ |
| 54 | 55 | 100 | Western Pacific pf | 14¾ | 14¾ | 14¾ | 14¾ | —⅛ |
| 43 | 48¼ | 2,400 | Westingh. E. & M | 54½ | 54½ | 18¾ | 18¾ | —⅛ |
| 60¾ | 61 | 3,600 | Wilson & Co | 44 | 44¾ | 54½ | 54½ | —⅛ |
| 104¾ | 19¾ | 21,800 | Willys-Overland | 57 | 61 | 48 | 43 | —⅛ |
| 114¾ | 115 | 100 | Woolw. (F. W.) Co | 20 | 20¾ | 60¾ | 60¾ | —⅛ |
| 49 | 49¾ | 300 | Worthington Pump | 114¾ | 114¾ | 19¾ | 19¾ | —⅛ |
| | | | | 49¾ | 49¾ | 114¾ | 114¾ | —⅛ |
| | | | | | | 49¾ | 49¾ | —⅛ |

## MARKET AVERAGES

### STOCKS.

**YESTERDAY'S RANGE.**

| | High. | Low. | Last. | Net Ch'ge. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 26 railroads | 62.07 | 61.15 | 61.22 | —.62 |
| 25 industrials | 88.19 | 81.61 | 81.70 | —.20 |
| 50 stocks | 72.63 | 71.38 | 71.46 | —.41 |

**DAILY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.**

| | High. | Low. | Last. | Net Ch'ge. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| May 22 | 72.63 | 71.38 | 71.46 | —.41 |
| May 21 | 72.41 | 71.07 | 71.87 | +.10 |
| May 20 | 72.89 | 71.46 | 71.77 | —.51 |
| May 18 | 72.50 | 71.96 | 72.28 | —.81 |
| May 17 | 73.49 | 72.77 | 72.47 | —.44 |
| May 16 | 74.22 | 72.70 | 72.91 | +.06 |
| May 15 | 73.36 | 72.06 | 72.85 | +.82 |

**MONTHLY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.**

| May— | High— | Low— | Last. |
|---|---|---|---|
| *1918. | 74.22 May 16 | 67.58 May 1 | 71.46 |
| 1917.. | 88.75 May 31 | 75.77 May 9 | 82.77 |
| 1916.. | 90.16 May 26 | 82.89 May 5 | 87.94 |
| 1915.. | 72.94 May 12 | 64.14 May 10 | 67.06 |
| 1914.. | 69.75 May 18 | 67.40 May 9 | 69.17 |
| 1913.. | 71.25 May 26 | 69.45 May 6 | 69.69 |

**YEARLY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.**

| | High— | Low— | Last. |
|---|---|---|---|
| *1918. | 74.22 May 16 | 64.12 Jan. 15 | 71.46 |
| †1917. | 90.46 Jan. 4 | 75.77 May 9 | 80.75 |
| | | Full Years. | |
| 1917.. | 90.46 Jan. 4 | 75.77 Dec. 20 | 80.88 |
| 1916.. | 101.81 Nov. 29 | 80.91 Apr. 22 | 85.29 |
| 1915.. | 94.13 Oct. 22 | 58.90 Feb. 24 | 91.55 |
| 1914.. | 78.80 Jan. 31 | 67.40 July 30 | 80.20 |
| 1913.. | 79.10 Jan. 9 | 63.09 June 10 | 63.66 |
| 1912.. | 85.83 Sep. 30 | 75.34 Feb. 1 | 78.95 |

*To date. †To corresponding date.

### BONDS.

**YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.**

| | Net change— Day. | Month. | Year. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 25 railroads | —.08 | +.76 | —5.42 |
| 8 industrials | —.08 | +.83 | —.29 |
| 6 public util. | —.04 | +1.56 | —5.89 |
| 1 municipal | .. | +2.75 | —9.50 |
| 40 issues | —.04 | +1.47 | —5.87 |

**DAILY RANGE OF FORTY BONDS.**

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| May 22 | 77.79 | —.04 | May 15 |
| May 21 | 77.83 | —.02 | May 14 |
| May 20 | 77.83 | +.08 | May 13 |
| May 18 | 77.78 | —.06 | May 11 |
| May 17 | 77.84 | +.18 | May 10 |
| May 16 | 77.71 | +.11 | May 9 |

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 77.60 | +.09 | | |
| 77.74 | +.18 | | |
| 77.33 | +.06 | | |
| 77.29 | +.06 | | |
| 77.20 | +.06 | | |
| 77.14 | +.80 | | |

**MONTHLY RANGE OF FORTY BONDS.**

| May— | High— | Low— | Last. |
|---|---|---|---|
| *1918. | 77.84 May 17 | 76.80 May 1 | 77.79 |
| 1917.. | 84.98 May 1 | 83.25 May 21 | 83.97 |
| 1916.. | 87.84 May 31 | 86.44 May 4 | 87.84 |
| 1915.. | 84.45 May 1 | 82.55 May 27 | 82.75 |
| 1914.. | 87.80 May 18 | 87.23 May 28 | 87.88 |
| 1913.. | 89.03 May 7 | 88.01 May 29 | 88.61 |

**YEARLY RANGE OF FORTY BONDS.**

| | High— | Low— | Last. |
|---|---|---|---|
| *1918. | 77.84 May 17 | 75.77 Apr. 9 | 77.79 |
| †1917. | 89.48 Jan. 2 | 83.25 May 21 | 83.36 |
| | | Full Years. | |
| 1917.. | 89.48 Jan. 2 | 74.16 Dec. 20 | 76.80 |
| 1916.. | 88.18 Nov. 27 | 86.19 Apr. 22 | 88.04 |
| 1915.. | 92.81 Dec. 31 | 81.53 Jan. 2 | 88.67 |
| 1

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B61



# Red Cross Week

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# Railroad Stocks Under Government Guarantee

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# STEEL PRODUCTION HITS A HIGH LEVEL

## Current Month Promises a Greater Outturn Than Any of the Last Year.

## DUE TO DEMANDS OF WAR

### Manufacturers Set to Work to Increase Rapid Deliveries of Plates, Shell Steel, and Rails.

The stimulation imparted to the steel and iron trade by the insistence of war demands, and the emphasis laid on a greater output by the War Industries Board, is finding reflection in production. The current month promises a greater outturn of pig iron, billets, and finished products than any of the last twelve months, according to reports from the trade centres.

The Iron Age hints at a difference of opinion between the War Industries Board and steel makers over the amount of steel which the Government can absorb in a given period. At the same time it is noted that the manufacturers have set to work to increase rapidly deliveries of plates, shell steel, and rails, in which the demand is pressing.

"If all the steel in the surprising total made up by the War Board," this periodical says, "can be applied to ship, projectile, track, car, locomotive, farm implement, oil well, structural, and other war uses in the specified delivery period; there can be no escape from the conclusion that little steel can be had for ordinary consumption this year.

"The most serious factor in the situation is the loss of three months' time in the placing of locomotive and car orders—a delay costing the Allies thousands of tons of steel that by no possibility can now be delivered in 1918. Some of the steel for the new cars has been allocated this week, including 135,000 tons of plates to the Steel Corporation. The total of plates, shapes, and bars for cars is 922,110 tons, deliveries to be made in 120 days, beginning June 20.

"The Midvale Steel and Ordnance Company is about contracting to build and operate for the Government a great plant at Nicetown, Penn., to turn out 16-inch howitzers, additional land being acquired by the Government. For this and the Neville Island gun and projectile plant, which the Steel Corporation has just started to build, more heavy machine tools are wanted than present capacity for such tools can supply, and the Government is urging extensions in that industry.

"Important among the price adjustments announced on May 21 was a $6 per ton advance on cast iron water pipe, a reduction of 25 cents per 100 pound for structural and ship rivets and 15 cents for boiler rivets (a differentiation now being made) and a reduction of about 5 per cent. on smaller rivets. Copper bearing low phosphorus pig iron was advanced $2 per ton."

The Iron Trade Review states that the finished output of the Neville Island plant is to be 25,000 tons of large guns and projectiles monthly. The periodical says further:

"Great Government war enterprises of an iron and steel character continue to develop. A large program of construction in byproduct coke plants, under Government financial auspices, is to be launched. Expectations are that 1,500 additional ovens will be built at different locations. These will serve the double purpose of augmenting the supply of high explosives for military needs, and of fortifying weak spots in the coke situation against the uncertainties of Winter. The new ovens are to be rushed into service. Possible blast furnace extensions figure in these plans. A start along this line already is being made in the Wheeling district. Two new furnaces at St. Louis are being considered."

## NO RIGHT TO BAR PAPERS.

### Plainfield Council Hears Government Only Has Power to Suppress.

Mayor Leighton Calkins of Plainfield, N. J., advised the Common Council of that city yesterday that it was without legal power to forbid the sale of The New York American and Evening Journal in Plainfield. The Council heeded his advice.

"We should be especially careful in these times not to let our sympathy run away with our judgment," said Mayor Calkins. "Germany's justification of her outrages in Belgium was that necessity knows no law. If the Hearst papers are disloyal and ought to be suppressed the National Government is competent to act, but until it does act I am clear that local authorities should not attempt to exercise authority which does not exist."

Mayor Calkins said the newsdealers at Plainfield had decided not to handle German-language publications, not because they were all disloyal, but because they afford a more ready channel for disloyal or seditious influence, and constitute a sort of potential danger.

TRENTON, N. J., May 22.—Following the suit for $100,000 damages, started a few days ago by The New York American and Evening Journal, and the Newark Newsdealers' Supply Company against Mayor Rufford Franklin of Summit, because he induced dealers not to sell these papers, Justice Gummere today ordered the defendant to answer the suit within twenty days.

The publishing company avers that its business suffered as a result of the boycott of the Summit newsdealers.

## ASSAIL EIGHT-HOUR LAW.

### Manufacturers Say It Increases Cost of Production Arbitrarily.

The eight-hour law enacted by Congress in June, 1912, was assailed in a resolution adopted yesterday by the National Association of Manufacturers at the final session of the twenty-third annual convention held at the Waldorf-Astoria. The law was charged with unduly increasing the cost of public and private production arbitrarily, and accordingly the association urged upon the War Industries Board the wisdom of recommending to Congress that the power formerly lodged in the President to modify the provisions of the law be restored to him. Resolutions were also passed condemning the rider to the Navy Appropriation bill which prohibits the payment of bonus or cash rewards to employes for efficient services; indorsing the use of trade acceptances in business transactions, and condemning the proposal to establish the metric system of weights and measures in this country in place of the present British system.

The association has for some time been studying the best methods to be used in restoring crippled soldiers to industry, and at the afternoon session yesterday American and Canadian Army officers told what was being accomplished in this direction. It was said that 125,000 crippled soldiers would have to be provided with and trained in occupations after the war. A development of the discussion not planned in the schedule was the demand for vocational employment now for fully 100,000 men and women injured in industrial work.

### Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, May 22.—Forecast:

N. C., S. C., Ga., Fla., Ala., Miss, and Tenn.—Fair Thurs. and Fri.

Ky.—Thunder showers and cooler Thurs.; fair Fri.

Ohio and Mich.—Fair and cooler Thurs.; fair and warmer Fri.

La. and Ark.—Cloudy Thurs. and Fri.

Okla.—Showers Thurs. and Fri.

Tex.—Cloudy Thurs. and Fri.

# SHORT TERM NOTES

**Government and Municipal Loans.**

| Security. | Rate. | Due. | Bid. | Ask. | Yield. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Am. For. Sec. | | Aug., 1919 | 98⅝ | 97 | 7.70 |
| Argen. Gov. | 6 | May 15,'20 | 90⅝ | 98 | 7.10 |
| City of Que. | 5 | Apr., 1920 | 94 | 97 | 6.65 |
| Dom. of Can. | 5 | Aug., 1919 | 96½ | 96¼ | 7.75 |
| Fr'ch Gov. con. | 5½ | Apr., 1919 | 98 | 98¼ | 7.25 |
| Gov. of N. F. | 5 | July, 1919 | 95 | 97 | 8.10 |
| Norweg. Gov. | 6 | Feb., 1923 | 102 | 103 | 5.80 |
| Russian Gov. | 6½ | June, 1919 | 40 | 42 | .. |
| Russian Gov. | 5½ | Dec., 1921 | 38 | 40 | .. |
| Do rubles | 5½ | Feb.14,'26 | 88 | 93 | .. |
| Prov. of Que. | 5 | Apr., 1920 | 94 | 97 | 6.60 |
| Swiss Gov. | 5 | Mar., 1920 | 101 | 102 | 3.90 |

**Company Issues.**

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Am. Cot. Oil. | 5 | Sep., 1918 | 99¾ | 99¾ | 5.75 |
| Am. Cot. Oil. | 5 | Sep., 1919 | 97⅛ | 97½ | 7.05 |
| Am. P. & L. | 6 | Aug., 1921 | 90 | 95 | 7.80 |
| Am. T. & T. | 6 | Feb., 1919 | 99¾ | 99¾ | 6.40 |
| Am. Thread. | 4 | Jan., 1919 | 98¾ | 98¾ | 6.10 |
| Ark. Val. Ry., L. & P. | 6 | July, 1919 | 95 | 97½ | 8.00 |
| B. & O. R. R. | 5 | July, 1918 | 99⅝ | 100 | 5.00 |
| B. & O. R. R. | 5 | July, 1919 | 98⅝ | 99 | 6.05 |
| Beth. S. Corp. | 5 | Feb.15,'19 | 98¼ | 99⅜ | 7.20 |
| B. R. T. | 5 | July, 1918 | 97¼ | 97⅝ | 13.50 |
| C., B. & Q. | 5 | July, 1921 | 93⅛ | 94 | 6.15 |
| C. & W. Ind. | 6 | Sep., 1918 | 99¼ | 99⅝ | 7.25 |
| Can. North. | 6 | Sep. 2, '18 | 99½ | 99⅝ | 7.00 |
| Can. Pac. Ry. | 6 | Mar. 2, '24 | 98½ | 99 | 6.25 |
| Cub. Am. Sug. | 6 | Jan., 1919 | 99¼ | 100 | 6.00 |
| Cub. Am. Sug. | 6 | Jan., 1920 | 98¼ | 99¼ | 6.50 |
| Cub. Am. Sug. | 6 | Jan., 1921 | 95¼ | 99 | 6.50 |
| Del. & Hud. | 5 | Aug., 1920 | 97⅛ | 97⅞ | 5.90 |
| Erie R. R. | 5 | July, 1919 | 66⅞ | 97¼ | 8.00 |
| Fed. Sug. R. | | Jan., 1920 | 95 | 96½ | 7.00 |

| Security. | Rate. | Due. | Bid. | Ask. | Yield. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Gen. Elec. Co. | 6 | July, 1919 | 100¼ | 100⅛ | 5.30 |
| Gen. Elec. Co. | 6 | July, 1920 | 100⅛ | 100⅞ | 5.45 |
| Gen. Rubber | 5 | Dec., 1918 | 99⅛ | 99⅜ | 6.00 |
| Gt. A. & P. | 6 | June, 1921 | 96 | 100 | 6.00 |
| G. T. of Can. | 5 | Aug., 1918 | 98 | 100 | 5.00 |
| Gt. Nor. Ry. | 5 | Sep., 1920 | 97⅜ | 97¾ | 6.00 |
| Hocking Val. | 6 | Nov., 1918 | 99⅝ | 100 | 6.00 |
| Kan. C. Ry. | 5½ | July, 1918 | 97½ | 99 | 7.50 |
| K.C. Ter. Ry. | 4½ | Nov.15,'18 | 98⅜ | 99¼ | 6.00 |
| K.C. Ter. Ry. | 4½ | July 19,'21 | 93½ | 94½ | 6.25 |
| Louis. G. & E. | 6 | Sep., 1920 | 93¾ | 97⅜ | 8.00 |
| Mich. C. R.R. | 5 | May, 1918 | 99⅝ | 100 | 5.00 |
| Miss. V. G. & E. | 5 | May, 1922 | 74 | 80 | 9.00 |
| Mont. T. & P. | 6 | Apr., 1919 | 91½ | 94 | 12.00 |
| Morgan & W. | 5 | Dec., 1918 | 99 | 100 | 5.00 |
| N. Y. C. R.R. | 6 | Sep., 1919 | 98 | 98⅝ | 6.25 |
| Okla. G. & E. | 6 | June, 1919 | 98 | 98 | 7.75 |
| Penn. Co. | 4½ | June15,'21 | 95¼ | 98¼ | 5.90 |
| P. S. C., N. J. | 5 | Mar., 1919 | 99⅝ | 97⅜ | 7.70 |
| Phil. El. Co. | 6 | Feb., 1920 | 99¼ | 99⅝ | 6.25 |
| Proc. & Gam. | 7 | Mar., 1919 | 100⅝ | 100⅞ | 6.25 |
| Proc. & Gam. | 7 | Mar., 1920 | 100⅞ | 101¼ | 6.40 |
| Proc. & Gam. | 7 | Mar., 1921 | 101 | 101⅜ | 6.55 |
| Proc. & Gam. | 7 | Mar., 1922 | 100⅝ | 102⅜ | 6.30 |
| Proc. & Gam. | 7 | Mar., 1923 | 102¼ | 102⅝ | 6.20 |
| Rem. A. Un. Met. C. Co. | 5 | Feb. 1, '19 | 94 | 96 | .. |
| Read. T. & L. | 6 | Aug., 1919 | 94½ | 98½ | 7.50 |
| San Diego Con. G. & E. | 6 | Dec., 1922 | 95 | 100 | 6.00 |
| Southern Ry. | 5 | Mar. 2,'19 | 98¾ | 98¼ | 6.60 |
| Utah Sec. Co. | | Sep.15,'22 | 85 | 80½ | 8.90 |
| United L. & Rys. Sec. | 6 | May, 1920 | 94½ | 97½ | 7.80 |
| W. E. & M. | 6 | Feb., 1919 | 99½ | 99⅝ | 6.25 |
| Wm. R. A. | | Mar., 1919 | 99¼ | 99⅝ | 7.40 |
| Wis. Edison. | 6 | May, 1924 | 88 | 92 | 7.50 |
| W. V. T. & E. | 6 | May, 1919 | 94½ | 98½ | 6.75 |

# NAVAL BILL PASSES SENATE IN QUICK TIME

## *Appropriation Increased $226,000,000—"Stop Watch" Labor System Barred.*

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, May 22.—The Senate passed today, by a viva voce vote, the $1,015,000,000 Naval Appropriation bill, after exactly four hours and thirty minutes of debate. It was increased about $226,000,000 over the amount originally voted by the House.

Most of the debate on the bill was focussed upon an amendment, which was adopted by a vote of 37 to 22, providing that no part of the appropriation should be available to maintain a "stop-watch" or other time-measuring device upon Government employes engaged in war work. Such a provision has popped up in nearly every naval appropriation bill for years, and has always been adopted. Linked with this provision was one providing against allowing premiums or bonus cash awards to employes on Government war work. This was stricken from the bill by a vote of 37 to 21, so that bonuses may be allowed.

Senators urging the adoption of the provision against the "stop-watch," said they could see no reason why the watch should be held over labor. They believed labor was doing its patriotic duty in the war and would do it without "tab" being kept on it.

Senator Thomas of Colorado pointed out the failure in aircraft production and the deficiency in ordnance.

"We must have artillery, the production of which is distressingly small," urged Senator Thomas. "We are engaged in the mightiest task labor has ever had and we must get the full benefit of labor. I believe we ought to expect a full day's work, and to make sure that we have it. I also favor giving bonuses to men who do especially expert work or whose product stands out."

Senator Townsend of Michigan declared that the "stop-watch" in Government arsenals in Michigan had brought production up to 100 per cent. efficiency.

The bill now goes to conference.

## FOG HOLDS UP AERIAL MAIL.

### Lieut. Bonsal Started from Here, but Was Forced to Return.

Fog vanquished the "cloudless mail" yesterday and the aerial mail pouches for Philadelphia and Washington left New York on mail trains. Lieutenant Bonsal, with 126 pounds of mail, ascended from Belmont Park at 11:46 o'clock this morning. He returned to the park at 12 o'clock with the message that he ran into fog near Sheepshead Bay so thick he could not see his way.

Philadelphia was notified by telephone. Mail officials there said fog would prevent a flier from starting for New York.

### $957,334 Increase in Road's Earnings.

The report of the receiver of the International & Great Northern Railway Company for the calendar year 1917, issued yesterday, shows total operating revenues of $12,588,224, an increase of $1,821,279, compared with 1916; a gain of $957,334 in net revenues, and a surplus above all fixed charges of $1,697,139, an increase of $1,133,069.

## FINANCIAL NOTES.

The Stock Exchange added to the trading list yesterday $2,250,000 voting trust certificate sfor common stock of the Gulf States Steel Corporation; $1,849,100 7 per cent. cumulative preferred stock of the S. S. Kresge Company, and $3,350,000 cumulative 7 per cent. first preferred, $1,925,000 cumulative convertible 7 per cent. second preferred, and 65,000 shares of common stock of the Certain-teed Products Corporation.

The Spectator, the weekly insurance review, is issuing a "Golden Jubilee Number" to commemorate its fiftieth anniversary.

The $150,000 of City of Cincinnati Deficiency 5 per cent. bonds offered recently by A. B. Leach & C., Inc., at 108.18 and interest have all been sold.

Directors of the Atlas Powder Company have declared the regular quarterly common dividend of 2 per cent. and an extra dividend of 3 per cent., payable June 10 to stock of record of May 31.

Eugene V. R. Thayer, Everett B. Sweezy, and Benjamin S. Guinness have been elected Directors of the Duquesne Light Company, and Everett B. Sweezy has also been elected a Director of the Philadelphia Company.

Clement B. Newbold has been elected a Director of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, succeeding the late William H. Barnes.

The annual meeting of the National Board of Fire Underwriters will be held at the Hotel Astor today.

## SECURITIES AT AUCTION.

The following securities were sold at auction by Adrian H. Muller & Sons at the Auction Salesroom:

For Account of Executors.

800 shares Horn Silver Mines Company, $1 each; 22c per share.

40 shares A. T. De La Mare Co., Inc., $50 each, 32c per share.

$3,000 Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railway Company, 4 per cent., 100-year adjustment registered bonds, due 1995; 71⅝.

$3,000 Southern Pacific Company Central Pacific stock collateral, 4 per cent. bonds registered, due 1949. Interest June and December, 70⅝.

5 shares Merchants' National Bank, $50 each; 201.

350 shares Sawyer Shipyards Corporation preferred, $100 each; $6 per share.

350 shares Sawyer Shipyards Corporation common, $100 each; $5 per lot.

100 shares Lufkins Salvage & Shipping Corporation, $100 each; $1¼ per share.

7,500 shares Railways Company, general, $10 each; $2 per share.

10 shares Excelsior Brewing Company, 114.

$10,000 Gulf, Florida & Alabama Railway Company, first mortgage 5 per cent. gold bonds, certificate of deposit, $500 per lot.

## BOSTON CURB.

| | Bid. | Ask. | | Bid. | Ask. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Amer. Oil | 7 | 9 | Iron Blossom | 38 | 40 |
| Bay S. Gas | 7 | 11 | Iron Cap | 18⅝ | 19¼ |
| Begole | 50 | 75 | La Rose | 40 | 45 |
| Black Hawk | 1 | 1⅝ | Majestic | 28 | 32 |
| Bohemia | 90 | .. | Mex. Metals | 37 | 40 |
| Boston Ely | 86 | 95 | Mojave Tung. | 6 | 8 |
| Bost. & Mont. | 54 | 56 | New Baltic | 88 | 90 |
| Butte & Lon. | 22 | 24 | Nat. Z. & L. | 25 | 27 |
| Bost. & Ariz. | 1 | 2 | New Corn | 18¼ | 19 |
| Calaveras | 1¾ | 2 | Nev. Doug. | 70 | 75 |
| Crown Res. | 15 | 25 | Nixon Nev. | 70 | 74 |
| Con. Ariz. | 1⅞ | 2⅛ | Oneco | 20 | 25 |
| Cortez | 5 | 15 | Onondaga | 20 | 25 |
| Champ., old. | 7 | 8 | S. W. Miami, part paid | 75 | 1 |
| Chief Cons. | 2⅛ | 2⅜ | S. W. Miami, full paid | 1 | 1½ |
| Eagle & B. B. | 2¼ | 2⅜ | Un. Ver. Ext. | 36 | 40 |
| Earl-Eagle | 3 | 3½ | Victoria Min. | 70 | 75 |
| Fortuna | 4 | 6 | Yukon Gold. | 1 | 1¼ |
| Gold Lake | 1 | 5 | | | |
| Houghton | 50 | 75 | | | |
| Homa Oil | 65 | 67 | | | |

# COMMITTEE TO PASS ON SCHOOL MANAGER

## *To Co-ordinate Business Departments and Bureaus, and Represent the Board.*

The Board of Education yesterday referred to a special committee, consisting of Mr. Wilsey, Mr. Ryan, and Mrs. Murray, the matter of appointing an executive manager for the board. This was done after a statement by Mr. Ryan on the subject, in which he said that he had given careful consideration to the proposal, and that there was urgent need for an official who would bring together into closer co-operation all of the business departments and bureaus, who would co-operate with the Superintendent of Schools, the chief executive officer of the department, and, who would be the representative of the Board of Education, acting through the President.

The executive manager, he said, should have such powers and perform such duties as the board should determine by by-law or by resolution, or as the President should deem necessary. There were a number of subjects pending before special committees that should be made the subject of investigation by such an official, acting for the board. Just as soon as the board elected an executive manager, he should be empowered to institute these inquiries with the complete co-operation of all the officials and employes of the board. One of the first matters to which his attention would be directed was to study and to report upon the organization of the departments and bureaus.

The by-laws, he said, at present prescribed the duties of the executive manager, but they should be revised to conform to the new State education law. In revising the by-laws early in January the board omitted from the list of officers the executive manager. The position has been placed in classification by the State Civil Service Commission, on Feb. 28, 1917, as in the exempt class. He recommended that the salary be fixed at $8,000 a year.

Tristram Walker Metcalfe, who has been most prominently mentioned for the position, said yesterday that he would not serve in the Department of Education. Alluring as was the position of the executive manager the opportunity for service as school editor was far more attractive. It was doubtful whether the law contemplated or permitted of the creation of a position of power for effective service within the department, such as that contemplated by members of the board. The Superintendent of Schools was under the law the chief executive officer of the school system, as well as the chief professional expert. It was his settled conviction that to establish a position of co-ordinate responsibility and power would in time result in lack of agreement and in friction that would be detrimental to the betterment of the schools. Service in a subordinate capacity would not be as attractive as the opportunities afforded by continuing the work that has now covered the period of more than fifteen years.

The special committee will report to the board next Wednesday. So far as could be learned there is at present no other candidate for the office who is assured of election.

A large number of men and women from Castleton Corners, S. I., were present at the meeting to urge on the board the necessity for a new public school building to replace School 20, which they said was old and insanitary. The new building, they said, should accommodate 1,500 pupils. Reon Barnes, Chairman of the delegation, said that they had raised $81,000 for the new school some months before consolidation, and that when consolidation had occurred he had turned this amount over to the Controller. The money, he said, had been used for other purposes.

On motion of Mr. Prall the matter was referred to the Board of Superintendents, and the delegation from Staten Island was asked to confer with them. The matter would be then reported to the Board of Education and something would probably be done to improve school conditions in that section of the city.

### Union Bag and Paper Earnings.

The report of earnings of the Union Bag and Paper Corporation and subsidiaries for the quarter ended April 30, excepting the St. Maurice Paper Company, Ltd., shows balance available for dividends for the quarter of $518,945, as compared with $622,689 for the corresponding period of 1917. Gross earnings were $726,958, as compared with $863,722 the previous year.

## BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER.—Receipts yesterday, 8,068 packages. Prices were fairly sustained during the early trading, the demand absorbing the stock reasonably well. The bulk of the arrivals reached the market after 12 o'clock, and an easier feeling has since developed, with indications of a decline. This applies to all grades of fresh creamery. Ladies are dragging and packing stock shows further slight decline. Creamery, higher than extras, a pound, 45¼@46c; extras, (92 score,) 44½@45c; firsts, (88 to 91 score,) 42@44c; seconds, (88 to 87 score,) 37½@41½c; thirds, 35@37c; creamery, unsalted, higher than extras, 47½c; extras, 46½@47c; firsts, 43½@46c; seconds, 40@43c; State dairy, tubs, finest, 44@44½c; good to prime, 41½@43½c; common to fair, 35@41c; renovated, extras, 38½@39c; firsts, 37@38c; lower grades, 33@35c; imitation creamery, firsts, 34@35c; ladies, current make, firsts, 32@33c; seconds, 30½@31c; lower grades, 29@30c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 31c; No. 2, 29½@30c; lower grades, 27@29c.

EGGS.—30,618 cases. The market is in an unsatisfactory condition. The great bulk of the supply arriving lacks quality to satisfy the best class of trade, and the demand for most of the stock is still sluggish, with pressure to sell at generally weak prices. Strictly fine qualities are generally rather steady, and there is demand for better goods than are generally available, for which some buyers might be willing to pay a little more than quoted. Dirties are plentiful and pressed for sale at easier prices. Checks moving slowly unless offered at attractive figures; some interior goods are selling at very low rates. Nearby white eggs of strictly fancy quality are in limited supply, and these meet a moderate demand at sustained prices, but there is still pressure to move accumulations of average good and lower grades, and a very large part of the stock is still reported in range of 37@39c. Fresh gathered extras, a dozen, 36@37c; storage packed, firsts, 34½@35½c; regular packed, extra firsts, 34½@35c; regular packed, firsts, 32½@34c; seconds and poorer, 28@32c; fresh gathered dirties, No. 1, storage packed, 29½@30½c; No. 1, regular packed, 29@29½c; No. 2 and poorer, 27@28½c; fresh gathered checks, good to choice, dry, 27@28½c; under grades, 26@27c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby Western hennery whites, fine to fancy, 38@40c; ordinary to prime, 36@37c; gathered whites, ordinary to fine, 35@38c; Western and Southern gathered whites, 35@37c; State, Pennsylvania and nearby hennery browns, 37@38c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 33@36c. Duck eggs, 29@42c.

# ENEMY COTTON SOLD TO AMERICAN MILLS

## Alien Property Custodian Takes 5,391 Bales Owned by Germans and Austrians.

## BOUGHT ON VERDUN PROMISE

### Staple Accumulated on Prospect That France Would Be Beaten and Peace Come Quickly.

By order of A. Mitchell Palmer, United States Alien Property Custodian, a great supply of German-owned cotton, which was purchased for German and Austrian use before 1916 in anticipation of the conclusion of peace before the end of that year, was disposed of by public auction at the New York Cotton Exchange yesterday.

The sale aroused unusual interest on the cotton market, the disposition of enemy cotton stored in New York warehouses for two years having been eagerly awaited by cotton dealers ever since the Alien Property Bureau was established.

More than one hundred agents for cotton mills from all parts of the country were on the floor of the auction room when Joseph A. Bower, head of the business department of the Bureau of Alien Property, opened the sale. Inasmuch as the bidding started on the first lots at the high figure of 20¼ cents a pound, most of the smaller buyers quickly subsided, and the scramble for the stock, amounting to 5,391 bales, was confined to eight buyers, the companies they represented being the Southern Product Company, Rodgers & Co., Weil Brothers & Co., Sorrells & Co., E. P. Walker & Co., Samuel Neuburger & Co., Anderson Clayton & Co., and Harriss, Irby, Vose & Co.

Most of the cotton sold at an average of between 27⅝ cents and 28 cents a pound, with about 300 bales going at 29¼ cents a pound. These figures were considered surprisingly high in view of the fact that the current contract price for cotton to be delivered in July is 24 cents a pound. The Business Department of the Alien Property Bureau had not as yet compiled the results of the sale last night, but it was estimated that it brought about $750,000.

At the New York office of the Alien Property Custodian yesterday no information could be had concerning the history of the cotton further than that it had been held in warehouses here for shipment to Germany and Austria, for two or three years. From other authentic sources, however, it was learned that most of this cotton had been assembled along the Atlantic coast before the beginning of the Verdun assaults in 1916, with the understanding on the part of the agents here that it was to be shipped to Austria and Germany about one month after the fall of Verdun, the German and Austrian buyers being apparently assured by their Governments at the time that Verdun would fall, and that peace would inevitably follow within a month.

As Verdun did not fall in accordance with German expectations and as the sens continued to remain closed to German ships the cotton remained in the warehouses until yesterday, when it was disposed of by the Alien Property Custodian to American buyers. In accordance with the regulations in such matters, the office of the Alien Property Custodian would not reveal the names of the original purchasers of the cotton or the banking agents in this country who acted in their behalf when the cotton was assembled in 1915 and 1916.

As early as October, 1915, German and Austrian agents were busy buying cotton and other commodities in this country for shipment after the war, which they expected to end within a year in a complete German victory. The Germans looked further ahead in the matter of safeguarding supplies of this staple than most American manufacturers on the ground. According to reports at that time the diversion of sulphuric acid from the usual market in the fertilizer trade to the picric acid trade meant a lessened yield of cotton in the following year, and it appeared that the Germans, who realized that they would need large quantities of cotton to replenish their own stocks as soon as the war ended, preferred buying and storing it to risking the chance of a sharp advance in price after the sea routes were opened again.

Just how much cotton now stored in warehouses in this country is enemy owned is a matter upon which the Alien Property Custodian has as yet made public no definite information. The report some months ago that the Government was to take over 1,000,000 bales of German owned cotton was received among cotton brokers and members of the Cotton Exchange with incredulity. At that time, there was a total of 83,910 bales of cotton in storage in New York, 725,199 in all of the ports of the United States, and 614,841 bales in interior towns, a total of 1,340,000 bales. That Germans owned 1,000,000 of these bales seemed unbelievable to the trade. Although Germany bought great quantities of cotton at the beginning of the war, men in the trade were inclined to believe that most of it had since been sold and that Germany had certainly not been paying high storage rates on 1,000,000 bales. The 5,391 bales of enemy-owned cotton sold yesterday included practically all of the enemy-owned cotton stored at this port.

### Pittsburgh & West Virginia Earnings.

The consolidated income statement of the Pittsburgh & West Virginia Railway Company and the West Side Belt Railroad Company for March and three months shows net operating revenues for March of $55,045, and for the three months of $94,881, and net income of $39,514 for March, and $138,804 for the three months.

## EARNINGS.

### Railroad.

CENTRAL OF GEORGIA, for year ended Dec. 31—

| | 1917. | 1916. | 1915. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Op. rev. | $16,024,537 | $13,725,148 | $12,254,153 |
| Net op. rev. | 4,978,688 | 4,444,098 | 3,599,685 |
| Op. inc. | 4,091,536 | 3,723,685 | 2,961,885 |
| Gross inc. | 5,362,241 | 5,346,988 | 4,386,291 |
| Surplus | 2,640,027 | 2,649,651 | 1,694,123 |

### Public Utilities.

UTAH SECURITIES CORP. (earnings of subsidiary companies)—

| | 1918. | 1917. | Increase. |
|---|---|---|---|
| April gross | $561,285 | $526,223 | $35,062 |
| Net earnings | 313,935 | 296,806 | 17,129 |
| 12 mos.' gross | 6,846,966 | 5,914,784 | 932,182 |
| Net earnings | 3,681,870 | 3,276,411 | 374,959 |

WELLS, FARGO & CO. for January—

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Total op. rcts. | 4,888,786 | 4,078,645 | 760,141 |
| Tot. trans. rev. | 2,348,390 | 1,960,544 | 388,046 |
| Total op. rev. | 2,451,440 | 2,063,888 | 387,554 |
| Net op. deficit. | 166,914 | *34,208 | 201,123 |
| Def. aft. taxes | 203,395 | 5,524 | 197,871 |

*Surplus.

## MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Alpha | .03 | Jacket | .07 |
| Alta | .03 | Justice | .01 |
| Andes | .07 | Mexican | .08 |
| Best & Belcher | .03 | Ophir | .10 |
| Bullion | .01 | Overman | .01 |
| Caledonia | .06 | Potosi | .05 |
| Challenge Con. | .02 | Savage | .03 |
| Chollar | .08 | Seg. Belcher | .03 |
| Confidence | .04 | Sierra Nevada | .06 |
| Con. Virginia | .40 | Union Con. | .87 |
| Gould & Curry | .01 | Utah | .01 |
| Hale & Norcross | .03 | Mexican dollars | .76½ |

TONOPAH.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Belmont | 3.18 | Florence | .12 |
| Cash Boy | .07 | Goldfield Cons. | .25 |
| Halifax | .12 | Goldfield Merger | .01 |
| Jim Butler | .74 | Great Bend | .03 |
| McNamara | .23 | Jumbo Extension | .09 |
| Midway | .07 | Kewanas | .03 |
| Mispah | .06 | Silver Pick | .03 |
| Monarch Pitts. | .04 | MANHATTAN. | |
| Montana | .11 | Big Four | .03 |
| North Star | .13 | Consolidated | .08 |
| Rescue | .09 | Union Amalg. | .01 |
| Tonopah Divide | 1.50 | White Caps | .34 |
| Tonopah Exten. | 1.55 | OTHER DISTRICTS. | |
| West End | .87 | Nevada Hills | .06 |
| West Tonopah | .16 | Packard | .24 |
| GOLDFIELD. | | Rochester | .51 |
| Atlanta | .06 | Round Mountain | .20 |
| Booth | .03 | United Eastern | 3.50 |

COLORADO SPRINGS.

| | Bid. | Asked. | | Bid. | Asked. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Cresson | 4¼ | 4¾ | Isabella | 5 | 7 |
| Dr. J'pot. | 3½ | 5 | McKinney | 5½ | 7½ |
| Elkton | 4 | 5 | Portland | 90 | 92 |
| El Paso. | 10 | 11 | U. Gold M. | 15¾ | 16 |
| Golden C. | 171½ | 174 | Vindicator | 30 | 40 |
| Granite | 23 | 34 | Rose Nicol. | 8 | 10½ |


# FEDERAL LAND BANK

## 5% Farm Loan Bonds

**Issued under the direction and control of the Federal Farm Loan Board, a bureau of the Treasury Department of the United States**

Dated May 1, 1918 — Due May 1, 1938

Redeemable at par and accrued interest on any interest date after five years from the date of issue. Bonds in coupon or registered form (interchangeable) may be had in denominations of $1,000, $500 and $100, $50 and $25. Coupons are payable semi-annually at any Federal Land Bank or Federal Reserve Bank.

**Exempt from Federal, State, Municipal and Local Taxation**

**Federal Land Bank bonds are declared by Congress to be instrumentalities of the Government of the United States, and as such are exempt from Federal, State, Municipal and local taxation.**

**These bonds, therefore, have as complete exemption from taxation as the First Liberty Loan 3½% bonds.**

The Federal Land Banks were created by the United States Government to meet the agricultural needs of the country; as the Federal Reserve Banks were designed to meet the mercantile and manufacturing needs.

These bonds are acceptable by the United States Treasury at par as security for Government deposits, including Postal Savings Funds. They are lawful investments for all fiduciary and trust funds under the jurisdiction and control of the Federal Government, and are eligible for investment by savings banks in the following states:

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Arkansas | Idaho | Massachusetts | Oregon | Utah |
| California | Louisiana | Mississippi | Pennsylvania | Virginia |
| Colorado | Maine | Nebraska | South Dakota | West Virginia |
| Delaware | Maryland | New Hampshire | Tennessee | Wisconsin |
| Florida | Minnesota | Ohio | Texas | Wyoming |

The Federal Farm Loan Board, which administers the Federal Land Bank System, is a bureau of the Treasury Department of the United States. The Secretary of the Treasury is a member and the Chairman ex-officio of the Board. The continental United States is divided into twelve districts, each having a Federal Land Bank which issues the bonds, secured by bonds of the United States Government, or guaranteed First Mortgages approved by the Federal Farm Loan Board. The Banks have an aggregate capital of over $13,000,000, nearly $9,000,000 of which is now owned by the United States Government. All twelve Federal Land Banks are liable for the ultimate payment of all bonds issued by each and every Federal Land Bank.

*The Attorney General of the United States on behalf of the Government, and the Hon. Charles E. Hughes on our behalf, have approved the constitutionality of the Act and the validity of the provisions exempting the bonds from taxation.*

**Price 101 and Interest**

**netting over 4.75% to the redeemable date 1923 and 5% thereafter up to redemption or maturity**

Circulars giving detailed information will be furnished upon request.

**Alex. Brown & Sons** — **Harris, Forbes & Co.**
**Brown Brothers & Co.** — **Lee, Higginson & Co.**
**The National City Company**

The statements contained herein while not guaranteed, are based upon information and advice which we believe to be accurate and reliable



**$1,000,000**

# Northern Pacific-Great Northern

**Joint C., B. & Q. Collateral Trust 4% Gold Bonds**
**Due July 1st, 1921**

**Price 93⅞ and interest, to yield 6.20%**

**

# FRANCE HAS RIVAL TO FLYING TANK

## Heavily Armored Plane, Aerial League Official Says, Can Carry a French "75."

## PROVED IN TRIAL FLIGHTS

### Factories Here Are Now Turning Out Liberty Motors in Quantities, Post Tells Engineers.

Speaking before the Society of Municipal Engineers last night at the Engineering Societies Building, 29 West Thirty-ninth Street, Augustus Post, Secretary of the Aerial League of America, who has just returned from the western front, where he studied air fighting methods, said that France soon would place in service a large type of machine which would be a match for the German "flying tank." He said that the French machine was heavily armored and that the plane had performed so well in trials back of the lines that he had been much surprised to learn that the German, rather than the French, flying tank had been the first to get into actual service. He said that one machine he had seen was capable of bearing the famous French "75" gun.

**Brings Messages from France.**

Mr. Post prefaced his scheduled paper on the development of air fighting with messages from President Poincaré, Premier Clemenceau, and General Pershing, which, he said, they had asked him to carry to America. President Poincaré's message was:

"Send us aviators like the Lafayette Escadrille and send us airplanes, and the war will end quickly and in a decisive victory."

M. Clemenceau, according to Mr. Post, spoke as follows:

"America has been known for her accomplishments in material things, but from now will be known for what she will do in raising the morale of the world. It will be the American spirit that, permeating the Allies, will bring decisive victory."

General Pershing's message, said Mr. Post, was a request that the country become a unit in support of the men on the firing lines. The General added that persons writing to soldiers should emphasize the loyalty of the nation, thereby heartening the fightirs.

**Liberty Motor Production.**

Mr. Post told his audience that he had good authority for the statement that more than 1,000 Liberty motors thus far had passed the Government's test of fifty hours of continuous operation. Mr. Post also said that a factory, the name of which he refused to divulge, had cast, machined, assembled, and put into operation a Liberty motor within sixty days after work was begun.

Discussing the production of airplane motors, Mr. Post said that although manufacturers had been hampered at first by repeated changes in the specifications they had at last received the final design and that the factories now were turning out the motors in quantity. He said that manufacturers had informed him that the peak of motor production should be reached in July and that the facilities of the plants then would be equal to the task of maintaining peak production indefinitely.

He asserted that one pattern of the Liberty motor, as at last approved, weighed only thirty-seven pounds and developed power capable of lifting an airplane more than 2,000 feet a minute. This capacity, credited to the Liberty motor by Mr. Post, is vastly superior to the power of foreign motors, the best of which have sent machines up 15,000 feet in about eleven minutes, the average performance being approximately 1,000 feet a minute.

Mr. Post's statements were made in response to questions from his audience. Concerning facilities for transporting the completed planes to France, Mr. Post said that airplanes of large size would require space in a ship equal to that required for fifty tons of cargo. He added, however, that definite arrangements for the transportation of aircraft abroad had been left to the Shipping Board.

**Describes Training Methods.**

Mr. Post said that he had watched the training of American aviators at French fields, and that our airmen had become extremely proficient in "group fighting." This, he explained, was flying at the enemy in the form of a V and enveloping him in a circle of aircraft. He paid tribute to the efficiency of the air defenses of Paris, which, he said, had foiled the visits of Zeppelins and made the calls of Gothas infrequent. He said the French capital was girded by anti-aircraft stations well equipped with searchlights, special guns, and micraphones, the latter for detecting from afar the hum of an approaching craft.

The speaker also informed his auditors that Allan Ryan, Deputy Police Commissioner, had told him that plans were being formulated to protect this city against hostile raiders. Mr. Post said that the plans contemplated searchlight patrols and all the other protective measures.

The speaker praised the work of the British fleet in the North Sea and the feats of the British Air Service, particularly the "Blimps." Mr. Post said that special inventions on the Blimps permitted the pilots to make out the outlines of a lurking submarine even though the boat was sixty-five feet under water. Many of the submarines, he said, had been captured lately, and in the logs of some of them this entry had occurred frequently: "Forced to submerge because of air patrols."

Mr. Post, in closing, urged that the Air Mail Service be used by business men. He said that air men looked for the establishment of a coast-to-coast mail service after the war, the flight to San Francisco being figured as a three-day trip, allowing time for relays.

## TO DISPLAY ITALIAN COLORS

### Department Stores Join In Celebration of Italy-America Day.

Department stores in Manhattan, Brooklyn, and the Bronx will celebrate Italy-America Day tomorrow by displaying the Italian colors, by distributing flags and flowers, and by having special Italy-America programs in their auditoriums.

The last remaining box for the concert at the Metropolitan Opera House tomorow night was sold yesterday to A. Portfolio for $1,100. The concert will close the celebration of Italy-America Day and the proceeds will go to the Italian Red Cross.

A floral automobile parade will be held tomorrow morning, and will pass down Fifth Avenue from Fifty-ninth Street to Washington Square, where there will be an outdoor festival from 7 to 10 P. M. Clarence Whitehill, Forest Clement Crane, Peralta, and Lillian Snelling will sing. President Nicholas Murray Butler of Columbia will speak, and Colonel Theodore Roosevelt has been invited to make an address.

**Calls for Allegiance Pledges.**

The latest bulletin issued by the National Canners Association to its members, in addition to giving some interesting facts on sources of credit for the industry, suggests that all employes of canners be made to take an oath of allegiance to the United States. The bulletin contains a form for the purpose and suggests that this action will afford an additional protection and security for goods stored in canners' warehouses. "The form," the bulletin says, "has had the approval of the office of the Quartermaster General of the Army, and it is believed that any person refusing to sign a document of this nature should not be permitted to work in any cannery in the United States during the period of the war."

# THE BUSINESS WORLD

## Buyers' Wants

*50 Cents per agate line each insertion.*

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Botany 315 and Columbia in large quantities, on 70-day basis. R 147 Times.

BURELLA AND DELHIS Wanted.—In all shades. Rosh & Mayers, 1,178 Broadway.

CHAMBRAYS Wanted.—Quantities heavy grades; also work shirt fabrics. Z 400 Times Annex.

COATS, Suits, and Dresses Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on snappy styles. Call, with samples, 43 West 33d, fifth floor.

COATS Wanted.—Cloth; jobber placing orders. Call with samples, 137 West 25th; 8th floor.

COATS Wanted.—Jobbers looking at coats of the better kind for the Fall. R. & H., 5th floor, 99 Madison Av.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber placing order on high-class Fall coats. Rosing & Cohn, 1,333 Broadway.

COATS Wanted.—Cloth; jobber placing orders. Call with samples, 137 West 20th, 8th floor.

COATS Wanted.—Looking at better grade, Fall line. 131 West 28th St., 4th floor.

COATS, SUITS Wanted.—Spring; any quantity for cash. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

COATS Wanted.—Better grade. Call with samples, 122 West 26th, 10th floor.

COATS Wanted.—Looking at coats and suits. 35 West 31st, 7th floor.

CORDUROYS Wanted.—Two-tone, wide wale, green and burgundy; also cheviots, velours, and heavy coatings. Irving Finkelstein, Mad. Square 2844.

CORDUROY Wanted.—All dark colors, any width or quality; submit samples. 28 West 22d, 10th floor.

CORDUROY Wanted.—Fifty lumps, narrow wale; cash. Lewis & Maisel, 110 Grand St. Canal 9510.

CORDUROY Wanted — 100 pieces narrow wale white. Madison Square 2180.

COTTON GOODS Wanted.—Nainsooks, all counts. Call Franklin 1174.

COTTON NETS Wanted.—All widths; all colors; all qualities. Lester I. Lehman, 225 5th Av.

DRESSES Wanted. — Large jobber placing stock orders on crepe de chine, georgettes, and jersey dresses for quick delivery. Wiener, 53 West 36th.

DRESSES Wanted.—Ready to buy 500 dozen children's wash dresses. Almax Mfg. Co., 103 5th Av.

DRESSES Wanted.—Large jobber will buy for cash jobs any quantity wash or silk dresses; samples morning. Wiener, 53 W. 36th.

DRESSES Wanted.—Looking at satin dresses; bring samples. 11 East 31st St., 1st floor.

DRILLS, SHEETINGS, Gingham, and Percale Wanted.—Of all descriptions; call with samples. 11th floor, 118 West 22d.

GABARDINES Wanted.—For cash; gabardines, Poiret twills, poplins, tricotines; Fall and Spring shades. Rosing & Cohn, Greeley 2812.

GABARDINES, PIQUE Wanted.—Small or large quantities. 87 5th Av., 7th floor.

GEORGETTES Wanted.—Good quality imported whites and colors, at a price. Federal Silk Mills, 239 4th Av. Gramercy 4965.

SERGES Wanted.—All makes and colors; will pay cash. R 148 Times.

JERSEY CLOTH Wanted.—Heather mixtures and plain colors. Jonas Finger, 141 West 28th St.

JERSEY CLOTH Wanted.—Heather mixtures. Platt & Kolber, 20 West 17th St.

KHAKI Wanted.—Cotton, O. D. shade, 6½ ounces; open for 10,000 yards. Send samples with full particulars to Hecht & Co., 114 8th Av.

KHAKI, Jersey Cloth Wanted.—16-ounce, for cash. R 162 Times.

NORMANDY MIXTURE Wanted.—Bachmann's; can use quantity. Greeley 2606.

ORGANDIE Wanted.—In colors and white; any quantity. Tremont 1481.

PEAU DE CYGNE and Messaline Wanted.—Open for three hundred (300) pieces, all colors. Call Friday, May 24, L. H. Teller & Co., 1,182 Broadway, room 508, between 1 and 3 o'clock.

PEAU DE CYGNE Wanted. — Brown and taupe; up to 95 cents. Rashkind & Soloff, 244 5th Av.

PEAU DE CYGNES Wanted.—All colors, up to 95c. Third floor, 244 5th Av.

PAJAMA CHECKS Wanted.—U. S. Textile Co., 200 5th Av. Gramercy 4356.

PANNETTE Wanted.—Chase, all shades; will pay cash. Harry Kitzinger & Co., 1,333 Broadway. Greeley 2080.

PLUSHES Wanted.—H. & H. 40, 40 Blumenthal; also Chase's beaver. Alper-Schultz-Hirshfield, 1,140 Broadway.

POM POMS Wanted.—0816 and 12075 for cash at a price. Phenix Woolen Co., 1,133 Broadway.

POM POM Wanted.—0816 Amer. Madison Square 4620, Extension 31.

POPLINS Wanted.—Will buy for cash 06077, 966, or similar cloth. I. & B. Satiro Cloak Co., 45 West 20th. Chelsea 9840.

POPLINS Wanted.—Brown, taupe, and burgundy, American or Stephens. Farragut 186.

POPLIN Wanted.—Open to buy gold color, any make. Farragut 2322.

POPLINS Wanted. — Also heavyweight velours, all colors, for cash. Farragut 5166.

POPLIN Wanted.—American or Stephens, for cash. Hast, Farragut 9752.

SERGES, POPLINS, Wanted.—Staple numbers in all shades, for spot cash 5 days after delivery in Chicago. R 154 Times.

SERGES Wanted.—Storm 4040 and others; better makes in quantities; cash. R 149 Times.

SERGES Wanted.—Al concern wishes to purchase large quantities for cash, all makes; must have original tickets. R 150 Times.

SERGE Wanted.—Whitman's serge, 87, blue. 4275 Greenpoint.

SERGES Wanted.—Any quantity, any quality at a price for cash. R 160 Times.

SERGE, French, Wanted.—W. F. X. 54289, 11483, 528, 9056. Farragut 9988.

SILK POPLINS Wanted.—In all colors, also jobs, for spot cash. Trussel Waist Co., 159 West 25th.

SILKS Wanted.—10 pieces coral color; crepe de chine; will pay cash. Crown Waist Co., 45 Lispenard St. Franklin 3418.

SILKS Wanted.—Any kind, small or large lots. Pressman & Oppenheimer, 423 4th Av. Madison Square 3867.

SILVERTONES and Crystal Cloths Wanted. —Will pay spot cash. Militer Cloak and Suit Co., 22 West 32d. Madison Square 1060.

SILVERTONES and BUROTINES Wanted.—Will buy for cash any quantity. Herman Cloak Co., 1,333 Broadway. Greeley 4582.

SILVERTONE Wanted.—Will pay cash for all Fall shades. Gottlieb & Laikind, 88 West 31st.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—All shades. Louis Baumann, 12 East 32d. Madison Sq. 1124.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—Will pay cash for Fall shades. Chelsea 590.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—All shades. Madison Square 1380.

SKIRTS Wanted. — 500 dozen wash skirts, pique, repp, gabardines, linene, at a price. Room 411, 25 West 27th St.

SUITS Wanted.—Looking at the Fall line, better grade. Miller Cloak and Suit Co., 11 West 20th, 9th floor.

SUITS, COATS, WAISTS, DRESSES Wanted. —Cash; better grade. National. Franklin 2412.

SUITS Wanted.—Jobber looking at Fall suits. Room 1809, 15 East 26th St.

SWEATERS Wanted.—Jobber placing orders ladies' and children's sweaters. First floor, 205 Church St.

THIBETS AND MELTONS Wanted.—¾, all colors; any quantity. 7897 Chelsea.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Botany 5889, blacks or navy. Madison Square 6375.

VELOURS Wanted.—Open to buy quantity of American 11050, 544, 13069, in all shades. Kaplan Bros., Madison Square 7617.

VELVETEENS Wanted.—27-inch, twill back, black and brown only. Phone price, Mad. Square 3313.

WAISTS Wanted.—Jobber open for 200-400 dozen Georgette waists for immediate delivery; spot cash. See Mr. Goldstein, 2-3 P. M., at 21 East 14th St.

WAISTS Wanted.—Cotton, silk; quantity no object. Jobber, H 176 Times.

WASH SKIRTS Wanted.—Large quantities; submit samples. 87 5th Av., 7th floor.

ZIBELINE and STROOCKS Wanted.—All shades; will pay cash any quantity. Herman Cloak Co., 1,333 Broadway. Greeley 458.

**Contracts Wanted.**

SHIRTS made to order of your material, 75 cents up. 220 Avenue A.

## Offerings to Buyers

*50 Cents per agate line each insertion.*

ALPACA LINING, suitable for coat and vest lining; large remnant at 21c. yard. R 166 Times.

BEAVER PLUSH AND VELOURS. — Du Nord, for sale cheap; attention, brokers and others. 128 West 24th St., 5th floor. 2295 Chelsea.

BOLIVIA, Pom Pom, Silvertone, Velours, and Serges.—Below market price. Jefferson Worsted Mills, 440 4th Av.

BOLIVIAS. — Saxonia, brown, taupe, and green, at a price. Farragut 3073.

BROADCLOTH.—18 pieces F. & H. and Botany, good assortment of colors; below market price, 21 pieces Bobson serge number 971; cheap. Madison Square 2178.

BROADCLOTH.—Pastel, Forstman & Hoffman and Botany, all shades, $4.50 net. Madison Square 9240. Ask for Harry.

BROADCLOTH.—F. & H. Columbia Botany 815, all colors; will sell cheap for cash. Forster. Stuyvesant 819.

BROADCLOTH.—Botany, Columbia, Talbot; also Burellas, poplin serges; very reasonable. Telephone 9811 Farragut.

BROADCLOTHS and velours, cheap; retiring from woolen business; call in person. Elias, 7 West 3d St.

BROADCLOTH.—Madison, style 1550, 5 pieces dark brown, 5 dark green, original ticket, $3.65 net, cash. Farragut 9075.

BROADCLOTH, Velours, Kerseys.—Large assortment; off price. 118 West 27th, top floor.

BROADCLOTH.—60 pieces radium; all Fall shades. Spring 8676.

CELLULOID SHEET MATERIAL, all kinds, D. B. L. Products. Barclay 1007.

CLOAKS AND SUITS. — Notice to out-of-town buyers — Perelmuter, auctioneer, 11 Lispenard St., sells Friday new Fall models.

COATEES and Stoles.—Plush, beaver, kerami, and also fur effects; we are headquarters. Michael Bros., 116 West 29th St.

COATINGS.—McKenney's oxford and brown meltons, $1.87½ net cash. Wall, Stuyvesant 4000.

COATS AND SUITS.—Showing strongest line of our career this coming Fall season. Klar Bros., 36 West 20th.

COATS, SUITS. — Closing out all Spring goods; now at our new home. Talbot Co., 39-41 West 32d.

COATS.—Spring suits and coats, better grades; tricotines, silvertones, velour checks, serges, and gabardines, to close out. B. Hirschhorn & Co., 39 West 29th.

COATS.—High-grade flapper and juniors, coats for jobbers catering to better trade; Fall lines ready. Julius L. Goldstein, 23d, 153 West, Farragut 596.

COATS, SUITS, AND CAPES.—800 on the racks, in velours, velvets, and Fisher & Kennedy tweeds, and other wanted fabrics. Five Per Cent. Cloak Co., 11 West 32d.

COATS.—Velours and Kersey, half and full-lined; exceptional style and values, for jobbers only. Glantz & Schreiber, 9 West 20th St.

COATS.—100 black and navy, 48-inch, silk taffeta coats to close out at a sacrifice. D. Rubin, 34 West 17th St.

COATS.—Wonderful values in broadcloth and velour coats; for jobbers only. I. Novick & Co., 45 West 27th.

COATS.—100 very fine lot of Spring coats, velours, serges, and poplin to close out. J. Lesser, 47 West 34th.

COATS AND SUITS.—100 new, high-grade, Fall models, to close out. J. Lesser, 47 West 34th.

COATS.—60 children's Fall coats, sizes 6, 8, and 10, to close out very reasonably. Progress Garment Co., 1,133 Broadway.

COATS.—800 cotton plush, with beaver collar and cuffs, to close out very reasonably. Progress Garment Co., 1,133 Broadway.

COATS.—Close out of ladies' Spring coats, suits, and dresses. Williams-Belmont Co., 23 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

COATS.—1,000, all wool, velours, 6-14 years, $3.50. Nivel, 151 West 36th.

COATS.—Closing out satin and silk jersey coats. I. Novick, 45 West 27th.

COATS.—Jobs in Fall coats, better kinds, cheap. 4th floor, 45 West 27th.

CORDUROY.—Fancy silk lining; plain silk and taffeta. Greeley 3142.

CORDUROYS.—36-inch, narrow and wide wale, white. Call Orchard 327.

COTTON CREPE.—2,000 yards of blue imported Jap cotton crepe at 27½c. yard. Weinstein Dress Co., 38 West 32d. Madison Square 9605.

COTTON DRESSES sold at a sacrifice. Cohen & Polowan, 19 West 21st.

COTTON GOODS.—20,000 yards 36-inch pink percales, job, below market price. Wedeen, 327 Canal St.

CREPE DE METEOR.—Eagle 851, all colors. Republic Novelty Works, 244 5th Av. Madison Square 5564.

DELHI 087, American, 150 pieces, assorted best Fall shades. Greeley 4876.

DRESSES.—500 Georgette, taffeta, and crepe de chine, in latest styles, to close out at a price. Royal Wear Manufacturing Co., 1,133 Broadway.

DRESSES.—Wonderful values, fancy and white voile dresses; immediate delivery; $3.75 up. Liberty Dress and Skirt Co., 126 West 22d St.

DRESSES.—400 taffetas on hand at a price, first-class assortment of large sizes in all materials always on hand. Princess Dress, 19 West 24th.

DRESSES.—Wonderful value; taffetas, crepe de chines, ginghams, $3.75, $7.50; jobs to close out. Loeb N. Nussbaum, 31 West 28th.

DRESSES.—Jobs of 5,550 in silks, voiles, and linens, to close out. American Shirtwaist Co., 151 West 26th St.

DRESSES.—Georgettes, Anderson, ginghams, voile; immediate delivery. Glockner, 40 West 27th St.

DRESES, wash, about 2,000 on hand, at prices ranging from $18 to $27 the dozen. Ipp & Kwint, 118 West 22d St. Farragut 4604.

DRESSES.—500 attractive voile and linen dresses, values up to $4.75; your choice $2.85 net. Emanuel, 48 West 27th.

DRESSES.—1,000 taffeta, Georgette, and satin; snappy styles. Kirschner & Bosniak, 20 West 27th.

DRESSES.—Desirable jobs, including road samples, at reduction. Call 5th floor, 15 East 26th St.

DRESSES.—Stout, white, colored, and plaid voile at half price. Stout Dress Co., 9 West 20th.

DRESSES.—100 taffeta, satin, and crepe to close out at a price. J. Lesser, 47 West 34th.

DRESS JOBBER placing orders on Fall serges and satins. Fifth floor, 131 W. 25th.

DRESSES.—300 high-class wash dresses in jobs. Supreme Dress Co., 214 West 27th St.

DRESSES.—Silks, jerseys, serges, washables; values unsurpassed. E. Deutsch, 28 West 32d.

DRESSES.—Wash, 1,000 high grade; sacrifice. Ideal Garment Co., 18 West 33d.

DRESSES.—Job on gingham and voile at a price. Essanay Dress, 14 West 17th St.

DRESSES.—Silk and cotton foulards, at sacrifice. Queen, 149 West 36th.

DRILLS.—We have 3 bales 2.50 drill, 31 cents net. R 166 Times.

FLAGS.—American flags to close out now at a reasonable price; 600 flags made of cotton bunting, embroidered stars, sizes 8 ft. by 5 ft., 4 ft. by 6 ft., 5 ft. by 8 ft., 6 ft. by 10 ft. Address 20 West 20th St., 7th floor. Phone Chelsea 9280.

FLAGS, Italian, 5,000 in stock, for immediate delivery; all qualities; also French, English, and American; 50 off list. Arthur Levy & Bernhard, 87 Union Square West.

FLAGS.—Bunting, 8x5 to 12x20, American and Allies; will sell cheap. 32 West 20th St., 1st floor. Phone Farragut 417.

FLAGS.—500 wool bunting flags; large sizes. D. C. Humphrys, 909 Filbert St., Phila., Pa.

FLANNELS.—33-in. pajama flannel, 33c. per yard, net cash; 8 cases for immediate delivery F. O. B. Springfield, Mass. Address S. D. G. E., 15 Harrison Av., Springfield, Mass.

FRENCH SERGE.—WFX, 12 navy, 2 green, 1 plum, original tickets, all at $2.45 net, cash. Farragut 9076.

FUR TRIMMING.—Big quantity of ⅛ and 1 inch strips, three colors; also fur pom poms. Spring 7350.

GABARDINES.—White, cotton, 36 inches, 10,000 yards, for skirts. Mr. Schaffel, Madison Square 4620.

GABARDINE. — Garfield 4666, all colors; will sell cheap for cash. Forster. Stuy. 819.

GINGHAMS, Tressans, plaids; immediate delivery; also cotton serge. Room 411, 1,161 Broadway.

GEORGETTES.—40-inch, $1.15; all colors; immed. del. M. Marks Co., Mad. Sq., 9880.

GEORGETTE plush, white; close for cash. A. Orently, 7 West 22d St. 1660 Gramercy.

HAIR.—67,000 pounds, bought at a Government sale, 15c. a pound; a chance for some one to make a good turn. Bach & Co., 62d St. and Amsterdam Av.

JAP SILK.—500 pieces of 5¼, 5¾, and 6 momme habutai at attractive prices. Jackson-Haggett, 17 Madison Av. Madison Square 4547.

JAPANESE CREPE.—Plain and striped. Farragut 3489.

KHAKI CLOTH for sale. Telephone Farragut 2656.

KHAKI KOOL, silk; Mallinson at sacrifice price. Chelsea 3110.

LINENS.—Natural linens and French piques to close out. Superior, 114 West 27th St.

MACHINES.—Union special, double needles; Singer buttonhole, Singer and Merrow overlock; bargain prices. W. K., 9 East 12th St.

MACKINAW.—100 pieces McKenny 30-inch. Spring 8676.

MESSALINES, Eagles, 321 white and flesh, for immediate delivery, $1.05. Greeley 1397.

NAPKIN WHITE CLOTH, 36 inches wide, 700 yards at 27 cents. R 166 Times.

OXFORDS, all wool, 9 pieces. L. Noschkes, 37 West 28th St.

PIECE GOODS. — Burellas, delhi cloth, serges, gabardines, and poplins at a sacrifice. Madison Square 5092.

PIQUE.—36-inch narrow wale, 2,500 yards, 37½c., 3 per cent. 10 days. Gramercy 3350.

PLUSHES, 8 pieces of Salt's sealette at $5 a yard net. Inquire George G. Wood & Co., 105 Madison Av.

PLUSH.—Black, similar to Kakara lamb, for coats and trimmings. Spring 7350.

POPLINS.—Amoskeag, American, Saxonia, and others; also serges, gabardines; cheap. Telephone 9812 Farragut.

POPLINS.—Silk, 40-inch, for cloak, suit, and skirt trade; all colors; immediate delivery. M. Marks Co., 9880 Mad Sq., 354 4th Av.

POPLIN.—American, Fall shades, $2.90 net cash. Madison Square 4413.

POPLINS AND SERGES.—774, 9 Whitman, 1464, 11488, all navy. Gramercy 4552.

POPLINS.—Silk, assorted shades; close out cheap. Gramercy 2871.

POPLINS for sale. Telephone Farragut 5678.

PUTTEE. — Wolfe improved spiral puttee; limited quantity at $25 dozen. Room 410, 260-6 West Broadway.

RADIUM TAFFETA.—40-in., all colors, $1.25; immediate del. M. Marks Co., 354 4th Av.

SATINES.—Flowered meteor, 36-inch, 38c. net. Gramercy 2871.

SATEEN and Serge Lining, full pieces and remnants; cheap. R 166 Times.

SATIN. — Yarn dye construction, 36 inches wide, all colors. Republic Novelty Works, 244 5th Av. Madison Square 1504.

SERGES.—Not sponged: Navies, 54289, $2.70; 1464, $2.87½; 643, $2.80; 2002, $3.20; 00790, $3.25; 104, $2.90; 54292, $2.95; 1319, $2.80; 9, 33; 54288, $3.20; 528, $2.90; 99, $2.95. Sponged: 0936, $3.10; 809, $2.95; original tickets. Net cash. Farragut 2423. Ask for R. F. No phone calls. 24 West 25th St.

SERGES, Poplins, Coatings for sale for cash; will consider 60-day acceptance at 5c. increase with original tickets; Flagler 1500, $1.55; 4040, $1.90; not original tickets, 54292, $2.80; 767, $2.42½; Saxonia, $2.65; Jamestown, $2.70. Koplin, Room 104, Grand Hotel.

SERGES.—8850 Stevens, 6597, 638, Gera 3865, Lorain and 7120; will give terms to cutting up trade; also a contract for woolen coating good for clothing trade; come and see the material. I. Rand & Co., 37 West 28th.

SERGES AND VELOURS.—Juilliard's 54289 navy, $2.85; Botany 11433 navy, $3.35; Garfield 528 navy, $2.95; Amer. 0936 navy, $3.90; Amer. velour $360, five shades, $4.25. Phone before 12. Madison Sq. 4620, Ext. 20.

SERGES. — Below market price; black and navy, mostly navy; any quantity; No. 9, $2.85; 6120, $2.85; 7120, 54289, 11433, 235; no telephone answered; apply in person. William Becker & Co., 39 West 26th.

SERGE, Broadcloths, Velours. — $1,000,000 worth fancies, plushes; original tickets; lowest prices in market; write for prices. Piece Goods Exchange, R. Smith & Co., Props., 29 East 22d St.

SERGES.—Have quantities below market price, 3850, 1464, 838, 936, W. F. X. 8301, F. B. G. L. broadcloth, velour; others. Madison Square 8833.

SERGE.—11483, 1464, 54289, 7120, 6120, 9056, 41-1, 9240, Amer. velours, cheap for cash. J. Blumenthal & Co., 221 4th Av. Stuyvesant 3828.

SERGES, velours, broadcloths, poplins, &c., to the cutting-up trade; all leading numbers. Evans Bros., 404 4th Av. Madison Square 292.

SERGES.—Open to sell below market price; 54289, 86 pieces all navy; 3676, 42 pieces, assorted colors. Call 8 30 to 10:20, 20 West 27th, 4th floor.

SERGES, popular numbers, F. & H. Poiret twill 8801, also American light and heavy weight velours, Juilliard's 110, all shades. Madison Square 642, 220 5th Av., Room 1208.

SERGES.—104, 528, 6120, 4408, 4060, 4059, 54292, 1069, Selden W. F. 227, P. N. A.; reasonable price; terms. 41 West 25th St., 8th floor.

SERGES.—54289, 3850, 1464, 0986, 9, 99, 809, 104, and other numbers; also Botany and S. & H. broadcloth; reasonable prices for cash only. Call Farragut 2423.

SERGES.—Woolworth 370, 33; Brightwood, 4905, $2.87½; navy, 12 pieces each. Chelsea 6241.

SERGE.—6122, 50 pieces, $2.40; American kersey, 15020, 26 pieces, $4.05. Madison Square 9429.

SERGES and all-wool Jerseys, 54289, navy, $2.67½, including other serges at exceptional bargain. Madison Square 582.

SERGES.—Gera 9056, 7008, 10830, 10625; Lorraines 3665, 3678; navy 2698, black 7122, 6120, Amer. 0411. Spring 8676.

SERGES.—Navy, 7120, 7122, at $2.75; 355 Botany broadcloth, $3.25, net cash only. Morningside 8081.

SERGES.—7120, 25 pieces, $2.75; 3850, 35 pieces, $2.85; 1464, 40 pieces, $2.90; navy. Madison Square 4620, Ext. 31.

SERGES.—7120, 15 navy; 104, 10 navy, $2.80; 1464, 20 navy, $2.90; Botany 315, 10 pieces, $3.65, net cash. Farragut 2254.

SERGES.—A quantity lot of leading numbers at reasonable prices. Federal Woolen Mills, 786 Washington St., Boston, Mass.

SERGES.—54289, 54292, 528, 519, 3850, 6234, etc.; no telephone calls answered. Touraine Woolen Co., 44 East 23d, Room 803.

SERGES. — 594, 528, 54289, 767, 3850, 1464, 7512 Newport serge, and Selden's poplin No. 1057; cash. Mr. Shapiro, Mad. Sq. 3564.

SERGES.—1210, 3650, C. S. G., and C. S., immediate delivery; net 60 days. T. J. Gilion, Gramercy 0665. 315 4th Av.

SERGES.—American Burl, gabardines, tricotines, Delhi, Jersey, burrella, poplins, silvertones, and other cloths. Greeley 3142.

SERGES.—54289, 99, 609, 54274, 925, 528, 519, 8000, others; quick action required. 116 West 29th. 8th floor.

SERGES.—54289, 35 pieces navy, $2.73½. Apply between 8:30 and 10:30, fourth floor, 20 West 27th St.

SERGES, 7120 sponged, navy, 25 pieces, $2.75 cash. Eighth floor, 34 West 17th St. Farragut 9985.

SERGES.—0936, 838, 94, 774, 767, 9540, 4X, 81; Hillsboro, 1600, zibelines; cotton plush Chelsea 6018.

SERGES.—American 0936 and Gera. Mills 3056. Phone Mr. Alfred, Madison Square 8102.

SERGES.—54289, 35 pieces; W. F. X., 20 pieces; 3678, 15 pieces; mostly navy; reasonable. Phone Farragut 6283.

SERGES.—0936, 104, 11433; also light weight velours in Fall shades. Madison Square 3388.

SERGES.—11433 navy, 100 pieces, $2.90 on credit; also silvertones. Phone Franklin 3882.

SERGES.—7120, 7122, $3.25 net, four months; 6120, 6122, $2.95 net, four months. R 152 Times.

SERGES.—7120, $2.90; 54289, $2.85; 9056, $2.90; W. F. X., $2.65; 4040, $2.05. R 151 Times.

SERGES.—11483, $2.95; 1464, $2.90; 104, $2.82½; 519, $3. Madison Square 1520.

SERGE.—Andrews 1464, 25 pieces navy at $2.97½ net. Madison Square 10170.

SERGE.—Hadley Mills 102 navy, 25 pieces. Greeley 4321.

SERGES.—3650, 172 pieces, 57½ cents net, cash. 5510 Gramercy.

SERGES.—Will sell 80 pieces navy 54289, cash or terms. 7527 Mad. Sq.

SERGES.—6301 navy and black, $2. Farragut 5837.

SERGES.—94 and 2205 Whitman's. M. Weil, 404 4th Av.

SERGES.—7120 sponged, $2.75, net cash. Mr. Frank, phone Spring 7798.

SERGES, all navies, 54289, $2.72½; 7120, $2.77½; 104, $2.80 cash. Gramercy 1587.

SERGES.—40 pieces navy serge 54289. Gramercy 718.

SERGE.—Andrew, 1464, navy and black, 50 pieces. Madison Square 7933.

SERGE.—7120, $2.75; 9056, $2.80; 104, $2.85; 1464, $2.95. Madison Square 9837.

SERGES.—519, 1464, 4632, all colors; will sell cheap for cash. Forster. Stuy. 819.

SERGE.—Juilliard 54274, black and blue; cash only. Greeley 2810.

SERGES 54289, $2.70 net cash; 9, $3.10. Madison Square 8559.

SERGES.—26 pieces each of 54289, 11,433, for cash only. Telephone 2381 Farragut.

SERGE.—American 0936, navy, 80 pieces, all or part, $3.17½. Madison Square 2947.

SERGE, 50 pieces 7120, for sale. Phone 8062 Chelsea.

SERGES 4408, poplin 774, Panamas, Whitman 230, cheap for cash. Mad. Sq. 6016.

SERGES—54289, $2.70; 1210, 62½ cents; 4040, $1.87½; 6122, $2.40. Farragut 3525.

SERGE, 519 navy, 11433 navy. Phone Greeley 1397.

SERGES.—Large assortments, in all makes. Phone Hydol, 4254 Madison Square.

SERGE for cash, 0936, 20 sponged and 50 non-sponged. Farragut 5173.

SERGE.—7301, $2.20; 99, $3.10; 11433, $2.97½. Broadcloth, $3.15-$3.75. Gramercy 2066.

SERGES, S. B. G. L., 38 pieces, $1.10. Madison Square 4620. Morgenstein.

SERGE. — Whitman 104; American Woolen poplin; Read's velours. Farragut 4825.

SERGES—54289 navy, price $2.75. 1,164 Broadway, 2d floor. Madison Square 1871.

SERGES.—Whitman 99, $2.95, net. Chelsea 6814.

SERGE.—7301, $2.25; 6120, $2.50; 1464, $2.95; all navy. Gramercy 2987.

SHANTUNG.—Have 200 pieces to sell at the price. Call Gramercy 3819.

SILK SKIRTS, $2.75 to close out, cheap, Nivel, 151 West 36th.

SKIRTS.—Clearing up Spring samples of silk and cloth skirts at very low prices. A. G. Bahn, 9 West 20th St.

SKIRTS.—1,000 all-wool American poplins, $2.25, in quantities. Ford, 149 West 36th.

## Offerings to Buyers

*50 Cents per agate line each insertion.*

SKIRT BANDING.—Glace curved; assorted colors; also silk galloon; cheap. Farr. 8268.

SKIRTS, discarded wool samples, to close at large reduction. Ford, 149 West 36th.

SUITS and COATS.—Attractive styles and prices; closing out; real good value; "our slogan," no camouflage. Shapiro & Davis, 29-33 West 30th. We are closed on Saturdays.

SUITS.—Taffetta, pongee, and Regalia, newest styles, to close out at greatly reduced prices. Louis L. Ginsberg Co., 28 West 27th.

SUITS and COATS.—500 Spring suits and coats at a sacrifice, as we need the room. Julius Pollack, 40-46 West 20th.

SUITS AND COATS.—Closing out our best styles; all latest colors, cloths and silks. M. B. Kaufman, 6 West 32d St.

SUITS AND COATS of the better grade for Fall, ready for inspection. Gittelson & Steinhaus, 19 West 34th.

SUITS.—300 suits, better grade serge and poplin, to close out cheap. May Mfg. Co., 24 West 27th.

SUITS.—Navy suits for immediate delivery. Hirschhorn Bros., 12 West 27th St.

SUITS.—100 velvet sleeveless coats 50. L. Baumann & Co., 12 East 32d.

SUITS.—75 fine taffetas to close out at a low price. J. Lesser, 47 West 34th.

SUITS to close out. W. Phillips & Co., 145 West 28th St.

TAFFETAS.—All colors. Republic Novelty Works, Madison Square 1503.

TALCUM PRODUCTS, standard oval, assorted odors; 4 cents per can; large assortment. Herman Chemical Co., 220 Adams St., Brooklyn.

TRICOTINES, all shades. Call or phone Branson Bros., 48 West 25th St. Farragut 6264.

TRICOTINES.—Very fine quality, dark blue, 8 pieces, 33.65 net. Plaza 7406.

TRICOTINES.—Botany 5889, navy, black; American 0936, navy, black. Farragut 438.

TWEEDS.—All wool 54-inch tweeds; very reasonable. Third floor, 29 West 21st St.

VELOURS. — American Kelly, Baunendahl, Kelly Rafter, Brightwood, Curtis & Warren; Parker-Wilder, Valentine; also kerseys cheap. Farragut 9811.

VELOURS.—High-grade, 18 to 15 ounces, all shades, for 33.85, net cash. P. O. Box 14, Essex St. Station, Boston, Mass.

VELOUR.—54-inch cotton warp and ¾ width; also mercerized 3-inch stripe and millinery plush. Chelsea 6018.

VELOURS.—K 544, black, 15 pos., $3.95 net cash; phone or call. Hydol Plush Co., 74 Madison Av.

VELOURS. — Stevens, American, Parker-Wilder, silvertones; fall shades; sibelines. Madison Square 9087.

VELOURS.—American Woolen Co., 11050, 544, 13046, Gottlieb & Laikind, 88 West 21st St.

VELOURS.—Will close out; Fall shades; 0936 American. Madison Square 1520.

VELOURS, heavy weights, to sell at reasonable price. Telephone Chelsea 9917.

VELOURS.—Spring and Fall shades, broadcloths, poirets. Mad. Sq. 2967.

VELOURS.—6-4 all wool, $3.75. Madison Square 1557.

VELVETEENS.—5 yards to 20 yards, black and colors; 32 to 36 inches, about 10,000 yards. Call Orchard 327.

VOILE.—White, colored, and plaid to close out. Stout

# STOP FUSION CASES ON CHARGE OF ERROR

## Appellate Division Intervenes and Grand Jury's Work May Be Nullified.

## COURT'S STATUS ATTACKED

### Election Inspectors Already Serving Sentences Imposed by Justice Goff, Whose Jurisdiction Is Questioned.

All of the work of the Extraordinary Term of the Criminal Branch of the Supreme Court, which includes the conviction of sixty Republican primary election inspectors, now serving terms in the Tombs, and four indictments found against leaders and officers of the Fusion campaign in November, may be declared null and void on the ground that the court was not legally constituted in conformity with the proclamation of Governor Whitman.

The District Attorney and his staff were prepared yesterday to go ahead with the pleadings on the indictments against William Hamlin Childs, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Fusion Committee of 1917; ex-State Senator J. T. Newcomb of the Fusion Campaign Committee; ex-Governor William Sulzer, who was a Fusion speaker, and Timothy Healy, active as a Fusion labor leader, when counsel for Mr. Childs served a copy of an Appellate Division order upon Justice Goff and the District Attorney requiring them to show cause why all further legal proceedings should not be prohibited. Argument upon the order is to be heard by the Appellate Division on May 31.

John B. Stanchfield and Isidor J. Kresel, attorneys for Mr. Childs, raised the point that all the proceedings against their client and the others indicted were illegal and void, because the Grand Jury which acted in the matter had no legal existence and Justice Goff, who presided, had no jurisdiction. Counsel for the defense said:

"The only authority that Justice Goff had to impanel the Grand Jury which found the indictments was by virtue of a proclamation of Governor Whitman convening an extraordinary term of the Supreme Court and designating Justice Goff to preside therein. This proclamation was made by the Governor on July 31, 1917, and by that proclamation the Governor directed that notice of the convening of said extraordinary term should be given by publishing the same in The New York Sun and in The Morning Telegraph once in each two successive weeks.

"This order of the Governor was not complied with because the proclamation and notice were not published in The Morning Telegraph once in each of two successive weeks as required. This having been made to appear to the Appellate Division upon voluminous papers submitted to the court the writ of prohibition was issued."

The argument on the order on May 31 will be to determine whether the prohibition shall be made permanent. If a permanent prohibition should follow all the work of investigation of election cases by the Grand Jury and of the work of the court which created the jury will be declared illegal and of no effect.

In the proceedings instituted by Judge Delahanty to contest the right of Judge John F. McIntyre to a seat on the bench in General Sessions, a similar legal question was raised and sustained by the Appellate Division. In that case the Governor issued a proclamation convening an Extraordinary Term of the Supreme Court, directing publication of notice in two newspapers, but it was published in one only. The technical point involved in the present case is that publication was made twice in one week instead of two successive weeks, in The Morning Telegraph.

Most of the sixty Election Inspectors have already served one-half the term of their sentences in the Tombs. Other cases affected include the indictments against ex-State Senator William H. Reynolds, Frank Bailey, Charles H. O'Malley, and William M. Greve, charging alleged conspiracy in the sale of Seaside and Rockaway parks to the city. The cases of three motor cycle policemen, charged with attempted extortion, and three detectives, charged with neglect of duty in connection with the search for the murderer of Ruth Cruger, will be similarly thrown out of court should the District Attorney be unable to convince the higher court of the legality of the proceedings.

"If necessary we will do the work all over again with a new court and jury," said District Attorney Swann yesterday. "In office, he said, had nothing to do with the publication of the Governor's proclamation. Usually such publications were ordered direct from Albany, either through the office of the Governor's secretary or by the Secretary of State.

# MUST PREVENT BRIBERY BY FOOD DISTRIBUTERS

## Administrator Williams Warned by Washington to Make Sure Investigators Are Honest.

Federal Food Administrator Arthur Williams received a communication from the Division of Enforcement of the United States Food Administration at Washington yesterday directing him to take every possible step to prevent any attempt at bribery between food investigators and food distributers. Two cases of bribery or alleged bribery now under investigation in Washington prompted the warning, and the Division of Enforcement points out that "the moral of the whole thing is to use the utmost care" in the selection of representatives, to retain control of their actions, and to "see that the public understands that every decision depends on the facts ascertained by disinterested and competent and honest representatives."

The Federal Food Board announced yesterday that the Food Administration had approve the following decision in the case of Hyman Sklamberg, a wholesale grocer at 71 Ludlow Street: That beginning Tuesday, May 28, Sklamberg's business shall be suspended for thirty days, and for thirty days more he shall not be permited to sell sugar. Sklamberg, whose wholesale grocery business amounted to $1,000,000 a year, had exacted 11, and even 15, cents a pound for granulated sugar. The testimony also showed that he persistently compelled customers to purchase commodities for which they had no use. Although the rule of the Food Administration prohibited any wholesale grocer from selling more than a thousand pounds of sugar at one time, Sklamberg sold 3,500 pounds of granulated and cube sugar in one transaction to a firm in Connecticut.

The Federal Food Board made public a report yesterday showing that the United States consumed in the first year of the war, April, 1917, to April, 1918, 4,109,291 tons of sugar, or 8,218,582,000 pounds. The wholesale price of refined sugar in the United States at the present time is $7.30 per 100 pounds. The regulated wholesale price in Canada is $8.07 per 100 pounds; in the United Kingdom, $12.28, and in Italy, $26.30.

Food Administrator Herbert C. Hoover will visit the Milk and Dairy Farm Exposition in the Grand Central Palace today and will make an address at 2 P. M. in the joint meeting of delegates of the Dairymen's League and other organizations in the auditorium. Dr. Jacob Gould Schurman, President of Cornell University, will also speak.

# GRACE LUSK ON THE STAND.

## Tells of Her Luck and How She First Met Dr. Roberts.

WAUKESHA, Wis., May 22.—Grace Lusk took the witness stand late this afternoon at her trial for slaying Mrs. Mary Newman Roberts and revealed details of her life up to the time she first met Dr. David Roberts.

Miss Lusk said that she first met Dr. Roberts at a dinner party which he attended with his wife early in 1913. Later they met at church sociables which Dr. Roberts attended with his wife. She described her health during this period as poor, due largely to overquenty unable to attend to her duties because of severe headaches.

In the early part of the day a score of character witnesses testified to the high reputation borne by the defendant. Evidence was also introduced to show that her grandmother had been the inmate of an insane asylum at one time. Court adjourned after Miss Lusk had been on the stand an hour.

# WILL OF RICARDO NARGANES

## Cuban Who Lived Here for Years Left Million to Children.

The will of Ricardo Narganes, member of a well-known Cuban family, who lived here for some years and died on Oct. 3 last, disposes of an estate of more than $1,000,000, the bulk of which went to his five children. In his will he refers to his deceased wife as "model wife and mother, whose death caused me immense suffering." Concerning ex-Dock Commissioner R. A. C. Smith, with whom he had been associated in the sale of tobacco holdings to the American Tobacco Company, the testator said, "My great confidence in the honesty and justice of R. A. C. Smith, long my friend, has been my motive for not completing the settlement of transactions in which we were both interested."

The testator gave $10,000 for the education of his godchild, Rodolpho Ricardo Davis, and $1,000 to the boy's mother.


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# LEWIS IS IN FIGHT TO STAY, HE SAYS

## "I Am Not the Stalking Horse for Anybody," Declares Attorney General.

## WANTS TO DEFEAT WHITMAN

### Denies He Is Candidate of William Barnes and Says Republicans Are Dissatisfied with Governor.

Attorney General Merton E. Lewis, who recently announced that he would be a candidate against Governor Whitman in the Republican primaries for the nomination for Governor, in an interview at the Murray Hill Hotel last night made short work of recent reports which had it that he would drop out and give way to another candidate on whom the opposition to the Governor could centre.

"There is not the slightest likelihood of my withdrawal as a candidate," said the Attorney General. "I am in this fight to stay. I am not the stalking horse for anybody. All my cards are on the table. I am in this fight to give the voters, be they few or many, in the Republican primaries a chance to vote for a man who thinks as they do upon questions which now occupy public attention."

According to reports that have been current in Republican circles for many days, even the supporters of the Attorney General's candidacy had taken exception to his statement that he would not to make a rough and tumble fight in the primaries for the Gubernatorial nomination. They wanted a man who would be willing to make an aggressive fight, the reports had it.

"I have not changed my plans in that respect," said Mr. Lewis. "I have sworn to perform certain duties in the Attorney General's office faithfully and to the limit of my ability. I cannot do that and at the same go about the State and make speeches in support of my own candidacy. I will leave that sort of campaigning to the Governor. As far as I am concerned I do not intend to parade my merits on the stump."

Mr. Lewis modified his statement by declaring that he might make one speech either in this city or in Rochester, his home, immediately before the primaries, but that would be all. Commenting on a report that he was regarded as the candidate of William Barnes, former Republican State Chairman, who is bitterly opposed politically to Governor Whitman, Mr. Lewis said:

"I am not the candidate of any individual. I did not ask the permission of any political leader, not even the leader of my own home district, before I announced my candidacy. I do not want to be understood as saying that in an offensive sense, but merely to emphasize that I am making my appeal to the Republican voters in the primaries and not to the leaders. I have up in Albany a stack of letters so high"—Mr. Lewis marked off with his hand a distance of approximately four feet from the ground—"from substantial citizens of prominence in the Republican Party urging me to become a candidate."

Mr. Lewis said there was widespread dissatisfaction among Republicans in State with Governor Whitman, a feeling that he should be defeated for renomination, and that, if nominated, he could not win.

"I am in this fight to defeat Governor Whitman," said the Attorney General.

While many of Mr. Lewis's supporters are preparing to make a fight for an unofficial State convention as the only medium through which a party platform can be promulgated, the Attorney General said that he was not particular whether one was held or not, or whether a platform was adopted or not. Republican State Chairman George A. Glynn has voiced an opinion that the "only platform needed is the record of Governor Whitman."

"I am quite willing to oppose him with no other platform than that," said Mr. Lewis with a laugh. "I certainly shall do nothing to urge the adoption of another. I know what my platform is, and in a spirit of frankness which I think should characterize the course of any candidate for public office in times as serious as these have taken the voters into my confidence, so I am sure they know where I stand."

Mr. Lewis came to the city in connection with the hearings now being conducted in the Attorney General's office in this city on the report of ammunition and fire arms secretly hoarded in this country by agents of the Central Powers. He returned to Albany last night.

# KINGDON GOULD AN OFFICER

## He Is Now a First Lieutenant in the Interpreters' Corps.

*Special to The New York Times.*

CAMP DIX, WRIGHTSTOWN, N. J., May 22.—Notwithstanding the fact that he recently declined an appointment to the division officers' training camp, with its opportunity to win a commission, Kingdon Gould, son of George J. Gould, who has been on duty with the 78th Division Intelligence Department for several months, has been promoted by a War Department order to the rank of First Lieutenant in the Interpreters' Corps. From private Gould had risen to the rank of Battalion Sergeant Major of the Headquarters Troop. He speaks five languages and can read and write seven.

Continued failure of the authorities and citizens of Wrightstown to make the town sanitary induced Major Gen. Scott to issue an order today forbidding officers and enlisted men to enter the town after 6 o'clock tomorrow morning. The town has been frequented daily by thousands of soldiers and visitors, and the new stores and other business establishments which have sprung up to cater to these crowds represent investments of more than $500,000. Major Gen. Scott explained that the order had been issued only after repeated failures of sanitary officers to get Wrightstown citizens to improve the town. The need for improvements, he said, had been called to their attention in February. The ban would be lifted, he added, only when the demands of the Sanitary Corps are met.

## "Wets" and "Drys" Win In Jersey.

ROSELLE, N. J., May 22.—In the local option elections at Roselle and Roselle Park yesterday both the "wets" and "drys" gained victories. In Roselle Park the "wets" won by 390 to 295, while the "drys" were victorious in Roselle by 273 to 258.

## Labor Men Uphold Hutchinson.

PERTH AMBOY, N. J., May 22.—The delegates to the annual convention of the New Jersey State Building Trades Council voted today to uphold the stand of President Hutchinson of the Carpenters and Joiners' Union against the agreement of the American Federation of Labor with the Government. This agreement provides that in districts dominated by union labor union shops should be maintained in plants doing war work, while in territory only partly organized the open shop should be permitted.

## Fines a Justice of the Peace.

Justice of the Peace John L. Coward of Port Chester appeared yesterday in the Traffic Court and was fined $25 for speeding in Broadway. Patrolman Larkin timed Mr. Coward on Saturday from 157th to 161st Street and made a charge of traveling thirty-seven miles an hour against him. Mr. Coward admitted the truth of the charge and told Magistrate House that he was in a hurry.

### WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

**Supreme Court.**

SPECIAL TERM—Seeger, J.—At 10 A. M.
Wilson<Wilson.
Shuman<Nadder.
Cohen<Cohen.
Also for the hearing of motions.

PART II.—Keogh, J.
Wright-Ogden Co< Pierro.
Keogh, J.—At 9:45 A. M.
Reilly<NY C RR.
The Texas Co<Loftus.
Torterra<Pace.
Coyle<N TT.
The following causes must be answered ready or marked over to another day:
Zimmerman<Union Ry
Nitsch<Dunn.
Fried<Central Trust.
Ward<Union Ry.
Leddy<NY C RR.
Schwartz<Same.
Klucsik<Cent New England Ry.
Novak<NY, NH & H RR.
Katz<Barats & H.
Stohr<Curry.
Green<Chiarello & Bros.
Murphy<NY Life Ins.
Moy<Centadrink Filtero Co.
Lewis<Compton.
Rodecka<NY C & H R RR.
Legoda<Dalton.
Highest number reached on call, 1845.

Mayer Brewing Co< La Porta.
Kurtz<Lipsner.
Mt Vernon Builders' Supply Co<House.
PART I., Platt, J.; Part II.,
Rogers<Garvin Mach.
Dowhovy<Wasylinko.
Rice<Union Ry.
Weiss<NY C RR.
Vulcan Metals<Simmons Mfg Co.
Reid<Morse.
Plozin<Bklyn Hts RR
Bralonowski<Erie RR.
Drastal<Penn RR.
Graham<Scandinavian-Am Line.
Universal Road Mach Co<Voorhies Rubber Mfg Co.
US<Shoninger Bros.(2)
Curren<Bithullithie Co.
Max Braun Co<Postal Life Ins Co.
Gallagher<Erie RR.
Cooper<Penn RR.
Re Simko & Kozma.
Sinczier< C RR of NJ.
Chem Products of Canada<Herman & Herman.
Keel<Louis Hamburger & Co.
Landsleidel<Munn.
Hotel Woodward Co< Ford Motor Co.
Valendick< C RR of N J.
Olsen<NY, NH & H RR.
Sharkey< C RR of N J.
McCabe<Butterworth Judson Corp.
Holstein Com Co<Merchants' Ref Co.
Maroney<Commonw'th Dominion SS Co.
Flynn<D, L & W RR.
Wainorus<Mallory SS Co.
Aksai Mach Corp< Ocks.

Eastern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Chatfield, J.—At 10:30 A. M., in Room 323, Post Office Building, Brooklyn. Common law.
Mulcahy, as admr< Borden's Cond M Co. (on trial.)
Girlaido< Perpall.

DISTRICT COURT—Garvin, J.—In Room 312, P. O. Bldg., Brooklyn, at 9:30 A. M. Naturalization.
At 4 P. M.—US< Bullard et al.

### NEW YORK COUNTY.

**Supreme Court.**

APPELLATE DIVISION—Recess.
APPELLATE TERM—Recess.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Siegerich, J.—At 10:15 A. M.—Litigated motions.
Re New Eng Equit Ins Co. (Oppenheimer.)
Re same, (Rosenfeld.)
Re same, (Greller.)
Sweetbaum<Sweetbaum.
Re Endicott, (De Groot.)
Kravchenko<Grand Tool & Mach Wks.
Re Pillon.
Morris<Asinoff & Son<Freudenthal.
N Y Life Ins<Myers.
Chatham Square Realty Co<Li Bue.
Seaton<McWhirter.
Times Sq Imp Co< McCreery Realty Co.
Kellogg<Rosenstock.
Markowitz<Friedberg.
Kirschstein<Lipshitz.
Knoff<Sherry.
Thayer<Berg.
Grove Linseed Oil Co<Pa.
Epstein<Aaron.
Cathedral Church of St. John<Steuer.
Lehr<Roth.
Re Stevens.
Husni<Rudolph Saenger Co.
Re Reisman.
Otto<Dos Passos.
Guttman<Gage.
Klinghoffer<Chebea Kadischer.
Republic Bag & Paper Co<Cohen.
Fogarty<Fogarty.
Same<Stange.
Barlow<Barlow.
Westbrook<Hourg.
Foster<Lewis Leon.
Becerra Co<Camperson Mills.
Atlantic Com Co< Zimmerman.
Lane<Bierhurst.
Lundie<Fisher.
Manhattan Mort Co< Wadsworth Asso.
Weinstock<Spielhols.
Ayres<Drew & Co.
Yennie<Italian Sporting Union.
CNY<Loew Bros Co.
Warren<Speicher.

PART II.—Platzek, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Ex parte business.
PART III.—Newburger, J.—At 10:15 A. M. Motions:
Sweetland Rty Co< Vanderbilt.
Johnson<Johnson.
Coml Trust<Bradley.
Acker<Blackstone.
Joseph<Creston Co.
Hauser<Hauser.
Galba<Galba.
Wilson<Wilson.
58th St Cafe<Noonan.
Schumerhorn<Schermerhorn.
Elsenberg<Elsenberg.
Widlake<Widlake.
Stern<Seman.
PART IV.—Mullan, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on.
PART V.—Hotchkiss, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on.
PART VI., VII., and VIII.—Not in session.
TRIAL TERMS—Part I.—Blur, J.—At 10 A. M.
Littlejohn & Bull< Deutsch.
Halsman<Goodwin Lith Corp.
Brown & Bros<A & B Export & Imp Corp.
Tremley Oil Co<Marsilles Garage Co.
Posner<Rosenberg.
Carpenter<Daniel.
Lawrence<Cowperthwait Co.
PART III.—Delehanty, Inc.—Stone<Stelling.
Lossy<Black and White Cab Co.
Rosenblum<Ingraham.
Goldman<Conway.
Kusisto<Bunce.
Fontanella<N Y C & H R RR.
Fitzpatrick<Blood.
Same<Billboard Pub Co, (2.)
Rosenholtz<Kaplan.
Selden< N Y Rys.
Mehr<Steuer.
Wolfe<NY Rys.
Newman<Bess.
Melhado<Steel & Masonry Const Co.
Maxwell<West Elec.
Mandell<Int R T.
Cavo<Kalbach.
Dugan<Liggett Co.
Plovkin<Cohen.
Wolk<Sherman. (3.)
Nelson<Sussman.
Vogler<NY Rys.
Sviridovich<Flinn-O'Rourke Co.
De Gennaro< N Y Rys.
Godfrey<Same.
Rolph<NY Rys.
Copeland<Int R T.
Moss<Pines.
Halpern<Graham Siegel Co.
Weyer<St. Nicholas Baths, Inc.
Burnett<Kelley, (2.)
McAlevey<3d Av RR.
Lentz<Broadway & 105th St Rty Co.
Lano<Sel.
Hughes<Lawton, (2.)
Tesoriere<Bush, (2.)
Frankovich<Duchin.
Duchin<C-K Con Co.
Austin<Burns Bros.
Ranzow<Rowse.
Lipskin<Goodstein.
Sherman<CNY.
Smoiver<St John the Baptist Foundation.
D. Gallagher<Belt Line Ry.
M Gallagher<same.
Sheridan<Eckhoff.
Sherman<CNY.
J. Watson<Paulson.
M W Watson<same.
Romagnano<Hendricks.
Butchik<Int R T.
Feldman<Block.
Clark<Int R T.
Halderman<Joseph.
Goodman<NY Rys.
Todaro<Kroger.
Rotolbo<Steberg.

PART XIV.—Tierney, Inq—Mounes<Seleman.
North & Eastern Con Co<CNY.
Cohn<Triangle Waist.
Sophian<Eyd & Dep Co of Md.
Topolyan<Western Cartridge Co.
Post & McCord<N Y Municipal Ry.
Orowley<Glascoe.
Herman<Pullman.
Carter & Co<Ballt Roof & Ashes Mfg.
Sisson<Pape & Schaar Corp.
Dagnon Cont<CNY.
Tyler<Twin City Pow.
Davis<Marteau.

TRIAL TERM—Causes assigned from the day calendar to the various parts for trial. See Rule VII., amended Trial Term rules.
PART III.—Delehanty, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART IV.—Whitaker, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART V.—McAvoy, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART VI.—Goff, J.—At 10 A. M. Barnett<I R T.
PART VII.—Cohalan, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VIII.—Hendrick, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART IX.—Donnelly, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART X.—Dugro, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XI.—Recess.
PART XII.—Greenbaum, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART XIII.—Ottinger, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XIV.—Tierney, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XV.—Guy, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XVI.—Erlanger, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XVII.—Ford, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XVIII.—Philbin, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

**Surrogates' Court.**

CHAMBERS—Fowler, S.—At 10:30 A. M.—
Estate Stella Veverka. Wills for probate:
Ernestine Maass.
Michael F Gannon.
Robert M Oliphant.
Elizabeth Adler.
TRIAL TERM—Cohalan, S.—At 10:30 A. M. No day calendar.

**City Court.**

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Allen, J.—At 10 A. M.—Litigated motions.
Edman & Son<Barrett.
Ft Masonry Co<Hudson View Const Co.
Spencer Co<Giant Silk Mfrs.
Neiveria<Met Distrib.
Krauss<Zachowski.
Castriotis<Nat C Bk.
Beck<Lawyers Mtge.
Gambers<Childs Co.
Von Herrlich<Sydow.
Kaplan<Geo Colon & Co.

PART II.—Schmuck, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.
TRIAL TERMS — Part I.—Finalite, J.—At 9:45 A. M.
Landes<Kutenkin.
O'Garro<Int Rys.
Paloniska<same.
Glutman<Simon.
Levine<NY Rys.
Flisaig<Dry Dock, &c, RR.
Kahn<Levy.
Carey<N Y Rys.
Tortora<42d St, &c, Ry.
Rubenstein<Pollak.
Wasylyk<Bloomberg.
Schwartzberg<Hilder.
Rosen<Turner (2.)
Gordon<Silberman.
Guadagno<N Y Rys.
Schwedloff<Black & White Cab Co.
Dunne<Shaefer.
Elsesser<Shepard.
Lippman<Leonhardt.
Kovalsky<Gans.
Rowe<Paris Hencken Co.
Korn<Berkowitz (2.)
Berkowitz<Jacobsohn.
Tessler<Sklamberg.
Lubelsky<Englander.
Blaiberg<Gallubber.
Bloom<Cohen.
Baruth<Couri Drawn Metals Co.
Greenberg<Mendelowits.
De Rosa<Horton Ice Cream Co.
Frankel<Kats.

SHORT CAUSE CALENDAR—Cases will be sent to Trial Term, Part II., for trial.
Moscahlades<Mandia.
Thompson<Knick Motors, Inc.
Clear.

PART II.—Walsh, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART III.—O'Dwyer, J.—At 10 A. M.—Commercial calendar.
Rubenstein Storage, Inc.
Schubert<Leary.
Clark<Pedro Pares Corp.
Elsenberg<Lamport.
Cross & Beguelin<Bolton Hall.
Sinnott<Mayers.
Edson<Neuburger.
Meyer<Cohen Co.
Morrell Co<McLaughlin's Sons.

PART IV.—Meyer, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART V.—La Fetra, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VI.—Valente, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART VII.—Smith, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VIII.—Zeller, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.

**Referees Appointed.**

SUPREME COURT—Platzek, J.—Not Sav Bank<Manhattan Inv Co—Lawrence Greenbaum. Schwab<Ryshpan—Geo W Collins.

SUPREME COURT—Siegerich, J.—Newkirk< B & R Corp—Robert J Hare Powell. Matter of Schuls—Algernon S Norton

**Receivers Appointed.**

SUPREME COURT—Platzek, J.—Auburn Sav Bank<Benjamin Blum—Percival Wilds.

### BRONX COUNTY.

**Supreme Court.**

SPECIAL TERM (Chambers)—Mitchell, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.
SPECIAL TERM—Mitchell, J.—Motion calendar.
Hayes<White.
Brimaldi<Board of Education.

SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Mitchell, J. Re CNY.
Frazer<Fraas.
Commandy<Canter Fix Co.
Taub<Wubbenhorst.
Hoffman<Albert.
Mulligan<Union Ry.
Bull<Dworsky.
Storm<Hopewell Bldg Co.
Fox<Sanders.
Brown<Downey.
Hermansen<Hermansen.
L—Wenger.
Goodman<Int R T Co.
Konecani<same.
Tremper<Nassau Ry.
Maganuro<Samuels.
McNeil<Smith.
Gelzeriger<Undutsch (2.)
Highest number reached in regular order, 1,881.

PART II.—Mitchell, J.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term, Part I.
PART III.—Savegan, J.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term, Part I. Case on.

**Surrogate's Court.**

CHAMBERS—Schuls, S.—Ex parte business.
TRIAL TERM—Schuls, S.—No day calendar.

**County Court.**

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.
SPECIAL TERM FOR MOTIONS—Gibbs, J. No day calendar.
TRIAL TERM—Lauterbach, J.—At 10 A. M.
Malino<Paulia.
Lande<L & S Const.
Williams<Ward Baking Co.
Solomon<Int R T.
Kaufman<Albert.
Schwartz<Theisorff.
Gassman<Union Ry.
Roberts<Int R T.
Skolsky<Rudinsky.
Fuchs<Mullen.
Pendergast<Puss.
Walsh<Union RR.
Posner<Rella.
Rotner<Monroe Holding Co.
Weinberg<Lanegran Bros.

### KINGS COUNTY.

**Supreme Court.**

APPELLATE DIVISION—Second Department.
Candidates for admission to the bar, whose names are appended, are notified to appear on June 3 at 10 A. M. before the Committee on Character at the court room of the Appellate Division, Borough Hall, Brooklyn. Each candidate must be introduced personally to at least one member of the committee by a practising lawyer known to such member, or the introduction has been heretofore had it will be sufficient. Information is requested as to the moral character of the candidates and as to their qualifications to be admitted to practice, and may be sent to any member of the committee.
STEPHEN C. BALDWIN,
188 Montague Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.
EUGENE V. DALY,
32 Nassau Street, New York City.
BURTON C. MEIGHAN,
120 Broadway, New York City.
GEORGE M. PINNEY,
32 Nassau Street, New York City.
BERNEST P. SEELMAN, Secretary.
281 Broadway, New York City.
JOHN C. R. TAYLOR,
Middletown, N. Y.
JOSEPH WOOD,
141 Broadway, New York City.
MARTIN LAWRENCE TITLETON,
149 Broadway, New York City.

The candidates are: H. H. Greene, 40 Orange Street, Brooklyn; O. L. Dann, 541 Flushing Avenue, Brooklyn; T. M. Gordon, 64 Puritan Avenue, Forest Hills; P. J. Jones, 19 St. Felix Street, Brooklyn; F. J. Mottola, 1,338 Sixty-fifth Street, Brooklyn; Joseph Petchesky, 81 Debevoise Street, Brooklyn; R. Parker, 21 South Elliott Place, Brooklyn; J. F. Soviero, 102 Fulton Street, Jamaica, N. Y.; W. M. Spencer, 209 Lincoln Avenue, Mount Vernon; Raphael Bland, 672 Rockaway Avenue, Brooklyn; Gertrude Caminez, 371 Fifth Street, Brooklyn; Leon Caminez, 371 Fifth Street, Brooklyn; N. F. Dyruff, 170 Hicks Street, Brooklyn; H. Klein, 187 Havemeyer Street, Brooklyn; J. La Lia, 173 East Nineteenth Street, New York City; H. Margoshes, 360 South Second Street, Brooklyn; Y. C. Moser, 457 Powell Street, Brooklyn; J. C. Neufeld, 23 Thatford Avenue, Brooklyn; M. Rosenzweig, 418 Hopkinson Avenue, Brooklyn; M. R. Schneer, 203 Wyona Street, Brooklyn; A. J. Turkat, 568 Hopkinson Avenue, Brooklyn; A. H. Wheaton, 623 Leonard Street, Brooklyn, and A. I. Wolf, 167 Havemeyer Street, Brooklyn.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Callaghan, J.—At 10 A. M.
Re Andersen.
Strassek<Straight.
Haskell<Haskell.
Horner<Bethlehem Orphan Asylum.
Cammeyer<Andrews.
Rosenberg<Chas I Mandel, Inc.
Re Moore.
People ex rel Shankin<Cons Esmach Zedek Congregation.
Morphet<Nas B RR.
Salvador<Lindgren.
Brown<Connish.
L Roberts<Nas B RR.
Louis Roberts<same.
F Schulman<C I & B RR.
Schulman<same.
Schulman<same.
Keenan<CNY Cons RR.
Rhodes<Hald.
Re Duggan.
Re Kodaire (Baldwin).
Re Harned.
Barth<Schmitz.
Munnick<Brandner.
Twelfth St Garage< Kaplan.
Fifty-Second St Storage Co<H A Edwards Sales & S Co.
Kolesch Co<Bennett.
Flato<Emsheimer.
Parks<Bergmann.
Mariotti<Mariotti.
Frank<Sannitrock.
City. NY<Lundy.
Kalberman<Katz.
Brownsville House Wrecking Co<Goucharich.
Gordon<Grady.
Muller.
De Costa.
Beck.
Yontaff.
Green.
Fried.
Benwell.
Lazzaretti.
Taylor.
Weller.
Hackett.
Lockstead.
Van Deuzen
Re Merrill.
Re Myers.
Zubriskie<Phila & Road Coal & Iron.
Kaplan<Kaplan.
S Gandler<Reimer.
Y Gandler<same.
Rosenblatt<Surprise Bldg Co.
Greve<Graf.
Barker<Barker.
Miller<Rose.
Liswood<Liswood.
Edison Elec Illm Co< Horace E Prick.
Martin<C I & B RR.
Bearman<Doran.
Calvert<Calvert.

PART II.—Scudder, J.—Ex parte business at 10 A. M.—Undefended divorces.
Ricker.
Bruenes.
Cohen.
Minetti.
Dunn.
Pantina.
Sauza.
Grigat.
Taglin.
Ehrler.
Feyser.
Senator.
Heyer.
Passachowitz.

PART III.—Benedict, J.—At 10 A. M.
Maybeck<NY Mun Ry
Gerlach<Gerlach.
Kugelman<Selig.
Highest number reached on the regular call, 921.

TRIAL TERM—Part I., Cropsey, J.; Part II., Lazansky, J.; Part III., Jaycox, J.; Part IV., Kapper, J.
Ciamerille<C I & B RR.
Lipshitz<Rindeman & ano.
Currie<Grossman.
Cookingham< B H RR & ano.
Austin<Kathmeyer et al.
Potts<Bleyer & ano.
Witt< B H RR.
Medical Assocs Rty Co<US Title Guar Co.
Morris<Postal Auto.
Jarvis<Sullivan.
Szeszcsila<David Mayer, Brew Co.
The balance of the day calendar stands over until May 24.
Highest number reached on regular call, 4790.

**Surrogate's Court.**

CHAMBERS—Ketcham, S.—Day calendar, at 10 A. M.
Wills of:
Charles R Buckley.
Annie Silverstein.
Gustav Stango.
Hannah Nelson.
Accounting of:
James Darragh, (2.)
Etta Van Anden.
Fannie Cowan.
Rosine Parmentaire.
William May.
Harriet May.
Clemence Mounsanto.
William A Creagh.
Howard Van Tassel.
Hugh Kenny.
Miles McDonald.
Alexander Campbell.
Isabella Neals.
Martin Carey.
William F Flood.
Joseph Wall.
Samuel Elica.
Louisa Schulz.
Henrietta Hendrickson.
Martin Will.
John Hayes.
Helena Covart.
Estates of:
Ellen McCauley.
Frederick H Tietze.
George O'Connor.
Contested calendar:
Owen Warnock.

**County Court.**

PART V.—Campbell, J.—At 10 A. M.
Justingrader Lodge< Berman.
Finkelstein<Fine, (2.)
Bogoff<Bramm.
Herman<NY Con RR.
Moncrieffe<Trepel.
Heiser<NY Con RR.
Clark<same.

# BUSINESS RECORDS

## In Town.

MAYFAIR, INC., dealer in statuary and toys at 657 Fifth Avenue, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $66,791 and assets of $39,182, consisting of stock, $23,000; office furniture, $10,000; accounts, $6,147, and cash, $100. Among the creditors are Howard Willetts, $33,800; Gotham National Bank, $10,786, and Mrs. A. Willetts, $5,000. Sarah L. Murphy is the President. She is the widow of Arthur Murphy, well known in society. The company was incorporated March 29, 1918, with capital stock $101,000. Howard Willetts was said to be a Director.

BRAGER & FRANKEL.—Judge Knox has dismissed the petition in bankruptcy filed on May 18 against Brager & Frankel, manufacturers of furs, 135 West Twenty-fifth Street, on a settlement with creditors at 33 1-3 cents on the dollar, cash.

ISAAC BLANCK.—Judge Knox has granted discharges to these bankrupts: Isaac Blanck, doing business as the Charlotte Waist Company, 60 Fifth Avenue; George H. Gill, 519 West 152d Street; Hugh J. Begley, 354 East 241st Street, and Carolyn T. Kelsey, 44 East Twenty-ninth Street.

WIENER LADIES' CLOAK COMPANY, INC., of 486 Sixth Avenue.—Judge Knox has appointed Morris Israel receiver.

CARL HEUSSER, who kept a restaurant at 228 West 125th Street, has made an assignment to Ferdinand Napolis. Last Winter he took the place called the West End Restaurant, previously occupied by Albert Munderff, who had been put into bankruptcy.

HENRY BUCHMAN, a clerk of 607 Monroe Street, Brooklyn, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $1,581 and no assets.

## JUDGMENTS.

The following judgments were filed yesterday; the first name is that of the debtor:

**In New York County.**

(Amounts of $100 and over.)
Brooklyn Heights R. R. Co.—Boston Ins. Co. ..... $1,736.87
Beasley, Harriet J.—V. Grosvenor ..... 820.76
Boddy, Albert H.—E. Fisher, et al. ..... 191.09
Berman, Philip, and Ellis Fein—A. Cohen ..... 1,510.69
Broschart & Braun—A. Weil, et al. ..... 118.41
Bernschein, Otto—B. Bernschein ..... 181.07
Barbour, Salwin—Tulford Hanson Co. ..... 284.40
Cameron, Samuel, and Mary K.—Steiger Schick Co. ..... 129.91
Criterion Production Co. of N. Y.—Dana T. Bennett Co. ..... 207.78
Crescenzo, Giolomo—A. J. Connell, costs ..... 109.31
Same—same, costs ..... 109.31
Devery, Wm. S.—C. Fink ..... 27,600.48
Donovon, John J.—J. F. Lynch ..... 167.70
Fuchs, Emma—P. Lommel ..... 488.55
Fehrman, Joseph, and Nathan Vendinger—People, &c. ..... 800.00
Fox, David—Arctic Placer Mining and Milling Co. ..... 185.63
Gerstle, Daisy T.—John C. Orr Co. ..... 167.90
Same—Same ..... 167.80
Same—Same ..... 222.40
Guild Clark—Encyclopaedia Britannica Corp. ..... 172.90
Gershon, Louise—E. F. McDonald ..... 735.20
Godley, Kate E.—E. Altman Co. ..... 118.70
Hertz, Emanuel—U. S. Realty and Improvement Co. ..... 162.73
Huggins, Howard—City of N. Y. costs ..... 105.00
Huggins, Stella—Same, costs ..... 105.00
Huntley, Raymond D.—B. Altman & Co. ..... 148.13
Kasten, Edward—United Wine and Trading Co. ..... 184.76
Klein, Max J.—P. S. Henry et

# REAL ESTATE FIELD

## Bowery Business Building in Cash Transaction—Bronx Properties Traded.

**The cash sale of a Bowery business building to an investor was one of the features of a moderately active market yesterday.**

**Ignatz P. Fleischer purchased from the West Mercer Corporation, James MacMurray, President, the five-story structure at 209 Bowery, covering a lot 25 by 100, 50 feet south of Rivington Street. Jacob Finkelstein & Son negotiated the sale.**

**The property, which shows an annual rent return of $4,600, is one of twenty-four parcels acquired several months ago by the seller from the Bond and Mortgage Guaranty Company. Mr. Fleischer, who is in the restaurant business, plans extensive alterations and will occupy part of the building.**

**Bronx Parcels in Trade.**

**Gross & Herbener have resold to the E. & S. Company, Isidor Teitelbaum, President, 262 and 264 Decatur Avenue, corner of 204th Street, a one-story business building, on a plot 50 by 100.**

**In part payment the buyer gave 566 Courtlandt Avenue, a three-story business building, on a lot 25 by 100; between 149th and 150th Streets. Eugene J. Busher and Byrne & Baumann were the brokers in the transaction.**

**Will Vacate Thirty-five Railroad Offices.**

By order of the United States Railroad Administration the following offices, heretofore occupied by railroads, have been or soon will be closed, and the leases of the several stores placed in the hands of a sub-committee consisting of H. A. Howarth of the Long Island Railroad Company, Chairman; H. M. Andrews of the Erie, R. D. Van Duzer of the Lehigh Valley, F. A. von Moschzisker of the Pennsylvania, and H. R. Wilson of the New York Central. The sub-committee has opened offices at 1,244 Broadway, in charge of Francis M. Valk, as Secretary.

The following stores on Broadway are affected by the order: 84, 94, 149, 170, 171, 172, 236, 237, 377, 387, 398, 899, 1,183, 1,182, 1,198, 1,200, 1232, 1,236, 1,238, 1,244, 1,246, 1,245, 1,270, 1,276, 1,280, 1,282, 1,354, and 1,465; also stores at 140 West Forty-second Street, 501 Fifth Avenue, 487 Fifth Avenue, 263 Fifth Avenue, and 2,094 Seventh Avenue, Manhattan, and at 24 Court Street and 506 Fulton Street, Brooklyn.

It was announced yesterday by the committee that in lieu of the thirty-five above stores joint offices would be opened at the following locations: 64 Broadway, 280 Broadway, 31 to 33 West Thirty-second Street, and 112 West Forty-second Street.

The lease at 64 Broadway was announced last week and the one on West Thirty-second Street on Tuesday. Yesterday George A. Bowman, as broker, reported the lease of the Forty-second Street store, which runs through to 107 and 109 West Forty-first Street, for the James McCreery Realty Corporation.

**Buyers for Dwellings.**

An investing client of A. M. Kirtland purchased from the Lawyers Mortgage Company 266 West 130th Street, a three-story dwelling, on a lot 18.6 by 99.11, located near Eighth Avenue.

Gertrude S. Davis purchased from Catherine Gallagher 206 West 142d Street, a three-story private dwelling, on a lot 16.9 by 99.11.

**Tenement Sales.**

James H. Cruikshank has resold the four-story flat at 215 East 118th Street, between Second and Third avenues, on a plot 18.9 by 100, which he purchased last week from Dr. Hess.

The six-story flat, with stores, 322 East Ninety-fifth Street, on a plot 45 by 100.11, has been sold by the Albany Savings Bank to the A. & J. Realty Corporation.

Dinah Ciner sold to Samuel Stolowitz 304-306 Water Street, a three-story tenement, with stores, on a lot 20.6 by 60.2.

**Bronx Activity.**

The Benenson Realty Company sold the one-story garage in course of construction on the east side of Webster Avenue, 250 feet north of 167th Street, on a plot 208 by 98 irregular, running through to Brook Avenue. Alexander Selkin and David Mintz were the brokers. The property was held at $75,000.

J. Clarence Davies sold for Sarah F. Byrnes 650 and 652 East 158th Street, southeast corner of Cauldwell Avenue, two three-story frame flats, on a plot 50 by 81.

Antonio Alvia purchased for improvement from the Dyre Avenue Realty Company a plot 50 by 100, on the northeast corner of Rambouts Avenue and Laight Street.

**Brooklyn.**

F. C. Sauter sold to Mrs. Margaret J. Slavin the two-story and basement dwelling, 366 Fifth Street, for Mrs. Margaret E. Norman.

J. D. Ranck & Samuel Galitzka sold, for C. Frost to a client, for occupancy, 921 East Twelfth Street, a two-story bungalow on a lot 20 by 100.

B. J. Sforza sold, for the estate of C. G. Bergen, the plot 40 by 80 by 40 by 105, at the northwest corner of Twelfth Avenue and Sixty-fifth Street; also a lot 20 by 100 on the north side of Sixty-sixth Street, 300 feet east of Eleventh Avenue. The Bergen estate was represented by Isaac Cortelyou. The same broker sold for Christina De Falco the lot, 20 by 100, on the west side of East First Street, 100 feet north of Avenue X.

**Queens Borough Sales.**

The Decker Realty Company sold to M. C. Rosenbaum of this city its development consisting of 275 lots at Springfield Gardens North.

The Allyn Tract Realty Corporation sold to J. F. Kinder the dwelling on the northwest corner of Atlantic Avenue and Bigelow Avenue, Woodhaven.

P. J. Bang sold to C. Safranowicz the dwelling on the northeast corner of Prince Street and Washington Street, Flushing.

The Bayside Homes Company sold to E. K. Laing the dwelling on the east side of Twenty-eighth Street, 100 feet south of State Street, Flushing.

The Harmon Construction Company sold to F. Fort the dwelling on the east side of Epsilon Place, 113 feet north of Cooper Avenue, Ridgewood, and the dwelling on the east side of Epsilon Place, 408 feet south of Myrtle Avenue, to A. Bauser.

The Hayford Realty Company sold to W. Mathels, Jr., the dwelling and plot, 40 by 95 feet, on the east side of Church Street, 350 feet north of Metropolis Avenue, Jamaica.

**Westchester County.**

The Robert E. Farley organization sold for the Estates of Tappanzee a plot on Broadway in the bungalow section of Philipse Manor, Tarrytown, N. Y., to M. Jahnke of Brooklyn.

**Long Term Eighth Avenue Lease.**

Peter Donahue, restaurateur, has leased for a term of ten years from Howard C. Warren, at a rental of about $6,500 net per annum, the four five-story tenements at the southwest corner of Eighth Avenue and Thirty-first Street, on a plot 49 by 100 feet, opposite the Pennsylvania Railroad Station and the Post Office. Extensive alterations are planned by the lessee, who will use the street floor for a restaurant. The upper floors will be remodeled to provide about 100 furnished rooms. Crosby & Blemly were the brokers in the deal.

**Commercial Leases.**

James A. Sheeran leased for Walter J. M. Donovan to James F. Ring the three-story garage at 265 West Eighty-seventh Street for a term of years.

Spear & Co. rented for the Sixth Avenue and Twenty-third Street Corporation the two stores at 369 and 371 Sixth Avenue to Littman & Pikelny.

The Duross Company leased the store and basement, 132-4-6 West Fourteenth Street to Ernst Bocker for a term of years.

Dunlap & Lloyd, Inc., leased for a term of five years the entire building known as 1 and 2 Sheridan Square, in Greenwich Village, to Clifford Olivette.

M. & L. Hess leased space on the eleventh floor in the Albemarle Building, at 1,107 Broadway, to the New York District, Ordnance Department Production Division, and space on the twelfth floor to the Ordnance Department. The building is now entirely rented.

Horace S. Ely & Co. rented for Catharine Dreyer the six-story building, 385-387 Washington Street, for a long term of years to Arguimbau & Ramee, Inc.

The Charles F. Noyes Company leased the store and basement at 6 Platt Street to the Manhattan Stove Company, and the store and basement at 31 Cleveland Place to D. Vaccaro.

**Title Company Buys Back Old Home.**

The eleven and thirteen-story office building at 37 to 39 Liberty Street, running through to 44½ to 46 Maiden Lane, formerly the home of the Lawyers Title and Trust Company, was bought back by that Company, as plaintiff, at foreclosure yesterday on a bid of $600,000. It was sold to satisfy a mortgage judgment of $845,000 and interest obtained by the Lawyers Title Company against the Liberty Street Holding Corporation, representing interests identified with the old Jarmulowsky Bank, which acquired the property in 1914. The auction was conducted by Joseph P. Day. The site was originally acquired by the Lawyers Title and Trust Company in 1890.

**Realty Notes.**

Lawrence McGuire was incorrectly reported yesterday as a receiver of the American Real Estate Company in the sale of the taxpayers at the southeast corner of Third Avenue and 180th Street. The receivers are Alfred E. Marling and Walter C. Noyes.

Plans were filed yesterday for the erection of a twelve-story service station, warehouse, and office building by the Detroit Cadillac Motor Car Company to cover the northwest corner of Columbus Avenue and Sixty-second Street. Fred T. Ley & Co., the architects named in the plans, place the cost at $800,000.

## RESULTS AT AUCTION.

By Bryan L. Kennelly.

21 Av, 387, w s, 98.3 ft s of 23d St, 25.2x100, four-story tenement with stores; executors' sale; to John J. O'Connor, a party in interest, for $17,750; also

52d St, 350 West, s s, 300 ft e of 9th Av, 25x100.5, four-story tenement; executors' sale; to Henry A. Neumann for $15,750; also

94th St, 65 West, n s, 200 ft e of Columbus Av, 18x100.8, three story and basement dwelling; executors' sale, estate of Francis M. O'Connor, deceased; bid in at $13,200.

81st St, 20 East, s s, 115.5 ft w of Madison Av, 20.5x102.2, four-story dwelling; voluntary sale; bid in at $54,750.

Huntington, L. I., Midland Av, n s, 150 ft e of Sound View Av, 147x125, two-story stucco dwelling; voluntary sale; bid in at $8,400.

Bellaire, L. I., 102d St, s e corner 213th St, 100x100, vacant; voluntary sale; bid in at $1,150.

By Joseph P. Day.

Maiden Lane, 44½ and 46, s s, 221.4 ft e of Nassau St, extending through to 37-39 Liberty St, 44.4x118.7x47.2, irregular, eleven and thirteen story office and store building; Lawyers Title and Trust Co. against Liberty Street Holding Corp. et al.; Dean, T. & M., attorneys; due, $844,435.28; taxes, &c., $15,986.60; to the plaintiff for $600,000.

Bay St, 106, s s, 150 ft w of Main St, 60x100, City Island; H. S. Sayers, trustee, against Florence Pell et al.; W. L. Sayer, attorney; due, $3,996.60; taxes, &c., $526; to the plaintiff for $3,000.

By Henry Brady.

40th St, 333 West, n s, 475 ft w of 8th Av, 25x100.5, three-story stable; sheriff's sale of all right, title, &c., which W. S. Edelmeyer had on March 18, 1918, or since; J. F. Crosin, attorney; withdrawn.

By James J. Donovan.

168th St, 823, n s, 180 ft e of Union Av, 40x100, five-story flat; East River Savings Institution against Adolph Mortin et al.; E. R. Vollmer, attorney; due, $28,919.74; taxes, &c., $745; adjourned to May 29.

Arthur Av, 2,349, w s, 350 ft s of 187th St, 45x125, three-story tenement and store and one-story store; Mary Fox et al. against James Raggio et al.; E. F. Moran, attorney; due, $4,654.45; taxes, &c., $1,329.97; to Pietro Cinelli for $6,550.

## REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

Saturday, May 25th, 1918.
AUCTION SALE OF
LOCUST LODGE FARM
VAN ARSDALE
77 acres, old Colonial dwelling, outbuildings. Lackawanna R. R.; hour out; Hardenville, N. J., section, at Lyons Station.
By auto via Summit to Basking Ridge, turning in at Lyons Station, N. J.
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Practically new tapestry brick Dutch Colonial 9-room house, semi-enclosed sleeping room, neatly decorated; plot 100x100; elevation; no mosquitos or malaria; restricted Colonial Heights, 30 minutes out from Grand Central; every improvement. No assessments. Price $12,250; exceptionally easy terms; little cash. Lawrence H. Tasker, 154 Nassau St.



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HOUSE, 8 large rooms, all improvements; near school, churches and station; good neighborhood. Price $7,500.
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A REAL HOME, FREEPORT
8 rooms and bath, on corner plot, 100x100 feet, with large garage, chicken house, beautiful shrubs, hedge, shade and fruit trees; large cement cellars, cement walks and curb. Hot-water heat, hardwood trim. Will sacrifice $6,000; $1,500 cash needed, balance on mortgage. Address M. King, Room 402, 258 Broadway, N. Y. Phone Barclay 6498.



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Entire 10th Floor Apartment.
*19 ROOMS and 8 BATHS*
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$12,000
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PRICE $5,500, ONLY $500 REQUIRED.
Seven large, airy rooms, cozy inglenook with fireplace; sanitary gas kitchen; living and dining rooms are spacious and handsomely finished; piazza; plenty of closet room; tiled bath; built by owner by day's work for own occupancy; must sell owing to removal; good transportation, schools, clubs, &c. Full particulars mailed upon request. This is a bargain.
H. E. WHITE,
Room 611, 63 Park Row, New York City.



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Corner of 73d St.
Attractive apartments of 10 rooms and 4 baths.
This building is nearing completion, and will be ready for occupancy July 1st.
Apartments can now be seen by applying to Superintendent on premises or to
J. AXELROD
200 W. 72d Street.
Phone: Columbus 3957.



NEW BUILDING
READY MAY FIRST
176-182 NAGLE AV.
at Dyckman St. Subway Station
3-4-5 ROOMS
Exceptionally Large and Light, Embodying Every Modern Improvement.
RENTALS $31 TO $48
Apply representative, on premises, or
M'DOWELL & M'MAHON
1438 St. Nicholas Av. Tel.St. Nich. 8910



Washington Square
NEW ELEVATOR APARTMENT
125 West 12th St.
POSSESSION MAY 20TH.
3 Rooms & Bath ..$780 to $1000
4 Rooms & Bath.... 840 to 1200
J. IRVING WALSH,
73 West 11th Street.



THE LOMBARD
West End Ave. & 76th St.
High-class Modern Apartments of
8 & 10 Rooms, 3 Baths
An 8-room doctor's apartment on first floor.
Managed by owner, residing on premises.



ATTRACTIVE,
Bright, Cheerful Apartments
of
1 and 2 Rooms & Bath
Apply on Premises,
15 West 96th Street.



2 ROOMS and Bath | Modern Apts. | 57th, 327 W.
Heat, electricity; exceptionally large living and bath rooms, $50 up.
J. K. MOORS 301 West 57th St. Cor. 8th Av. Col. 8888.



GREAT VALUE.
500 W. 175th St., corner Amsterdam Av.
4, 5, 6 Rooms, $35 to $55.
Elevator, every improvement. Apply Supt.



207-209 DYCKMAN ST.
6 and 7 Room Apartments
$38 to $48
Near Broadway and Riverside.


**MANHATTAN—East Side.**


NEW BUILDING
EXQUISITE 7-ROOM APARTS
of the Very Highest Class,
ESPECIALLY DESIGNED FOR
Small Families
Large Living Room, Dining Room, Foyer, Kitchen, 2 Master's Chambers & Baths, and 2 Maids' Rooms & Bath.
815 Park Av. 75th St. S. E. Cor.
Agent on Premises. Rhinelander 499.



Doctor's Office to let, three rooms, with gas and electric light; with the privilege of hotel physician. HOTEL LEONORI, Madison Av. and 63d St.


**BRONX.**


LILLIAN COURT.
HIGH-CLASS APARTMENTS.
2, 3, AND 4 ROOMS.
RENTS $25 to $45.
Ready for Occupancy June 1.
Corner Tremont Av & Lillian Pl.
2 minutes from 177th St. Subway Station.
3 Blocks from Bronx Park and the new Bronx International Exposition Park.
Select Tenants Only.
INQUIRE ON PREMISES OR
WM. PETERS & CO.,
1,044 East Tremont Av. (177th.)


**APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.**


2 and 3 Rooms and Bath.
1,000 Madison Av., bet. 77th and 78th Sts., high-class furnished and unfurnished, non-housekeeping apartment house; unusually large, light rooms, with open fireplace, and containing every modern improvement. Agent on premises.


## HOUSES FOR SALE OR TO LET.

**Manhattan.**

47 WEST 88TH ST.
Four-story and basement brownstone dwelling, 14 rooms, two-story extension; all improvements; 3 baths; rent $2,500 yearly. OTTO DENCKER, 506 5th Av. Phone Murray Hill 8977.

AT A SACRIFICE.
FOR SALE OR RENT.
Beautiful residence near Central Park West; settling up an estate. Address Manager, G 423 Times Annex.

**Brooklyn.**

New semi-detached (one family) house, with garage; seven rooms, sun parlor; bath and separate shower; latest improvements; best workmanship; $5,750-$6,000; (first mortgage $3,500.) Terms to suit; couldn't be built today under $7,500. Situated at East 4th St., East 3d St., and Avenue M, Flatbush. Inquire 1,378 Ocean Parkway, corner Avenue M. Tel. 2836 Midwood, or Louis Eisenberg, 170 B'way, Manhattan. Tel. Cortlandt 8180.

For Rent—Party will sublease to reliable family a one-family detached dwelling, seven rooms and two baths, steam heating plant; electric light, hardwood floors, open fireplace, garage, house in spotless condition, located in restricted residential park near Ocean Parkway, Flatbush. Rent $85 per month. 1,087 East 7th St.

Owner will sacrifice 6-room house, 2 blocks from 4th Av. subway, $3,500; will sell to a nice family on easy terms; A1 condition. S. Johanson, 106 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

## HOUSES FOR SALE OR TO LET.

**Queens.**

Must sell at once, 7-room cottage, all improvements; needs few repairs; large garden plot; 5 cents fare to city; $400 cash all that is needed; very easy terms to responsible party. B. Bargain, 161 West 34th St. Greeley 4365.

**Long Island.**

New house, just completed; 8 rooms and bath; plot 40x100; Broadway, Flushing; 23 minutes from Pennsylvania Station; 4 minutes' walk from station, Hy-tex brick fireplace, parquet floors, hardwood finish, paneled walls, beamed ceilings, breakfast room, built in Dutch table and benches, exceptional kitchen facilities; steam heat; tiled bath; clothes presses and linen closet; small cash payment and $45 monthly payment. H. D. Lewis, 47 West 34th St. Tel. Greeley 6896.

Babylon, L. I.—Old Colonial house, ¼ mile from inlet of Great South Bay, 1 hour commuting distance from New York City; all hardwood floors; electric lights; furnace; 5 bedrooms, 2 servants' rooms; garage, chicken houses; garden, fruit and shade trees; house is completely furnished; will rent for the Summer at $500, or will sell for $5,000 cash, $4,000 to remain on mortgage. Tel. 3456 John, Room 121, 27 Pine St., New York City.

Baldwin Harbor, L. I.—Nine-room stucco, near bathing beach; all-year home; garage; very large living room; commuting distance; $6,500. Thomas Holer, McKinley St., Baldwin.

Should you be looking for a house and garden plot, payable $10 monthly and small amount down, call at once to (B.) store, 105 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

Flushing, L. I.—Murray Hill Station, 19 minutes out; modern eight-room detached house; price $6,500; easy terms. Owner, Room 428, 25 West 42d St.

Must sacrifice at once, new 7-room house, 8 minutes station, $4,400; easy terms. A. McDermott, Valley Stream, L. I. Phone 578J.

Good house, improvements, steam plant, two lots; thirty-five minutes out; easy terms. Hollberg, Hinsdale Av., Floral Park, L. I.

**New York State.**

22 miles from 42d St. in Rockland County is a country home and 17 beautiful acres at a price that should sell it on sight. Telephone 2596 Beekman, or write Howard Goldsmith, 63 Park Row.

**New Jersey.**

A modern seven-room home, completely equipped; large veranda, steam heat, water, gas, electricity, parquet floors; large plot; city streets, with sewer; high elevation; refined surroundings; an attractive home, ready to occupy; three blocks from R. R. station and trolley; a hundred trains daily, connecting with all terminals and ferrys; commutation, $4.80; up or downtown; to a quick buyer, $4,800; 10 per cent. cash; balance $50 per month; inspection by appointment only. Call, write, or phone M. D. Ayers, 146 West 38th St Phone 4535 Greeley.

TELEPHONE ME NOW.—If sold immediately, beautiful new suburban home goes for $7,500; small monthly payments less than rent; 30 minutes from New York, 7 1-3c. commutation fare; 6 rooms, tiled bath, parquet floors, beamed ceiling, brick fireplace, built-in bookcases, bedrooms in white enamel; steam heat, water, gas, electricity, handsome fixtures; near schools and station; 70 trains daily. John A. Baldwin, 60 Maiden Lane. PHONE ME NOW John 5047.

TELL ME YOUR WANTS
and I will send you descriptions of several genuine house bargains in Jersey and elsewhere; choice locations; right prices; easy terms; 10 years' honest experience back of me. J. STEIN, Tribune Building, Telephone Beekman 8960.

A NEW SIX-ROOM HOUSE.
Every improvement; plot 80x142; 3 minutes station, half hour downtown; restricted residence section; $5,500; reasonable terms. FRANK MILLER. 13 Park Row.
Tel. 8685 Barclay.

Pretty home, seven-room house, two to three acres excellent land, barn, outbuildings, shade, fruit, flowers, garden; near depot; commutation $6.95; plenty trains; immediate possession; only $5,500. 184 Tim.

War draft compels sacrifice of two modern country homes and five acres ground near New Brunswick, N. J.; $12,000 and $13,000 each; easy terms. Boyd, 200 West 58th St. Phone 5670 Columbus.

SACRIFICE—ENGLEWOOD HOME.
7 rooms, improvements, elegantly located, 50x110, $8,200. Lebkuecher, Bible House, Manhattan.

**Houses Wanted.**

WINTER AND SUMMER.—Small house with modern conveniences and one large room adaptable for studio; preferably in farming community, on the sea, not more than an hour from New York. Address Mrs. R. J. Flaherty, 253 West 103d.

Small family wishes to rent yearly an up to date house with all improvements, six to eight rooms, at Kew Gardens or nearby. R 143 Times.

Modern dwelling, 7-8 rooms, commuting distance, Westchester County; lowest price and terms. Richard Jackman, 271 W. 125th.

## HOUSES TO LET—FURNISHED.

**Manhattan.**

Small house, completely furnished, east side, near park, from June to November; suitable for one or two persons; references. Address Z 394 Times Annex.

**Brooklyn.**

8TH, 1,648 East. Brooklyn.—Will sublease from June 15 to Oct. 1, to reliable family of adults; completely furnished, modern, 6-room house in Flatbush district, near Ocean Parkway; convenient to surface and elevated lines; tennis court; $35 per month; reference given and expected. Tel. Midwood 2791.

Beautiful home, cool and airy, overlooking New York Harbor; will rent furnished or unfurnished by year or season; references required. Address 162 Columbia Heights, Brooklyn, phone Main 3825.

## SUMMER HOMES—Furnished.

**Richmond.**

To let, furnished house, seven rooms and bath; cool, compact, and in excellent taste; on hill, ten minutes' walk from ferry; attractive neighborhood; middle June to middle September; $90 monthly. Telephone for appointment Rector 7262. Whelan.

**Westchester County.**

Larchmont, Westchester Co., N. Y.—Modern, beautifully furnished house, 6 rooms and bath; large sun parlor, terraced lawn, garden plots; 4 min. from R. R. station, 36 min. from Grand Central; husband in service; prefer couple without children. Address (or call) Mrs. A. C. Koch, at 6 Soundview Drive, Larchmont Park, N. Y.

TARRYTOWN-ON-HUDSON. — Gentleman's residence large rooms, 4 baths, wide verandas, sleeping porch; garden planted; house always cool; beautiful views; near trolley, 4 mile from station; ideal place for invalid; bedroom and bath on ground floor; garage and stable. K., Z 233 Times Annex.

To rent, Scarsdale, Greenacre section, July and August, furnished house, 4 bedrooms, 2 baths, 7 minutes' walk from the Hartsdale station on Harlem Div. N. Y. C. R. R.; references required. Apply A. O. Kellogg, 151 5th Av.

A modern cottage with four master bedrooms, one maid's and one bath; all improvements; near Oakland Beach, Rye, N. Y.; rent $800 for the season. Address Charles S. Faulkner, Rye, N. Y.

Mount Vernon residence, 8 rooms, 3 master bedrooms, 2 baths; 30 minutes from city, 3 minutes from station; June-October, $550. 128 Lorraine Av. Furlong. 2927-J.

An attractive modern corner cottage, 8 rooms, 2 baths; near Sound; rental, June 1-Sept. 8, $450. 26 Travers Av., Mamaroneck, N. Y.

Bedford Hills.—9 rooms, 2 baths, electric light, garage, vegetable garden, fruit, shade trees; near golf club; $800 June to Nov. Keller, Lenox 4093.

**Long Island.**

Furnished charming bungalow in woods; two baths, separate shower room, sleeping porch; garage. Also most attractive house, large screened breakfast porch; all improvements; two-car garage; beautifully shaded. Both properties five minutes' walk to golf club and station. Mrs. M. Ingersoll, Great Neck Station, L. I. Phone 427.

FOR RENT.—Charming Summer home in Roslyn Estates, L. I.; large grounds; 10 rooms, six master's bedrooms and bath, two large servant's rooms and bath; two-car garage; may be seen any time; rent from June 1. Phone Roslyn 281.

Beautiful 7-room bungalow, artistically decorated and furnished, all modern improvements, large porch, fine old shade trees; boating, bathing, fishing; $475. Joseph, 161 West 34th. Phone 4365 Greeley.

East Hampton, L. I.—Unusually attractive house, with garage, tennis court and gardens; directly on the ocean; also three houses on the Connecticut Sound shore. Mrs. Garrit Smith, 31 East 48th St., Murray Hill 8485.

MERRICK, L. I.
Furnished cottages for the season and houses for year around. Full details, descriptions, and rentals may be had from Telephone John 2260. R. W. Ford, 34 William.

Summer rentals, Huntington and vicinity. Many attractive properties, $500 to $7,500. Daniel Gerard, 1,270 B'way, (33d,) N. Y.

**New York State.**

Central Valley, 48 miles, Erie; handsomely furnished house, all modern improvements; lawn, shade, garden, fruit; photos and particulars. Stuyvesant, 145 West 69th St. Col. 6314.

Rent.—For season or by year, modern bungalow, furnished, eight rooms, bath; fine location. J. Winchell, Shokan, N. Y.

## SUMMER HOMES—Furnished.

**New Jersey.**

AT MONTCLAIR, (near centre.)—Sublet, furnished, modern apartment, three bedrooms; awnings; piano, billiards; fine view three sides; cool, airy; fine service; $75; references. 'Phone Montclair 113M, or Cort. 4959. Z., Box 1936, New York.

For rent, furnished, Ridgewood, N. J., July-August, 8-room cottage, gas and electricity; 15 minutes' walk from station, on car line; no children. Apply Room 1810, 150 Nassau St., New York.

Furnished bungalow; 6 rooms, bath; all improvements; large porch; 5 minutes to station; large plot; garden planted; $65 a month. S. S. WAESTRUM-GORDON & FORMAN, 120 Broadway, N. Y. Rector 7718.
Ridgewood, N. J. Tel. 565.

MOUNT ARLINGTON, N. J.
Two cottages, furnished, nine rooms and bath, twelve rooms and two baths. C. N. Chaplin, Mount Arlington, N. J., or A. H. Lamson, 180 5th Av., New York.

Handsomely furnished residence, eight rooms, bath; all improvements; garage; location unexcelled; for July and August, $150 a month; within 15 minutes of Wall St. W. Alanson Alexander, 505 5th Av.

Handsomely furnished eight-room house and garage, 45 minutes from Liberty St., $100 per month; every modern convenience; references. R 148 Times.

**Miscellaneous.**

COUNTRY HOUSES EVERYWHERE.
TOWN-COUNTRY RENTING AGENCY,
200 West 72d.; Columbus 5565.

**Summer Homes Wanted—Furnished.**

For two months, July and August, house near the water, wanted, preferably Long Island, within 1 hour's motoring distance, containing five bedrooms, two baths on first sleeping floor; also 2 maids' rooms and bath. Y 340 Times Annex.

Wanted, a house at Rye for the months of July and August; must have five (5) bedrooms and two (2) baths on first sleeping floor and two maids' rooms and bath. Z 373 Times Annex.

Cottage, nicely furnished, 7 rooms, garage, Long Island, about 40 minutes out; price $500. Phone 1414 Murray Hill.

Wanted, to rent part of furnished cottage at Rockaway Park or Belle Harbor from July 1 to Oct. 1. H 186 Times.

Summer home, furnished, wanted on shore front, bath, electricity and four sleeping rooms. R 129 Times.

## SUMMER HOMES—Unfurnished.

**Westchester County.**

MAMARONECK, N. Y.—For rent, cottage, unfurnished, from June 1; lease $50 per month; garage

## APARTMENTS TO LET.

### Furnished—West Side.

ATTRACTIVE west side apartments at attractive prices. Crescent Co., 547 West 110th, (Broadway.)

BANK ST., 33.—Four rooms; hot water, electricity, light, airy; July and August. Call evenings, Apt. 2B.

BROADWAY, 2,181.—Choice seven-room furnished apartment to rent for Summer; cook will remain; elevator, electricity. Mr. Patrick.

BROADWAY, 3,920.—Five large, beautifully furnished rooms, sublet responsible party June 1 to Sept. 15; $65, which is rent paid for apartment unfurnished. Apartment 42.

BROADWAY, 2,754.—Suite, with kitchen privileges; phone and electricity. Hegemer, Academy 2183.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 302.—Apartment hotel; two rooms, bath, exquisitely furnished; piano, silver, linen; living room 32x18; for Summer or longer; immediate possession; maid service included in rent. Apply mornings, Housekeeper, 5K.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 870, (corner 97th.) —Exceptionally good 4-room apartment, with kitchen, to sublet furnished, until Oct. 1; possession at once; can be seen any time.

CENTRAL PARK SOUTH.—Eight rooms, handsomely furnished; overlooking park; $225. Vanderbilt 1450.

CENTRAL PARK, 71 West 92d.)—9 rooms, cool, quiet, sacrifice $125 below rental. Call or phone 942 Riverside.

CHOICE SELECTION OF FURNISHED APARTMENTS; SHORT OR LONG LEASES.
BERLOCK CO., INC.,
48 West 49th St. Tel. Bryant 7132.

CLAREMONT AV., 25, (Near 116th Broadway Subway.)—Sacrifice seven or eight rooms; three rooms overlooking Columbia; delightfully cool; completely furnished; piano. 4834 Morn. Ernst.

CLAREMONT AV., 15.—Two large, outside rooms and bath, with windows facing east and south; $75; also four rooms on front, $50. Apt. 62.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 388.—Handsomely furnished five rooms; piano, sublet $85 monthly. Coyle.

ELEVATOR APARTMENTS, $50-$55. 274-276 West 19th St.; 5 and 6 light rooms. AMES & CO., 26 West 31st St., or Supt.

FOR RENT, beautifully furnished five-room apartment; piano; rent $100, June 1st to Oct. 1st. Phone Riverside 7216.

FURNISHED apartment, new, four rooms, to sublet for six months. Chelsea 6600, Extension 235.

Furnished Apartments a Specialty.
Town-Country Renting Agency,
200 West 72d., Col. 5565.

MORNINGSIDE DRIVE, 50, (115th.)—Seven large, beautiful, cool, corner rooms; all eves; cooking gas; southeastern exposure; reasonable till October

MORNINGSIDE AV., 50.—Elegantly furnished or unfurnished 5-room apartment facing Morningside Park to sublet; ground floor. Spits.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 112, (83d ST.)—SIXTH FLOOR ALL OUTSIDE ROOMS; WINDOWS SCREENED; VERY COOL; WONDERFUL VIEW; SOUTHERN EXPOSURE; VERY HANDSOMELY FURNISHED; REMODELED AND DECORATED BY TENANT; $150 MONTH TO OCTOBER; IMMEDIATE POSSESSION. TELEPHONE DE FLOREZ, 2800 MURRAY HILL.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE.—To sublet, a desirable furnished apartment, until Sept. 30, seven rooms, two baths; commanding view of Hudson, Riverside Drive, and Columbia College; all outside rooms; exceptionally low rent; must be seen by appointment. Telephone Morningside 6645, Apartment 8B.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 800.—To sublet, very desirable apartment; nine large, well-furnished rooms; Gentile ownership; $210 per month until Sept. 25; reference required. Address Manager, as above, or Room 929, The Cairo, Washington, D. C.

RIVERSIDE, 270.—7-room corner duplex; all outside rooms; two baths; wonderful view; elegantly furnished; Oriental rugs; grand piano player, Victrola; lease October or longer; $250 month. Apartment 1A.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 1107H.—June to Oct. 1, seven rooms, including piano and phonograph; southeasterly exposure, Riverside view. For appointment phone Morningside 2389.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 700.—Seven beautifully furnished rooms at low rental for Summer; strictly high-class, fire-proof building; must be seen to be appreciated. A. J. Odell, Audubon 5400.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 227, (95th.)—Exquisitely furnished five outside rooms; piano, victrola; immediate possession; sublet reasonable. Coyle. Phone 1176 Wadsworth.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 290.—Elegantly furnished six-room apartment; piano, Victrola; complete in every detail; adults only; $175 a month. Apartment 3S.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 454.—To rent for the Summer, six-room Colonial apartment; furnished in old mahogany. Apt. 6B; rent $225 per month.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 790.—Handsomely furnished four-room apartment to sublet for three or four months. Mrs. J. Odell.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 125, (84th.)—Ten and eleven light, well-furnished rooms. Call or address Wm. R. & J. M. Stevens.

RIVERSIDE, (116th.)—Exceptional opportunity; cool, handsomely furnished, 4 rooms; bargain. Vanderbilt 1450.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 420, (Corner 114th.)—Small furnished apartment sublet October. Apply Superintendent.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 126.—Seven rooms; view; furnished complete; bargain. Schuyler 1681.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 780, (2B, Audubon 4058.)—4 rooms, sublet June 10.

SMALL KITCHENETTE apartment, well furnished; reasonable. Phone Morningside 2806-M.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 880, (154th.)—Nicely furnished 5 rooms; modern apartment; piano; references. Audubon 1550. Atkins.

THREE ROOMS, KITCHEN AND BATH. Attractively Furnished, $100 Monthly, Up. Includes complete hotel service, maid service, gas, electric light, linen, &c. Coolest and one of the best neighborhoods in New York; two blocks from subway and L; ½ block from bus.
Overlooking Hudson River & Riverside Drive.
HOTEL SCHUYLER ARMS,
307 West 98th St. Tel. Riverside 6100.

THREE-ROOM and bath apartment, location between 7th and 116th Sts., near 7th subway; rent $30. Phone R. 2003, all day.

TWO-ROOM and bath apartment, between 77th and 116th Sts.; convenient to subway. Phone 2006 Riverside, all day.

WASHINGTON SQUARE SECTION.—For rent, a handsomely furnished apartment, 6 rooms and bath, on 10th St., between 5th Av. and 6th Av., $110 per month. Room 121, 27 Pine St.

WEST END AV.—Very desirable corner 7-room apartment, all outside rooms; rent, furnished for Summer months, $125 month, less than actual rental; exclusive, convenient location; unquestionable references given and required; seen by appointment only. R 110 Times.

WEST END AV., 851, (corner 102d St.)—Attractive five rooms, comfy furnished; very reasonable for eight party. Phone Riverside 4084.

WEST END AV., 420, Corner 80th St.—Cozily furnished apartment; 4 rooms, with hot water, bath, and kitchen; very reasonable.

WEST END, 740.—My handsomely furnished apartment, five spacious rooms, large foyer, highest class building, 9th floor, 11 to 3.

### Brooklyn.

PROSPECT PARK WEST, 136, (NEAR 9TH ST.)—CHOICE ELEVATOR APARTMENT, OVERLOOKING PARK AND CITY; EIGHT ROOMS, TWO BATHS; $75. MRS. ALLIN, SOUTH 3675W.

### Queens.

FOREST HILLS GARDENS APARTMENT. Furnished 3 rooms, kitchenette, $80 month. Phone 6766 Forest Hills.

### Long Island.

Attractive apartment, 6 rooms, 3 baths, furnished from June 15 to Sept. 15. Leland & Co., 1 West 34th.

### Westchester County.

Beautifully furnished, newly built, six rooms, sun parlor, sleeping porch, separate maid's room and bath, garage, from June 15 to Sept. 15, $100 per month; no children. Call Geo. E. Taylor, 310 East Sidney Av., Mount Vernon, N. Y.

### New Jersey.

Four large rooms to couple; convenient to Hudson tube; select location. Apply 2,787 Hudson Boulevard. Phone 3631 Bergen.

### Unfurnished—East Side.

22D, 144 EAST.—Five rooms and bath, elevator, from June 1; $55; most accessible and near Gramercy Park; shown mornings or by appointment. Pratt.

26TH, 137 EAST.—Beautifully furnished mahogany Sheraton; three rooms and bath; June 1 to Oct. 7; $50; privilege of renewal later, unfurnished. C. Ferguson.

49TH, 47 EAST.—Unfurnished apartment, 4 large rooms, kitchenette, bath. Plaza 1034. Moderate.

56TH, 109-111 EAST, (Near Park Av.)—Select studio apartment, 1 and 2 rooms and bath, elevator, hall, and maid service; $60-$85. Supt. on premises, or Hall & Bloodgood, 542 5th Av. Phone 1782 Vanderbilt.

78TH ST., 42 EAST.—New elevator apartment, 2 or 3 large, light rooms, with bath, Agent on premises; open evenings.

SUBLET apartments. Herbert Gulick Co., Inc., 402 Madison Av. Tel. 2890 Murray Hill.

### Unfurnished—West Side.

16TH, 5 WEST.—Skylight studios, bachelor apartments, $30 to $60. Phone Chelsea 3106.

25TH ST., 254 WEST.—High-class elevator apartment being artistically decorated; electric lights, hardwood floors; 4, 5, 6 rooms and bath; $42 up.

## APARTMENTS TO LET.

### Unfurnished—West Side.

29TH, 351 WEST.—Six rooms, bath; light and airy; $36; references.

49TH, 226 WEST, (Near Broadway.)—Sublease elegant 4-room apartment; ground floor; all light; electricity, hot water. Call after 11 A. M.

50'S to Washington Square.—Apartments, (all sizes,) $65-$110. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

57TH, 200 WEST.—Newly completed 14-story building; duplex studio and housekeeping apartments; 2 to 8 rooms; $1,500 to $4,500; studio living rooms, 25x30; restaurant. PAYSON McL. MERRILL CO., INC., 9 East 44th St. Tel. Murray Hill 8300.

70'S TO 100TH STREET.—Apartments, (all sizes,) $80-$110. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

70'S TO 100TH STREETS.—Apartments, (all sizes,) $60-$100. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

71ST, 342 WEST.—Seven, 8, 9 rooms, 2 bathrooms; living room 16x22, dining room 16x18, bedrooms 12x16; no dark rooms; unusual transit facilities; rents $1,200-$1,600; worth investigating; also other desirably located apartments, furnished or unfurnished, at moderate rentals. Apply Jepson, office 308 West 97th. Telephone 7830 Riverside.

75TH, 142 WEST.—Large, attractive parlor suite; suitable bachelor or doctor; maid service.

83D, 185 WEST.—Very desirable four-room apartment; concession to desirable party; till October if taken at once.

84TH, 17 WEST.—7 large, light rooms and bath; electricity; $70. Janitor.

85TH, 101 WEST, ("Brockholst.")—Eight rooms and bath, $900.

90TH, 259 WEST.—High-class 3 room and bath apartment; suitable for doctor.

90TH, 517 WEST.—Modern four-room apartment, one door from Riverside Drive; immediate occupancy; $60 a month; exceptional opportunity. Apartment 9.

111TH ST., 528 WEST.—6 beautiful rooms, rental after Oct. 1, $1,180 yearly; will sublease until Oct. 1 at big reduction. Apt. 7G.

112TH ST., 542 WEST, Apt. 2C.—9 rooms, foyer, 3 baths; reasonable. Apply super;

113TH, 606 WEST, (Near Drive.)—2-3-4 rooms and bath; immediate possession; one suitable for doctor.

117TH, 116-118 WEST.—6 rooms and bath, first floor, doctor or dentist; $50. Supt., on premises, or Hall & Bloodgood, 542 5th Av. Phone 1782 Vanderbilt.

414 WEST 121ST ST.,
Five rooms and bath; all modern improvements; near Columbia University; $55 to $70 month. Apply premises, or L. J. Phillips & Co., 148 West 72d St.

123D, 547 WEST, (Broadway.)—Elevator outside apartment, six rooms, bath, $55 month.

124TH, 527 WEST.—To sublet, June 1, five light, airy rooms, elevator; $45. Apt. 2S.

143D, 518 WEST.—Five rooms and bath; all outside; southern exposure; elevator; $45.

150TH, 301 West.—3, 4 rooms, elevator, telephone, near "L" station; $25.

161ST, 664 WEST.—Sublet unfurnished 4-room apartment; elevator; Hudson view. Apt. 2B.

164TH, 601 WEST. — Beautiful four-room apartment to sublet; river view.

165TH, 600 WEST.—Beautiful eight-room apartment to sublet; modern building.

150TH, 720 WEST.—7 large, light rooms; telephone, electric light, subway, bus; $40 to Oct. 1. McGuinness.

2,128 BROADWAY.
Two and three rooms with bath.
Maid service; references required.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, (in 60s.)—To sublet, unfurnished, 6-room apartment; exceptionally large rooms; all outside. Telephone Columbus 2177.

CONVENT AV., 41, (Apt. 4D.)—Attractive six-room apartment to sublet; large, airy rooms; all conveniences; elevator; rent $65; call any day from 10 to 2.

CONVENT AV., 41, (Apt. 4D.)—Attractive six-room apartment to sublet; large, airy rooms; all conveniences; elevator; rent $55. Call any day from 10 to 2.

CONVENT AV., 41—5 sunny rooms. Call any morning. Apt. 5S.

EDGECOMBE AV., 409, (near 155th St.)—Two rooms, bath, and kitchenette, $47.50.

ELEVATOR APARTMENTS, $50-$55. 274, 276 W. 19th St., 5 and 6 all light rooms. AMES & CO., 26 West 31st St., or Supt.

MANHATTAN AV., 439.—Beautiful six-room corner apartment, sublet at sacrifice. Davidson.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE AND 150TH ST.—Beautiful seven-room apartment to sublet unfurnished or with few months from July 1; two baths; may be leased to continue from Oct. 1 if desired; may be seen forenoons. Telephone 8682 Audubon.

RIVERSIDE, 270.—Seven rooms, corner duplex; all outside rooms; two baths; in one of most exclusive houses on Drive; from June 1 to October, 1919; rent $137.50 month. Apart. 1A.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 900, (corner 161st.)—Sublet 4, 5, and 6-room apartments; elevator house; Hudson views; inquire office.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 880.—Five room, outside apartment, exposure, elevator apartment, from June 1st sublet for $50. Apt. 32.

THE MIDETTE, 68 WEST 107TH ST.
Apartment of 5 rooms, $45; every convenience; elevator, telephone, day and night service; house managed by owner; for private families, appealing the refinement of a high-grade house. Apply to superintendent.

"THE TURIN,"
93d St. and Central Park West.
6, 7, 8, and 9 rooms, 2 baths; southern exposure; $1,500 to $2,500. Apply on premises or
LEWIS H. PRESTON, Inc.,
Tel. Cortlandt 7475. 165 Broadway.

### Bronx.

BEDFORD PARK, SIX ROOMS, ALL IMPROVEMENTS, MOSHULU ARMS APARTMENTS,
199th St. AND BAINBRIDGE AV.
PHONE D. HOULIHAN, FORDHAM 1291.

## APARTMENTS WANTED.

### Furnished.

Facing Central Park or Riverside Drive; Swiss gentleman wants well furnished bedroom, studio, and bath for Summer months, with room service provided. Write Knickerbocker Hotel, Room 1039.

Couple with highest references want furnished apartment, 6 rooms, 2-3 baths, below 116th St., 1 year from June 1; pay $200 to $225 month. Telephone Clark Realty, Vanderbilt 1460.

Two gentlemen desire one large or two small rooms with parlor and bath; state prices, but not over $40. N 557 Times Harlem.

### Unfurnished.

Six or seven room apartment with two baths wanted for term of years in first-class elevator house equipped with modern conveniences; location, 50th and 60th Sts., near 5th or Park Av. Address Y 839 Times Annex.

CLAREMONT AV., 182.—5, 6 rooms; electricity, telephone; near Drive; $37-$45.

## FURNISHED ROOMS.

### East Side.

30TH, (163 Lexington Av.)—Room, sunny, telephone, elevator, well-furnished; excellent service; $6 weekly up; including elegant meals $13 weekly; front room with running water $14 weekly; with bath $17 weekly; refined women only. Hotel Rutledge.

30TH, 124 EAST.—Two exceptionally large connecting rooms, bath, telephone; suite, divided.

35TH, 20 EAST.—Desirable room; all conveniences; electricity; gentleman.

30TH, 124 EAST.—Very attractive south room with bath; also single room.

61ST, 114 EAST.—All attractively, newly furnished rooms; telephone, electricity.

66TH, 14 EAST.—Desirable double and single rooms, private baths; references.

45TH, 16 EAST.—Room with piano; cozy room, running water, telephone; references.

57TH ST., 116 EAST.—Large and small rooms, kitchenette, private bath, furnished and unfurnished.

61ST, 27 EAST.—Large, light rooms, electricity; Summer rates. Plaza 2328.

62D, 24 EAST.—Large front room and bath in high-class private residence; bachelors only.

64TH ST., (735 Madison Av.)—Large rooms, private bath; excellent location; telephone; $8; small rooms, $3-$5.50.

AMERICAN COUPLE owning beautiful apartment will rent completely furnished room, private bath, or suite 2 rooms and bath, to gentleman; near Park Av.; no other roomers. Phone for appointment, Plaza 4819.

IRVING PL., 14.—Front rooms; box-spring beds; tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness.

LEXINGTON AV., 1,348, (89th.)—Sunny, large front room, 2 single beds; running water.

MADISON AV., 174, (33d.)—Resident, non-resident studios; exceptional rooms; references.

MADISON AV., 220, (36th.)—Large, small rooms; running water; musical studios by hour.

PARK AV., 70, (38th.)—Comfortably furnished, clean room, near bath; gentleman; $5.

PARK AV., 83.—Second floor bedroom and large bathroom, 4 windows.

### West Side.

9TH, 11 WEST.—Unusually large rooms, with private baths, French windows, electricity; references.

12TH, 206 WEST.—Parlor, bedroom, light; independent, piano, phone; hot water; bath; $2.50 up; clean; one flight. Bogen.

16TH, 128 WEST.—Very attractive room in private apartment; business woman; telephone service; elevator; kitchen privilege; call evenings; $7.

39TH, 47 WEST.—Large rooms, private baths; clean house; telephone; $5, $9.

37TH, 28 WEST.—Large room, bath, $12; front parlor, running water, $7.

## FURNISHED ROOMS.

### West Side.

45TH, 159 WEST.—Newly furnished 3-room suite, large kitchen, complete; elevator; electricity; $12. Doyle.

47TH, 8 WEST.—Large, spacious front room and bath, attractively furnished; electric elevator.

48TH ST., 10 WEST.—Elegant, large, second story front room, with complete bath, kitchenette, telephone; other rooms, $10, $11, $12.

48TH, 32 WEST.—Attractive large rooms in quiet home.

49TH, 68 WEST.—Large rooms, private bath; telephone; Summer rates, $7-$8-$9; small rooms, $3-$3.50.

49TH, 66 WEST.—Large, sunny room, all conveniences.

50TH, 44 WEST.—Large room, with bath, kitchenette; reasonable; reference; electricity; single rooms.

50TH, 65 WEST.—Large front parlor, private bath; electricity, telephone; Summer rate.

50TH, 14 WEST.—Large bedroom, private bath; also suite; gentlemen; references.

56TH, 48 WEST.—Comfortable room for gentlemen; electric light; runnink water; reasonable.

57TH, 421 WEST.—Four very desirable housekeeping rooms in apartment; $15 weekly; single rooms. E. B. Malmer.

58TH ST., 40 WEST.—Rooms and suite, attractively furnished; cool, light.

58TH, 124 WEST.—Attractive, large rooms; private bath. Circle 8390.

63D, 9 WEST.—Two rooms to rent to two young ladies; home privileges. Call after 6:30 at night.

65TH, 129 WEST.—Front basement for light housekeeping, and other rooms. Columbus 8826.

69TH, 72 WEST.—Unusual opportunity for one or two bachelors in refined home, newly furnished; front suite, consisting of large living room, bedroom and bath; electricity; telephone; separate entrance; reference. Telephone 6458 Columbus, Apartment 2.

69TH, 22 WEST.—Large and small sunny rooms; newly furnished; refined surroundings; references.

70TH, 278 WEST.—Homelike; single, double rooms, suites; reasonable; gentleman, business couple; references.

3T, 10 WEST.—Two large, magnificently furnished rooms, private bath; fireplace, electricity, telephone; exceptional residence; breakfast optional; maid service.

71ST, 38 WEST.—Cool, clean, comfortable, cozy; convenient subways and "L" nearby; prices moderate; references.

71ST, 70 WEST.—3 windows front, second floor, $8; single room, running water, $3. Telephone 283 Columbus.

71ST, 903 WEST.—Unusually cool front rooms, adjoining bath; electricity; breakfast; references.

71ST, 130 WEST.—LARGE ROOM, PRIVATE BATH; OTHER ROOMS.

72D, (Central Park West.)—Small, comfortable room, near bath; electricity, private house; gentleman preferred; reference; 1,243 Columbus.

73D, 115 WEST.—Large rooms, beautifully furnished; electricity, running water, telephone; also basement.

72D, 302 WEST.—Pleasant, quiet room; running water, electricity; phone; private residence.

72D, Central Park West.)—Single room, near bath; electricity; reasonable. Columbus 1242.

72D, 122 WEST.—Desirable rooms, private baths; also parlor, suite; breakfast optional.

73D, 251 WEST.—Desirable rooms, private baths, modern conveniences; private house; references.

73D, 155 WEST.—Large room, private bath; kitchenette; also skylight; references exchanged.

73D, 129 WEST.—Attractive rooms; electricity; running water, telephone, &c.; gentlemen; references.

73D, 186 WEST.—Attractive, medium and small rooms; electricity, subway, "L". Telephone Col. 4188.

73D, 242 WEST.—Attractive rooms, private baths; breakfast; references.

73D, 242 WEST.—Large and small rooms; Summer rates; references.

74TH, 101 WEST.—Lady wanted to share airy apartment; electricity; phone; exclusive, moderate. Johnston.

74TH, 137 WEST.—Nicely furnished clean rooms, running water, all conveniences; private home.

74TH, 57 WEST.—Newly furnished house; electricity; rooms with baths, $10; single, $4.

75TH, 138 WEST.—Alcove parlor, running water; electricity; medium, adjoining bath; reasonable; exclusive.

75TH, 46 WEST.—Comfortable single room; electricity; select residence; near Park; references; $4.50.

75TH, 181 WEST.—Handsomely furnished, connecting, southern exposure, running water, electricity. Ross.

75TH, 158 WEST.—Splendid large rooms, with bath; reasonable for permanent persons; references.

75TH, 251 WEST.—Large room, kitchenette; southern exposure; exclusive house; maid service.

75TH, 54 WEST.—Two, three rooms, single or en suite; private bath; service; exclusive.

76TH, 177 WEST.—Cool, outside living and bedroom, kitchen; call evening. Schutz.

75TH, 134 WEST.—Nicely furnished medium room, running water; also hall room.

75TH, 142 WEST.—Large, attractive front room, well furnished; parlor suite; exclusive house.

75TH ST., N. E. cor. West End Av.—Several large and small rooms; elegantly furnished.

76TH, 147 WEST.—Desirable room, private bath, also medium adjoining; electricity, parquetry; reasonable.

76TH, 149 WEST.—Elegant large, small rooms; private bath, telephone. 7372 Schuyler.

76TH, 183 WEST.—Immaculately clean rooms, private baths, electricity, kitchenette privileges; small rooms.

76TH, 116 WEST.—Beautiful, homelike, large, small rooms; all conveniences; phone; Summer rates.

76TH, (344 West End Av.)—Select house; beautiful, large, cool rooms; private baths, electricity.

76TH, 245 WEST.—Large, light rooms, neatly furnished; convenient all car lines.

77TH, 150 WEST.—Attractive large, small rooms, private bath; newly decorated; cleanliness assured.

77TH, 313 WEST.—Exceptionally beautiful back parlor; kitchenette if desired; other rooms.

77TH, 131 WEST.—Two large rooms, suite; cool; bath; kitchenette; other rooms.

78TH, 303 WEST.—Attractive large room, $5; private house; references; basement room, $2.50.

78TH, 108 WEST.—New annex to Nereda Hall; kitchenette privileges if desired.

78TH, 142 WEST.—Large and single rooms; $2.50 to $10; telephone; reception room.

79TH ST., 307 WEST.—Large room, with connecting living room if desired, tenth floor, overlooking Hudson; absolutely first class. Apartment 10 West.

79TH ST., 131 WEST.—Large room, dressing room; running water; $10; suitable one or two gentlemen; also small room for $5.

79TH, 216 WEST.—Large, airy rooms; suite, private bath; basement with bath; electricity.

80TH, 144 WEST.—Attractive rooms, running water; one single; electricity, telephone; references.

### 85TH, 159 WEST.
Back parlor; private bath; telephone.

81ST, 27 WEST.—Elegant room, porch, 4 windows, facing park; electricity; private bath; mirrored alcove dressing room; maid service; private home; subway, "L"; reasonable. Schuyler 1828.

81ST, 27 WEST.—Front, facing park; bath, closet, electricity; $6; private home; gentlemen. Schuyler 1828.

82D, 20 WEST.—IN UNIVERSITY PROFESSOR'S HOME; EXCEPTIONAL ROOMS; ABUNDANT HOT WATER; REFERENCES.

82D ST., WEST.—Desirable room, select apartment; all conveniences; private family. Phone Schuyler 6858.

82D, 74 WEST.—Parlor floor suite, private bath; other rooms; refined, private house.

83D, 810 WEST.—Large, furnished room; every convenience. Telephone Schuyler 1586.

84TH, 332 WEST.—Beautiful, light, airy room; running water; adjoining bath; gentleman, couple.

84TH, 37 WEST.—Desirable single, double rooms; convenient elevated, subway; private house; references.

84TH, 332 WEST.—Beautiful light, airy room, running water, adjoining bath; for gentleman or couple.

85TH, 122 WEST.—Attractive single room; unusual parlor floor, back parlor, private bath, kitchenette.

85TH, 120 WEST.—Medium or double room; running water. Telephone 8469 Schuyler.

85TH, 206 WEST.—Subway; 3-room suite, one flight; private entrance; references. Ohls.

85TH, 203 WEST.—Large, handsomely furnished room. Call 1 to 8. Ross.

86TH ST., (338 West End Av.)—Attractive, large room; private bath; electricity; phone; subway; $7.

86TH, 208 WEST.—Large, light room, convenient to bath; private family. Wader.

86TH, 275 WEST.—Large southern room, private bath; also rooms, bath adjoining.

86TH, 316 WEST, (near Riverside Drive.)—Exceptionally large and beautiful furnished room; table a specialty.

86TH, 307 WEST.—Uniquely furnished room, with porch, in Christian house; references essential.

91ST, 88 WEST, (near Park.)—Newly furnished large room; electricity; $9. Also single.

93D, 253 WEST.—Private family, comfortable room, bath adjoining, continuous hot water; references.

93D, 137 WEST.—Large room, near bath; electric light; private house; references.

## FURNISHED ROOMS.

### West Side.

93D, 259 WEST. — Beautiful floor, private house; will separate; modern conveniences.

94TH, 35 WEST.—Large room and bath; quiet home surroundings.

95TH, 351 WEST.—Large single room for rent, all conveniences; gentleman. Apt. 4W.

97TH, 251 WEST.—Large, light, front rooms and alcove; elevator; subway. Sutton.

97TH, 256 WEST.—Beautiful rooms, elevator, every convenience. 3494 Riverside. Apt. 4S.

101ST, 76 W.—Comfortable parlor room for gentleman; private. H. Van Damm.

102D ST., 240 WEST.—One or two elegant rooms, bath; meals optional; near Drive; Summer rates. Hamburger, Riverside 6248.

103D, 108 WEST.—Exclusive apartment house; beautiful rooms; bath, continuous hot water. Johnson.

104TH, 116 WEST, (Apt. 44.)—Large, sunny, double room; private family; suit business couple; also smaller room; convenient to all car lines; electricity; elevator.

105TH, 201 WEST.—Newly decorated corner room; light and airy; modern elevator apartment.

105TH, 262 WEST.—Exquisitely furnished single rooms; electric light, bath, all conveniences; $4 weekly; exclusive neighborhood.

106TH, 248 WEST.—Outside room, private lavatory, telephone, elevator; gentleman; references. Clark.

107TH, 237 WEST.—Large, light room, electricity, elevator, telephone, $5; references. Howley.

108TH, 301 WEST.—Desirable suite, two rooms, private bath. Modern elevator apartment. 5B.

111TH, 536 WEST, (Apartment 66.)—Broadway; attractive large front room; private; gentleman.

111TH, 507 WEST.—2-room suite, exclusive, ideal for Summer. Apartment 44.

111TH, 535 WEST.—Large, light cool, single or suite; telephone, elevator. Lawrence.

112TH ST., (3,880 Broadway.)—Exceptional rooms, suitable for gentleman; seen to appreciate; best reference. Apartment 11.

113TH, 600 WEST.—Attractively furnished outside room, opposite bath; superior apartment. Johnston.

121ST, 527 WEST.—Large, light, attractive rooms; modern elevator apartment; $5-$6. McCague.

122D, 214 WEST.—Newly furnished, attractive rooms; cool, airy, select neighborhood; improvement; reference.

124TH, 557 WEST.—Desirable cool rooms, in clean elevator apartment; $2.50-$6. Karlson.

127TH, (3,148 7th Av.)—Large front room; twin beds; second floor; $7. Mrs. Jervois.

136TH, 600 WEST, (Apt. 8A.)—Beautiful, airy room; elevator; bus, subway.

136TH, 615 WEST.—Exclusive use kitchen, parlor, sleeping room, bath; accommodate three comfortably; $10; single room, $4. Apt. 10.

137TH, 502 WEST.—Elegantly furnished room for two gentlemen, refined couple. Audubon 1265

143D, 501 WEST.—Large single front, adjoining bath; scrupulously clean. Apartment 27.

144TH, 427 WEST.—Beautiful large room, dressing room, running water, electricity; smaller room.

144TH, 600 WEST.—Large parlor, front, $8; convenient location; electricity, elevator. Turner.

136TH, 601 WEST, (corner Broadway.)—Attractive outside room, gentleman or business lady; elevator, shower; $4, $5.

136TH, 550 WEST, (off Broadway.)—Attractive outside one, two rooms; elevator. Morningside 4860.

152D ST., 358 WEST.—Elegantly furnished, attractive, very large room in refined private house.

ATTRACTIVE outside room, southern exposure, trained nurse or business woman; seen by appointment. West 97th St., near Riverside Drive. Telephone 7830 Riverside.

BROADWAY, (corner 52d, 214 West, 1B.)—Exquisitely furnished corner front parlor, bedroom adjoining; cool, delightfully comfortable; electricity; phone, shower bath; parquet floors; near subway, surface; refined, quiet; $12.

BROADWAY, (108th St.), near Riverside.—Desirable room, furnished as combination sitting room and bedroom, private bath. Academy 3305.

BROADWAY.—Riverside, one or two large front rooms, private bath; $15-$25; high-class apartment. Phone Academy 3238.

CARNEGIE HALL STUDIO.—Large outside studio; Steinway grand; telephone; running water; charmingly furnished; sublet for Summer; entrance exchange. 154 West 57th.

CLAREMONT AV., (116th St.)—Cool single room, bath adjoining, high-class apartment, private Christian family; subway and Riverside bus 2 minutes. Phone Morningside 1388.

CLAREMONT AV., 25, (Near 116th Broadway Subway.)—Sacrifice seven or eight rooms; three rooms overlooking Columbia; delightfully cool; completely furnished; piano. 4834 Morn. Ernst.

CONVENT AV., 425, (148th St.)—Large room, small room; private residence; breakfast optional; references; owner. Telephone Audubon 3435J.

ONE OR TWO persons can find superior accommodations in refined private family, 116th and Broadway. Phone Cathedral 9054.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 244, (corner 97th.)—Three elegantly furnished outside rooms; bachelors preferred; modern conveniences; maid service; privilege of Long Beach bungalow week-ends; reasonable rental; references required. Phone Riverside 7522, Apartment B4.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, (116th Subway.)—Elegantly furnished front room or suite, $40-$75 month; gentleman; overlooks Drive, Hudson; 12th floor; cool breese all Summer; immediate. Phone 672 Morningside.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 73, (Near 74th St.)—Private family will rent attractive, light outside room; references required. Apply elevator boy.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 73, (Near 79th.)—Attractive rooms, baths; overlooking Hudson; modern residence; gentlemen.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 78, (80th.)—Magnificently furnished suite, two rooms, bath; private house; service.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 668.—Sunny, outside room, running water; private family. Apt. 2S.

WASHINGTON HEIGHTS, Overlooking Hudson.—Attractive, large, outside room, private bath; reasonable. Farragut 3911.

WEST END AV., 519, corner 85th.—Beautifully furnished corner room in exclusive residence; four large French windows, twin beds. Phone Schuyler 5838.

WEST END AV., (77th.)—Bedroom, library, bath; large studio, lavatory, single, $6-17; permanent business people; private family. Schuyler 1888.

WEST END AV., 826, (100th.)—Superior bachelor accommodations; exclusive residence; breakfast. Riverside 5060.

WEST END AV., 706, (94th.)—Front room, lavatory, $6. Apartment 2 West.

## ROOMS WANTED.

### Furnished.

Wanted, by single young man, well connected, room with young married couple living in new or modern furnished apartment; Riverside Drive preferred; will be away about half the time; references exchanged. Address, giving full particulars and terms, Z 401 Times Annex.

Gentleman wants room and breakfast; up to date; shower, &c.; state how many in family, conveniences, and probable charge; references exchanged. N 562 Times Harlem.

Young man wants room on west side, between 72d and 96th; please give full particulars and state minimum rental. B 202 Times Downtown.

## BOARDERS WANTED.

### East Side.

15TH, 210 EAST, (Stuyvesant Park.)—Desirable light, airy rooms; board optional; references; telephone.

65TH, EAST, (Near Park Av.)—Exceptional opportunity; share privileges of a private home; excellent home table; references. Plaza 6631.

HOTEL RUTLEDGE, 163 Lexington Av., (30th St.)—For refined women. Why not live at a hotel if you can do so at lower cost than boarding or keeping house? Beautiful atmosphere; outside rooms; telephone, elevator; complete service; homelike; including meals, $18 weekly up. Tel. Madison Sq. 6160.

LARGE rooms; use of kitchen or attendance; fresh eggs. Telephone Lenox 7135.

LEXINGTON AV., 342, (39th St.)—Teacher's residence. Summer accommodations. Telephone 9708 Murray Hill.

MADISON AV., 218, (38th St.)—Attractive rooms; excellent table; references.

MADISON AV., 193.—Desirable rooms, with or without board; excellent table.

YOUNG LADY, congenial, to occupy cozy room in modern apartment; private family; reference; no other roomers. R 74 Times.

### West Side.

12TH, 129 WEST.—Large, front room, running water, with board; suitable one, two.

16TH, 20-22 WEST.—Large, small rooms, well furnished; excellent board; telephone.

47TH, 47 WEST.—Large and small rooms, private bath; excellent table. Bryant 8580.

49TH, 47 WEST.—Large, small rooms, with board; private bath, electricity, elevator; references.

51ST, 58 WEST.—Large room; southern exposure; table board; references.

58D, 57 WEST.—Attractive, quiet single room; near bath; excellent home table; references.

### 54 WEST 54TH ST.
Rooms, with board; references.

## BOARDERS WANTED.

### West Side.

56TH, 62 WEST.—Desirable rooms, with board; table guests; references.

57TH, 323 WEST.—Beautifully furnished large front room; electricity, telephone; French family; references.

57TH, 351 WEST.—First-class, large room, private bath; French table; with electricity.

57TH ST., 319-321 WEST.—Double rooms, private baths; table board.

68TH, 50 WEST. — Handsomely furnished rooms, with private baths; electricity; Southern cooking.

72D, 261 WEST.—Attractive, large rooms, private baths; refined surroundings; board optional.

72D, 314 WEST. (Riverside.)—Handsome suite, single room, with American family; excellent table.

72D, 212 WEST.—DOUBLE ROOMS PRIVATE BATHS; ELECTRICITY; TABLE BOARD. COLUMBUS 6396.

73D, 260 WEST.—Artistically furnished room, hot and cold running water, bath adjoining, in a new, handsomely furnished house, suitable for two gentlemen or married couple, $22 per week, including board; accommodation you would pay a hotel for room alone; superior cuisine; separate tables, parlor dining room; inspection invited.

### 72D ST., 112 WEST.
DESIRABLE ROOM; REFERENCES.

74TH, 102 WEST.—Desirable rooms with private baths, electricity, and private phones.

76TH, 57 WEST.—Large connecting rooms, single, also parlor; excellent cuisine; table guests.

70TH, 129 WEST. — Single, double rooms with, without private bath; home table; reasonable.

78TH, 239 WEST.—One large room; with, without bath; fine location; excellent table.

77TH, 116 WEST.—Attractive rooms, running water, electricity, reception rooms; meals optional; reasonable.

78TH, 258 WEST.—An unusual house for unusual people; usual prices; two single rooms electricity, running water, telephone; references.

79TH, 114-132 WEST, (Wide, Parked Street.)—Unusual and attractive; large parlors; tearoom and lounge; steam heat; booklet.

80TH, 148 WEST.—One large, small room, board, electricity; homelike surroundings; references.

80TH, 124-128 WEST

## HELP WANTED—Female.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER.
ARE YOU BRIGHT, NEAT, AND COMPETENT? DO YOU SEEK AN OPPORTUNITY TO ENTER THE ADVERTISING WORLD? IF YOU CAN MEET THESE QUALIFICATIONS, ANSWER BY MAIL, GIVING FULL PARTICULARS. R 145 TIMES.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT and typist, one who is good at figures and who has had experience in manufacturing line; state experience, salary desired. M. L. 280 Times Downtown.

BUSINESS SCHOOL wants experienced teacher of Gregg shorthand and touch type writing; good salary. Z 251 Times Annex.

CHARGE CLERK, accountant, and assistant to foreman in high-class upholstery establishment; write, stating experience and salary. "A. A.," Box 60, 1,364 Broadway.

CHILDREN'S BUYER.
STEWART'S REQUIRE THE SERVICES OF AN EXPERIENCED BUYER FOR THEIR CHILDREN'S AND INFANTS' DEPARTMENT; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR HUSTLING, WIDE-AWAKE WOMAN; STATE FULL EXPERIENCE WITH FORMER FIRMS.
STEWART'S,
1,027 MARKET ST.,
PHILADELPHIA, PENN.

CLERICAL ASSISTANT in billing department; must be efficient and have some knowledge of figuring machine. Ensign model preferred; state experience and salary. M. E., 173 Times Harlem.

CLERKS.

To girls who have had the benefit of some high school training, our organization offers splendid opportunities. For those who are experienced indexers, mail openers, mail readers, inventory clerks, we have permanent, well-paying positions, but for those inexperienced, we have facilities for their training.

Call at once.

THE CHARLES WILLIAM STORES,
25 Washington St.,
Brooklyn, N. Y.

CLERK, experienced, good at figures; one with a knowledge of stenography preferred, for work in bank; opportunity to advance. O 320 Times Downtown.

CLERK AND TYPIST
experienced on confidential work; advancement assured; Christian firm. W. C., 298 Times Downtown.

CLERKS.—Corporation in Long Island City has several vacancies for experienced clerks; also comptometer operator; excellent working conditions, with rapid advancement; state age, experience, and salary expected. Clerk, 33 Jackson Av., Long Island City.

CLERK.—Young lady for clerical work in office of large manufacturing concern in Long Island City; experienced; excellent chance for advancement; state age, salary, qualifications. R 187 Times.

CLERKS, four, preferably with typing and adding-machine ability; Sunday half day instead of Saturday work; $12 per week. 220 East Broadway.

CLERK to examine policies and check rates; must be familiar with exchange rate; state experience and salary desired. O 292 Times Downtown.

CLERK in insurance office, to enter policies; state experience and salary desired. O 304 Times Downtown.

CLERK.—Young girl, bright, to do clerical work; must be careful and accurate. Apply by letter only, R 71 Times.

COUPLE Wanted.—Man and wife as gardener and cook. I have a three-acre farm out in the Jersey Hills, suburbs of Newark; I want a middle-aged man and wife, man as gardener, wife as cook; there are three in my family, two adults and twelve-year-old boy; the position is an easy one and the family considerate; I want a couple who will regard the position as a home rather than just a job; references must be good, although references don't count for everything. R 99 Times.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR wanted; state age and experience. O 306 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSWOMEN
experienced on mechanical drawing, preferably with knowledge of electrical work; high pay, short hours; fine working conditions.
WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
Near West St. Six blocks south of 14th.

DRAFTING DEPARTMENT CLERK, to take entire charge of filing drawings, keeping indexes, and assigning titles; must be experienced; give full particulars. L 186 Times.

DRESSMAKERS.—Experienced dressmakers wanted. Miss M. Cohen, 278 Grand St.

ELEVATOR OPERATORS for exclusive apartment houses under the owner's management; must be neat and polite; personal attention paid to welfare with frequent rest days; salary $50 a month with uniforms and gloves furnished. R 158 Times.

EXPERIENCED TEACHER of bookkeeping and Isaac Pitman shorthand for business school; state salary desired. Z 250 Times Annex.

FORELADY,
in ladies' fine dress house; splendid position for capable party.
J. & W. GOETZ,
10 EAST 32D ST.

GIRLS WANTED:
$9 PER WEEK TO START.
CAN EARN MORE ON PIECE WORK IN A SHORT TIME; WORK CONSISTS OF PREPARATION OF MAIL, SUCH AS FOLDING, INSERTING, STAMPING, &c., AND DOES NOT REQUIRE EXPERIENCE; PERMANENT POSITIONS ON CLERICAL WORK AT A HIGHER RATE OF WAGES WILL BE GIVEN THOSE WHO SHOW ABILITY AND INDUSTRY.

APPLY BETWEEN 8:30 AND 10, TO MR. GALLAGHER, 470 WEST BROADWAY, BETWEEN HOUSTON AND SPRING STS. TAKE 6TH AV. ELEVATED OR SUBWAY TO BLEECKER ST., OR 8D AV. ELEVATED TO HOUSTON ST.

GIRLS.
THIS IS YOUR CHANCE TO DO YOUR COUNTRY A PATRIOTIC SERVICE.
We need girls who have a knowledge of chemistry or physics (high school graduates preferred) to work in shop making scientific apparatus for Government use. Good pay for beginners; higher pay as soon as experienced; 48 hours per week, half day Saturday.
WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE STREET,
Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th.

GIRLS
to do light messenger work in offices; must be 16 years of age; $6 start.
WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE STREET,
Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th.

GIRLS.
SALARY $6 START.
NO EXPERIENCE NECESSARY.
EASY WORK.
STEADY EMPLOYMENT.
THOMAS J. LIPTON,
140 FRANKLIN STREET.

GIRL to wrap shoes. Regal Shoe Co., Broadway and 50th St.

GIRL experienced in manufacturing stationary office; must have printing office experience and cost and other records; resident of Greenwich Village section preferred; state experience and salary expected. O 341 Times Downtown.

GIRL, young, bright, for mailing and filing department; must have similar experience; state salary and details. D. H., 39 Times Harlem.

GIRLS to wait on trade in high-class confectionery store; good position. Allegretti, 18 West 38th.

GIRL, bright, for clerical work in embroidery factory, Bronx; good salary to start. Box 98, 2,121 3d Av.

GIRL to make samples, one familiar with envelopes preferred; this is an office position. Tension Envelope Co., 87 34th St., Brooklyn.

HOUSEKEEPER for country home in Fresnau, N. J., for gentleman and son; must be good cook, experienced, and capable of taking full charge. Address J. Menist, 100 Hudson St., New York City.

HOUSEHOLD ASSISTANT. — Middle-aged white woman, for light housework and assist with baby. A. M. Wolfe, 600 West 61st.

JANITRESS wanted, 20-family tenement. Inquire Ridley, 59 Allen St., sub-basement.

MODEL, perfect size 16, for sample room of high-class dress house. Robbins Dress Co., 136 Madison Av.

## HELP WANTED—Female.

JUNIORS
FROM 15 TO 18 YEARS OF AGE;
SPLENDID CHANCES FOR ADVANCEMENT; MUST COME WELL RECOMMENDED; AT WANAMAKER'S. APPLY JUNIOR OFFICE, BASEMENT OLD BUILDING.

MODEL, well dressed, thoroughly experienced, perfect size 16, for misses' suit house. R 163 Times.

MODEL, TAIL, STYLISH YOUNG LADY SIZE 18, TO TRY ON DRESSES IN SHOW ROOM. DAVID I. ULLMAN, 1 EAST 33D.

NECKWEAR.
Experienced forelady on men's neckwear to take entire charge of factory; only those with long experience with large houses need apply; personal interview required.
I. ISAAC & CO.,
880 BROADWAY, CORNER 19TH.

NURSES, undergraduates, for Seaside Hospital of St. John's Guild. Apply at office of Guild, 103 Park Av., on Wednesday and Friday, between 2 and 4 in the afternoon.

NURSE wanted for sixteen-months-old baby; experienced, settled woman; country; salary $40-$45. T. B. Lewis, Freehold, N. J.

NURSE or mother's helper for two children; references. Apply 10-12 today, Apt. N, 697 West End Av.

OFFICE ASSISTANT wanted; experienced, bright, capable, with good education; must be first-class bookkeeper, stenographer, and typist; salary moderate to start; answer fully. R 89 Times.

OPERATOR, TELEPHONE, in law office, with knowledge stenography and typewriting; some experience essential. O 348 Times Downtown.

PRINTING CORPORATION REQUIRES COMPETENT ORDER CLERK; must have sufficient knowledge of the business. Write fully, B 221 Times Downtown.

UNDERWOOD TYPIST wanted, who also understands clerical work; salary $50 month; hours of employment 9-5:30, Saturday, 1 o'clock; pleasant surroundings. Call at the H. W. Gossard Co., 334 4th Av., 12th floor.

REPRESENTATIVE, well educated woman over 30, capable of earning $30 per week, for out-of-town position with large educational society; good reliability more necessary than experience; salary and extras to right party. Call Mrs. Cloyes, 110 West 34th St.

SALESWOMEN
FOR
SHOES, WASH GOODS, WHITE GOODS, AND HOUSE FURNISHINGS.
APPLY SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE, FIFTH FLOOR.
GIMBEL BROTHERS,
83D STREET,
NEW YORK.

SALESLADY.—Refined girl or woman; high-class personality; exceptional opportunity; experience unnecessary; $35-$50 week commission; salary second week; permanent; Suite 2338, 15 Park Row.

SALESWOMEN.

ABRAHAM & STRAUS,

FULTON ST., BROOKLYN.

We require saleswomen for our cut glass, drug, glove, muslin underwear, housefurnishing, neckwear, ribbon, and stationery departments; experience not necessary. Applications may be made any day between the hours of 9 A. M. and 5:30 P. M. at the Superintendent's office or by mail.

ALSO

SHOE DEPARTMENT

requires saleswomen of first-class experience, thoroughly versed in the selling and fitting of shoes; a permanent position at liberal salary is offered to those possessing the necessary qualifications. Apply to Superintendent.

ALSO

WRAPPING DEPARTMENT

requires several young girls to wrap parcels; experience not necessary. Apply to Superintendent, Department of Wrapping, Subway floor, Central Building.

SALESWOMEN.—Young women wanted by large food manufacturer for selling to retail grocery trade in New York City on salary basis; sales experience desirable but not essential. Reply, giving age and business experience, Z 399 Times Annex.

SALESWOMEN, experienced; also demonstrators, to represent high-class toilet line; out of town; highest salary paid; references required. Call between 11-1, Aubry Sisters, Inc., 104 East 25th.

SALESWOMAN, over 21; retail experience desirable but not essential; must be able to talk convincingly to men and willing to work hard for a living salary; apply 9 to 12. Wilke's Retail Pipe Store, 287 B'way.

SALESLADY, experienced, in bakery; good position, hours, and pay for right party; references. H. B. Cushman & Co., 49 Church St.

SECRETARY'S ASSISTANT, in architect's office; stenography, typewriting, filing, &c.; state age, experience, and salary. R 150 Times.

SODA DISPENSER. — References required. Galpin's Drug Store, 57th and 6th Av.

STENOGRAPHER.—Immediately, to well educated, rapid dictation, correct transcribing; read notes, steady position, with advancement. Apply Whitney, 250 West 54th St.

STENOGRAPHER. — Fine, steady position, with advancement, for one competent; excellent opportunity; state experience, age, and salary. Langdon Piano Co., 82 Brown Place, Bronx.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced, energetic, and intelligent for large and progressive import and export house; closed Saturday, open Sunday; state experience, salary expected. H 150 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY TO DEPARTMENT HEAD OF LARGE CORPORATION WANTED; RAPID DICTATION; EXCELLENT POSITION, PAYING GOOD SALARY, BUT DEMANDS EXCEPTIONAL ABILITY; APPLICATION MUST BE TYPEWRITTEN AND STATE FULLY EXPERIENCE AND SALARY DESIRED. H 113 TIMES.

STENOGRAPHER for President of old-established wholesale and importing house; must have speed and experience; splendid opportunity for refined young woman; salary $25. Call 36 Hudson St.

STENOGRAPHERS.
BIG PLANT.
GOOD WAGES, ADVANCEMENT.
FREE TRANSPORTATION.
NO FEE.
APPLY DU PONT COMPANY,
244 WEST 23D ST.

STENOGRAPHER. — Competent typewriter, (Underwood,) and general office assistant for office in Long Island City; easily reached from Manhattan, Bronx, and Brooklyn; state details of experience and salary desired. R. A. Y., 150 Times.

STENOGRAPHER AND SECRETARY.—Engineering and advertising work; excellent permanent position for conscientious, able, and willing worker. To receive attention, state experience, salary, and give references. M 366 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young lady in office of large manufacturing concern in Long Island City; experienced; excellent chance for advancement; state age, salary, qualifications. R 138 Times.

STENOGRAPHERS, $18-$25; publishing, $22; typists, $12; filing, $14; clerks, $8-$10. Business Opportunities Co. Agency, 203 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER, knowledge of bookkeeping and general office detail; one who has initiative and confidence; salary $15 to $20, depending on ability. Hollander Machinery Co., 8 Howard St.

STENOGRAPHER.—One who can operate Monitor switchboard preferred; good salary, permanent position; write only, stating salary expected. Geo. S. Harral Co., 152 Havemeyer St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER and typewriter wanted to go to Saratoga Springs from June 15 to Nov. 1; state experience, age, and salary desired. T 94 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Large wholesale house requires the services of a competent stenographer. Write, stating age, experience, religion, and salary expected. R 161 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, for secretarial position; state age, give in detail education, experience, and salary desired. T 76 Times.

STENOGRAPHER - TYPIST, experienced, wanted; give full particulars; state age, experience, salary expected, etc., R 159 Times.

STENOGRAPHER wanted, with correspondence experience, for shipping office. Apply personally, Rooms 727-728, 25 Beaver St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young lady with year or more experience, contracting engineering firm; state age, experience, nationality, and salary expected. B 204 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, with knowledge of bookkeeping; steady; chance for advancement. Kensington Mills, 100 5th Av.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced; large publishing house; moderate salary start; with advancement. McCall, 236 West 37th St.

## HELP WANTED—Female.

STENOGRAPHER.—Intelligent young lady wanted; best of references required; excellent opportunity. H 146 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, also to assist with bookkeeping; state particulars. Address Clothing, 14 Waverly Place.

STENOGRAPHER and telephone switchboard operator, experienced, bright and neat. Apply 615 West 49th before noon; salary $14.

STENOGRAPHER, with at least one year's experience, for responsible position; salary $15; write with full details. T 77 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, with knowledge of switchboard; good salary; quick advancement. Tension Envelope Co., 87 34th St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER.—Beginner; salary $8-$10. Write O 350 Times Downtown.

STOCK CLERK, age 30 to 40, for retail store, good opportunity for advancement; best references. Apply in person, ask for Mr. Dits, E. B. Meyrowitz, Inc., 230 5th Av.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR, bright young lady, experienced on cord board; must have knowledge typewriting, filing. Apply, stating age, experience, salary desired, P. O. Box 54, Richmond Hill, N. Y.

TEACHER of common branches in upper grade of up-to-date institution school; must be college or training school graduate; 12 months' position; no outside duties; Saturday and Sunday off. Apply 470 West 145th St., at 4:30 P. M.

TELEPHONE OPERATORS, experienced in central office work; a few not now employed in telephone companies' offices who are willing to leave the city during the war; good salary and all expenses, including carfare, laundry, good board with pleasant, refined home surroundings; give full particulars as to telephone experience, family conditions, and present employment. V 884 Times Downtown.

TELEPHONE OPERATORS—Experienced in central office work; a few not now employed in telephone companies' offices who are willing to leave the city during the war; good salary and all expenses, including carfare, laundry, good board with pleasant, refined home surroundings; give full particulars as to telephone experience, family conditions, and present employment. T 302 Times Downtown.

TELEPHONE SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR and typist; must have had at least three years' experience; apply by letter, or call with hand-written application; salary $12. A. Simonson, 506 8th Av., near 42d St.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR wanted to run switchboard and also help in clerical work; salary $10 week. R 135 Times.

TYPISTS
we have a number of vacancies for rapid and accurate typists; advancement.
WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
Near West St. Six blocks south of 14th.

TYPISTS.—To operate Remington, Wahl billing machines. Call at Great Atlantic and Pacific Tea Co., 825 East 141st St.

TYPIST in manufacturer's office, to take care of switchboard; experience not necessary; salary $8. J. F., 447 West 31st.

TYPIST.—Intelligent and neat in work and appearance. Call Room 802, 450 4th Av., Mr. Riegel.

WAITRESS, colored, in first-class boarding house. Apply 154 West 129d.

WOMAN, bright, to acquaint refined families with attractive home photographs of children; agreeable work in city suburbs or Summer resorts; $25 to $45 weekly; drawing account; work sells itself; effort and persuasion necessary. Z 380 Times Annex.

YOUNG WOMAN, between 25 and 30; must be quick and accurate with figures; one capable of assuming responsibility; salary $15. Manifold Supply Co., 183 3d Av., Brooklyn.

YOUNG LADY.—Advertising agency wants young lady in contract department; must be experienced in making up lists and schedules; chance to assume charge of department. Hoyt Service Inc., 116 West 32d St.

YOUNG LADIES.—Opportunity for several in office of large manufacturing plant; state experience and particulars in full. Address R., P. O. Box 1317, N. Y. C.

WOMAN, for janitress work and do work for owner one day a week washing and cleaning; four light rooms. 558 West 36th St.

YOUNG GIRL wanted for office work; chance for advancement. Malcolm Strauss Co., 3 West 29th St.

YOUNG GIRL to attend store; no experience necessary. Goldblatt, 836 7th Av.

YOUNG LADY who has been employed in an export office to make out shipping papers, consular invoices, &c.; splendid opportunity. Muller Ex. Co., 80 South St., New York City.

YOUNG WOMAN, who is accurate and rapid in making entries and calculations; education and neat handwriting essential. Address in own handwriting, stating age, experience, and salary desired, H 110 Times.

YOUNG WOMAN who is accurate and rapid in making entries and calculations; education and neat handwriting essential. Address in own handwriting, stating age, experience, and salary desired, H 110 Times.

**Instruction.**

ATTENTION GIRLS, LADIES.
Learn telephone switchboard operating, typewriting, stenography, filing, dictaphone bookkeeping, billing. Capt. O'Brien, 112 East 23d; 137 Decatur, Brooklyn.

FILING.—We are unable to supply the demand for our graduates; instruction in day, evening, and correspondence courses; you will also be interested in our secretarial course; visitors invited. New York School of Filing, established 1912. Singer Building, New York.

PRIVATE SECRETARIAL TRAINING.
PRATT'S SCHOOL, 64 WEST 45TH ST.
INDIVIDUAL INSTRUCTION.

ATTENTION—FILING COURSE.
Filing course, $10. Why pay more? Capt. O'Brien School, 112 East 23d.

**Employment Agencies.**

ELSIE DIEHL AGENCY,
20 Vesey St.

Stenographers, secretaries, Wall St., $25; a great many others $22-$20-$18-$15-$13; beginners, $10.

Bookkeepers, $1,100 yearly; assistants, $16; ledger record clerks, $18.

Typists, $16-$18; beginners, $10-$12.

Office assistants, $26, permanent positions, uptown, downtown, $10-$12-$15-$18.
Telephone operator-typist, $15.

No registration fee.
Call 9-1.

PACE AGENCY FOR PLACEMENTS, INC.,
30 Church Street.

CORRESPONDENT, COLLEGE TRAINING, $16-$18.
BOOKKEEPERS—(2) GENERAL, $18-$25; KNOWLEDGE OF STENOGRAPHY, $18-$20; KNOWLEDGE OF STENOGRAPHY, SUMMER HOTEL, EXPENSES AND $40 MONTH; (3) ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPERS, $12-$15.
STENOGRAPHERS — (1) SECRETARIAL TRAINING, COLLEGE EDUCATION, $20-$25; (2) $18-$20; (1) $14.
TYPISTS—(1) EDUCATION AND EXPERIENCE, $18.
CLERKS—(3) GENERAL, CLERICAL, $15-$16; (2) GENERAL CLERICAL, $10-$12.

CALL IN PERSON 9 A. M. TO 2 P. M.

STENOGRAPHERS, &c.

We want reliable people who will start between $10-$22, with good advancement; many permanent positions also for bookkeepers, typists, clerks, &c.; Americans; high school preferred; free registration.
BRODY AGENCY,
289 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHERS.
Free Registration.
Newark, $25; others, $8 to $25. Bookkeepers, Typists, Clerks, Switchboard, Comptometers, Dictaphones.
FULTON AGENCY, 98 NASSAU;
489 5TH AV.

STENOGRAPHERS—(4) Law and banking, $15-$22; Spanish stenographer, beginner, knowing English, $15; typists, $15-$20; clerks, beginners.
MUTUAL SERVICE BUREAU,
41 LIBERTY ST. JOHN 998.

STENOGRAPHER, BROOKLYN, $95.
OTHER STENOGRAPHERS, $12-$21.
BOOKKEEPERS, BROOKLYN, BRONX, $25.
STENOGRAPHER-BOOKKEEPERS, $12-$15.
GOOD OPENINGS DAILY.
FLORENCE BLOCH AGENCY, 47 W. 42D.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, high school graduate; bank, $12-$15; typists, $16; exceptional opportunities; registration free. Gahagan Agency, 256 Broadway.

JUPP AGENCY, 87 Nassau St. — Stenographers, scores of positions, $10-$30; dozens bookkeepers, some combining stenography; dictaphone operators, typist.

STENOGRAPHERS, $12-$25; bookkeeper, stenographer, $25; bookkeepers, $15-$20; clerks, $13. Owens Agency, 165 Fulton St., Times Building.

STENOGRAPHERS, typists, bookkeepers. Hodges-Brown Agency, Room 600, 93 Nassau St., and Room 912, 1,457 Broadway. Free registration.

STENOGRAPHERS, in town and out, $12 to $30; other good openings. Business Service Bureau, 309 Broadway.

EFFICIENT EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE AGENCY, 10 East 43d.—Stenographers, $15-$25; bookkeepers, $18-$20; ledger clerk, 18; typists; reception clerk.

STENOGRAPHERS, Office Assistants, Typists, Bookkeepers; good openings for educated, refined Americans. Clark Agency, 8 Beekman St. Cortlandt 4249.

LEDGER CLERK, stenographers, typists, miscellaneous clerical; worth while investigating. Mighill, Fleiron Building.

## HELP WANTED—Female.

**Employment Agencies.**

AMERICAN
EMPLOYMENT
EXCHANGE,
115 BROADWAY.

Bookkeeper-Stenographer, (Insurance,) $1,-800 year.
Bookkeeper, (manufacturing,) $1,000-$1,800 year.
If you are qualified in any of the following branches of work you will probably secure a satisfactory position by calling upon our Mrs. Spier, Room 708:
STENOGRAPHERS, BOOKKEEPERS, KNOWLEDGE STENOGRAPHY; BOOKKEEPERS, LEDGER CLERKS, FILE CLERKS, TYPISTS, BILL CLERKS, ELLIOTT-FISHER OPERATORS, TELEPHONE OPERATORS, KNOWLEDGE TYPING; CLERICAL GIRLS, ACCURATE AT FIGURING.

BOOKKEEPER wanted; must be experienced and capable; liberal salary. Phone Stuyvesant 2366 for interview. T. B. Wallace Agency, 1 Union Square.

RELIABLE COUPLES of all capacity. Herwig's Employment Agency, 944 3d Av.

## HELP WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT.
Large New Jersey manufacturer requires the services of an expert accountant, not a bookkeeper, thoroughly familiar with manufacturing cost work; excellent opportunity for a man of initiative and originality. State age, education, experience, and salary desired to A. L., 236 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, senior, qualified by extensive and varied experience, wanted by growing firm of accountants, who pay according to merit; applications treated confidentially. A 879 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.—Permanent position for experienced junior in office of certified public accountant; state age, nationality, and salary expected. R 79 Times.

ADVERTISING.—One of the leading publications in New York has opening which affords splendid opportunity to learn the business for young man, between 18 and 19, preferably high school graduate who thinks he has tendency toward selling; applicant must possess initiative, be an earnest worker, and come well recommended. Address, stating references, salary expected, and telephone number, Z 374 Times Annex.

ADVERTISING man of high character has wonderful opportunity to run agency; owner is drafted; no money required; he must, however, control at least one newspaper advertising account; your own terms if you have account; you must act immediately. H 182 Times.

ADVERTISING department assistant, Brooklyn metal manufacturing company; preference to applicants who have draft exempt and have some knowledge of printing; salary $18-$20 week start; state age, nationality, qualifications in detail. Z 391 Times Annex.

ADVERTISING CLERK, familiar with accepting classified advertisements and subscriptions, by larger metropolitan daily; state salary expected and past experience. X 207 Times Annex.

APPRAISER.—Loan office, high class establishment, offers a splendid opportunity to a first class diamond appraiser and salesman; must be experienced; only written applications entertained; state fully experience, age, &c.; applications held in confidence; salary. Charles Lang & Co., 602 6th Av.

ASSISTANT in office; bright young man with high school education or some college; must be interested in Christian work and have a capacity for growth into position of responsibility and leadership. Apply West Side Y. M. C. A., 318 West 57th St. See Mr. Nyhan.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER for general office of large corporation; must be good writer and accurate at simple mathematics; state age, experience, extent of education, &c.; salary $17. O 338 Times Downtown.

ASSISTANT in cost department; young man wanted; must be accurate at figures and have had some experience in figuring manufacturing costs. Apply Elevator Supplies Co., 15th St. and Willow Av., Hoboken, N. J.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER. — EXPERIENCED LEDGER CLERK; MUST BE QUICK AND ACCURATE. JOHN S. BILLS & SON, NORTH RIVER AND 37TH ST.

ASSISTANT STOCK CLERK, one with knowledge of Ford parts. Hayes-Dieenderfer Co., 1,872 Broadway.

AUTOMATIC SCREW
MACHINE OPERATORS
on
Browne & Sharpe & Gridley.

If you want a steady job at highest rate or wages in a 48-hour a week shop, pay time and a half for overtime, and where you will be treated like a man—apply immediately.

SIMMS MAGNETO CO.,
BLOOMFIELD, N. J.

AUTOMOBILE MECHANICS wanted; only first-class, experienced men need apply; also automobile electricians, experienced on starter and generator. Apply Superintendent, 42 West 62d St.

A TEXTILE MILL
With a rapidly growing business and employing about 2,000 operatives
REQUIRES THE SERVICES OF
A MAN
thoroughly experienced in mill management and capable of taking an active part in its manufacturing activities. A liberal salary will be paid and the opportunity given, if desirable, to acquire an interest on which large and steady returns are assured. Answer Box P 183 Times.

BANK CLERKS.
Young men wanted by a New York bank; high school graduates or experienced clerks preferred; excellent opportunities offered to competent men; monthly bonus paid and dinner furnished; reply in detail as to experience, religion, and salary expected. A 880 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER
IN THE OFFICE OF A BROOKLYN MANUFACTURING CONCERN; YOUNG MAN WHO HAS HAD EXPERIENCE ON CONTROL ACCOUNTS AND WHO CAN ASSIST IN GENERAL OFFICE ACCOUNTING; PERMANENT POSITION WITH GOOD PROSPECTS; GIVE AGE, EXPERIENCE, AND SALARY EXPECTED. ADDRESS GAMMA, 416 ARBUCKLE BUILDING, BROOKLYN.

BOOKKEEPER in broad silk mill, Northern New York; previous similar experience required; answers confidential. Write full details, former employment, salary expected, and references, Manhattan Silk Co., 93 Madison Av.

BOOKBINDERS wanted for all-around job work; steady work; union shop; state experience and wages wanted. Apply G. F. Schwenker & Co., 226 Wyoming Av., Scranton, Penn.

BOOKKEEPER. — PERMANENT POSITION WITH LARGE REAL ESTATE CONCERN; MUST BE WELL RECOMMENDED AND EXPERIENCED; STATE AGE, NATIONALITY AND SALARY DESIRED. BOX T 75 TIMES.

BOOKKEEPER wanted by a Jersey City company; a young man with good education and accounting ability; excellent opportunity for advancement. Address M 898 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Double entry; one who can operate Elliott-Fisher machine and take off trial balances. Address, stating age, experience, references, and salary desired. V 355 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, thoroughly competent double entry, to take charge; excellent opportunity for the right man; give full details of experience, age, salary, &c. O 351 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER wanted, manufacturing experience only, in State of Connecticut; give full particulars as to age, nationality, if employed and references if you want your application considered; answer immediately. Address Box 62, Plantsville, Conn.

BOOKKEEPER, must be thoroughly experienced, accurate, and familiar with trial balances and financial statements. D. D., 1,364 Broadway.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST.—Young man for Gentile music publishing house; experience, double entry, controlling accounts, trial balance. R 128 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED, TO TAKE COMPLETE CHARGE OF BOOKS. BRODER & CO., 46 WEST 25TH ST.

## HELP WANTED—Male.

BOOKKEEPER and typist, aged 18 to 20. Write, stating experience and salary, William Schwenn Iron Works, 830 Lexington Av., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER wanted. Apply by letter Bookkeeper, 33 Jackson Av., Long Island City.

BOOKKEEPER, double entry, wanted in branch of building industry; state experience and salary expected. R 140 Times.

BOOKKEEPER wanted for branch store; 40 years old; experienced; references. Consolidated Dental Depot, 45 West 34th.

BOOKKEEPER wanted for medium-sized department store to go to Wheeling, W. Va. Call Thursday, 5:30 P. M., Ben F. Levis, 37 West 28th St.

BOOKKEEPER and stenographer for import house; state salary and references. A 364 Times Downtown.

BOY WANTED
by large wholesale shoe house; excellent chance for ambitious boys; good salary.
McELWAIN, MORSE & ROGERS,
21-29 Hudson St., N. Y.

BOYS,
Must be 16 years or over, for messenger and mail service; minimum salary $9; good opportunity for advancement in electrical business.
WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th.

BOYS wanted, between 16 and 19 years of age, to start with old-established house offering commercial training in the steel line; experience not necessary, but must be ambitious and quick to learn; high school graduates preferred; moderate salary to start, but early advancement and excellent future; state age, education, salary expected. O 260 Times Downtown.

BOYS.—Large insurance corporation has several permanent positions open to public school graduates; some high school education preferred; unusual opportunity for advancement and to learn business; experience not necessary, but must be of good address, bright, and quick to learn; give age, nationality, education, and experience, if any. O 339 Times Downtown.

BOYS.—Ambitious office boys, 16-18 years of age, public or high school graduates preferred; excellent opportunity for intelligent boys of good habits with marine department large insurance brokerage corporation; address own handwriting stating references, nationality; salary $9. V 312 Times Downtown.

BOYS, (15-17.)—Important business concern in the financial district has permanent positions with opportunities for advancement for several elementary or high school graduates; short hours, enabling evening schooling; salary, current rate; application confidential. V 224 Times Downtown.

BOYS.—$8 A WEEK TO START. APPLY TO THE WALL STREET JOURNAL, 44 BROAD ST.

BOY.—To operate blueprinting machine and make himself generally useful around drafting room; experience not necessary; opportunity for advancement; in reply give age, nationality, and experience, if any. V 877 Times Downtown.

BOY.—Bright boy who wishes to earn extra money may obtain position in advertising office from 5 P. M. to 9:30 P. M.; salary $5 weekly to start; must be well recommended. Apply H. L. Goldman, 2d floor, 220 West 42d St.

BOY, by New York Stock Exchange house; one just out of school preferred; good chance for advancement for bright young man; state religion. V 328 Times Downtown.

BOY.—For long established import and export house of W. H. & F. Jordan, Jr., Inc.; good chance for advancement; $10-$12 a week. 124 Water St., New York City.

BOY, age 14-15, wanted for office work by large corporation; good hours, surroundings and advancement. R. N., Box 70, Station D, New York.

BOYS.—Neat appearance; experience unnecessary; salary to start, $8 per week. Call Manhattan Storage and Warehouse Co., 42d St. and Lexington Av.

BOY.—An excellent chance for bright, willing boy in concern offering many opportunities for advancement. Call at 192 Diamond St., Brooklyn.

BOY in wholesale woolen house; state age, reference, and salary expected. A 825 Times Downtown.

BOY for drawing office; good chance for advancement; state age, salary, education. Permanent, L 188 Times.

BOY wanted for general office work and mailing department. C. E. Sheppard Co., 811 Hudson St.

BOY wanted in a banking house; must come well recommended; good opportunity for bright young man. Apply Opportunity, P. O. Box 1910, New York City.

BOY in downtown office; no experience necessary; good salary; quick promotion for brightness and energy. Geller, Rolston & Horan, 22 Exchange Place.

BOY wanted; bright, energetic, as stock runner; must be familiar with Wall St. and deliveries. Apply room 1034, 25 Broad St.

BOY wanted, about 16 years; salary to start, $6. Apply own handwriting, G. P. Victorson, 58 Worth St.

BOY in insurance broker's office. Call before 12 o'clock Thursday, J. D. Wyeth & Co., 91 William St.

BOY.—Experienced in shipping department skirt house. Apply Nathan Schuss & Co., 2 West 33d St.

BOYS, (TWO,)
work in electrotype foundry; $12 start. Apply Knickerbocker Electrotype Co., 424 West 33d.

BOY, mechanically inclined, for office work; good opportunity for right boy. V 365 Times Downtown.

BOY to run errands; splendid opportunity for advancement. Andrew H. Kellogg Co., 141 East 25th.

BOYS, 14-17. Apply Room 210, New York Public Library, 476 5th Av.

BOY wanted; good worker; steady job. Sydeman Rubber Co., 225 4th Av.

BOY wanted; good chance for advancement. Room 1608, 170 Broadway.

FREIGHT ELEVATOR MEN, (2,) $14 weekly; call after 9 A. M. J. J. Little & Ives, 425 East 24th St.

BUSINESS MANAGER wanted, competent, for a large medical concern; must have a thorough knowledge of drugs and medical propaganda; references required. Address in own handwriting, R 112 Times.

BUSHELMAN wanted, men's tailoring, S. Jacobs, 12 Newark Av., Jersey City, N. J.

BUYER.—Automobile accessory and hardward buyer wanted for mail order house; live wire wanted; splendid opportunity for advancement to the right party. Apply daily, 1-4 P. M., Williams, Belmont & Co., 23 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

CABINET MAKERS.
High wages.
GOOD WORKING CONDITIONS;
ON GOVERNMENT WORK.
MUST BE CITIZENS.
STANDARD AIRCRAFT CORP.,
Brunswick Av., Elizabeth, N. J.

CABINET MAKER.—First-class man experienced setting up and polishing furniture; steady position. George Fennell Co., 2,931 3d Av.

CALLERS.—Experienced in fancy goods and notions. New York Merchandise Co., 119 5th Av.

CARPENTERS,
OUT OF TOWN,
GOOD WAGES,
FREE TRANSPORTATION,
NO FEE,
STEADY WORK.
APPLY DU PONT COMPANY,
244 WEST 23D STREET.

CARPENTERS and LABORERS for rough work, Whale Creek Wharf Co., Green St. and Whale Creek, Brooklyn.

CASHIER AND ACCOUNTANT, an experienced man, must be above draft age and of good address; excellent opening for right person; answer in writing, giving experience and references, New Rochelle Water Company, P. O. Box 1007, New Rochelle, N. Y.

CHAUFFEUR.
A young man with two or more years' experience, Hudson car, country during the Summer; state full particulars and salary. F. F., 373 Times Downtown.

CHAUFFEUR for country and city, single man preferred, expert driver and mechanic, first class, in steady position; must be well recommended. Write, stating experience and salary. E. D., Box 514, 1,364 Broadway.

CHAUFFEUR wanted for Summer, country place; young man to drive a Ford and do little work; wages $60, room and board; references. Mrs. Minturn, 37 Madison Av.

## HELP WANTED—Male.

CHAUFFEUR wanted, private garage; Pierce-Arrow car principally; wages $20 per week; single man preferred. O 343 Times Downtown.

CHAUFFEUR.—First class, for temporary position for two weeks; must have good references; good salary with board. Address A. J. W., P. O. Box 822; phone Broad 3831.

CHAUFFEUR for Cadillac eight touring car for country near by; state references and salary expected. Box 878 Times, 2 Rector St.

CHAUFFEUR for all kinds of repairs; Ford; country road. Marx, 1,242 3d Av.

CHARGE CLERK, accountant, and assistant to foreman in high-class upholstery establishment; write, stating experience and salary. "C. C.," Box 50, 1,364 Broadway.

CHECKERS.—Experienced in fancy goods and notions. New York Merchandise Co., 119 5th Av.

CHEF, first-class, wanted for private family

## HELP WANTED—Male.

REPORTER.—Young man as reporter for monthly trade paper in New York City; aptitude for the work essential. H 168 Times.

RETOUCHERS, first class, wanted on photographs. Sterling Engraving Company, 200 William St., New York.

SALESMEN.—3 MEN OF ABILITY TO SELL BONDS OF AN OPERATING AND ESSENTIAL INDUSTRY; MUST BE OF GOOD APPEARANCE AND FURNISH UNQUESTIONABLE REFERENCES; SALARY, COMMISSION, OR BOTH. O 312 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SALESMEN.—We want men of character and ability, with good references, draft exempt, to sell 6,000-mile guaranteed tires at 6,000-mile prices, direct from factory to user; we will teach right men to judge and sell tires, and all repeats will be credited to them; commission only, but on a generous basis. American Rubber Corporation, 1,974 Broadway.

SALESMAN of good appearance and address with connections sporting goods trade, military supply stores, department stores preferred; New York and Western States; salary and commission; splendid opportunity; references; state age, experience. X 211 Times Annex.

SALESMEN.

We are opening 11 new stores, best sections, and require salesmen to take charge of them. Provided you have A1 references, some selling experience, and at least a high school education, apply at once; drawing account and commission. Encyclopaedia Britannica, 288 4th Av., near 22d St. Mr. Wagner.

SALESMAN and live man for side line; opportunity to make $1,500 to $2,500 yearly selling our special accident, sickness, and automobile policy; great demand for same; cost only $10 for year's insurance; big commission. Call or write for particulars. Fred J. Schaefer & Co., 1123 Broadway, N. Y.

SALESMEN; traveling freight agents, railroad solicitors, we have desirable positions to offer men from those lines of endeavor, the work is permanent and the income far beyond the average; advancement to executive positions is the assured result of honest effort; commission. 1707, 52 Vanderbilt Av.

SALESMAN.

Young man with energy and personality will have permanent connection and opportunity to earn exceptional salary; department store acquaintance preferred. Apply mornings, before 10:30, Dickar Co., Times Building.

SALESMAN.—Good man wanted for our westbound consolidated car service department; only experienced man need apply; we are willing to make attractive proposition to right party; salary. International Forwarding Co., Inc., 470 Greenwich St., N. Y. City.

SALESMAN, representative man, covering Canada, to handle novelty line scarfs, take contract in pile fabrics and fur effect; must be good man and have outlet for whole Canada; 7½ commission. P 182 Times.

SALESMAN.—Resident, covering California, to handle novelty line; stoles, capes, and coatees; fur effects and pile fabrics; commission basis; right man can do big business. Z 884 Times Annex.

SALESMEN.—Two salesmen of good personality, accustomed to interviewing business men; big opportunity for right party; to represent the National Society of Real Americanism; books to sell; liberal commission. L. E. Stearns, 56 West 45th St., sixth floor.

SALESMEN.—Honesty, common sense and ambition will net from $9 to $20 in commission for every five hours' work; investigate; high class magazine-book combinations. See Mr. Fields, Monday, 9-11, 4-6, Thursday, Friday and Monday, 823 Marbridge Building.

SALESMAN leather goods to travel New York, Pennsylvania, and Ohio, with a manufacturer's line of popular price strap purses and ladies' belts; commission basis; interesting arrangement. X 201 Times Annex.

SALESMEN.—Experienced men of good personality to handle good class of trade in uniforms and military equipment. Apply, giving full particulars, age, references, experience, salary desired, &c., Ability. H 175 Times.

SALESMAN wanted to sell well-known electrical device; liberal commission. Apply between 9 and 12; see Mr. Walsh, Frantz, Premier Distributing Co., 1,283 St. Nicholas Av.

SALESMAN.—Leather goods, to travel New York, Pennsylvania, and Ohio, with a manufactured line of popular price straps, purses, and ladies' belts; commission basis; interesting arrangement. Z 379 Times Annex.

SALESMEN for Canada; resident to handle line of Capes, Coatees and Scarfs, Pile fabrics and Fur effects, these commanding big Canadian business; commission basis. R 165 Times.

SALESMAN in woolen line for ladies' and men's wear, one who is thoroughly familiar with conditions, to buy and sell; liberal commission with advancement. X 205 Times Annex.

SALESMEN wanted by large food manufacturer for city work, on salary basis; sales experience desirable, but not essential. Apply, giving age and experience. O 336 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN for city and States by manufacturer underwear and pajamas; those having established trade preferred; commission and drawing account. Particulars, H 186 Times.

SALESMAN.—Experienced salesman and estimator on interior marble work; must have knowledge of drafting; salary and commission. O 288 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Bathroom fixtures; high grade; splendid opportunity; territories established; commission basis. Bronze Products Society, 53 Hope St., Brooklyn.

SALESMAN.—Felt banners, pennants, and novelties; big sellers; commission basis. Eclipse Embroidery Works, Brokaw Building, 42d, Broadway, Room 915.

SALESMAN.—Live wire, to sell bond interest notes; commission; preferably one with brokerage experience. Box 374 Times, 2 Rector St.

SALESMAN wanted, well acquainted with millinery jobbing trade; salary or commission. Capable, 280 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, experienced, to cover the manufacturing trade for a large chiffon and netting house; commission basis. Chiffon, 181 Times.

SALESMEN.—College students, well dressed, spare hours advertising novelty. Arrow Press, 320 West 39th.

SECRETARY AND COURIER.—Wanted, a man to act as secretary and courier to a charitable organization visiting principal cities; knowledge of stenography and typewriting desirable; state age, terms, and qualifications. H 189 Times.

SHIPPING CLERK wanted in cotton goods house; must have experience and A1 references; should not be afraid of hard work; open Sunday, closed Saturday. Apply by mail at once, stating references and salary desired. S. Silverstein & Son, 3 Washington Place, New York.

SHIPPING CLERK.—Experienced, take full charge receiving piece goods from dyers, and full knowledge details silk business; write, stating salary and references. O 845 Times Downtown.

SHIPPING CLERK, familiar Bronx and Harlem; start $18; excellent opportunity. N 545 Times Harlem.

SHIPPING CLERK'S ASSISTANT wanted in wholesale paper warehouse. Apply George W. Miller & Co., 284 Lafayette St.

SHIPPING CLERK.—Mercantile house; thoroughly acquainted shipping duties; good marker. B 218 Times Downtown.

SHIPPING CLERK AND PACKER.—EXPERIENCED; GOOD OPPORTUNITY. BRODER & CO., 48 WEST 25TH ST.

SHIPPING CLERK.—Splendid opportunity for bright, aggressive young man. Call Kenjohn Company, 7 West 17th St.

SHOP HELPERS ON STRUCTURAL AND TANK WORK; ALSO SEVERAL SKILLED MECHANICS; STEADY EMPLOYMENT; ADVANCEMENT. EARL C. MAXWELL CO., 119 13TH ST., BROOKLYN.

SHOE SALESMEN. Regal Shoe Co., Broadway and 50th St.

SODA DISPENSER.—References required. Galpin's Drug Store, 57th St. and 6th Av.

STENOGRAPHER

To assist purchasing agent in large wholesale and manufacturing concern, one with slight knowledge of bookkeeping preferred; good opportunity for bright young man; state age, experience, salary. B. M., 178 Times.

STENOGRAPHERS,

young men; general office; good typists; night shift; five nights weekly.

290 Hudson St.

STENOGRAPHER, able to translate into Spanish, French, and Italian, to take charge of export office and meet foreign buyers; man of good address and references needed. Write S. S. Frank, Hotel Netherland.

STENOGRAPHER wanted by oil corporation, exempt from draft, with experience in purchasing department; good chance for advancement; answer, stating age, experience, &c., in full. O 815 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER wanted in small town 26 miles from New York City; good room provided; wages $100 per month; state fully your past experience and when available. B 216 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER wanted. Apply by letter Stenographer, 33 Jackson Av., Long Island City.

STOCK AND ORDER CLERK, experienced, wanted by wholesale novelty house; do not fail to state fully as to experience, salary and references. R 126 Times.

STOCK CLERK.—Young man, experienced in electrical or hardware line preferred; good opportunity. Write, giving full particulars and salary expected, M 61, 1,013 3d Av.

## HELP WANTED—Male.

STOCK CLERK to take charge of stock room; should be familiar with electrical materials; one having experience in the switchboard business preferred; good opportunity and steady position. Metropolitan Electric Manufacturing Company, East Av. and 14th St., Long Island City. Take Queensboro subway to 11th St.

STENOGRAPHER, competent, draft exempt, with traffic or railroad office experience; state age, nationality, experience, salary expected. V 362 Times Downtown.

STOCK SALESMEN.—Three issues to choose from; need several sales and office managers; excellent proposition; commission. Durell, Gregory & Co., 7 Wall St.

STOCK CLERK, about 19; must have experience; unusual opportunity for young man of ability; give full information. O 840 Times Downtown.

STOCK CLERK for restaurant to take care of stock room; chance for advancement; state age, experience, and salary expected. X 204 Times Annex.

SUPERINTENDENT in soap factory wanted; permanent position; communications confidential. Z 390 Times Annex.

SWITCHBOARD ASSEMBLERS on copper bus bars and small wiring; able to read blue prints; good pay; weekly bonus. Sprague Electric, 527 W. 35th.

TEACHER.—Spanish, German, and biology. Apply State School, 1,400 5th Av.

TOOLMAKERS.

First-class, experienced men, with at least 10 years' experience.

We work 48 hours per week.
Pay time and half for overtime.

If you desire a steady position and highest rate of wages in first-class, up-to-date shop, apply immediately.

SIMMS MAGNETO CO.,

BLOOMFIELD, N. J.

TOOLMAKERS.

First-class men only; high rates; good location; 48-hour week.

WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th.

TOOL AND DIE MAKERS.—First class. Robidoux Machine Co., 20 Fulton St., New York City.

TOOL AND DIE MAKER; first-class man. Gem Cutlery Co., 210 11th Av., corner 25th St. Apply seventh floor.

TRAFFIC MANAGER for large manufacturer located near Hackensack; must be thoroughly experienced, energetic, systematic and with the knack of handling men; write full history; good opportunity; permanent. 379 Times, 2 Rector St.

TYPIST WANTED BY DOWNTOWN PRINTERS; MUST BE ACCURATE OPERATOR AND GOOD ALL AROUND OFFICE MAN. O 337 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

TYPIST AND OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Rapid operator, fair penman; state experience, salary, &c. B 209 Times Downtown.

UNIQUE OPPORTUNITY FOR RIGHT MAN.

An opportunity occurs for a high-class, well-educated, AGGRESSIVE BUSINESS MAN, whose duties would be to call upon only leading manufacturers in America in connection with national commercial campaign. Would suit high-grade advertising or book or stock salesman. Only those who can show complete and successful selling record and supply first-class references, and who have been used to closing large contracts, need trouble to reply. KNOWLEDGE OF ORIENT AN ADVANTAGE. Principal of firm now in New York. Big money, based on results. Reply fully, confidentially, to Z 372 Times Annex.

WE WANT
A
COMPETENT MAN

to act as manager of a department operated along mail order line. A liberal salary will be paid to start, and the future possibilities are unlimited. The successful applicant must be an executive, a systematist, HAWLEY.

He has placed thousands of young men and women in permanent positions in Greater New York; openings now, clerical, stenographic, bookkeeping, technical, &c. Salaries ranging $10-$50.

THE WILLIS HAWLEY EXCHANGE,
32 Court Street, Brooklyn.

AMERICANS, (draft exempt.)—Bookkeepers, (3,) $18 to $25; office assistants, knowledge invoicing and Spanish, $25; excellent opportunity for advancement; many good positions.

MUTUAL SERVICE BUREAU,
41 LIBERTY ST. JOHN 993.

MEN, out of money or work, can secure meals, beds, employment, and other help on credit; no interest charged; willingness to work only reference required. Apply mornings, Y. M. C. A., 8 East 3d St., city.

MANY good openings, from $14 per week to $3,000 per year. Business Service Bureau, 309 Broadway.

JUPP AGENCY, 87 NASSAU ST.
STENOGRAPHERS, commercial, $20; engineering, $90 monthly; numerous others.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT in bank; $90 month; reliable; others. Brody Agency, 289 Broadway.

ACCOUNTANT, $40; bookkeeper, $30; correspondent, $25; clerical $16-$25. Mighill, Flatiron Building.

## AGENTS WANTED.

SALESWOMAN as direct factory representative to sell women users high-grade toilet goods on a liberal profit-sharing basis, all or part time; congenial and remunerative work for a refined woman; no experience needed; we teach you how. Write for selling plan, Pandora Co., 280 Verona Av., Newark, N. J.

## AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

AMESBURY classy roadster, practically new; electric starter, generator, lights; any demonstration trial allowed; must sell; cash or time. Best Shoe Store, 402 East 149th St.

BUICK, 7 passenger, 1916 model, 6 cylinder, in good condition; new electric battery just installed; price $750. Apply Mitchel Lehman, 10 Bond St.

BUICK 1916 seven passenger, 6 cylinder; perfect condition; bargain. Behrman Corp., 1,746 Broadway. Phone Circle 3727. Open evenings.

BUICK 1918 7-passenger touring; run about 4,000 miles. Morton W. Smith Co., 19 West 44th St. Murray Hill 1138.

BUICK 1917-1916 TOURINGS, roadsters. Flack, 1,700 Broadway, 3d floor.

CADILLAC 7-passenger limousine; A1 condition, $600. Chas. E. Riess & Co., Inc., 226 West 56th St., 4th floor.

CADILLAC 1916 touring; good condition. McGill, Opera House Garage, 146 West 39th.

CADILLAC 1917 Victoria; beautiful. Opera Garage, 146 West 39th St.

CADILLAC.—New 1918 touring car; $2,800. J. W., Broadway and 62d St., garage.

CHALMERS TOURING, $265.
Seven-passenger, first-class running order; electric lights, extra tires; bargain. John Moore & Co., 2,004 Broadway.

CHALMERS, "Master 6" roadster; good condition; extras; worth investigating; private owner; $550. W. S. Woods, 156 5th Av. Farragut 2360.

CHALMERS Sedan, 1917; beautiful car; brand new tires; runs and looks like new; no reasonable offer refused. Phone Decatur 4636; 1,203 Bedford Av., Brooklyn.

CHANDLER, 1917, limousine; dark gray upholstery; small mileage; good condition; price right. Detroit-Cadillac Motor Car Co., 536 Broad St., Newark, N. J. Tel. Mulberry 5240.

CHANDLER 1917 four-passenger Chummy Roadster; exceptional bargain. Behrman Motor Corp., 1,746 Broadway. Circle 3727. Open evenings.

CHEVROLET USED CARS.
Slightly used Baby Grand and 490 models; cheap. John Moore & Co., 2,004 Broadway, near 68th St.

CHEVROLET touring, 1916, self-starter, electric light, in first-class condition. Phone 4636 Decatur, 1,203 Bedford Av., Brooklyn; open evenings and Sunday.

COLE 1918 4-passenger sedan, practically new. Wallace, 236 West 59th St.

DE DION BOUTON 14 H. P. speedster, special design. General Auto Electric Co., Bryant 5533.

DODGE 1917 touring, $650; Reo 1917 runabout $625; Maxwell 1917 touring, $425; Buick 6-cylinder, 7-passenger, $675. Reo Agency, Bronx, 2,235 Grand Concourse, (182d St.) Open evenings and Sundays.

FIAT.—I wish to sell my Fiat 1915 five-passenger; perfect condition; new top; motor overhauled; reasonable. L 136 Times.

FORD coupelet, 1917; starter demountable rims; first-class condition. Fleetwood Garage, 167th St. and Webster Av.

FRANKLIN 1917 five-passenger touring, series 9. Behrman Motor Corp., 1,746 Broadway. Phone Circle 3727. Open evenings.

FRANKLIN 1918 touring, fine condition, excellent tires. Ireland, 1,651 Broadway. Circle 3249.

## HELP WANTED—Male.

YOUNG MAN for junior clerical position; one who can qualify for advancement. Apply Charles A. Schieren, 50 Ferry St., New York City.

WANTED—Middle-aged man for clerical work, one with a knowledge of bookkeeping preferred; excellent opportunity for a willing worker. H 147 Times.

WE REQUIRE THE SERVICES OF A THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED SALESMAN FOR TRUNKS AND HOUSEFURNISHINGS. APPLY SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE, FIFTH FLOOR, GIMBEL BROTHERS, NEW YORK.

Instruction.

STENOGRAPHERS WANTED.

The demand for stenographers, secretaries, and typists is unprecedented; why not qualify when in thirty days the average student writes 100 words per minute by Boyd's Syllabic Shorthand? Now is the time to register. Make reservations at once. Call, write, or telephone for three trial lessons and convince yourself. MOON'S SCHOOLS, 50 East 42d St., 557 West 181st St., New York; 370 East 149th St., near 3d Av., Bronx, N. Y., and 215 Livingston St., Brooklyn.

MEN—EARN $35 TO $75 A WEEK.

We teach Mechanical Dentistry by actual practice; no book study, short course, day or evening; easy payments; big demand now for our students. Write for free Booklet "C." Bodee Schools of Mechanical Dentistry, 15 W. 44 St., N. Y.; 15 Flatbush Av., B'klyn.

MEN—DOUBLE YOUR SALARY!

Earn $25 to $75 a wk.; we teach Mechanical Dentistry by actual practice—no book study; short course, day or evening; easy payments; big demand now; write for free booklet "C." Bodee Schools of Mechanical Dentistry, 15 W. 44 St., N.Y.; 15 Flatbush Av., B'klyn.

ANY ONE CAN LEARN to earn $25 to $100 weekly taking photographs; many jobs now open; we teach motion picture, studio, and commercial photography; 3 months' studio instruction; day or night; easy terms; call or write for booklet T. N. Y. Inst. of Photography, 141 West 36th St., N. Y.

ARE YOU INTERESTED

in a profession paying $3,000 to $15,000 yearly? We graduate experts. Day or night sessions. Class now forming. Write for Booklet C. Naturopathic Institute, 254 West 54th St., New York.

AIRPLANE MECHANICS.—Instruction day or evening; qualifying for Government or factory work. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th St.

Employment Agencies.

PACE AGENCY FOR PLACEMENTS, INC.,
30 Church St.

EMPLOYMENT MANAGER, broad experience with skilled mechanics; salary commensurate.

ADVERTISING COPY MAN, agency experience, to plan lay-outs; salary commensurate.

EXECUTIVES: Credit man, experienced in retail grocery line, $35-$40; (2) traffic men, near New York, $1,500; many other openings for high-grade men in similar lines of work.

ACCOUNTANTS: Experienced senior, semi-senior, and junior public accountants, $25-$70; chemical costs, Baltimore, $40-$50; Tennessee, costs, $1,800; other experienced cost men, $1,600-$2,000.

BOOKKEEPERS: (1,) Buffalo, fine opening; salary commensurate; New Jersey, must be experienced in manufacturing, $40; Springfield, Mass., $25; Long Island, $25; real estate, banking, general and other lines, $25; Jersey City, $23; knowledge of stenography, $20; (4) others, $18-$30.

STENOGRAPHERS: Erie, Penn., $30; secretarial, $25; (12) general dictation, $15-$20; travel, $15; (1) knowledge of Spanish, salary commensurate; (35) others, $15-$22; typists, $12-$15.

CLERKS: (3,) foreign exchange experience, $28 up; (1,) charge of bank mailing department, $23; bill collector, $23; (2,) temporary, $23; invoice, shipping, and traffic clerks, $23; cost and general clerks and cashiers, $22; payroll, $18; cost, Staten Island, $18; cable clerk, $18; (1,) general high school training, $18-$20; others, $18-$25.

CALL IN PERSON, 9 A. M. TO 2 P. M.

ELSIE DIEHL AGENCY, 20 VESEY ST.
Requires experienced clean-cut young men to fill permanent positions.
Stenographer, engineering, $1,800 yearly; others $90 monthly.
Bookkeepers, $25.
Ledger clerks, $20, $18.
Cost clerks, $18.
No registration fee.

LOOKING FOR A POSITION?

Consult HAWLEY.

He has placed thousands of young men and women in permanent positions in Greater New York; openings now, clerical, stenographic, bookkeeping, technical, &c. Salaries ranging $10-$50.

THE WILLIS HAWLEY EXCHANGE,
32 Court Street, Brooklyn.

AMERICANS, (draft exempt.)—Bookkeepers, (3,) $18 to $25; office assistants, knowledge invoicing and Spanish, $25; excellent opportunity for advancement; many good positions.

MUTUAL SERVICE BUREAU,
41 LIBERTY ST. JOHN 993.

MEN, out of money or work, can secure meals, beds, employment, and other help on credit; no interest charged; willingness to work only reference required. Apply mornings, Y. M. C. A., 8 East 3d St., city.

MANY good openings, from $14 per week to $3,000 per year. Business Service Bureau, 309 Broadway.

JUPP AGENCY, 87 NASSAU ST.
STENOGRAPHERS, commercial, $20; engineering, $90 monthly; numerous others.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT in bank; $90 month; reliable; others. Brody Agency, 289 Broadway.

ACCOUNTANT, $40; bookkeeper, $30; correspondent, $25; clerical $16-$25. Mighill, Flatiron Building.

YOUNG MAN of good education, enthusiasm and natural ability wanted by large publishing house to prepare advertising letters and circulars; one preferred who has had some selling experience in the technical field, electrical or mining; must know how to write convincing letters; must be a rapid producer and a deep digger; fine opportunity for the right man, but it is no position for one who has not the sales instinct or who has had experience writing unconvincing literature; state age, position in the draft, experience in full and salary expectation. R 144 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 17 or 18 years of age, in office of wholesale hardware firm to learn the hardware business, for which thorough training is necessary; high school graduate or attendant preferred; fixed line of promotion, starting on mailing desk at $8 per week, with advance in pay and position in three months and again in six months. Address B 203 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN with thorough training in the elements of accounting as assistant in office of publishing house; moderate salary with opportunity for advancement; in reply, state age, qualifications, experience, and salary desired. W. S. T., Box 448, Madison Square Station.

YOUNG MAN wanted in the accounting department of a large manufacturing plant; American, high school education, a plain writer, and good at figures; permanent position and good salary. Reply P. O. Box 1,012, New York City.

YOUNG MEN WANTED.

We want several young men from 17 to 20 years old for light factory work with splendid chance of advancement; wages $10 to $20 to start, according to position; half holiday Saturday. Hobbs Wallpaper Co., 18th and Willow Av., Hoboken.

YOUNG MAN, 18-19, preferably high school graduate, must be quick and accurate in carrying out detail, for clerkship which offers advantage of unusual training in advertising business; hours 8:30 A. M. to 5:30 P. M. Address, stating references, salary expected, and telephone number, Z 375 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN wanted by Christian firm to assist in order department of wholesale paper warehouse; good opportunity for advancement for bright young man; one having some experience in this line preferred. Apply George W. Millar & Co., 284 Lafayette St.

YOUNG MAN

with machinery production office experience; one able to operate typewriter preferred. Bloomingdale Bros. & Slocum Laboratories, Inc., 581 West 21st.

YOUNG MAN wanted, strong, active, to assist in packing and mailing newspapers; one accustomed to the use of a Dix mailing machine preferred. Apply in own handwriting to Box 1894, New York Post Office, downtown.

YOUNG MAN, about 19 years of age, strong and willing, to assist in stockroom; must come highly recommended; state salary expected and references. V 313 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, between 17 and 19, in office of certified public accountant; state age, salary, qualifications. V 368 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN to deliver and learn salesmanship; $9 weekly and commission on sales; bring references. 908 Times Building.

YOUNG MAN sell dry goods; salary basis; no commissions; state salary expected. B 211 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN wanted, 16-18 years, in executive office of large coal company; best of references required. H 148 Times.

YOUNG MAN wanted to take care of paper stock in downtown printing plant; salary $18; state age, references, and position in draft. A 899 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (16,) general office work. Apply Room 1910, 347 Madison Av.

YOUNG MAN, draft exempt, clerical, typewriting work; permanent position. Apply in person, R. L. Engs, 224 West 57th.

YOUNG MAN learn dry goods line, beginning as care stock; good chance. Advancement, B 212 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, draft exempt, quick and accurate at decimals and operate typewriter. Answer, in own handwriting, stating salary, Box 46 Times.

YOUNG MAN, assistant helper shipping department wholesale house. B 215 Times Downtown.

## AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

FRANKLIN four-passenger Chummy roadster, 1918. Behrman Motors Corp., 1,746 Broadway. Phone Circle 3727. Open evenings.

GRAND CENTRAL GARAGE,
231-241 East 47th.

Under new management; accommodations for 1,000 cars; two elevators, all conveniences; satisfactory service; reasonable.

HARLEY-DAVIDSON 1917, with side car electrically equipped, slightly used; will show any demonstration. Mr. S. Bumbolow, 330 East 166th.

HUDSON touring, 7-passenger, for sale; bargain; will buy light 5-passenger touring car, popular make, if cheap; must be in perfect condition, or will exchange. Phone J. C., Farragut 90.

HUDSON 1917 Super 6, touring; condition perfect. Owner, 1,790 Broadway, Room 402.

HUPMOBILE, Seven-Pas. Touring; Very Exceptional; REFINISHED; OVERHAULED. BRIGHTON, 1,077 ATLANTIC AV., B'klyn.

HUPMOBILE sedans, roadsters, 5 and 7 passenger touring cars; overhauled, repainted and fully equipped, guaranteed. Chas. E. Riess & Co., Inc., 226 West 56th St., 4th floor.

LANCIA 1917 SPECIAL ROADSTER.
LANCIA LATE MODEL TOURING.
WALLACE, 236 WEST 59TH.

LANCIA CABRIOLET 1917.
MILEAGE 5,000.
GEORGE WALLACE COPLEY.
665 8TH AV. PLAZA 4887.

LANCIA four passenger, Portholme (English) body; beautiful car in exceptionally fine condition; bargain. Ireland, 1,651 Broadway. Circle 3249.

LANCIA 1911 landaulet, 80 H. P.; $650. Grecier, Opera House Garage, 146 W. 39th.

MARMON 1917 Touring car; also Marmon Roadster; bargains. Cook Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

MAXWELL, 1917, TOURING CAR.
OVERHAULED; REFINISHED;
APPEARANCE LIKE NEW.
BRIGHTON, 1,077 Atlantic Av., Brooklyn.

MERCEDES TOURING, 60 H. P.,
4-PASSENGER SPORT TYPE;
ELECTRIC STARTING AND LIGHTING.
GEORGE WALLACE COPLEY,
665 5TH AV. PLAZA 4887.

MERCER 1916, seven-passenger; like new. Behrman Motors Corp., 1,746 Broadway. Phone Circle 3727. Open evenings.

MERCER 1917, Sport model, four passenger; price reasonable. Cook Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

MERCER, six-passenger, late 1916, practically new; no dealers. Owner, Col. 911.

MERCER late 1917, four passenger. Wallace, 236 West 59th St.

MOLINE KNIGHT, 1917, 7 passenger touring car; splendid condition; new car; guarantee. Silent Knight Motor Repair Shop, 549 West 53d.

MOON 1917, 6-48, five passenger touring; Spanish leather upholstery; excellent condition; reasonable. Call Bryant 6984.

NATIONAL speedster, very fast, perfect condition; $475 to quick buyer. Behrman Corp., 1,746 Broadway. Circle 3727. Open evenings.

OAKLAND SPECIAL RACEABOUT.
ELECTRIC STARTER. WIRE WHEELS.
FIVE NEW SHOES.
Brighton, 1,077 Atlantic Av., Brooklyn.

OLDSMOBILE 1916 "8-cyl."limousine, perfect condition; will sell to quick buyer, $675. Behrman Motor Corp., 1,746 Broadway. Phone Circle 3727. Open evenings.

OVERLANDS.—Remarkable values in reconditioned and guaranteed touring, roadsters, and closed models. Willys-Overland, Inc., Broadway and 50th St.

OWEN MAGNETIC; must dispose of my hardly used 1917 car; condition absolutely perfect throughout; no time for triflers or dealers. Owner, Box 73 Times.

OWEN MAGNETIC 1917 4-passenger sport type; mechanically guaranteed; original paint; wire wheels; extra wheels; tires. Columbus 8968.

PACKARD, 1917, touring, just from Packard service shop; condition guaranteed; fitted with latest type cylinder and pistons, new tires, rims, &c.; please make offer. Mrs. Randolph, Hotel Manhattan, Room 875.

PACKARD 1917 seven-passenger 2-35 touring car, absolutely perfect in every way; will not resist rigid test; must be seen to be appreciated. Victor Hess, Bretton Hall Garage, 150 West 85d.

PACKARD 1917 seven-passenger, 2x35, touring car; like new; can be bought direct from owner. Garage, 256 West 36th St., 3d floor.

PACKARD 1916 "1-35" Touring car, seating five; bargain. Cook Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

PACKARD, 1917 Touring, seven passenger; like new. Wallace, 236 West 59th St.

PEUGOT Sedan, like new in every way; cost $7,500; will sacrifice for cash. Ireland, 1,651 Broadway. Circle 3249.

PIERCE-ARROWS.
ALL PRESENT SERIES.
B-4 "48" LIMOUSINE.
B-4 "48" BREWSTER TOURING.
C-4 "38" LANDAULET.
C-4 "38" 4-PASS. ROADSTER.
SCHOONMAKER & JACOB, 1,700 Broadway.

PIERCE-ARROW (1915) limousine; 38 H. P.
PIERCE-ARROW (1915) collaps. tour., "38."
F. Turner, Broad. Phone 4478 Rector.

PIERCE-ARROW 38 car; in A1 condition. Telephone Astoria 402. No dealers.

SIMPLEX touring, one of the latest models; for further particulars phone Mr. Russell, 5470 Columbus.

SINGER 1907 LANDAU BROUGHAM.
Body has unusual good lines; engine in the best condition, develops high power; driven only 15,000 miles; equipped with wire wheels and new tires; cost $5,700; will sell for ,000; can be seen by appointment. W. E. Beckerle. Phone Vanderbilt 2400.

STANLEY STEAMER FOR SALE.
Practically new Stanley Steamer runabout, 8-passenger touring, commercial body, special condenser; wheel base 135 inches; 37x5 tires; price $3,200. Telephone Barclay 6084.

STEARNS KNIGHTS.
The famous Knight motor in a handsome body at a very moderate price. It will pay you to investigate. These overhauled and newly painted cars ready for delivery; 1917 8-cylinder touring with Victoria top; 1916 light 4 touring; 1915 light 4 touring, and 1915 light 4 limousine. Stearns Co., 417 West 55th St. (Columbus 7600.)

STEARNS KNIGHT light four touring; shipped from factory October, 1916; driven less than 5,000 miles; completely overhauled October, 1917, with new car guarantee; $750. Philpamo, 5,498 Riverside.

STEARNS-KNIGHT late 1917 seven-passenger; like new; fully guaranteed; sacrifice. Karp, Columbus 5322.

STUDEBAKER 7 passenger, Series 17, six cylinder; perfect condition; good tires, newly painted; owner must leave for camp; price $850 or take it once. Thurgar Garage, 1,826 Webster Av. Phone Tremont 4440. Ask for Bill.

STUTZ speedster, 1917, wire wheels; many extras; like new; bargain. Behrman Corp., 1,746 Broadway. Circle 3727. Open evenings.

STUTZ, 1917, for sale, four-passenger, chummy; wire wheels; slip covers, many extras, like new. Riverside 7759.

"WHITE" UNUSUAL BARGAINS.
"White" Town Car.
5 and 7 Passenger Touring Car.
Rebuilt 4, 2, 3, 5 ton Trucks.
Also White Taxicabs.
White Co., Park Av. and 57th St.
Used Car Dept. M. R. Greene, Mgr.

WILLYS-KNIGHTS.—Several reconditioned and guaranteed cars at prices that are right. Willys-Overland, Inc., Broadway and 50th.

WINTON Six, a seven-passenger touring car; electric lights, self-starter, overhauled, repainted; guaranteed. The Winton Co., Broadway, at 70th St.

1918 CADILLAC TOURING CAR.
Just overhauled and put in first class condition; all equipped; bargain. W. A. Trock, 411 West 55th.

Miscellaneous.

BURRELLE.

Largest and Best Selection of New and Rebuilt Cars in the World.

LATEST MODELS ONLY.
PIERCE ARROWS—
Tourings, Limousines, Broughams.
CADILLACS—
Tourings, Chummys, Coupes, Sedans.
STUTZES—
Speedsters, Runabouts, Tourings.
MERCERS—
Tourings and Runabouts.
HUDSONS, LOCOMOBILES, MARMONS,
OWEN MAGNETICS, PACKARDS,
LATEST IMPORTATIONS—
ROLLS-ROYCE, ISOTTA FRASCHINI,
DE DIONS, FIAT, OTHERS.

1,680 BROADWAY.
Bet. 52d-53d Sts. Entire Building.
Open Evenings Until 9.

ALEXANDER G. HARRIS,
1,700 Broadway.
Compare My Prices with Others.
H. A. L. "12" 1918, BRAND NEW 4 pass. Special Show Car.....$4,000
ROLLS-ROYCE 1918 4-passenger..... 7,000
FIAT "30" 1915 Touring Car..... 2,750
MERCEDES 60 H. P. Sport Speedster.. 2,000
CADILLAC 1917 Touring..... 1,800
CHANDLER 1918 Chummy; like new.. 1,850
S. G. V. 1915 Touring; like new..... 1,200
MERCER Racebout, special geared.. 1,100
CHANDLER 1917 Chummy Roadster.. 1,050
KISSEL 1917 Touring; like new..... 825
OLDSMOBILE 6-pass. Limousine..... 725
REO 4-cylinder Touring; like new..... 500
All of the above cars look like brand new, have been thoroughly overhauled, and are guaranteed for 90 days. You are cordially invited to inspect my Service Station. My overhead is by far the smallest of any high-class dealer on Broadway, enabling me to pay more for your car if you wish to sell, or save you money if you wish to buy. An inspection of my salesroom will convince you.
ALEXANDER G. HARRIS, 1,700 Broadway.
"Be Sure It's Harris."

Electrical repairs on automobiles done by experts. General Auto Electric Co., 537 West 56th St., Bryant 5533.

## AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

Miscellaneous.

BARGAINS IN SELECT USED CARS.
1918 CADILLAC touring.
1917 CADILLAC Chummy roadster.
FIAT (30) Sedan; foreign; latest importation.
CHALMERS landaulet, brand new; big discount.
1917 PACKARD touring.
1917 CADILLAC touring; like new.
1917 MITCHELL touring.
1916 REO touring; excellent condition.
1917 CHALMERS town car, little "6"; almost new.
1917 CHALMERS touring.
1917 ROSE "8" touring; excellent condition.
1917 SCRIPPS-BOOTH roadster.
1917 BRISCOE Chummy roadster.
1916 MERCER roadster; like new.
HUPMOBILE touring, excellent condition; submit offer.
1916 MERCER, sport model 22-72; excellent four passenger; driven less than 5,000 miles; cannot be told from new; submit offer.
1916 STUTZ roadster; practically new.
1916 STUTZ speedster.
1916 STUTZ speedster; runs like new.
MERCER speedster; very taking and fast.
1916 CADILLAC touring.
1917 CHEVROLET touring.
1917 STUDEBAKER touring.
TIME PAYMENTS ARRANGED.
TRADES CONSIDERED.
NEW YORK MOTOR CAR EXCHANGE,
557 WEST 55TH ST.
TWO DOORS FROM BROADWAY.
Open Sundays and Evenings.
Phone 667-668 Circle.

CHANDLER,
rebuilt, 90-day Guaranty.
USED CARS.
Model 17, 7-pass. Touring.
Model 17, 7-pass. Sedan.
Model 17, 7-pass. Limousine.
In elegant condition.
Model 17, 4-pass. Chummy Roadster.
Model 17, Special Sport Runabout.
Like new; wire wheels.
Model 17, 4-pass. Coupe.
Model 16, 7-pass. Touring.
OTHER MAKES.
1916 Maxwell Town Car.
1915 Pierce-Arrow 38 Limousine.
1914 5-pass. Buick Touring.
BRADY-MURRAY MOTORS CORPORATION,
1,884 Broadway,
New York City.

PACKARD 1917 "2-35" Touring.
PACKARD 1916 "3-35" Touring.
CADILLAC 1916 Brougham (Westinghouse.)
STUTZ 1916 Runabout.
SIMPLEX 1914 Holbrook Landaulet.
PACKARD AUTO EXCHANGE, 10 W. 60th.

FOR SALE.—1917 Chandler, Cloverleaf model; first class condition; price $900. Owner, Col. 688 Times Harlem. Phone Morningside 8483.

Motor Trucks.

PIERCE-ARROWS, new five-ton, for hire; short or long haul; daily Philadelphia trip both directions; Baltimore, Ireland, 1,651 Broadway. Phone Circle 3249.

PIERCE, PACKARD, WHITE, VIM. 20th Century Auto Co., 1,700 Broadway.

TRUCK. — 8-ton capacity truck, absolutely new; easy terms; steady work for same to reliable purchaser. Room 902, 1,457 Broadway.

TRUCK to hire; special low rates; long distance hauling; contracts wanted. Berger, 56 West 65th St. Columbus 5020.

Automobiles Wanted.

OLDSMOBILE, 1917 or 1918, eight-cylinder, five-passenger sport sedan or other similar car; must be in absolute perfect condition; will trade my 1917 "Hup" or pay all in cash. Mr. Levy, Gramercy 6000, Extension 33, between

## WHITMAN AFTER LOAFERS.

**Announces State Law Will Be Enforced Rigidly on June 1.**

ALBANY, May 22.—New York's anti-loafing law will be made effective on June 1 by proclamation of Governor Whitman. The Governor announced his proposed action today in a formal statement.

"After June 1, and during the period of the war," the statement says, "New York State will not afford a haven to idlers and loafers. It will be incumbent upon every able-bodied male person between the ages of 18 and 50 to perform some useful work. The State Industrial Commission will co-operate with the Sheriffs, the State police, and other peace officers throughout the State to find the unemployed and to assign them to jobs which they must fill.

"Owing to the necessity of getting the proper machinery organized and proper forms printed and distributed to the enforcing officers, I am advised that it will not be practicable to put the law into effect before June 1.

"It will be no defense to any one seeking to avoid work to show that he has sufficient income or means to live without work. The State has a right to the productive labor of all its citizens.

"Employers should also realize that their needs cannot be met unless they make them known. I hope, therefore, that employers of all kinds will promptly communicate to the nearest office of the public employment bureau or to the Sheriff of the county their requirements for labor in order that labor may be furnished by them through the registrations of men now out of employment. The State can act merely as the agent between the employer and person seeking employment. Unless employrs co-operate with the State in its efforts much of the available labor will go unused."

## SPANISH VESSEL SHELLED.

**Derelict Found with Hull Pierced, Apparently by U-Boat.**

PARIS, May 22.—Apparently having had a severe encounter with a submarine, the Spanish sailing vessel Joaquina, of 333 tons, has been found abandoned and drifting near the African coast by a fishing vessel.

The hull was pierced by numerous shell shots, and there was no trace of the crew, whose fate is unknown.

The Joaquina, which hailed from Barcelona, was towed into the harbor of Las Palmas, Canary Islands.

## LOST AND FOUND.

*Fifty cents an agate line.*

LOST—May 21, 1918, diamond pin, harvest moon, about 15 small diamonds, valuable to owner as keepsake, on journey in subway, Flatbush station, Brooklyn, to City Hall, Manhattan, and then to Irving National Bank, Woolworth Building; reward. Joseph C. Stebbins, 64 Wall St.

LOST—Black leather grip, containing ladies' apparel and fraternity pin inscribed "S. F. Ritter, 1910," from an automobile at Colonial Theatre Sunday; liberal reward for return of contents; no questions asked. Dr. S. P. Ritter, 371 South Orange Av., Newark, N. J.

LOST—May 21st, between 11 and 12 P. M., in taxicab, between Hotel Astor and 12 East 64th St., small dress suit case, initials C. R. P., and lady's blue silk umbrella; suitable reward. C. S. Martin, 61 Broadway. Telephone Rector 6040.

LOST—Black seal wallet containing official War Department photograph pass; reward for pocketbook and contents; no questions asked. Franklyn Meine, 800 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

LOST—Beaded bag, containing diamond clasp, pearl necklace, money, checkbook, bankbook, weekly payment Liberty Bond, keys, and other valuables; reward. Sherman Square Hotel, Room 502.

LOST—Sunday afternoon, small platinum diamond bar pin; 3 pearls; between 42d and 47th Sts., 6th and 7th Av., or Broadway; liberal reward. Mrs. Convelle, Hotel Paterson, 58 West 47th St.

LOST—Sunday evening, between Morningside Theatre and 117th, Manhattan, pair gold folding Oxford glasses; finder please return to Apt. 76, 92 Morningside Av., and receive reward.

LOST—Friday night, (May 3,) pair of tortoise shell spectacles, made by B. M. Levoy, West 42d St.; reward if returned to W. H. Collins, Times Annex, 229 West 43d St., city.

LOST—Diamond crescent pin, on 7 o'clock train from Philadelphia on Pennsylvania Railroad, or lost in terminal; good reward to finder. Return 119 Manhattan Av.

LOST—Liberal reward for return of barpin with sapphires, lost in Stewart & Co.'s, 5th Av., or on 5th Av. between 37th and 42d Sts. Thibaut, Madison Av. and 32d St.

LOST — Beaded bag, containing diamond clasp, pearl necklace, money, checkbook, bankbook, weekly payment Liberty Bond, keys, and other valuables; reward. Sherman Square Hotel, Room 502.

LOST—Between 89th and 92d Sts., Broadway or Amsterdam Av., an imitation pearl and rose diamond pin; valuable for sentiment only; reward. H 198 Times.

LOST—Friday night, (May 3,) pair of tortoise shell spectacles, made by B. M. Levoy, West 42d St.. Reward if returned to W. H. Collins, Times Annex, 229 West 43d St., city.

LOST—Brown alligator skin wallet; contains two small, old-fashioned photographs. Reward for return of photographs to Jay N. Darling, New York Tribune.

LOST—Lady's octagon gold Elgin watch, Woodside (L. I.) Station, Sunday evening; gift of soldier; reward. H. Flanagan, 277 6th Av.

LOST—May 20, on 46th St., diamond bowknot brooch; reward. Locke, phone Rhinelander 8823.

LOST—Brown fox scarf, sable; label "A Winner, 5 East 56th"; finder will receive reward. 230 West 105th St., Apt. 8E.

LOST.—Subway Wednesday, purse, $1.50; broken wrist watch, heirloom; reward. V 863 Times Downtown.

LOST.—Saturday, black fox scarf, Pelham Road to Lenox Av.; reward. Flatbush 3025-R.

LOST—On New Canaan express, New Haven Railroad, May 20, box of jewelry; sentimental value; reward. R 64 Times.

LOST—Bank book 9109, issued Century Bank, N. Y.; payment stopped; return bank.

LOST—Gold wrist watch and bracelet, 97th St., between Riverside Drive and Broadway; reward. Holzwasser, 310 West 97th.

LOST—Friday evening, gold bracelet watch, octagon shape, 54th and 6th Av.; reward. Phone Morningside 8194.

LOST—Bundle carpet samples, Pennsylvania train; liberal reward. 114 West 79th St. Schuyler 7140.

LOST.—Reward for tame pet canary, from 412 West 149th. McDowell.

LOST—Saturday, in taxi, blue fox scarf; liberal reward. Williams, 509 West 142d St.

REWARD.—Please return bag containing rings, lost Sunday. Mitchell, Hotel Montague, Brooklyn.

$500 REWARD,
no questions asked, for return of gold mesh bag, lost or stolen, Reisenweber's Restaurant, 58th St. and 8th Av., on Saturday night, May 18. Description gold mesh bag; 14 karat monogrammed letters T G, set in diamonds; bag is suspended on two gold chains attached to bracelet; powder case, two trinkets, and gold lip stick. Address information to Miss Texas Guinan, 202 Madison Av., 'hone 1441 Murray Hill, or to Val O'Farrell Detective Agency, 42 Broadway, Phone Broad 2578.

$100 REWARD—Return platinum octagon shaped watch, one row of diamonds on face; lost May 3, between East 61st and 75th Sts.; no questions asked. Charlton & Co., 634 Fifth Av.

$100 REWARD
for oval diamond brooch with two sapphires, lost May 20, on 5th Av., between 49th and 50th Sts., or in taxi to 79th St. Tiffany & Co., 5th Av. and 37th St.

$50 REWARD,
no questions asked, return gold vanity case, about 2¼ by 3¼ inches; lost May 7, between East 59th St. and Roslyn, L. I. Dreicer & Co., 560 5th Av.

**Lost and Found—Cats and Dogs.**

LOST—Sunday afternoon, Pekingese dog, Central Park West and 83d. Communicate with E. A. Harrington, phone Rye 704, or P. Watson, Schuyler 5340.

LOST—Black Pekingese dog. Liberal reward if returned to 16 West 55th St.

# MORE IRISH ARRESTS IN PLOT ROUND-UP

## P. F. Burke, Sinn Fein Leader, and Mrs. Thomas J. Clark Taken Into Custody.

## M. P.'S TO END ABSTENTION

**German Agents Said to be in Ireland Now—Dillon Checks Extremists —Aid Sought Here.**

LONDON, May 22.—Indications that the Government has not yet completed all the Irish arrests contemplated by it are seen in the apprehension in Dublin late last night of P. F. Burke, the leading Sinn Feiner in the County of Monaghan. A number of Sinn Fein leaders in various districts, after the coup was made in Dublin, evaded the police, who are still on the lookout for them.

The authorities are directing their attention to all persons who are regarded as suspicious, and such men are being stopped in the neighborhood of Dublin and searched. All the best-known men of what is regarded as the revolutionary wing of the Sinn Fein are already in custody, but there is a general impression that many influential participators in the alleged conspiracy are persons never heard of by the Irish public.

**Suggests Leaders May Be Dupes.**

A leading Nationalist said today to The Associated Press:

"I believe that there are undoubtedly German agents in active operation in Ireland and that they operate at fourth or fifth hand, so that even the Sinn Fein leaders, who think they know everything, are quite possibly the dupes of knaves in the background.

"You must not forget that until the outbreak of the war Sir Roger Casement was a very inconspicuous figure in Irish life and had no prominent association with any Irish movement. There may be half a dozen Casements as little open to apparent suspicion as he then was. All Ireland knew of him was that he was an ex-official of the Foreign Office."

The order for the internment of Sinn Feiners taken in custody, according to a Times dispatch from Dublin, states that if, within seven days from the date of the serving of the internment order, any interned person makes any representation to the Chief Secretary it will be referred to the Advisory Committee which deals with the internment of aliens, and will be considered.

**Widow of T. J. Clark Arrested.**

DUBLIN, May 22. — Mrs. Thomas J. Clark, whose husband was put to death for the part he took in the Irish uprising in 1916, was arrested today.

A further consignment of Sinn Fein prisoners has left Dublin on the way to England. The group was not one of newly arrested persons, it was stated, but merely a small number who had been heretofore detained at local barracks. According to the local newspapers, Count Plunkett was the only prominent person in the party. There was no demonstration at the dock, as the police officials had been careful to conceal the arrangements for the prisoners' departure from the public.

The Mansion House Anti-Conscription Conference resumed its sittings today, and after a session of two hours adjourned until tomorrow, when a further statement will be issued. It was as the delegate of this conference that the Lord Mayor of Dublin was to proceed to Washington to present to President Wilson a document framed by the conference as a statement of the case of Ireland against conscription. His departure, which already has been considerably delayed, is now further deferred.

A possible hitch in the arrangements for the Mayor's visit to Washington is being discussed in political circles of Dublin. It is held to be illegal under the defense of the Realm act.

The Associated Press correspondent, upon visiting the office of Chief Secretary Shortt in Dublin Castle, found the main entrance gate of the castle closed and bolted. Entrance is now only obtainable by a side street. Inside the castle offices there was bustle and activity throughout the day. Orderlies and dispatch riders were much in evidence, and this led to rumors of further arrests. These rumors appeared to be without foundation in fact, but the correspondent learned that there remains a considerable list of "suspects" who may be taken into custody at any time.

**Belfast and Cork Precautions.**

Among those early at work at the castle were Viscount French and Major Gen. Shaw, the Commander in Chief, as well as representatives of the military from the Cork and Belfast commands and the heads of the Dublin police and Royal Irish Constabulary. Considerable significance was attached to the calling into conference here of the military chiefs from Belfast and Cork.

The Irish Party's policy of temporary abstention from attendance in Parliament is expected to come to an end as soon as the House of Commons resumes its sittings. Many of the experienced representatives of the party in the House were opposed even to the temporary adoption of this Sinn Fein method.

## DILLON REBUKE TO SINN FEIN.

**Appeal for American Support of Irish Nationalists.**

DUBLIN, May 21.—An appeal to all those of Irish blood in the United States to support the Nationalist Party as "the one party in Ireland which is fighting for Irish liberty without betraying the cause of liberty in other lands" was made today by John Dillon, the Nationalist leader, in an interview with The Associated Press correspondent. [A brief summary of the interview was printed in THE NEW YORK TIMES yesterday.]

Mr. Dillon, in this interview, denounced the policy of the Sinn Fein, while arraigning the methods which the British Government had pursued in dealing with the Irish question. After calling attention to the importance of the American public being fully informed of the Irish situation at the present time, he said:

"The Irish Party, at a special meeting held on Thursday of last week, issued a statement from which the following is an extract:

All the machinery of propaganda controlled by the British Government has been set in motion to blacken the name of Ireland in America and to prejudice the American people and the American Government against the Irish nation. We feel it our duty, as the elected representatives of the Irish nation, to appeal most earnestly to the people of America and the American Government not to be deceived by these propagandist misrepresentations, but to listen to the statement of Ireland's case coming from Irishmen in sympathy with the national aspiration of the people of Ireland and qualified to speak on behalf of the Irish nation.

"At the time the above statement was issued none of us had the slightest information of the intended coup of the Government, but justification for our warning came with dramatic rapidity.

"It is difficult to understand why the Government took action at this particular moment, and why, in Lord French's proclamation, the alleged German plot should be mixed up with conscription, unless on the assumption that the main purpose in the mind of the Government just now is to poison American opinion against the Irish nation.

"The charge made in Lord French's proclamation against the Sinn Fein prisoners is an extremely serious one, and the method adopted by the Government is, so far as I know, unprecedented in British history. They have arrested and deported these men to England without any definite charge being made in legal form against them and without any statement as to whether it is intended to bring them to trial or not. Meanwhile Ireland waits for proof of the alleged pro-German plot.

"For the last three years the British Government and Sir Edward Carson have done the work of Germany in Ireland more effectively than any other agencies that I knew of. Three years ago Ireland was in the war with as much enthusiasm as any of the allied nations, and had sent to the front a full proportion of her people as compared with Great Britain or the dominions of the Crown, and Irish soldiers had been in the van of the battle and the post of danger on every one of the Allies' fronts.

"All that has been changed by what Mr. Lloyd George himself was obliged to describe, when Minister of War, as stupidity amounting to malignity, on the part of the War Office and the Government.

"Now, I admit that the situation in Ireland is gloomy in the extreme. My attention has been directed to statements that I and the Irish Party of which I am leader have adopted Sinn Fein methods and have joined the Sinn Fein Party. These statements are utterly unfounded and false. So far from that being the case, I am more than ever convinced that the policy of the Sinn Fein is wrong and foolish and bound to end in defeat and disaster.

"Even during the last three weeks, while in the Mansion House conference the Sinn Fein leaders co-operated with us in resisting the enforcement of conscription in Ireland by the British Parliament, they absolutely refused to agree to any truce, and continued to denounce us because we still believed in constitutional methods; because we aim at a settlement based on full freedom and self-government for Ireland under a friendly settlement with Great Britain, and because we still adhere to the declaration of John Redmond at the outbreak of the war, and believe that the cause of the Allies is the cause of freedom throughout the world.

"The two great forces which have been the root and cause of all of Ireland's trouble in recent years have been, on the one side, the stupidity and insincerity of the British Government, which has absolutely refused under the dictation of Sir Edward Carson to apply in Ireland the principles for which the Allies are fighting in Europe, and, secondly, the unlimited financial resources supplied to the Sinn Fein from New York.

"Therefore, I feel justified in making an urgent appeal to all those of Irish blood in the United States to support the one party in Ireland which is fighting for Irish liberty without betraying the cause of liberty in other lands."

## FACTIONS SEEK SUPPORT HERE.

**Nationalist Organs Spurn Charge That Ireland Is Pro-German.**

DUBLIN, May 22.—"What does America think?" is the question which all schools of Irish opinion have been asking since the arrests of Sinn Fein leaders on Saturday morning. Every faction, in its press, claims the support of American opinion and each section quotes freely whatever American comment it can collect in support of its own particular viewpoint.

Not a single one of today's papers, whether Unionist or Nationalist, omits referring to the American attitude in long leading articles. The Freeman's Journal, the official organ of the Irish Party, heads its editorial page with the following:

"An effort to stampede American opinion has been completely foiled. There is a complete suspension of judgment in America on the charge of pro-German conspiracy against the men arrested. Warnings have been given that proof must be quickly forthcoming or America will come to the conclusion that the plot, if there is a plot, is not a pro-German one."

The Dublin Independent, in a long editorial, accuses the Government of making the arrests "with a view to turning American opinion against Ireland and preventing the Lord Mayor of Dublin, as Ireland's representative, from receiving a fair hearing at Washington. The proclamation of Field Marshal French had scarcely been cabled when there came back quotations from the American press based on the assumption that the story of a German plot was true."

The Dublin correspondent of The London Daily News writes:

"The pivot of the Irish front is in Washington. Dublin is enjoying an unexampled invasion by American newspaper men, and any one who sees the way they go about their work must admit their serious purpose and their open-mindedness to impressions. They have a voracious appetite for the opinions of people who really count and are serving humanity well by sending the facts across the water."

Denis Kilbride, member of Parliament from South Kildare and one of the oldest members of the Irish Party, in a speech to his constituents last night urged Irishmen to put their case against conscription before the American public, which, he said, would judge it justly.

"The tenor of recent comment from America," he said, "is that Americans cannot understand why Irishmen oppose conscription, in view of the fact that conscription is now a fact in the United States. The answer is obvious. If Irishmen are to be conscripted, it is the Irish themselves who should carry it out. It was the people of the United States who imposed conscription there, and Americans would rise in revolt against any other people dictating to them."

The events of the last few days have not drawn as much support to the Sinn Feiners as they expected from the more moderate Irish parties. Indeed, there are indications that the feud between the Sinn Feiners and the Nationalists has only grown more bitter. The Nationalists consider that the Sinn Feiners, by their revolutionary tactics, are spoiling Ireland's best chance of a satisfactory settlement.

If the Sinn Feiners expected that the arrests of their leaders would draw the Nationalists over to the Sinn Fein side they are evidently destined to experience serious disappointment. Indications that the Nationalist Party is preparing to repudiate in the most emphatic way the revolutionary spirit of the Sinn Fein may be found in an editorial in The Evening Telegraph, an official organ of the Nationalists.

"If the Sinn Fein leaders," says this organ, "are guilty of the crime of allowing Ireland to be made a pawn in the game of the Prussian Junkers they will be repudiated and denounced by Nationalist Ireland. If they entered into negotiations with the power which trampled Belgium in the mire, enslaved Poland, brought ruin to Russia, and now threatens to impose a militarist despotism on all the small nations of Europe, the resentment of the Irish people will make itself felt in a most emphatic way.

"Ireland is not and never has been pro-German. Irishmen believe that right and justice are on the side of the Allies. Our people do not forget that hundreds of thousands of their own kith and kin are fighting against the menace of German domination. They would regard any plot or intrigue with Germany as treason to Ireland and treachery to every Irish soldier who has joined the ranks because he believed he was helping to free Ireland. But they are not prepared to swallow vague stories of a German conspiracy without some evidence to sustain the charges."

The Nationalist newspapers in general display unusual caution in dealing with the manifesto issued by the Mansion House conference. The Cork Examiner, an influential Nationalist paper, says:

"The wholesale arrests convey the idea that Ireland has suddenly become pro-German, which clearly is not the fact, as Lord French and his advisers well know. The circumstances of the arrest look singularly like a deep-laid plot against home rule."

The Dublin Daily Express, which is regarded as the organ of the Irish landlords, comments on the Mansion House document as follows:

"Though the manifesto would imply that there is no foundation for the charge of a conspiracy in Ireland to enter into treasonable communication with the German enemy, it is significant that the charge is not repudiated in specific terms. The members of the conference no doubt realize that if such a plot exists—and no Government would say that it did if it did not, for not even the most shop-soiled of political reputations would survive such a scandal—they must carefully consider their duty and obligations."

**Missing Woman's Body In Sound**

NEW ROCHELLE, N. Y., May 22.—The mystery surrounding the disappearance of Mrs. Rebecca Eckstein from a sanitarium at Larchmont on Feb. 26 was cleared up tonight when her body was found floating in Long Island Sound off this place. The identification was made by a brother, Solomon Wolf, of 400 West 150th Street, Manhattan. There was a wedding ring, a gold barpin, and $14 in cash on the body when it was recovered tonight.

# THROWN HIGH IN AIR WHEN MAIN BURSTS

## Laborer Blown Through Wooden Planking by Geyser That Floods Times Square.

## WATER POURS INTO TUBE

**Goods in Near-by Cellars Set Afloat —Old Subway Escapes Damage and Trains Are Not Delayed.**

The lives of five men who were working in the new Seventh Avenue subway under Times Square, about forty feet north of The Times Building, were endangered at 2:25 o'clock this morning when a twelve-inch water main burst and tons of water poured into the cutting. The force of the water was so great that one man was thrown high into the air, but he escaped serious injury. The men working with him were not hurt.

Foremen said that the five workmen were swinging a heavy girder into the new tunnel and that the end of the piece of steel struck the water main and broke it. The man who was nearest the girder was caught in the sudden spurt of water and before those with him could save him he was forced through the wooden covering of the tunnel.

The geyser from the broken main shot through the opening in the street and formed a fountain about forty feet high that drenched persons who were passing the subway kiosk north of THE TIMES Building. Within a few minutes the water had flooded Broadway and part of Forty-third Street and had overflowed the curb at THE TIMES Building. The cellars of the Wallick's Hotel on the northeast corner of Forty-third Street and Broadway and other buildings nearby wee flooded with water, but the stream did not reach the old subway tunnel or the Times Square subway station.

All trolley traffic on the Broadway lines was tied up for about an hour and police lines were thrown around The Times Building to prevent the crowds from getting dangerously near the broken pipe. After the geyser had been playing for about fifteen minutes gangs from the Department of Water Supply got to one of the headgate chambers and shut off the main. It was said that the damage to the new subway would be slight, and that the water would be pumped out in a few hours so that work could be resumed.

Although the men who were in the tunnel escaped with a drenching, the police learned that the man who had been hurled upward with the geyser suffered slight injuries, but these were not serious enough to cause his removal to the hospital. The other men were knocked down in their efforts to escape, but all were able to resume work in the tunnel.

Gangs were sent into build dikes there to prevent the flow of water north in the tunnel, and pumps were set to work immediately.

**Broken Hip Costs Church $5,000.**

A jury before Supreme Court Justice Goff returned a verdict yesterday for $5,000 in a suit of Mary A. Daly against the Trinity Church Corporation. The plaintiff sued for $25,000 on the ground that she fell and broke her hip while crossing an unlighted driveway leading to Trinity Cemetery, at 155th Street and Amsterdam Avenue. The defense was that the City of New York was responsible for the darkened condition of the street, but Assistant Corporation Counsel Curtis contended that the Trinity Corporation had constructed the driveway across the sidewalk in a negligent manner and was liable.

## OFFERS BIG HOSPITAL HERE.

**Beth Israel Ready to Erect Institution for Army or Navy.**

WASHINGTON, May 22.—On behalf of the Beth Israel Hospital in New York, Representative Siegel of New York today offered to the War and Navy Departments to erect a $1,250,000 hospital for either department, on the square block in New York City bounded by Second Avenue, Livingston Place, and Seventeenth and Eighteenth Streets.

The hospital would be equipped with 500 beds. The Government would have sole use and control of it during the war, or afterward.

Both departments took the offer under advisement.

The offer made through Representative Siegel is for the erection of a fifteen-story hospital building. Funds for the construction are available, and as soon as the offer is accepted work will begin. After the war the building will be taken over by the hospital.

"It had been the plan of the trustees for several years to build a new hospital building, and the plans and finances have been ready for several months," said Louis J. Frank, the superintendent of Beth Israel Hospital now at Jefferson and Cherry Streets. "Our plans were held up by the war, because we thought it would be a patriotic duty not to take the materials needed for the construction of ships, shipyards, and munitions. When we learned that the Government would need many new hospitals we thought it would be patriotic to offer to build this hospital now and turn over the building for the duration of the war, or for such a period as it needed it.

"This would give the Government a hospital at practically no cost to it. The building could be put up in a few months if the material could be spared. I suppose the Government would give some aid in rushing the construction if the building were needed badly. When the Government has no more use for the building the Beth Israel Association would take it back, but we would retain our building in Cherry Street as an adjunct to the new hospital."

## OFFICERS' CAMPS ARE SHORT

**Room for 4,500 More Men in the Various Training Centres.**

WASHINGTON, May 22.—Reports received at the War Department today from commanders of a fourth series of reserve officers' training camps show a total attendance materially below that expected. Fewer than 12,000 men have reported for instruction, although provision had been made for 16,500.

The fact that national army divisions are far below their proper strength is given as the reason for the failure of the camps to reach the size desired. It is probable that authority for supplemental selections will be given to division commanders.


**What Shall I Do?**

"I'm behind with my work. I am all tired out, don't sleep well, food doesn't agree with me, have no ambition."

Oh, forget it! You need a good laxative, that will keep your system clean.

**BOAL'S ROLLS**

The Laxative Made with REAL FRUITS.

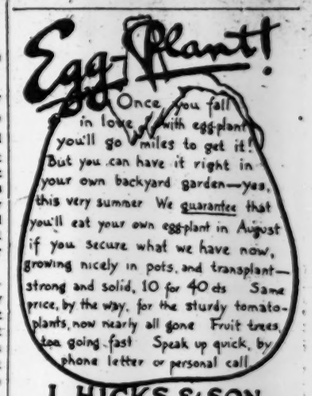
At Druggists, Package of 6 Rolls, 15c.


## SUBWAY STRIKE PLAN.

**Men on New Tubes Will Quit on June 1 Unless Pay Is Increased.**

The report that all work on the new subways would stop on June 1 unless the demands of the men for increased pay was granted was confirmed last night at a meeting held at 154 East Fifty-fourth Street by the labor unions embracing all employes of the subway contractors. A resolution was adopted that the men would quit on June 1 unless the increased wages asked for were granted from May 15.

Michael Carraher, Secretary of the International Union of Tunnel Subway Constructors, said last night that it would be impossible to keep the men at work after the first of the month unless their demands were met. He added that if the men went out they would go to better paid work, and it would be impossible to fill their places, because of the stringent labor market.



Egg-Plant!
Once you fall in love with egg-plant you'll go miles to get it! But you can have it right in your own backyard garden—yes, this very summer We guarantee that you'll eat your own egg-plant in August if you secure what we have now, growing nicely in pots, and transplant—strong and solid, 10 for 40 cts Same price, by the way, for the sturdy tomato-plants, now nearly all gone Fruit trees, too going fast Speak up quick, by phone letter or personal call

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Sixty Years of Knowing How
WESTBURY (Phone 68) L. I.

Special—
Wallach
SARATOGA
Straw Hat
$2

*From today on*

$2 for a $2.50 hat, with warm weather just begun, is more than a bargain—it's a windfall.

And the importance of the windfall is emphasized stronger when you remember what remarkable value the Saratoga was at $2.50.

It isn't our way to advise, but these are certainly lucky days for the man with $2 and a straw hat need.

Twenty different styles and shapes—all of them good, of course.

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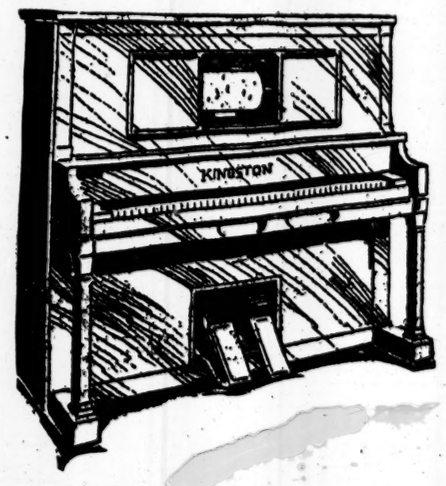
10% to the Red Cross
On All Sales Made Thurs., May 23




THURSDAY & FRIDAY ONLY

9:00 o'Clock Sharp Friday Evening this Clearance Sale Positively Closes.

You are given the most extraordinary opportunity for purchasing a real value in a musical instrument that you have ever enjoyed before. The offers are so good that they will not be here long, so we advise you to come in and make your selection as soon as possible. You are protected by the name of Wurlitzer in this sale and a guarantee as strong as you could possibly write yourself.

2-DAY PIANO SALE

Fiscal Year Clearance Sale of Used Pianos and Player-Pianos

THESE BARGAINS MUST GO

FOR EXAMPLE

| Player-Pianos | Former Value. | Sale Price. |
|---|---|---|
| Regina | $700.00 | $225.00 |
| Wilbur | 700.00 | 250.00 |
| Apollo | 850.00 | 275.00 |
| Kingston | 500.00 | 385.00 |
| Kingston | 550.00 | 395:00 |

$1 Payments as Low as One Dollar a Week

| Straight Pianos | Former Value. | Sale Price. |
|---|---|---|
| Winterroth | $225.00 | $45.00 |
| Schuman | 200.00 | 60.00 |
| Woods | 250.00 | 100.00 |
| Kroeger | 400.00 | 145.00 |
| Knabe | 450.00 | 200.00 |

One Wurlitzer Grand, Demonstration Used..... $600.00 450.00

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Shir Gar

WHO ever dreamed a man's garter could be improved? The last word in garter efficiency comes in Shir Gar. It holds the sock up — all round — firmly, evenly, securely; keeps the shirt down smoothly, prevents its crawling up.

Gentleman's Garter
MOST easily adjusted; no pads, can't bind; pliant, stretchy, cool, extremely light; elegant materials, luxurious comfort for every activity; essential to being well-dressed. Top style fastens around leg; style at bottom fastens where desired. 50c at Better Dealers.
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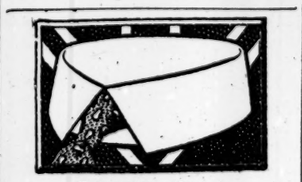

CASCO – 2½ in.
CLYDE – 2½ in.
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FOR SPRING
Cluett, Peabody & Co. Inc. Makers

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES
EACH PACKAGE COLORS
WOOL, SILK, COTTON & MIXED GOODS AT ONE BOILING
Guaranteed fast to light and not to fade in washing.
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on this all wool clothing proposition. We appeal to your head and to your pocket.

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BROADWAY & NINTH STREET AND
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*The soldier offers his life. The Red Cross offers service. Won't you offer your money?* Arnheim Axioms

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*WHAT AN AMERICAN WOMAN SAW AND DID FOR*

A NATION AT BAY

HER BOOK AND LECTURE WILL ENTHRALL YOU

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THE intimate personal story of Sergeant Farnam's experiences—for she has her commission—in foreign relief work, in the Allied hospitals, in the Serbian Red Cross, and *on the Balkan battlefields.* Ruth Farnam is an American.

And her book *A Nation at Bay* is a wonderful picture of war on the Eastern Front, a glowing tribute to the brave and suffering Serbians, and a revelation of the work that is being done and the sacrifices that are being made for war-worn humanity.

HEAR THE LECTURE CARNEGIE HALL, MAY 24

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